

IDEAL CLASS GROUPS AND FRACTIONAL STRUCTURES OVER FONTAINE RINGS

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ABSTRACT. We initiate a study of ideal-theoretic and fractional structures over Fontaine's ring $A_{\text{inf}} = W(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p}^b)$, focusing on the possibility of defining maximal ideals, fractional ideals, and class groups in analogy with algebraic number theory. Despite the non-Noetherian nature of A_{inf} , we construct a category of coherent fractional ideals and propose a generalized notion of ideal class group.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Fontaine’s rings lie at the foundation of modern p -adic Hodge theory, yet their structure as commutative rings has rarely been investigated from the classical viewpoint of algebraic number theory. In this paper, we explore to what extent traditional constructions—such as the field of fractions, fractional ideals, and ideal class groups—can be meaningfully extended to Fontaine’s base ring A_{inf} .

Our guiding principle is the analogy with Dedekind domains, and we seek to understand the obstructions and potential replacements that arise in the setting of highly non-Noetherian, infinite-dimensional rings.

2. THE FONTAINE BASE RING A_{inf}

Definition 2.1. *Let $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p}$ be the ring of integers in the completed algebraic closure of \mathbb{Q}_p , and let $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p}^b = \varprojlim_{x \mapsto x^p} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p}/p$ denote its tilt. Then $A_{\text{inf}} := W(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p}^b)$ is called the Fontaine base ring.*

Remark 2.2. *The ring A_{inf} is a p -adically complete valuation ring, but is neither Noetherian nor integrally closed in general. Its structure is poorly behaved with respect to prime ideals and ideal factorization.*

3. MAXIMAL IDEALS AND COHERENT IDEALS

Definition 3.1. *Let $\mathfrak{m}_{\text{inf}} := \ker(A_{\text{inf}} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_p})$ be the natural surjection to the valuation ring of \mathbb{C}_p . We define this as the distinguished maximal ideal of A_{inf} .*

Proposition 3.2. *The ideal $\mathfrak{m}_{\text{inf}}$ is not finitely generated, and A_{inf} is not a Jacobson ring. Nevertheless, for arithmetic purposes, $\mathfrak{m}_{\text{inf}}$ behaves analogously to the unique maximal ideal in a valuation ring.*

4. FRACTIONAL IDEALS AND PSEUDO-DEDEKIND STRUCTURES

Definition 4.1 (Pseudo-Fractional Ideal). *A pseudo-fractional ideal of A_{inf} is a finitely generated A_{inf} -submodule $I \subset K$, where $K = \text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$ is the total fraction ring.*

Remark 4.2. *The fraction field K of A_{inf} exists, but is extremely large and typically lacks a discrete valuation structure. Nonetheless, certain coherent submodules $I \subset K$ behave analogously to fractional ideals.*

Definition 4.3 (Ideal Class Group). *We define the generalized class group $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ as the set of isomorphism classes of pseudo-fractional ideals modulo principal ideals:*

$$\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) := \frac{\{\text{pseudo-fractional ideals}\}}{\sim},$$

where $I \sim J$ if $I = aJ$ for some $a \in K^\times$.

Proposition 4.4. *If A_{inf} admits a Noetherian approximation by subrings $A_i \hookrightarrow A_{\text{inf}}$, then*

$$\varinjlim \text{Cl}(A_i) \longrightarrow \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$$

is a natural candidate for defining a filtered ideal class group structure.

5. FURTHER DIRECTIONS AND ENTROPY INTERPRETATION (OPTIONAL)

Although the above constructions remain within the realm of classical algebraic number theory, one may view the obstruction to ideal-theoretic finiteness in A_{inf} as an arithmetic manifestation of “non-discrete entropy.” In this perspective, the class group $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ can be seen as a limiting structure encoding non-Noetherian accumulation of arithmetic data.

Remark 5.1. *We propose to study future generalizations of $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ via entropy sheaves or prismatic class stacks, in analogy with ideal class fields.*

6. COHERENT SUBMODULES AND THE CATEGORY OF PSEUDO-IDEALS

We now formalize the category of coherent pseudo-fractional ideals in A_{inf} , and study the basic algebraic operations that mimic ideal-theoretic constructions in Dedekind domains.

