

# EXPLORING SCHNIRELMANN-TYPE DENSITY IN INFINITE COMBINATORICS AND SET-THEORETIC FRAMEWORKS

PU JUSTIN SCARFY YANG

**ABSTRACT.** We propose and develop Schnirelmann-type notions of density and additive closure in infinite combinatorics and set-theoretic frameworks. These include density-like invariants for subsets of  $\mathbb{N}$ , uncountable cardinals, and generalizations to filters, ideals, and large cardinal axioms.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Schnirelmann density has historically been defined for subsets of the natural numbers. In this work, we seek to generalize this concept to infinite set-theoretic contexts, focusing on subsets of infinite cardinals, and on structures involving filters and ideals.

## 2. INFINITE DENSITY NOTIONS

**Definition 2.1** (Lower Density in  $\mathbb{N}$ ). Let  $A \subseteq \mathbb{N}$ . Define

$$\underline{d}(A) := \liminf_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|A \cap [1, n]|}{n}.$$

**Definition 2.2** (Transfinite Density Function). Let  $\kappa$  be a cardinal and  $A \subseteq \kappa$ . For a cofinal family  $\mathcal{F}$  on  $\kappa$ , define

$$d_{\mathcal{F}}(A) := \inf \left\{ \frac{|A \cap F|}{|F|} : F \in \mathcal{F} \right\}.$$

## 3. FILTERS, IDEALS, AND CLOSURE

**Definition 3.1** (Filter Closure). Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a filter on  $\mathbb{N}$ . A set  $A$  is  $\mathcal{F}$ -additively closed if

$$\exists k \text{ s.t. } kA \in \mathcal{F}.$$

**Proposition 3.2.** *Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be an ultrafilter and  $A \subseteq \mathbb{N}$  with  $\underline{d}(A) > 0$ . Then  $kA \in \mathcal{F}$  for some  $k$ .*

**Definition 3.3** (Ideal-Based Nonclosure). If  $I$  is an ideal on  $\mathbb{N}$ , then  $A$  is  $I$ -null if  $A \in I$ . The set  $A$  is  $I$ -incomplete if  $kA \in I$  for all  $k$ .

## 4. LARGE CARDINAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Proposition 4.1.** *If  $\kappa$  is measurable and  $U$  is a  $\kappa$ -complete ultrafilter, then for  $A \subseteq \kappa$  with  $A \in U$ , there exists  $k$  such that  $kA \in U$  under ordinal addition.*

*Remark 4.2.* This provides a transfinite analogue of Schnirelmann-type additive growth in the context of large cardinals.

---

*Date:* May 5, 2025.

## 5. FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Interactions between density notions and forcing models
- Applications to partition properties and Ramsey theory
- Definitions of Schnirelmann closure for ordinal-indexed operations
- Category-theoretic versions of density over infinite sites