

JWE online appendix for

**Willingness-To-Pay for Reshuffling  
Geographical Indications**

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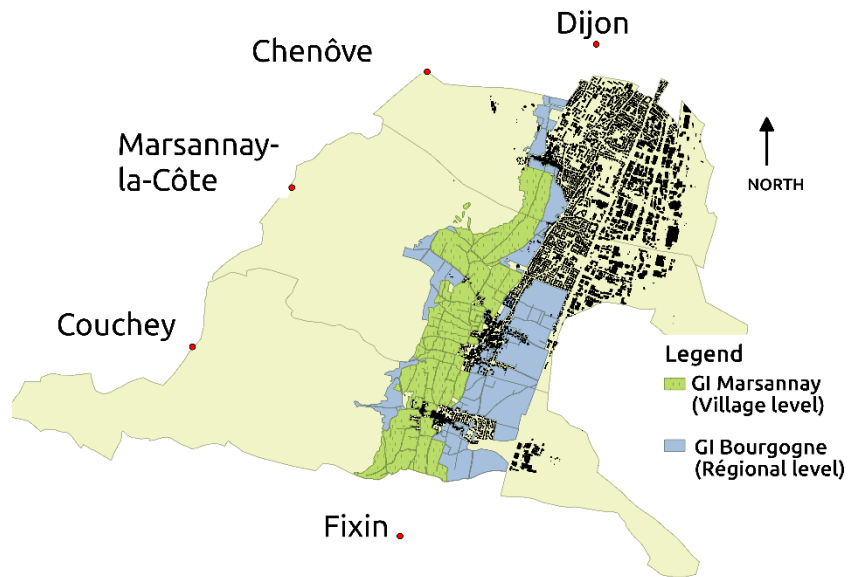
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*Notes: The figure shows the current GI scheme at the vineyard plot level for the Marsannay area. It currently includes three municipalities (Chenôve, Couchey, and Marsannay-la-Côte) representing the horizontal dimension of GIs and two vertical levels (Regional and Village).*

**Figure SM1: The vineyard area of Marsannay under study**

<b>Premier Cru level</b>	
<b>Village level</b>	     
<b>Regional level</b>	   

<b>Premier Cru level</b>	  
<b>Village level</b>	    
<b>Regional level</b>	  

Notes: These 2 scans illustrate the sheets distributed to participants. They represent two scenarios among the 14 scenarios considered. The current distribution is reported at the top, and the 3-5-3 scenario at the bottom of the figure. All participants received the same pictures of wine labels.

**Figure SM2: Pictures of wine labels from 2 scenarios presented to participants**

	Wine 0	Wine1	Wine2	Wine3	Wine4	Wine5	Wine6	Wine7	Wine8	Wine9	Wine10
Grade	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Scénario 1-6-4											
Scénario 2-5-4											
Scénario 2-6-3											
Scénario 3-5-3											
Scénario 3-4-4											
Scénario 3-6-2											
Scénario 4-4-3											
Scénario 4-5-2											
Scénario 4-3-4											
Scénario 4-6-1											
Scénario 5-2-4											
Scénario 5-4-2											
Scénario 5-3-3											
Scénario 5-5-1											

Premier Cru level
  Village level
  Régional level

Notes: Each row correspond to a different scenario, with different classification of 10 wine bottle (in columns) among the GI levels. As presented in Table 1 of Section 4.1, the first scenario 1-6-4 corresponds to the current GI designation scheme, in increasing quality from the right to the left. In the other scenarios, some high-quality Village wines are designated as Premier Cru and high-quality Régional wines are designated as Village.

**Figure SM3: The 14 proposed scenario of GI reshuffling between the 10 wines considered**

**Table SM1: The effects of GI levels and bottles of wine on WTP**

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
(Intercept)	6.77*** (0.41)		12.06*** (0.91)		6.63*** (0.43)	
<i>VILL</i>	2.71*** (0.20)	2.71*** (0.20)			2.80*** (0.25)	2.80*** (0.26)
<i>PCRU</i>	6.25*** (0.40)	6.22*** (0.40)			5.43*** (0.78)	5.41*** (0.55)
<i>WINE 0</i>			1.70 (1.26)	1.73** (0.61)	1.70 (1.26)	1.73** (0.61)
<i>WINE 1</i>			-0.14 (0.15)	-0.14 (0.15)	-0.14 (0.15)	-0.14 (0.15)
<i>WINE 2</i>			0.13* (0.07)	0.13 (0.07)	0.13* (0.07)	0.13 (0.07)
<i>WINE 3</i>			0.02 (0.06)	0.02 (0.06)	0.02 (0.06)	0.02 (0.06)
<i>WINE 4</i>			0.02 (0.07)	0.02 (0.07)	0.02 (0.07)	0.02 (0.07)
<i>WINE 5</i>			-2.63*** (0.67)	-2.61*** (0.38)		
<i>WINE 7</i>			-0.04 (0.10)	-0.04 (0.11)	-0.04 (0.10)	-0.04 (0.11)
<i>WINE 8</i>			0.02 (0.11)	0.02 (0.12)	0.02 (0.11)	0.02 (0.12)
<i>WINE 9</i>			0.16 (0.22)	0.16 (0.23)	0.16 (0.22)	0.16 (0.23)
<i>WINE 10</i>			-5.43*** (0.78)	-5.41*** (0.55)		
<i>Num. obs.</i>	1815	1815	1815	1815	1815	1815
<i>Fixed Effects</i>	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
<i>R2 (full model)</i>	0.16	0.89	0.16	0.89	0.16	0.89
<i>R2 (proj model)</i>	0.16	0.59	0.16	0.60	0.16	0.60