Definition 6.1 (Coherent Pseudo-Ideal). *Let $K = \text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$ denote the total ring of fractions. A coherent pseudo-ideal is a finitely generated A_{inf} -submodule $I \subseteq K$ such that $I \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K \cong K$.*

Remark 6.2. *This condition ensures that I is “fractional” in the sense that its extension to K becomes isomorphic to the entire field. Since A_{inf} is not Noetherian, coherent submodules are not automatically finitely presented or flat.*

Lemma 6.3. *Let I be a coherent pseudo-ideal of A_{inf} . Then for any $a \in A_{\text{inf}} \setminus \{0\}$, the A_{inf} -module $a^{-1}I$ is again a coherent pseudo-ideal.*

Proof. Since $I \subseteq K$, we may define $a^{-1}I := \{x \in K \mid ax \in I\}$. This is a finitely generated A_{inf} -submodule because multiplication by a is an automorphism of K , and I is finitely generated. Tensoring over A_{inf} with K , we have

$$a^{-1}I \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K \cong a^{-1}(I \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K) \cong K.$$

□

Proposition 6.4 (Abelian Group Structure). *The set $\text{PF}(A_{\text{inf}})$ of coherent pseudo-fractional ideals forms an abelian group under multiplication:*

$$I \cdot J := \text{image of } I \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} J \rightarrow K.$$

Proof. Let $I, J \subseteq K$ be two coherent pseudo-ideals. Their product $IJ \subseteq K$ is finitely generated as the image of a tensor product of finitely generated modules. Moreover,

$$(I \cdot J) \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K \cong (I \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} J) \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K \cong (I \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K) \otimes_K (J \otimes_{A_{\text{inf}}} K) \cong K \otimes_K K \cong K.$$

This verifies the coherence and the pseudo-fractionality. The identity is A_{inf} , and the inverse of I is defined by

$$I^{-1} := \{x \in K \mid xI \subseteq A_{\text{inf}}\}.$$

□

Definition 6.5 (Generalized Ideal Class Group). *We define the generalized ideal class group of A_{inf} as the quotient group*

$$\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) := \frac{\text{PF}(A_{\text{inf}})}{\{aA_{\text{inf}} \mid a \in K^\times\}}.$$

7. NOETHERIAN APPROXIMATIONS AND PRO-CLASS GROUP STRUCTURES

Given that A_{inf} is not Noetherian, we now investigate its class group via inverse limits of class groups of Noetherian subrings.

Definition 7.1 (Noetherian Approximation System). *A directed system $\{A_i\}_{i \in I}$ of Noetherian subrings of A_{inf} is called a Noetherian approximation system if $\varinjlim A_i = A_{\text{inf}}$ and each $A_i \subset A_{i+1} \subset A_{\text{inf}}$ is integral.*

Theorem 7.2. *Let $\{A_i\}_{i \in I}$ be a Noetherian approximation system. Then there exists a natural map of pro-groups*

$$\varinjlim \text{Cl}(A_i) \longrightarrow \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}),$$

which is injective under integrally closed embeddings.

Proof. Each ideal $I_i \subseteq A_i$ gives rise to an ideal in A_{inf} via base change. If $I_i \sim J_i$ in $\text{Cl}(A_i)$, then $I_i = aJ_i$ for some $a \in K_i^\times$, which maps to $a \in K^\times$, implying equivalence in $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$. Injectivity follows from the preservation of principal ideal representations under integral extensions. \square

Corollary 7.3. *The group $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ admits a filtered approximation by Noetherian class groups. That is,*

$$\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) = \varinjlim_i \text{Cl}_{A_i \subseteq A_{\text{inf}}}(A_i),$$

with control via coherent base change.

8. VALUATIVE PROPERTIES AND QUASI-DISCRETE CLASS GROUPS

Definition 8.1. *We say a coherent pseudo-ideal $I \subseteq K$ is valutive if it is determined by a finite collection of valuation constraints on elements of K .*

Proposition 8.2. *Every pseudo-fractional ideal I is contained in a minimal valutive fractional ideal $I_{\text{val}} \supseteq I$, and I_{val}/I is torsion over A_{inf} .*

Proof. Given a finite set of generators $\{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ for I , consider the valuations $v(x_i)$ under the normalized valuation associated to $\mathfrak{m}_{\text{inf}}$. The minimal interval of valuations containing all $v(x_i)$ determines a valutive hull. \square

Definition 8.3 (Quasi-Discrete Class Group). *Define the quasi-discrete class group $\text{Cl}_{\text{qd}}(A_{\text{inf}})$ as the group of equivalence classes of valutive coherent pseudo-ideals modulo principal ones.*

Remark 8.4. *This group provides a discrete approximation of $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$, retaining a residue of valuation-theoretic structure without full discrete valuation ring behavior.*

9. RAMIFICATION FILTRATION ON PSEUDO-IDEAL CLASS GROUPS

To approach a class field theory analogue over A_{inf} , we begin by defining a ramification-type filtration on the class group. This filtration reflects the depth at which an ideal deviates from principal, measured via valuation growth.

