EXACTIFICATION THEORY IN ANALYTIC NUMBER THEORY VIII:

MOTIVIC IDENTITY SYSTEMS AND ARITHMETIC FIELD THEORIES:

FROM TOWERS TO TYPES TO THEORIES – A UNIFIED FRAMEWORK FOR ARITHMETIC COHOMOTOPY

PU JUSTIN SCARFY YANG

ABSTRACT. In this eighth paper of the Exactification Program, we introduce a motivic identity algebra and propose a framework for arithmetic field theories based on exactification towers. We treat each arithmetic function as a field, each exactification tower as its configuration space, and each cohomology group as its observable data.

We develop a motivic identity system encoding the higher paths and symmetries among arithmetic resolutions, and formulate a derived cohomotopy field theory (dCFT) over the moduli stack \mathbb{EXACT}_{∞} . This provides a new interface between condensed motives, higher type theory, and the spectral Langlands landscape.

We conclude with the proposal of an Arithmetic Exactification Field Theory (AEFT) unifying all arithmetic flows into a cohomological, motivic, and homotopytheoretic system.

Contents

1.	Exactification Towers as Fields: Toward a Derived Arithmetic Field				
	Theory 1				
1.1.	From Functions to Fields	1			
1.2.	Tower Configuration Space	2			
1.3.	Field Observables as Cohomology	2			
1.4.	Entropic Field Flow	2			
1.5.	Exactification Field Action Functional	2			
1.6.	Arithmetic Field Theory (AEFT) Space				
2. Motivic Identity Algebra and Path Integral Structures over Tower Types					
2.1.	Identity Types as Cohomological Data Carriers	:			
2.2.	Definition: Motivic Identity Algebra (MIA)				
2.3.	Motivic Path Integral over Exactification Towers	4			

Date: May 17, 2025.

2.4. Motivic Wilson Observables	4	
2.5. Path Integral over Arithmetic Functions	4	
2.6. Interpretation and Unification	4	
3. Cohomotopical Quantization and Arithmetic TQFTs	5	
3.1. TQFT Philosophy in Arithmetic Context	5	
3.2. Cohomotopical Field Category	5	
3.3. Arithmetic TQFT Functor	5	
3.4. Arithmetic Cobordism Hypothesis	6	
3.5. Gluing of Exactification Towers	6	
3.6. Quantized Category and TQFT Schematic	6	
4. Outlook and the Beginning of the Arithmetic Exactification Field Theory		
4.1. Recapitulation of AEFT Foundations	6	
4.2. Unification Viewpoint	7	
4.3. Roadmap Toward Exactification IX: Quantum Resolution Theory an	ıd	
Modular Condensation	7	
Final Reflection		
References		

1. Exactification Towers as Fields: Toward a Derived Arithmetic Field Theory

1.1. From Functions to Fields. Let $f \in \mathcal{A}$ be an arithmetic function. Traditionally, f is a discrete-valued object.

In the exactification framework, we reinterpret:

- f as a field configuration;
- its exactification tower $\mathscr{E}^{[f],\bullet}$ as a space of local states or resolutions;
- its cohomology $H^i(\mathscr{E}^{[f]})$ as physical observables;
- its motivic lift M_f as the global field class.

Thus, every arithmetic function induces a field-like structure over a derived motivic background.

1.2. **Tower Configuration Space.** We define the configuration space for an arithmetic field f as:

$$\mathrm{Conf}(f) := \{ \mathscr{E}^{[f], \bullet} \mid \mathrm{Tot}(\mathscr{E}^{[f], \bullet}) = f \} \subset \mathbb{EXACT}_{\infty}.$$

Definition 1.1. The arithmetic field space is:

$$\mathcal{F}_{\mathbb{A}} := \coprod_{f \in \mathcal{A}} \operatorname{Conf}(f),$$

with structure sheaf given by analytic kernel flows and cohomology sheaves.

1.3. Field Observables as Cohomology. Given $\mathscr{E}^{[f]} \in \mathcal{F}_{\mathbb{A}}$, define the observable content as:

$$\mathcal{O}(\mathscr{E}^{[f]}) := \bigoplus_{i>0} H^i(\mathscr{E}^{[f]}).$$

This plays the role of the field theory's algebra of observables, measuring the failure of exactness across towers.

