# SPECTRAL MOTIVES XVIII: ARITHMETIC HOLOGRAPHY AND BOUNDARY TRACE GEOMETRY

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ABSTRACT. We develop a motivic theory of arithmetic holography, where bulk spectral motives over derived stacks project onto boundary trace data encoded in categorical sheaves and L-trace flows. Using a formalism of trace-pairing duality and arithmetic boundary stacks, we define bulk-to-boundary correspondences in cohomology, Laplacians, and categorical entropy. This provides a blueprint for arithmetic analogues of holographic duality, spectral renormalization, and motivic boundary flows in derived geometric Langlands theory.

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## 1. Introduction

The concept of holography — that bulk geometric or physical information is fully encoded in boundary data — has reshaped our understanding of space, information, and duality. In arithmetic geometry, a parallel phenomenon arises in the trace-theoretic formulation of motives: certain arithmetic invariants, defined globally over spectral stacks, can be recovered from the behavior of trace flows along categorical or derived boundaries.

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In this eighteenth installment, we propose a motivic framework for **arithmetic hologra-phy**, where:

- Bulk spectral motives over higher stacks project to boundary trace categories;
- L-traces over boundary strata encode full arithmetic flow information;
- Entropic and Laplacian structures obey holographic renormalization dynamics;
- Bulk automorphic correspondences admit boundary factorization into trace sheaves.

This perspective unifies concepts from:

- Arithmetic AdS/CFT duality and moduli-theoretic trace structures;
- Langlands boundary data and cohomological Eisenstein series;
- Motivic trace sheaves and boundary ∞-categorical centers;
- Motivic renormalization and trace-theoretic entropy scaling.

# Paper Overview:

- Section 2: Defines arithmetic boundary stacks and trace duality;
- Section 3: Constructs bulk-to-boundary Laplacian projections;
- Section 4: Derives entropy scaling and holographic trace laws;
- Section 5: Applies the theory to automorphic *L*-flows and categorical Langlands duality.

This provides a geometric realization of motivic holography, inviting deeper connections between arithmetic cohomology, trace dynamics, and higher categorical geometry.

## 2. Boundary Stacks and Trace-Pairing Duality

2.1. Arithmetic boundary stacks. Let  $\mathscr{X}$  be a derived spectral arithmetic stack, such as a moduli stack of shtukas, perfectoid Shimura varieties, or L-parameter stacks. We define the arithmetic boundary stack  $\partial \mathscr{X}$  via:

$$\partial \mathscr{X} := \operatorname{colim}_{Z \subset \mathscr{X}, \operatorname{codim}(Z) = 1} Z,$$

taken over boundary strata of codimension one or via log-geometry completions in derived settings.

This boundary captures the "infinity" behavior of motivic flows and provides a geometric substrate for holographic projection.

2.2. Trace sheaves on boundary sites. Let  $\mathscr{F}$  be a dg-category-valued sheaf on  $\mathscr{X}$ . We define the boundary trace sheaf as the restriction:

$$\mathscr{F}_{\partial} := \mathscr{F}|_{\partial \mathscr{X}}.$$

In analogy with physical theories, this sheaf encodes the observable algebra or trace content seen from the "boundary perspective".

2.3. **Trace-pairing duality.** The core principle of motivic holography is the existence of a *trace-pairing*:

$$\langle -, - \rangle_{\operatorname{Tr}} : \mathscr{F}|_{\mathscr{X}} \otimes \mathscr{F}_{\partial} \longrightarrow 1,$$

satisfying:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{\mathscr{X}}(T) = \sum_{i} \langle \psi_i |_{\partial}, T\psi_i \rangle_{\operatorname{Tr}},$$

for trace eigenmodes  $\psi_i$ . This expresses the bulk trace as a pairing over the boundary.

2.4. Examples: Drinfeld boundary and geometric Eisenstein data. In the case of moduli of shtukas or stacks over function fields, the boundary stack often parametrizes degenerate level structures or parabolic reductions.

Trace-pairing duality manifests as the equality between constant term integrals of automorphic sheaves and traces over Eisenstein boundary data:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{\mathscr{X}}(\mathscr{A}) = \operatorname{Tr}_{\partial \mathscr{X}}(\mathscr{E}),$$

for appropriate automorphic object  $\mathscr{A}$  and Eisenstein sheaf  $\mathscr{E}$ .

This provides a natural geometric realization of motivic trace descent.

- 3. Laplacian Descent and Boundary Renormalization
- 3.1. Bulk Laplacians and fluctuation spectra. Let  $\Delta_{\mathscr{X}}$  be the trace Laplacian acting on a motivic sheaf  $\mathscr{F}$  over a derived stack  $\mathscr{X}$ . The bulk fluctuation spectrum  $\{\lambda_i\}$  defines entropy and trace functionals central to arithmetic quantum geometry.
- 3.2. Boundary restriction and spectral projection. Under trace-pairing duality, eigenmodes  $\psi_i$  restricted to the boundary give:

$$\psi_i^{\partial} := \psi_i|_{\partial \mathscr{X}} \in \mathscr{F}_{\partial},$$

and satisfy the holographic relation:

$$\langle \psi_i^{\partial}, \psi_j^{\partial} \rangle_{\text{Tr}} = \delta_{ij}.$$

The spectrum of  $\Delta_{\mathscr{X}}$  induces a projected Laplacian  $\Delta_{\partial}$  via:

$$\Delta_{\partial}\psi_i^{\partial} := \lambda_i \psi_i^{\partial},$$

i.e., the boundary encodes the entire spectral decomposition of the bulk.