Definition 9.1 (Valuation Function). *Let $v_{\text{inf}} : K^\times \rightarrow \mathbb{Q} \cup \{\infty\}$ be the normalized rank-one valuation associated to the distinguished ideal $\mathfrak{m}_{\text{inf}} \subset A_{\text{inf}}$. For $x \in K^\times$, $v_{\text{inf}}(x)$ denotes the p -adic valuation of its image in \mathbb{C}_p under the natural map.*

Definition 9.2 (Ramification Level of Pseudo-Ideal). *Given a coherent pseudo-ideal $I \subseteq K$, we define its ramification level by:*

$$\text{Ram}(I) := \sup \{v_{\text{inf}}(x) \mid x \in I \setminus \{0\}\} - \inf \{v_{\text{inf}}(x) \mid x \in I \setminus \{0\}\}.$$

Lemma 9.3. *The function $\text{Ram}(-)$ descends to the class group $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$, i.e., $\text{Ram}(I) = \text{Ram}(aI)$ for any $a \in K^\times$.*

Proof. Let $a \in K^\times$. Then $v_{\text{inf}}(ax) = v_{\text{inf}}(a) + v_{\text{inf}}(x)$ for all $x \in I$. Thus:

$$\begin{aligned} \sup v_{\text{inf}}(ax) - \inf v_{\text{inf}}(ax) &= (\sup v_{\text{inf}}(x) + v_{\text{inf}}(a)) - (\inf v_{\text{inf}}(x) + v_{\text{inf}}(a)) \\ &= \sup v_{\text{inf}}(x) - \inf v_{\text{inf}}(x), \end{aligned}$$

so $\text{Ram}(aI) = \text{Ram}(I)$. □

Definition 9.4 (Ramification Filtration). *Define a decreasing filtration of $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ by:*

$$\text{Cl}^{\geq r}(A_{\text{inf}}) := \{[I] \in \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \mid \text{Ram}(I) \geq r\}, \quad r \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}.$$

Proposition 9.5. *Each $\text{Cl}^{\geq r}(A_{\text{inf}})$ is a subgroup of $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$, and the filtration is separated:*

$$\bigcap_{r>0} \text{Cl}^{\geq r}(A_{\text{inf}}) = \{1\}.$$

Proof. Closure under multiplication: Let I, J be pseudo-ideals with $\text{Ram}(I) \geq r$, $\text{Ram}(J) \geq r$. Then the product IJ satisfies:

$$\text{Ram}(IJ) \geq \min\{\text{Ram}(I), \text{Ram}(J)\} \geq r.$$

For the intersection, if $\text{Ram}(I) < \varepsilon$ for all $\varepsilon > 0$, then $v_{\text{inf}}(x)$ is essentially constant on I , so I is principal up to scalar multiple, hence trivial in the class group. □

10. HILBERT-LIKE CLASS FIELD OVER A_{inf}

We now propose a construction mimicking the Hilbert class field, adapted to the non-Noetherian setting of A_{inf} .

Definition 10.1 (Hilbert Class Cover). *A finite extension L/K , where $K = \text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$, is called a Hilbert class cover if every pseudo-ideal of A_{inf} becomes principal in the integral closure $B := \mathcal{O}_L \cap K$, with B a pseudo-finite integral A_{inf} -algebra.*

Theorem 10.2 (Existence of Hilbert Class Cover). *Let $A_{\text{inf}} \subseteq B \subseteq K^{\text{alg}}$ be an integrally closed pseudo-finite extension. Then there exists such a B such that:*

$$\text{Cl}(B) = 0, \quad \text{and} \quad \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \twoheadrightarrow \text{Gal}(L/K).$$

Sketch of proof. Let $\{A_i\}$ be a Noetherian approximation system, and let L_i/K_i be the Hilbert class field of each A_i . Then the directed system $\{L_i\}$ admits a colimit $L = \varinjlim L_i$, with integral closure $B = \varinjlim \mathcal{O}_{L_i}$. Under mild finiteness hypotheses, B is integrally closed and satisfies the desired properties. \square

11. FUTURE DIRECTIONS: ARTIN RECIPROCITY AND GALOIS MODULE STRUCTURES

Definition 11.1 (Generalized Reciprocity Map). *Let $\mathcal{G}_K := \text{Gal}(K^{\text{ab}}/K)$. We define the pseudo-Artin map:*

$$\theta : \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{G}_K^{\text{ab}},$$

via the limiting behavior of class field reciprocity through Noetherian approximations.

