

Transcendental Abstraction Theory (TAT)

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Abstract

Transcendental Abstraction Theory (TAT) is a meta-mathematical framework that aims to explore and develop mathematical structures, systems, and concepts that inherently resist or transcend formalization within existing foundational systems, such as Univalent Foundations, Zermelo-Fraenkel set theory, and category theory. TAT captures abstractions that operate beyond the reach of current axiomatic, logical, or formal systems, potentially defying encapsulation in any known foundational framework.

1 Introduction

The aim of Transcendental Abstraction Theory (TAT) is to create a meta-framework for investigating mathematical structures that lie beyond the limits of formalization. Inspired by the assertion that any mathematics can be formalized within Univalent Foundations, TAT challenges this claim by positing a collection of meta-structures that exceed the capabilities of current foundational systems.

2 Core Principles and Goals of TAT

2.1 Formalization-Resistant Structures

TAT is centered on constructing mathematical objects that resist standard formalization approaches. This includes objects that are inaccessible to homotopy type theory, involve undecidable properties, or inherently lack a type-theoretic representation.

2.2 Hyper-Transfinite and Ultra-Dimensional Objects

TAT encompasses objects with dimensions or hierarchies beyond classical and homotopy levels, such as *ultra-dimensional spaces* or infinitely nested categorical structures. These structures challenge the dimensional constraints typically assumed in formalized mathematics.

2.3 Non-Homotopic, Non-Path-Based Systems

Univalent Foundations rely heavily on homotopies and path-based equivalences. TAT, however, includes systems where equivalences are not reversible or path-based, introducing asymmetry and non-reversible interactions into formal structures.

2.4 Self-Referential and Self-Modifying Systems

Inspired by Gödelian incompleteness, TAT supports frameworks that are self-referential and capable of modifying their own axioms or recognizing their limitations. These *self-aware* systems present unique challenges to static foundational frameworks.

2.5 Infinite Hierarchies and Recursive Categories

TAT generalizes category theory to encompass recursive categories and infinitely extended hierarchies, which exceed standard notions of limits or derived categories, creating new layers of abstraction.

2.6 Infinitesimal and Hyperreal Extensions

By investigating novel systems of infinitesimals and hyperreal extensions incompatible with existing type-theoretic formalizations, TAT extends classical analysis into realms inaccessible to Univalent Foundations.

2.7 Inter-Foundational Frameworks

TAT is inherently interdisciplinary, combining elements from various foundational systems to investigate structures that lie *between* or *beyond* these systems.

3 The Purpose and Vision of TAT

The purpose of TAT is to extend mathematical thought by embracing the unknown, the unformalizable, and the inherently complex. This framework provides a playground for abstract thought, bridging mathematics with philosophy and theoretical physics. TAT aspires to establish a foundation for studying all conceivable mathematical abstractions, deliberately designed to be extensible and resistant to encapsulation.

4 Applications and Implications

4.1 Meta-Theoretical Research

TAT serves as a research framework for foundational studies, inviting exploration into the nature of mathematics itself.

4.2 Physics and Quantum Theory

TAT can model phenomena in theoretical physics that resist standard mathematical representation, such as non-locality and multi-dimensional constructs in quantum theory.

4.3 Ethical AI and Computation

By embedding self-referential constraints in mathematical constructs, TAT may inform the development of ethically guided AI systems.

5 Conclusion

Transcendental Abstraction Theory is designed as an ultimate abstraction framework, encouraging perpetual discovery and development in mathematics. TAT challenges the boundaries of formalization and inspires the creation of mathematical systems that may never be fully captured by any foundational system.