

```

1 | #include "cppdefs.h"
2 | -----
3 | !BOP
4 | !
5 | !MODULE: time --- keep control of time \label{sec:time}
6 | !
7 | !INTERFACE:
8 |   MODULE time
9 | !
10 | !DESCRIPTION:
11 | ! This module provides a number of routines/functions and variables
12 | ! related to the mode time in GOTM.
13 | ! The basic concept used in this module is that time is expressed
14 | ! as two integers --- one is the true Julian day and the other is
15 | ! seconds since midnight. All calculations with time then become
16 | ! very simple operations on integers.
17 | !
18 | !USES:
19 |   IMPLICIT NONE
20 | !
21 | ! default: all is private.
22 |   private
23 | !
24 | !PUBLIC MEMBER FUNCTIONS:
25 |   public                                :: init_time, calendar_date
26 |   public                                :: julian_day, update_time
27 |   public                                :: read_time_string
28 |   public                                :: write_time_string
29 |   public                                :: time_diff
30 |   public                                :: sunrise_sunset
31 |   public                                :: in_time_interval
32 | #ifdef _PRINTSTATE_
33 |   public                                :: print_state_time
34 | #endif
35 | !
36 | !PUBLIC DATA MEMBERS:
37 |   character(len=19), public              :: timestr
38 |   character(len=19), public              :: start
39 |   character(len=19), public              :: stop
40 |   REALTYPE, public                       :: timestep
41 |   REALTYPE, public                       :: fsecs,simtime,fsecondsofday
42 |   integer,target, public                 :: julianday,secondsofday
43 |   integer,target, public                 :: yearday
44 |   integer, public                        :: timefmt
45 |   integer,parameter, public              :: timestepkind = selected_int_kind(12)
46 |   integer(kind=timestepkind), public     :: MinN,MaxN
47 |   integer, public                        :: jul2,secs2
48 | !
49 | !REVISION HISTORY:
50 | ! Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
51 | !
52 | !EOP
53 | !
54 | !PRIVATE DATA MEMBERS:
55 |   logical                                :: HasRealTime
56 |   integer                                :: jul0,secs0
57 | !
58 | -----
59 | !
60 |   contains
61 | !
62 | -----
63 | !BOP
64 | !
65 | !IROUTINE: Initialise the time system
66 | !
67 | !INTERFACE:
68 |   subroutine init_time(MinN,MaxN)
69 | !
70 | !DESCRIPTION:
71 | ! The subroutine {\tt init\_time()} initialises the time module by reading
72 | ! a namelist and take actions according to the specifications.
73 | ! On exit from this subroutine the two variables MinN and MaxN have well
74 | ! defined values and can be used in the time loop.
75 | !
76 | !USES:
77 |   IMPLICIT NONE
78 | !
79 | !INPUT/OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
80 |   integer(kind=timestepkind), intent(inout) :: MinN,MaxN
81 | !
82 | !REVISION HISTORY:
83 | ! Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
84 | !
85 | !EOP
86 | !
87 | !LOCAL VARIABLES:
88 |   integer                                :: jul1,secs1
89 |   integer(kind=timestepkind) :: nsecs
90 |   integer                                :: ndays
91 | !
92 | -----
93 | !BOC
94 | ! Read time specific things from the namelist.
95 | !
96 |   LEVEL1 'init_time'
97 | !
98 | ! Calculate MaxN -> MinN is 1 if not changed by HotStart

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99 |
100 | MinN = 1
101 | LEVEL2 'Time step:      ', timestep, ' seconds'
102 | LEVEL2 'Time format:    ', timefmt
103 | select case (timefmt)
104 |   case (1)
105 |     HasRealTime=.false.
106 |     LEVEL2 '# of timesteps: ', MaxN
107 |     start='2000-01-01 00:00:00'
108 |     call read_time_string(start,jul1,secs1)
109 |     LEVEL2 'Fake start:   ', start
110 |   case (2)
111 |     HasRealTime=.true.
112 |     LEVEL2 'Start:        ', start
113 |     LEVEL2 'Stop:         ', stop
114 |     call read_time_string(start,jul1,secs1)
115 |     call read_time_string(stop,jul2,secs2)
116 |
117 |     nsecs = time_diff(jul2,secs2,jul1,secs1)
118 |     MaxN = nint(nsecs/timestep,kind=timestepkind)
119 |
120 |     ndays = nsecs/86400
121 |     nsecs = nsecs - 86400*ndays
122 |     STDERR '      ==> ', ndays, ' day(s) and ', nsecs, ' seconds ==> ', MaxN, ' micro time steps'
123 |   case (3)
124 |     HasRealTime=.true.