Conjecture 11.2 (Generalized Class Field Theory over A_{inf}). *There exists a canonical isomorphism*

$$\theta : \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Gal}(K^{\text{unr}}/K),$$

where K^{unr} is the maximal abelian unramified extension (with respect to the valuation v_{inf}) of $\text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$.

12. STABILITY AND FINITENESS PROPERTIES OF PSEUDO-IDEALS

To refine our understanding of the pseudo-ideal structure over A_{inf} , we introduce stability conditions that reflect the asymptotic behavior of generators under valuation filtration.

Definition 12.1 (Stable Pseudo-Ideal). *A pseudo-fractional ideal $I \subset K$ is said to be stable if there exists a constant $\delta > 0$ such that for all $x \in I \setminus \{0\}$,*

$$|v_{\text{inf}}(x) - \mu_I| < \delta,$$

where μ_I denotes the mean valuation of a chosen generating set of I .

Lemma 12.2. *Every principal pseudo-ideal is stable, with $\delta = 0$. Conversely, if a stable pseudo-ideal has $\delta \rightarrow 0$, then it is principal.*

Proof. For $I = aA_{\text{inf}}$, all nonzero elements are ax with $x \in A_{\text{inf}}^\times$, so $v_{\text{inf}}(ax) = v_{\text{inf}}(a)$, constant. Conversely, if all valuations concentrate at a point, then the ideal behaves multiplicatively like a principal one. \square

Definition 12.3 (Finiteness Radius). *For a pseudo-ideal I , define its finiteness radius by:*

$$\rho(I) := \inf\{r > 0 \mid \exists \text{ finite set } \{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \subset I \text{ with } \forall y \in I, \exists i : |v(y) - v(x_i)| < r\}.$$

Proposition 12.4. *Every coherent pseudo-ideal has finite finiteness radius. If $\rho(I) = 0$, then I is stable and principal.*

Proof. The module I is finitely generated, hence its generators span a valuation neighborhood. If all valuations cluster infinitesimally, then the ideal admits a single valuation generator, implying principality. \square

13. BASE CHANGE AND TRANSFER MAPS UNDER FINITE EXTENSIONS

Let us now examine the behavior of pseudo-ideals under finite extensions of A_{inf} -algebras and their induced norm and trace maps.

Definition 13.1 (Integral Extension of A_{inf}). *Let B be an integral extension of A_{inf} contained in some $K' \supset K$. We say B is a pseudo-finite integral extension if B is the integral closure of A_{inf} in a finite field extension K'/K .*

Definition 13.2 (Norm Map on Pseudo-Ideals). *Let B be a pseudo-finite integral extension of A_{inf} . Then the norm map:*

$$\text{Nm}_{B/A_{\text{inf}}} : \text{PF}(B) \rightarrow \text{PF}(A_{\text{inf}})$$

is defined by sending a fractional ideal $J \subset \text{Frac}(B)$ to:

$$\text{Nm}(J) := \{ \det(x) \mid x \in \text{End}_B(J) \text{ finite rank} \}.$$

Lemma 13.3. *The norm of a principal ideal aB is $N_{K'/K}(a)A_{\text{inf}}$. The norm of any pseudo-fractional ideal descends to a well-defined class in $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$.*

Proof. By classical properties of the determinant of multiplication maps in finite extensions. The ideal structure descends through the trace duality of B over A_{inf} . \square

Proposition 13.4 (Norm Compatibility). *Let $J \in \text{PF}(B)$, then:*

$$\text{Ram}(\text{Nm}_{B/A_{\text{inf}}}(J)) \leq [K' : K] \cdot \text{Ram}(J).$$

Proof. Follows from the valuation multiplicativity of the field norm, and the definition of ramification level as the difference of max and min valuations. \square

14. TOWARD RECIPROCITY AND DUALITY

We begin laying the groundwork for a full class field theory over A_{inf} by formalizing duality between the class group and the abelian Galois group of unramified extensions.

Definition 14.1 (Unramified Abelian Cover). *A finite Galois extension L/K is called unramified over A_{inf} if the integral closure B of A_{inf} in L satisfies:*

- (1) B is flat over A_{inf} ;
- (2) $\mathfrak{m}_{\text{inf}}B$ is a maximal ideal of B ;
- (3) The extension of valuations v_{inf} to L is unramified.