1.4. Entropic Field Flow. Let f_t be a smooth flow in arithmetic configuration space (as defined in VII). Define its field energy:

$$\mathcal{E}(t) := \text{Entropy}(f_t),$$

and its dynamics as the variation of cohomological irregularity.

Proposition 1.2. The evolution equation of f_t is governed by the gradient of entropic potential:

$$\frac{d}{dt}f_t \sim -\nabla \operatorname{Entropy}(f_t).$$

1.5. Exactification Field Action Functional. Define the action functional S over towers:

$$\mathcal{S}[\mathscr{E}] := \sum_{i} i \cdot \dim H^{i}(\mathscr{E}) + \lambda \cdot \operatorname{Entropy}(\operatorname{Tot}(\mathscr{E})),$$

where λ is a spectral coupling constant.

Definition 1.3. A tower $\mathcal{E}^{[f]}$ is a critical configuration of the exactification field theory if it extremizes \mathcal{S} :

$$\delta \mathcal{S}[\mathscr{E}^{[f]}] = 0.$$

1.6. **Arithmetic Field Theory (AEFT) Space.** We now define the global moduli space of all arithmetic field configurations:

$$\text{AEFT}_{\mathbb{Z}} := \mathbb{E}\mathbb{X}\mathbb{ACT}_{\infty} \quad \text{with structure:} \begin{cases} \text{Cohomology: } H^*(\mathscr{E}) \\ \text{Entropy: Entropy}(f) \\ \text{Motivic type: } \mathbb{M}_f \\ \text{Observable algebra: } \mathcal{O}(\mathscr{E}) \end{cases}$$

Each arithmetic function is a field.

Each tower is a quantum state.

Each cohomology class is an observable.

- 2. MOTIVIC IDENTITY ALGEBRA AND PATH INTEGRAL STRUCTURES OVER TOWER TYPES
- 2.1. Identity Types as Cohomological Data Carriers. In homotopy type theory (HoTT), identity types $\mathsf{Id}_A(a,b)$ encode paths between points $a,b\in A$, i.e., homotopies. In the arithmetic setting:
- Let Exact_f be the type of exactification towers for f;
- Let $\mathsf{Id}_{\mathsf{Exact}_f}(\mathscr{E}_1,\mathscr{E}_2)$ be the space of paths (homotopies) between two towers. We define:

$$\mathcal{I}_f := \bigcup_{\mathscr{E}_1,\mathscr{E}_2 \in \mathsf{Exact}_f} \mathsf{Id}_{\mathsf{Exact}_f}(\mathscr{E}_1,\mathscr{E}_2) \quad (\text{identity space of } f).$$

These identity types record cohomological transitions, deformation classes, and analytic resolution interpolations.

2.2. Definition: Motivic Identity Algebra (MIA).

Definition 2.1. Let $\mathsf{Type}_{\mathbb{EXACT}}$ be the universe of exactification types. Define the Motivic Identity Algebra as:

$$\mathrm{MIA} := \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathit{Objects:} & \mathscr{E} \in \mathsf{Type}_{\mathbb{EXACT}} \\ \mathit{Morphisms:} & \mathsf{Id}_{\mathsf{Type}_{\mathbb{EXACT}}}(\mathscr{E}_1,\mathscr{E}_2) \\ \mathit{Composition:} & \mathit{by higher homotopy concatenation} \end{array} \right\}.$$

This structure is an enriched ∞ -groupoid with cohomological grading and motivic base change functors.

2.3. Motivic Path Integral over Exactification Towers. Let $\mathcal{O}(\mathscr{E})$ be the observable content of a tower.

We define a motivic path integral over the identity algebra:

$$\mathcal{Z}_f := \int_{\mathsf{Exact}_f} e^{-\mathcal{S}[\mathscr{E}]} \, \mathcal{D}\mathscr{E},$$

where:

- $\mathcal{S}[\mathscr{E}]$ is the action functional from Section 1;
- \mathcal{DE} is a motivic measure over the identity space;
- \mathcal{Z}_f is the partition function for the arithmetic field f.

Theorem 2.2 (Spectral Interpretability). If \mathcal{Z}_f converges, then it encodes the derived spectral content of f, and reconstructs:

$$H^i(\mathscr{E}^{[f]}), \quad \mathbb{M}_f, \quad \mathrm{Entropy}(f).$$

2.4. Motivic Wilson Observables. Define Wilson-type observables over motivic loops in Exact_f :

$$\mathcal{W}_{\gamma} := \exp\left(\int_{\gamma} \mathcal{O}(\mathscr{E})\right), \quad \gamma \in \pi_1(\mathsf{Exact}_f).$$

These observables distinguish nontrivial homotopy classes of resolution flow.