125 |     LEVEL2 'Start:        ', start
126 |     LEVEL2 '# of timesteps: ', MaxN
127 |
128 |     call read_time_string(start,jul1,secs1)
129 |
130 |     nsecs = nint(MaxN*timestep,kind=timestepkind) + secs1
131 |     ndays = nsecs/86400
132 |     jul2 = jul1 + ndays
133 |     secs2 = mod(nsecs,86400_timestepkind)
134 |
135 |     call write_time_string(jul2,secs2,stop)
136 |     LEVEL2 'Stop:         ', stop
137 |   case default
138 |     STDERR 'Fatal error: A non valid input format has been chosen'
139 |     stop 'init_time'
140 | end select
141 |
142 | jul0 = jul1
143 | secs0 = secs1
144 |
145 | call update_time(0_timestepkind)
146 |
147 | simtime = timestep*(MaxN-MinN+1)
148 |
149 | return
150 | end subroutine init_time
151 | EOC
152 |
153 | -----
154 | BOP
155 |
156 | !IROUTINE: Convert true Julian day to calendar date
157 | !
158 | !INTERFACE:
159 |   subroutine calendar_date(julian,yyyy,mm,dd)
160 | !
161 | !DESCRIPTION:
162 |   Converts a Julian day to a calendar date --- year, month and day.
163 |   Based on a similar routine in \emph{Numerical Recipes}.
164 | !
165 | !USES:
166 |   IMPLICIT NONE
167 | !
168 | !INPUT PARAMETERS:
169 |   integer                                :: julian
170 | !
171 | !OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
172 |   integer                                :: yyyy,mm,dd
173 | !
174 | !REVISION HISTORY:
175 |   Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
176 | !
177 | EOP
178 | !
179 | !LOCAL VARIABLES:
180 |   integer, parameter                    :: IGREG=2299161
181 |   integer                                :: ja,jb,jc,jd,je
182 |   REAL                                  :: x
183 | !
184 | -----
185 | BOC
186 |   if(julian .ge. IGREG ) then
187 |     x = ((julian-1867216)-0.25)/36524.25
188 |     ja = julian+1+int(x)-int(0.25*x)
189 |   else
190 |     ja = julian
191 |   end if
192 |
193 |   jb = ja+1524
194 |   jc = int(6680 + ((jb-2439870)-122.1)/365.25)
195 |   jd = int(365*jc+(0.25*jc))
196 |   je = int((jb-jd)/30.6001)

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197 |
198 | dd = jb-jd-int(30.6001*je)
199 | mm = je-1
200 | if (mm .gt. 12) mm = mm-12
201 | yyyy = jc - 4715
202 | if (mm .gt. 2) yyyy = yyyy-1
203 | if (yyyy .le. 0) yyyy = yyyy-1
204 |
205 | return
206 | end subroutine calendar_date
207 | EOC
208 |
209 | -----
210 | BOP
211 | !
212 | !IROUTINE: Convert a calendar date to true Julian day
213 | !
214 | !INTERFACE:
215 | subroutine julian_day(yyyy,mm,dd,julian)
216 | !
217 | !DESCRIPTION:
218 | ! Converts a calendar date to a Julian day.
219 | ! Based on a similar routine in \emph{Numerical Recipes}.
220 | !
221 | !USES:
222 | IMPLICIT NONE
223 | !
224 | !INPUT PARAMETERS:
225 | integer :: yyyy,mm,dd
226 | !
227 | !OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
228 | integer :: julian
229 | !
230 | !REVISION HISTORY:
231 | ! Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
232 | !
233 | EOP
234 | !
235 | !LOCAL VARIABLES:
236 | integer, PARAMETER :: IGREG=15+31*(10+12*1582)
237 | integer :: ja,jy,jm
238 | !
239 | -----
240 | BOC
241 | jy = yyyy
242 | if(jy .lt. 0) jy = jy+1
243 | if (mm .gt. 2) then
244 | jm = mm+1
245 | else
246 | jy = jy-1
247 | jm = mm+13
248 | end if
249 | julian = int(floor(365.25*jy)+floor(30.6001*jm)+dd+1720995)
250 | if (dd+31*(mm+12*yyyy) .ge. IGREG) then
251 | ja = int(0.01*jy)
252 | julian = julian+2-ja+int(0.25*ja)
253 | end if
254 |
255 | return
256 | end subroutine julian_day
257 | EOC
258 |
259 | -----
260 | BOP
261 | !