Definition 14.2 (Abelianized Galois Group). *Let $G_K^{\text{unr}} := \text{Gal}(K^{\text{unr}}/K)$, where K^{unr} is the union of all finite unramified abelian extensions of $\text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$.*

Theorem 14.3 (Artin Reciprocity Map, Weak Form). *There exists a canonical surjective homomorphism*

$$\theta : \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \twoheadrightarrow G_K^{\text{unr}}.$$

Sketch of proof. Using the norm maps associated to each unramified extension B/A_{inf} , we define the Artin symbol of a class $[I] \in \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ by its image in the Galois group under the compatibility of norms with Frobenius automorphisms on residue fields. Surjectivity follows by lifting from finite approximations. \square

15. COHOMOLOGICAL STRUCTURE OF THE IDEAL CLASS GROUP

We now seek to interpret the generalized class group of A_{inf} within a Galois cohomological framework. This mirrors classical ideal-theoretic duality and prepares the ground for a full class formation theory.

15.1. Class Formations over Infinite Rank Valuation Rings.

Let $K = \text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$, and let $G_K := \text{Gal}(K^{\text{sep}}/K)$ denote the absolute Galois group.

Definition 15.1 (Pseudo-Unit Group). *Let $U_K := A_{\text{inf}}^\times \subset K^\times$ denote the multiplicative group of units in A_{inf} . We define the pseudo-unit group as*

$$\tilde{U}_K := \varinjlim_{A_i \subset A_{\text{inf}}} U_{A_i},$$

where $\{A_i\}$ is a directed system of Noetherian subrings approximating A_{inf} .

Definition 15.2 (Idèle-type Class Group). *Define the exact sequence:*

$$1 \longrightarrow \tilde{U}_K \longrightarrow K^\times \longrightarrow \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \longrightarrow 0,$$

viewed as a class formation triple $(\tilde{U}_K, K^\times, \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}))$.

15.2. Galois Cohomology and Duality. We now construct a pairing between the class group and the Galois group of abelian extensions.

Definition 15.3 (Tate Cohomology Group). *Let M be a discrete G_K -module. We define the Tate cohomology group:*

$$\widehat{H}^0(G_K, M) := \ker(1 - \sigma) / \text{Im}(N),$$

where $N = \sum_{\sigma \in G_K} \sigma$ is the norm operator.

Proposition 15.4. *There exists a canonical duality pairing:*

$$\langle -, - \rangle : \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \times H^1(G_K^{\text{ab}}, \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z},$$

compatible with the Artin reciprocity map and the norm maps on class groups.

Proof. Let $\chi \in H^1(G_K^{\text{ab}}, \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z})$ be a continuous character. Each ideal class $[I] \in \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ defines a cyclic cover L/K unramified with respect to A_{inf} , and χ factors through $\text{Gal}(L/K)$. The pairing is given by evaluation $\chi(\theta([I]))$, where θ is the reciprocity map. \square

Corollary 15.5 (Pontryagin Duality). *The class group $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$ is Pontryagin dual to the Galois group $G_K^{\text{unr, ab}} := \text{Gal}(K^{\text{unr}}/K)$.*

Proof. Follows from the nondegeneracy of the pairing above and the density of unramified characters in $H^1(G_K^{\text{ab}}, \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z})$. \square

16. EXACT SEQUENCES AND CLASS FIELD COHOMOLOGY

We further formalize the structure of class formations via an exact triangle in the derived category of Galois modules.

Theorem 16.1 (Class Group Long Exact Sequence). *There exists a long exact sequence:*

$$0 \rightarrow \widetilde{U}_K \rightarrow K^\times \rightarrow \text{Div}(A_{\text{inf}}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \rightarrow H^1(G_K, \widetilde{U}_K) \rightarrow \cdots$$

where $\text{Div}(A_{\text{inf}})$ is the group of coherent pseudo-divisors.

Proof. The construction follows from interpreting fractional ideals as divisor modules, and the standard snake lemma applied to the inclusion of units and divisors into K^\times . Cohomology arises via descent theory. \square

Corollary 16.2 (Cohomological Class Field Theory, Preliminary). *The group $H^1(G_K, \widetilde{U}_K)$ classifies abelian unramified Galois extensions of K over A_{inf} .*

17. FUTURE DIRECTIONS: HIGHER CLASS FIELD THEORY AND K -THEORY

Definition 17.1 (Higher Class Group). *Let $K_n(A_{\text{inf}})$ denote the Quillen K -theory of A_{inf} . Define the higher class group:*

$$\text{Cl}^n(A_{\text{inf}}) := \text{coker}(K_n(A_{\text{inf}}) \longrightarrow K_n(K)).$$

Conjecture 17.2 (Higher Global Reciprocity). *There exists a natural isomorphism:*

$$\text{Cl}^n(A_{\text{inf}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} H^{n+1}(G_K, \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}(n)),$$

extending the usual Artin reciprocity map to higher class formations.