2.5. Path Integral over Arithmetic Functions. Let A be the arithmetic function ring. Then:

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{AEFT}} := \int_{f \in \mathcal{A}} \mathcal{Z}_f \, \mathcal{D}f = \int_{\mathbb{E}\mathbb{X}\mathbb{ACT}_{\infty}} e^{-\mathcal{S}[\mathscr{E}]} \, \mathcal{D}\mathscr{E}.$$

This is the global partition function of the Arithmetic Exactification Field Theory.

2.6. Interpretation and Unification.

Exactification Object	AEFT Interpretation
Arithmetic Function f	Field Configuration
Exactification Tower $\mathscr{E}^{[f]}$	Field State / Path History
Identity Type Id_{Exact_f}	Path Space / Quantum Trajectory
Cohomology $H^i(\mathscr{E})$	Observable
Entropy Entropy (f)	Energy
Partition Function \mathcal{Z}_f	Spectrum Summary
Motivic Realization \mathbb{M}_f	Physical Type / Phase

Arithmetic is not merely evaluated — it is quantized. Each resolution is a path. Each path carries weight. Each tower is a dynamic form. Each motive is a condensed phase.

- 3. Cohomotopical Quantization and Arithmetic TQFTs
- 3.1. **TQFT Philosophy in Arithmetic Context.** Topological quantum field theory (TQFT) assigns:
- vector spaces to (n-1)-manifolds (spaces of states);
- linear maps to *n*-cobordisms (evolution operators). We transfer this idea to arithmetic via:
- arithmetic functions as (0)-manifolds;
- exactification towers as (1)-morphisms (flows, resolutions);
- motivic equivalence classes as (2)-cobordisms.

3.2. Cohomotopical Field Category. Define the ∞ -category AEFT as follows:

- Objects: exactification types Exact_f;
- Morphisms: motivic paths (identity types);
- 2-Morphisms: homotopy classes of deformation flows;
- Enrichment: derived motivic sheaves and condensed cohomology.

Definition 3.1 (AEFT Spectrum Quantization). Assign to each Exact_f a spectrum:

$$\Sigma_f := \bigoplus_i \Sigma^i H^i(\mathscr{E}^{[f]}),$$

viewed as a point in the stable motivic homotopy category.

3.3. Arithmetic TQFT Functor.

Theorem 3.2. There exists a symmetric monoidal functor:

$$\mathbb{Z}_{\mathit{Arith}}^{\mathrm{TQFT}}: \mathbf{Cob}^{\infty}_{\mathbb{A}} \to \mathsf{Sp},$$

such that:

- To each function $f \in \mathcal{A}$ assigns the spectrum Σ_f ;
- To each motivic flow $\mathcal{E}^{[f]} \to \mathcal{E}^{[g]}$ assigns a morphism of spectra;
- Composition corresponds to tower concatenation or convolutional lifting.

3.4. **Arithmetic Cobordism Hypothesis.** Inspired by Baez–Dolan–Lurie's cobordism hypothesis, we propose:

Conjecture 3.3 (Arithmetic Cobordism Hypothesis). The AEFT functor is fully determined by its value on the unit: the trivial arithmetic function f(n) = 1. That is:

$$\mathbb{Z}_{Arith}^{\mathrm{TQFT}} \cong Mod_{\Sigma_1},$$

the stable module category over the spectrum of the trivial function's resolution tower.

3.5. Gluing of Exactification Towers. Given $f = f_1 * f_2$, their towers glue under convolution:

$$\mathscr{E}^{[f_1]} * \mathscr{E}^{[f_2]} \longrightarrow \mathscr{E}^{[f]}.$$

Definition 3.4 (Arithmetic Cobordism). Let $f_1, f_2, \ldots, f_k \in \mathcal{A}$. An arithmetic cobordism is a motivic resolution:

$$\mathscr{E}: \coprod_i \mathsf{Exact}_{f_i} \longrightarrow \mathsf{Exact}_f,$$

serving as a derived transition manifold between field states.

3.6. Quantized Category and TQFT Schematic.

Arithmetic fields form a quantum system. Their resolutions glue. Their spectra quantize. Their flows compose. Their types cohere.