\*\*\*p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Notes: Regressions are from pooled data with WTP as the dependent variable with clustered standard errors in parentheses. Independent variables are dummy variables describing the batches of bottles. The dummies *WINE 0* (*Fixin Premier Cru*) to *WINE 10* (the wine from the *Régional* level at the bottom of the hierarchy) equal 1 if the wine is present is the corresponding batch and 0 otherwise. *WINE 6* dummy (representing the presence of Wine no. 6 in the batch) is omitted because this wine is systemically present in the same batches as *WINE 5* and collinearity prevents identification of the respective effects (see Figure SM3). *WINE 0* presents a positive premium of €1.7, which is only significant with fixed effects. The value of €1.7 is a raw estimate of the umbrella effect of the *Premier Cru* from the neighbouring municipality of *Fixin*. The statistically significant effects of *WINE 5* and *WINE 10* do not estimate well-identified individual premiums, because of the collinearity between these dummies and the dummies about GI levels (Figure SM3). *WINE 5* and *WINE 6* dummies are mutually redundant and are also redundant with respect to the GI *Village* dummy variable.

**Table SM2: The effects of GI levels, average quality and quality variance on WTP**

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
<i>(Intercept)</i>	6.07***		6.41***		6.38***	
	(0.42)		(0.41)		(0.41)	
<i>MEAN</i>	0.79***	0.79***	0.32***	0.36***	0.32***	0.36***
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.09)	(0.05)	(0.09)	(0.05)
<i>VAR</i>	-0.17***	-0.18***			0.03	0.02
	(0.05)	(0.04)			(0.06)	(0.04)
<i>VILL</i>			1.44***	1.28***	1.42***	1.27***
			(0.39)	(0.26)	(0.37)	(0.26)
<i>PCRU</i>			2.98**	2.69***	3.02**	2.72***
			(0.98)	(0.55)	(1.03)	(0.56)
<i>PCRU x WINE 0</i>			1.46	1.46*	1.45	1.46*
			(1.25)	(0.61)	(1.26)	(0.61)
<i>Nbr. obs.</i>	1815	1815	1815	1815	1815	1815
<i>Fixed Effects</i>	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
<i>R2 (full model)</i>	0.16	0.89	0.17	0.90	0.17	0.90
<i>R2 (proj model)</i>	0.16	0.59	0.17	0.61	0.17	0.61

\*\*\*p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Notes: Regressions are from pooled data with WTP as the dependent variable with clustered standard errors in parentheses. *MEAN* and *VAR* are continuous variables representing the average and the variance of wine grades within each batch of bottles. The interaction *PCRU x WINE 0* controls for the presence of *Fixin Premier Cru* for umbrella effects. In line with the theoretical model, we found a positive effect of the *MEAN* variable and a significant negative effect for the *VAR* variable for *Premier Cru*. These results are shown to be robust to the inclusion of participant fixed effects.

**Table SM3: The effect of GI levels interacting with average quality and quality variance on WTP**

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	Model 6
<i>(Intercept)</i>	6.42*** (0.47)		6.45*** (0.47)		6.19*** (0.45)	
<i>VILL</i>	1.74*** (0.35)	1.74*** (0.37)	1.56*** (0.33)	1.65*** (0.36)	1.88*** (0.43)	1.66*** (0.43)
<i>PCRU</i>	1.43 (1.02)	1.57 (1.00)	4.24** (1.42)	3.94*** (0.64)	6.17*** (0.80)	6.04*** (0.60)
<i>PCRU x WINE 0</i>	1.32 (1.27)	1.35* (0.61)	1.65 (1.25)	1.63** (0.61)	1.84 (1.26)	1.87** (0.61)
<i>MEAN</i>			0.19 (0.15)	0.24*** (0.05)		
<i>REG x MEAN</i>	0.31 (0.24)	0.46** (0.16)			4.08 (3.89)	0.06 (2.36)
<i>VILL x MEAN</i>	0.26** (0.09)	0.29*** (0.06)			0.17 (0.15)	0.23*** (0.05)
<i>PCRU x MEAN</i>	0.51*** (0.10)	0.51*** (0.11)			0.48*** (0.11)	0.47*** (0.10)
<i>REG x VAR</i>			0.09 (0.12)	0.18 (0.14)	-3.29 (3.31)	0.34 (2.01)
<i>VILL x VAR</i>			0.21 (0.20)	0.14* (0.06)	0.22 (0.20)	0.14* (0.06)
<i>PCRU x VAR</i>			-0.26 (0.14)	-0.21* (0.09)	-0.41*** (0.08)	-0.41*** (0.09)
<i>Num. obs.</i>	1815	1815	1815	1815	1815	1815
<i>Fixed Effects</i>	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
<i>R2 (full model)</i>	0.17	0.90	0.17	0.90	0.17	0.90
<i>R2 (proj model)</i>	0.17	0.61	0.17	0.61	0.17	0.61

\*\*\*p < 0.001, \*\*p < 0.01, \*p < 0.05

Notes: Regressions are from pooled data with WTP as the dependent variable with clustered standard errors in parentheses. *MEAN* and *VAR* are continuous variables for the average and the variance of wine scores within each batch of bottles. The interaction *PCRU x WINE 0* controls for the presence of *Fixin Premier Cru* for umbrella effects.