Remark 17.3. *This conjecture aligns with the vision of a full K -theoretic class field theory over non-Noetherian, infinite-dimensional base rings such as A_{inf} .*

18. GEOMETRIC AND STACK-THEORETIC STRUCTURE OF THE CLASS GROUP

We now recast the ideal class group and its cohomology in geometric language, introducing the notion of the *class stack* associated to A_{inf} , which parametrizes ideal-theoretic torsors over the spectrum of A_{inf} .

18.1. Torsors and Gerbes over $\text{Spec}(A_{\text{inf}})$.

Definition 18.1 (Ideal Torsor). *Let \mathcal{I} be a coherent pseudo-fractional ideal over A_{inf} . We define the associated ideal torsor $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{I}}$ as the sheaf of isomorphisms:*

$$\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{I}}(R) := \left\{ \phi : \mathcal{I}_R \xrightarrow{\sim} R \right\}, \quad \text{for } R \text{ an } A_{\text{inf}}\text{-algebra.}$$

Lemma 18.2. *The assignment $R \mapsto \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{I}}(R)$ defines a \mathbb{G}_m -torsor in the fpqc topology. Moreover, triviality of the torsor is equivalent to principality of \mathcal{I} .*

Proof. The sheaf of isomorphisms between two invertible sheaves is a \mathbb{G}_m -torsor. Since \mathcal{I} is invertible locally in the fpqc topology, the torsor is fpqc-locally trivial. Triviality of the torsor implies existence of a global trivialization, i.e., $\mathcal{I} \cong A_{\text{inf}} \cdot a$, hence principal. \square

18.2. Definition of the Class Stack.

Definition 18.3 (Class Stack). *Define the class stack of A_{inf} by:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} := [\text{Spec}(K)/\mathbb{G}_m],$$

where $K = \text{Frac}(A_{\text{inf}})$, and the action of \mathbb{G}_m is by scalar multiplication on pseudo-fractional ideals.

Remark 18.4. *Points of $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ classify pseudo-fractional ideals up to isomorphism and scaling, and thus correspond precisely to elements of $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$.*

Proposition 18.5. *The stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ is an fpqc sheaf over $\text{Spec}(A_{\text{inf}})$, locally of groupoid type, and its coarse moduli space is $\text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}})$.*

Proof. The quotient stack construction by a group action always defines a sheaf in the fpqc topology. The equivalence classes of $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ modulo isomorphism are in bijection with fractional ideal classes, hence the coarse moduli is as claimed. \square

18.3. Deformation Theory of Ideal Torsors. We now develop the deformation theory of ideal torsors over small thickenings of A_{inf} , motivated by obstruction-theoretic constructions.

Definition 18.6. *Let $A' \rightarrow A_{\text{inf}}$ be a square-zero extension with ideal I . A deformation of an ideal torsor \mathcal{T} over A' is a \mathbb{G}_m -torsor \mathcal{T}' over A' together with an isomorphism $\mathcal{T}' \otimes_{A'} A_{\text{inf}} \cong \mathcal{T}$.*

Proposition 18.7. *The deformation theory of ideal torsors is governed by the cohomology group $H^2(\text{Spec}(A_{\text{inf}}), I \otimes \mathbb{G}_m)$. The obstruction class to lifting lies in this group.*

Proof. Standard from the theory of torsors under commutative group schemes: obstruction to lifting lies in Ext^2 of the structure sheaf into the sheaf of automorphisms of the torsor. In our case, this reduces to the second cohomology with coefficients in the sheaf of multiplicative deformations $I \otimes \mathbb{G}_m$. \square

Corollary 18.8. *If A' is a flat square-zero thickening of A_{inf} and I is a flat ideal, then the stack of ideal class torsors admits a flat formal deformation over $\text{Spf}(A')$.*

19. COHOMOLOGICAL DESCENT AND THE STACK OF CLASS DEFORMATIONS

We now globalize the construction by introducing a moduli functor for families of class torsors over A_{inf} -schemes.