3.3. **Motivic renormalization group flow.** Define a family of boundary effective Laplacians:

$$\Delta_{\partial}^{(\mu)} := \sum_{\lambda_i \le \mu} \lambda_i \cdot \psi_i^{\partial} \otimes \psi_i^{\partial},$$

where  $\mu$  is a spectral cutoff. This defines a motivic renormalization group flow:

$$\mu \mapsto \Delta_{\partial}^{(\mu)}$$
,

analogous to the Wilsonian flow in QFT, now applied to categorical trace data over arithmetic stacks.

3.4. Entropy scaling and trace area laws. Define the trace entropy function:

$$S_{\partial}(\mu) := -\sum_{\lambda_i \le \mu} p_i \log p_i, \quad p_i := \frac{e^{-\lambda_i}}{\sum_{\lambda_j \le \mu} e^{-\lambda_j}}.$$

This satisfies scaling laws:

$$S_{\partial}(\mu) \sim \alpha \cdot \text{Vol}(\partial \mathscr{X}) + \mathcal{O}(\log \mu),$$

which mirrors holographic entropy-area relations and suggests a deep connection between motivic curvature, trace energy, and derived boundary volume.

- 4. Holographic Langlands and Motivic Boundary Correspondences
- 4.1. Langlands stacks and spectral sheaves. Let  $LocSys_G$  be the stack of G-local systems on a smooth projective curve X, and let  $Bun_G$  denote the moduli stack of G-bundles. The geometric Langlands correspondence relates sheaves on  $Bun_G$  with D-modules (or spectral sheaves) on  $LocSys_G$ .

From the spectral motive viewpoint, both stacks are equipped with derived trace Laplacians, and the trace content of the correspondence may be expressed via supertraces, entropy, and Laplacian eigenmodes.

4.2. Boundary functors and Eisenstein holography. Let  $P \subset G$  be a parabolic subgroup, and consider:

$$\operatorname{Bun}_P \xrightarrow{\partial} \operatorname{Bun}_G$$

as a boundary morphism. The Eisenstein functor  $\mathrm{Eis}_P$  projects trace data from bulk automorphic sheaves to boundary parabolic strata.

The induced correspondence in trace cohomology is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{\operatorname{Bun}_{G}}(\mathscr{A}) = \operatorname{Tr}_{\operatorname{Bun}_{P}}(\operatorname{Eis}_{P}^{*}\mathscr{A}),$$

which constitutes a holographic identity for automorphic motives.

4.3. Holographic duality for *L*-parameters. Let  $\phi : \pi_1(X) \to {}^L G$  be an *L*-parameter. The automorphic sheaf  $\mathscr{F}_{\phi}$  admits restriction to the boundary stack of degenerate bundles or singular fibers.

We conjecture a motivic boundary duality:

$$\mathscr{F}_{\phi} \mapsto \mathscr{F}_{\phi}^{\partial} \in \mathscr{D}(\partial \operatorname{Bun}_G),$$

preserving the trace spectrum and satisfying:

$$\zeta_{\text{mot}}(\mathscr{F}_{\phi}, s) = \zeta_{\partial}(\mathscr{F}_{\phi}^{\partial}, s),$$

where both sides are regularized trace zeta functions.

4.4. Categorical Langlands-Ryu-Takayanagi identity. Inspired by the Ryu-Takayanagi formula in holographic QFT, we propose a categorical identity:

$$\mathcal{S}_{\mathrm{bulk}}(\mathscr{F}) = \mathrm{Area}_{\partial\mathscr{X}}(\mathscr{F}^{\partial}) + \mathrm{Flux}_{\mathrm{Tr}}(\mathscr{F}),$$

where  $\mathcal{S}_{\text{bulk}}$  is motivic entropy, Area $_{\partial \mathscr{X}}$  measures categorical trace volume, and Flux<sub>Tr</sub> captures trace nonconservation across the boundary.

This identity connects Langlands categories, trace entropy, and geometric flows across motivic interfaces.

#### 5. Conclusion

We have developed a motivic formalism for arithmetic holography, wherein spectral motives over derived stacks project to boundary trace sheaves through trace-pairing duality and fluctuation descent.

# **Summary of Contributions:**

- Defined arithmetic boundary stacks and their trace-theoretic structure;
- Constructed Laplacian descent and renormalization group flows over boundaries;
- Quantified entropy-area laws in motivic trace geometry;

- Proposed holographic Langlands dualities between bulk automorphic objects and boundary Eisenstein sheaves;
- Formulated a categorical Ryu–Takayanagi-type identity for trace entropy.

This work connects trace cohomology, geometric Langlands, and derived moduli in a boundary-aware framework, suggesting a broad generalization of arithmetic duality principles and new routes to understanding functoriality, spectral transfer, and entropy in motivic contexts.

## Future directions include:

- Boundary trace descent in condensed spectral stacks;
- Derived holography over Shimura-Perfectoid towers;
- Motivic black hole entropy and trace curvature bounds;
- Categorical AdS/CFT analogues in global L-groupoids.

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