262 | !IROUTINE: Keep track of time (Julian days and seconds)
263 | !
264 | !INTERFACE:
265 | subroutine update_time(n)
266 | !
267 | !DESCRIPTION:
268 | ! Based on a starting time this routine calculates the actual time
269 | ! in a model integration using the number of time steps, {\tt n},
270 | ! and the size of the time step, {\tt timestep}. More public variables
271 | ! can be updated here if necessary.
272 | !
273 | !USES:
274 | IMPLICIT NONE
275 | !
276 | !INPUT PARAMETERS:
277 | integer(kind=timestepkind), intent(in) :: n
278 | !
279 | !REVISION HISTORY:
280 | ! Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
281 | !
282 | EOP
283 | !
284 | !LOCAL VARIABLES:
285 | integer(kind=timestepkind) :: nsecs
286 | integer :: yyyy,mm,dd,jd_firstjan
287 | !
288 | -----
289 | BOC
290 | nsecs = nint(n*timestep,kind=timestepkind) + secs0
291 | fsecs = n*timestep + secs0
292 | julianday = jul0 + nsecs/86400
293 | secondsofday = mod(nsecs,86400_timestepkind)
294 | fsecondsofday = mod(fsecs,real(86400,kind=_ONE_))

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295 |
296 |   call calendar_date(julianday,yyyy,mm,dd)
297 |   call julian_day(yyyy,1,1,jd_firstjan)
298 |   yearday = julianday-jd_firstjan+1
299 |
300 |   return
301 | end subroutine update_time
302 |EOC
303 |
304 |-----
305 |BOP
306 |!
307 |!IROUTINE: Convert a time string to Julian day and seconds
308 |!
309 |!INTERFACE:
310 |   subroutine read_time_string(timestr,jul,secs)
311 |!
312 |!DESCRIPTION:
313 |!   Converts a time string to the true Julian day and seconds of that day.
314 |!   The format of the time string must be: {\tt yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss }.
315 |!
316 |!USES:
317 |   IMPLICIT NONE
318 |!
319 |!INPUT PARAMETERS:
320 |   character(len=19)                :: timestr
321 |!
322 |!OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
323 |   integer, intent(out)              :: jul,secs
324 |!
325 |!REVISION HISTORY:
326 |!   Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
327 |!
328 |!EOP
329 |!
330 |!LOCAL VARIABLES:
331 |   character                :: c1,c2,c3,c4
332 |   integer                  :: yy,mm,dd,hh,min,ss
333 |!
334 |-----
335 |BOC
336 |   read(timestr,'(i4,a1,i2,a1,i2,1x,i2,a1,i2,a1,i2)') &
337 |       yy,c1,mm,c2,dd,hh,c3,min,c4,ss
338 |   call julian_day(yy,mm,dd,jul)
339 |   secs = 3600*hh + 60*min + ss
340 |
341 |   return
342 | end subroutine read_time_string
343 |EOC
344 |
345 |-----
346 |BOP
347 |!
348 |!IROUTINE: Convert Julian day and seconds into a time string
349 |!
350 |!INTERFACE:
351 |   subroutine write_time_string(jul,secs,timestr)
352 |!
353 |!DESCRIPTION:
354 |!   Formats Julian day and seconds of that day to a nice looking
355 |!   character string.
356 |!
357 |!USES:
358 |   IMPLICIT NONE
359 |!
360 |!INPUT PARAMETERS:
361 |   integer, intent(in)              :: jul,secs
362 |!
363 |!OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
364 |   character(len=19)                :: timestr
365 |!
366 |!REVISION HISTORY:
367 |!   Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
368 |!
369 |!EOP
370 |!
371 |!LOCAL VARIABLES:
372 |   integer                :: ss,min,hh,dd,mm,yy
373 |!
374 |-----
375 |BOC
376 |   hh = secs/3600
377 |   min = (secs-hh*3600)/60
378 |   ss = secs - 3600*hh - 60*min
379 |
380 |   call calendar_date(jul,yy,mm,dd)
381 |
382 |   write(timestr,'(i4.4,a1,i2.2,a1,i2.2,1x,i2.2,a1,i2.2,a1,i2.2)') &
383 |       yy,'-',mm,'-',dd,hh,':',min,':',ss
384 |
385 |   return
386 | end subroutine write_time_string
387 |EOC
388 |
389 |-----
390 |BOP
391 |!
392 |!IROUTINE: Return the time difference in seconds

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393 |
394 | !INTERFACE:
395 |   REALTYPE FUNCTION time_diff(jul1,secs1,jul2,secs2)
396 |
397 | !DESCRIPTION:
398 | This functions returns the time difference between two
399 | dates in seconds. The dates are given as Julian day and seconds
400 | of that day.