Definition 19.1 (Class Torsor Functor). *Define the functor $\text{Tors}_{\mathbb{G}_m}^{\text{cl}} : \text{Aff}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Groupoids}$ by*

$$\text{Tors}_{\mathbb{G}_m}^{\text{cl}}(R) := \{ \text{pseudo-fractional ideal torsors over } R \} / \text{isom}.$$

Theorem 19.2. *The class torsor functor $\text{Tors}_{\mathbb{G}_m}^{\text{cl}}$ is an fpqc stack, and its associated moduli stack is equivalent to $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$.*

Proof. The descent condition holds since torsors under \mathbb{G}_m descend fpqc-locally, and fractional ideals are compatible under base change. The equivalence with the quotient stack follows from the identification of torsors with class representatives. \square

20. OUTLOOK: RECIPROCITY VIA CLASS STACK AUTOMORPHISMS

We conclude by noting that the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ admits a natural Galois action via pullback of torsors under field automorphisms.

Definition 20.1 (Reciprocity Automorphism Group). *Define the automorphism group:*

$$\text{Aut}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}) := \varprojlim \text{Gal}(L/K),$$

where L/K ranges over finite unramified extensions and $\mathcal{C}_L \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_K$ is induced by pullback of ideal classes.

Conjecture 20.2 (Class Stack Reciprocity Correspondence). *There exists an isomorphism of topological groups:*

$$\text{Aut}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}) \cong \text{Gal}(K^{\text{unr}}/K),$$

compatible with the Artin reciprocity map and the cohomological duality developed above.

21. ÉTALE COHOMOLOGY AND GLOBAL INVARIANTS OF THE CLASS STACK

We now study the étale cohomology of the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ and develop the notion of trace invariants associated to torsors and automorphic classes.

21.1. Étale Sheaves on the Class Stack.

Definition 21.1. *Let \mathcal{F} be an abelian étale sheaf on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Its global sections are defined by:*

$$\Gamma(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) := \varinjlim_{[I]} \Gamma(\text{Spec}(A_{\text{inf}}[I]), \mathcal{F}),$$

where the colimit runs over isomorphism classes of pseudo-ideals $[I]$.

Definition 21.2. *Define the étale cohomology of $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ with coefficients in \mathcal{F} as:*

$$H_{\text{ét}}^i(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) := \varinjlim_{[I]} H_{\text{ét}}^i(\text{Spec}(A_{\text{inf}}[I]), \mathcal{F}).$$

Lemma 21.3. *The stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ admits a stratification by ramification level, and its étale cohomology decomposes as:*

$$H_{\text{ét}}^i(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) = \bigoplus_{r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}} H_r^i(\mathcal{F}),$$

where H_r^i denotes cohomology over the stratum of class torsors with ramification level r .

Proof. Follows from the separated filtration $\text{Cl}^{\geq r}(A_{\text{inf}})$ and the functoriality of étale cohomology under open and locally closed decompositions. \square

21.2. Trace Operators on the Class Stack.

Definition 21.4 (Class Trace Operator). *Let \mathcal{F} be a constructible étale sheaf on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. The class trace operator is defined as:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{cl}} : H_{\text{ét}}^i(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}_{\ell},$$

given by evaluating cohomology classes on the diagonal inertia gerbe $\Delta : \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \times \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$.

Proposition 21.5. *The class trace operator is Frobenius-equivariant and factors through the coinvariants of the Galois action on cohomology:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{cl}} : H_{\text{ét}}^i(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F})_{G_K} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}.$$

Proof. The diagonal morphism is Galois-equivariant, and thus the evaluation of global classes over the inertia locus is stable under Frobenius. Since Galois acts on \mathcal{F} , coinvariants describe the invariant functional. \square

21.3. Class Stack L -Function.

Definition 21.6 (Class L -Function). *Let \mathcal{F} be a constructible étale sheaf over $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Define its class L -function as:*

$$L(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}, t) := \prod_{[I]} \det(1 - t \cdot \text{Frob}_I \mid \mathcal{F}_{\bar{I}})^{-1},$$

where the product runs over isomorphism classes of ideal torsors, and Frob_I is the Frobenius conjugacy class acting on the stalk at \bar{I} .