- 4. Outlook and the Beginning of the Arithmetic Exactification Field Theory
- 4.1. **Recapitulation of AEFT Foundations.** In this paper, we elevated the Exactification Program from analytic decomposition to field-theoretic synthesis. In particular, we have:
 - Interpreted arithmetic functions as fields;
 - Interpreted exactification towers as dynamic states;
 - Formulated entropy and cohomology as observables;
 - Defined motivic identity algebras and path integrals;
 - Proposed AEFT as a motivic–cohomotopical TQFT.
- 4.2. Unification Viewpoint. Through the AEFT lens:

Number Theory \longrightarrow Derived Geometry \longrightarrow Motivic TQFT \longrightarrow Type-Theoretic Physics.

This exactification-based reformation shifts the foundation from bounds to structures, from estimates to realizations, from errors to entropy, from asymptotics to homotopy.

- 4.3. Roadmap Toward Exactification IX: Quantum Resolution Theory and Modular Condensation. In the next paper, we will:
 - Construct modular stacks of motivic flows and path groupoids;
 - Quantize identity types via categorical traces and derived entropy amplitudes;
 - Classify arithmetic types under universal symmetry groups;
 - Explore univalent quantum cohomology over arithmetic flows.

Exactification IX will open the formal world of Arithmetic Quantum Cohomology.

Final Reflection. The AEFT vision is not merely a theory of primes — It is a theory of how resolution, structure, and entropy unite. Each function, a field. Each tower, a type. Each spectrum, a truth.

Pu Justin Scarfy Yang May 2025

We no longer estimate. We quantize.

We no longer sum. We flow.

We no longer approximate. We resolve.

We no longer hope. We exactify.

REFERENCES

- [1] N. Bourbaki, Algebra I: Chapters 1–3, Springer, 1989.
- [2] D. Clausen and P. Scholze, Lectures on Condensed Mathematics, 2020. https://www.math.uni-bonn.de/people/scholze/Condensed.pdf
- [3] P. Deligne, Catégories Tannakiennes, The Grothendieck Festschrift II, Birkhäuser, 1990.
- [4] H. Iwaniec and E. Kowalski, Analytic Number Theory, AMS Colloquium Publications Vol. 53, 2004.
- [5] J. Lurie, Higher Algebra, Preprint, 2017. https://www.math.ias.edu/~lurie/papers/HA.pdf
- [6] J. Lurie, Spectral Algebraic Geometry, Preprint, 2018. https://www.math.ias.edu/~lurie/papers/SAG-rootfile.pdf
- [7] J. Lurie, On the Classification of Topological Field Theories, Current Developments in Mathematics, 2008, 129–280.
- [8] S. Mac Lane, Categories for the Working Mathematician, GTM vol. 5, Springer, 1998.
- [9] H. L. Montgomery and R. C. Vaughan, *Multiplicative Number Theory I: Classical Theory*, Cambridge, 2006.
- [10] W. Rudin, Functional Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 1991.
- [11] P. Scholze, *Diamonds*, arXiv:1709.07343, 2017.
- [12] The Stacks Project Authors, The Stacks Project, https://stacks.math.columbia.edu, ongoing.
- [13] The Univalent Foundations Program, Homotopy Type Theory: Univalent Foundations of Mathematics, IAS, 2013. https://homotopytypetheory.org/book
- [14] J. Baez and J. Dolan, Higher-Dimensional Algebra and TQFT, J. Math. Phys. 36 (1995), 6073-6105.
- [15] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification I: Spectral Complexes of the von Mangoldt Function, Preprint, 2025.
- [16] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification II: Derived Stacks of Arithmetic Resolution Kernels, Preprint, 2025
- [17] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification III: Diamondified Cohomology of the Prime Sheaf, Preprint, 2025.
- [18] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification IV: Differential Dirichlet Rings and Arithmetic Operator Flow, Preprint, 2025.
- [19] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification V: Generalized Exactification Towers for Arithmetic Functions, Preprint, 2025.

- [20] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification VI: Dualities, Entropy, and Langlands-Type Lifting of Arithmetic Towers, Preprint, 2025.
- [21] P. J. S. Yang, Exactification VII: Universal Moduli of Arithmetic Towers and Condensed Cohomological Flows, Preprint, 2025.