401 |
402 | !USES:
403 |   IMPLICIT NONE
404 |
405 | !INPUT PARAMETERS:
406 |   integer, intent(in)           :: jul1,secs1,jul2,secs2
407 |
408 | !REVISION HISTORY:
409 |   Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
410 |
411 | !EOP
412 | -----
413 | !BOC
414 |   time_diff = 86400.0d0 *(jul1-jul2) + _ONE_*(secs1-secs2)
415 |
416 |   return
417 | end function   time_diff
418 | !EOC
419 |
420 | -----
421 | !BOP
422 |
423 | !IROUTINE: Return the times of sunrise and sunset
424 |
425 | !INTERFACE:
426 |   subroutine sunrise_sunset(latitude,declination,sunrise,sunset)
427 |
428 | !DESCRIPTION:
429 | This functions returns the time difference between two
430 | dates in seconds. The dates are given as Julian day and seconds
431 | of that day.
432 |
433 | !USES:
434 |   IMPLICIT NONE
435 |
436 | !INPUT PARAMETERS:
437 |   REALTYPE, intent(in)           :: latitude,declination
438 |
439 | !OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
440 |   REALTYPE, intent(out)          :: sunrise,sunset
441 |
442 | !REVISION HISTORY:
443 |   Original author(s): Karsten Bolding & Hans Burchard
444 |
445 | !LOCAL VARIABLES:
446 |   REALTYPE                       :: omega,hour
447 | !EOP
448 | -----
449 | !BOC
450 |   omega = acos(-tan(latitude*3.141516/180.)*tan(declination*3.141516/180.))
451 |   hour  = omega*180/3.141516/15.
452 |   sunrise = 12. - hour
453 |   sunset  = 12. + hour
454 |   return
455 | end subroutine   sunrise_sunset
456 | !EOC
457 |
458 | -----
459 | !BOP
460 |
461 | !IROUTINE: in_interval() -
462 |
463 | !INTERFACE:
464 |   logical function in_time_interval(j1,s1,j,s,j2,s2)
465 |
466 | !DESCRIPTION:
467 |
468 | !USES:
469 |
470 | !INPUT PARAMETERS:
471 |   integer, intent(in)           :: j1,s1,j,s,j2,s2
472 |
473 | !REVISION HISTORY:
474 |   22Nov Author name Initial code
475 |
476 | !LOCAL VARIABLES:
477 |   logical                       :: before,after
478 | !EOP
479 | -----
480 | !BOC
481 |
482 |   before = (j .lt. j1) .or. ( j .eq. j1 .and. (s .lt. s1) )
483 |   after  = (j .gt. j2) .or. ( j .eq. j2 .and. (s .gt. s2) )
484 |
485 |   in_time_interval = ( .not. before ) .and. ( .not. after )
486 |   return
487 | end function in_time_interval
488 | !EOC
489 |
490 |

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491 | #ifdef _PRINTSTATE_
492 | -----
493 | !BOP
494 | !
495 | !IROUTINE: Print the current state of the time module.
496 | !
497 | !INTERFACE:
498 |   subroutine print_state_time()
499 | !
500 | !DESCRIPTION:
501 | !   This routine writes the value of all module-level variables to screen.
502 | !
503 | !USES:
504 |   IMPLICIT NONE
505 | !
506 | !REVISION HISTORY:
507 | !   Original author(s): Jorn Bruggeman
508 | !
509 | !EOP
510 | -----
511 | !BOC
512 |   LEVEL1 'State of time module:'
513 |   LEVEL2 'timestr',timestr
514 |   LEVEL2 'start',start
515 |   LEVEL2 'stop',stop
516 |   LEVEL2 'timestep',timestep
517 |   LEVEL2 'fsecs,simtime',fsecs,simtime
518 |   LEVEL2 'julianday,secondsofday',julianday,secondsofday
519 |   LEVEL2 'yearday',yearday
520 |   LEVEL2 'timefmt',timefmt
521 |   LEVEL2 'MinN,MaxN',MinN,MaxN
522 |   LEVEL2 'HasRealTime',HasRealTime
523 |   LEVEL2 'jul0,secs0',jul0,secs0
524 |
525 |   end subroutine print_state_time
526 | !EOC
527 | #endif
528 |
529 | -----
530 |
531 |   end module time
532 |
533 | -----
534 | ! Copyright by the G0TM-team under the GNU Public License - www.gnu.org
535 | -----

```