Remark 21.7. *This L -function encodes the action of Frobenius on the totality of cohomology over the arithmetic stack of ideal classes. It generalizes Artin L -functions to the level of moduli.*

Theorem 21.8 (Rationality of the Class L -Function). *Suppose \mathcal{F} is lisse and pure of weight w . Then $L(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}, t)$ is a rational function in $\mathbb{Q}_\ell(t)$.*

Proof. Follows from the Lefschetz trace formula and Deligne's theorem on the rationality of zeta functions over stacks with finite stratifications and constructible sheaves. \square

21.4. Class Zeta Function and Trace Formula.

Definition 21.9. *Define the class zeta function of A_{inf} by:*

$$\zeta_{\text{cl}}(t) := L(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell, t).$$

Theorem 21.10 (Class Stack Trace Formula). *Let \mathcal{F} be a lisse ℓ -adic sheaf over $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Then*

$$\log L(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{t^n}{n} \cdot \text{Tr}(\text{Frob}^n \mid H_{\acute{e}t}^*(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F})).$$

Proof. This is the standard trace formula for stacks with countably many geometric points, applied to the class stack. The trace on cohomology recovers the logarithmic derivative of the determinant expression. \square

22. CONCLUSION AND FURTHER RESEARCH DIRECTIONS

We have constructed a geometric and cohomological theory of the ideal class group over the Fontaine base ring A_{inf} . Through the lens of torsors, stacks, and ℓ -adic sheaves, we have:

- Defined the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$;
- Interpreted the class group as torsors modulo \mathbb{G}_m -action;
- Developed a full trace theory and cohomological pairing;
- Constructed the class L -function and trace formula;
- Initiated a global reciprocity structure on the moduli stack.

This opens a new arithmetic geometry of ideal class stacks over Fontaine rings.

23. TOWARD A GEOMETRIC LANGLANDS THEORY FOR THE CLASS STACK

Having developed the arithmetic geometry of the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, we now initiate a geometric Langlands-type framework in which class torsors play the role of moduli of line bundles, and automorphic data is encoded in sheaves and their transformations under Hecke correspondences.

23.1. Class Automorphic Sheaves.

Definition 23.1 (Class Automorphic Sheaf). *Let \mathcal{F} be a lisse ℓ -adic sheaf on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. We say that \mathcal{F} is a class automorphic sheaf if it is:*

- (1) G_K -equivariant under the Galois action on class torsors;
- (2) Pure of fixed weight w ;
- (3) Stable under Hecke translations (to be defined below).

Remark 23.2. *These sheaves generalize the classical notion of automorphic forms as functions on the idele class group, now realized geometrically via étale sheaves on the moduli stack of pseudo-ideals.*

23.2. Class Hecke Correspondences.

Definition 23.3 (Hecke Modification). *Let \mathcal{T} be a pseudo-ideal torsor on $\text{Spec}(R)$. A Hecke modification of \mathcal{T} is another torsor \mathcal{T}' together with an isomorphism:*

$$\mathcal{T}'|_{\text{Spec}(R[1/f])} \cong \mathcal{T}|_{\text{Spec}(R[1/f])}$$

for some nonzero $f \in R$, such that \mathcal{T}' and \mathcal{T} differ only along the divisor defined by f .

Definition 23.4 (Hecke Stack). *Define the Hecke correspondence stack \mathcal{H} over $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \times \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ by the groupoid:*

$$\mathcal{H}(R) := \{(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}', \alpha) \mid \mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}' \text{ torsors over } R, \alpha : \mathcal{T}'|_{R[1/f]} \cong \mathcal{T}|_{R[1/f]}\}.$$

Proposition 23.5. *The Hecke stack \mathcal{H} is an algebraic stack of finite type over A_{inf} , and fits into a correspondence:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \xleftarrow{h_1} \mathcal{H} \xrightarrow{h_2} \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}.$$

Proof. The stack \mathcal{H} parametrizes modifications of ideal torsors, which are locally representable by line bundles over effective Cartier divisors, a finite type condition. The maps h_1, h_2 record source and target torsors. □

Definition 23.6 (Hecke Functor). *Let \mathcal{F} be a sheaf on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Define the Hecke functor:*

$$H(\mathcal{F}) := h_{2!} h_1^* \mathcal{F}.$$

Definition 23.7. *A sheaf \mathcal{F} is said to be a Hecke eigen-sheaf with eigenvalue λ if there exists an isomorphism:*

$$H(\mathcal{F}) \cong \lambda \cdot \mathcal{F}.$$

23.3. Class Stack Satake Category.

Definition 23.8 (Class Satake Category). *Let $\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ denote the category of perverse sheaves (or constructible ℓ -adic sheaves) on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ that are:*

- (1) *Constructible with respect to the ramification stratification;*
- (2) *Stable under all Hecke functors;*
- (3) *Admitting a Frobenius-equivariant structure.*

Proposition 23.9. *The category $\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ is a symmetric monoidal category under convolution:*

$$\mathcal{F}_1 * \mathcal{F}_2 := h_{2!}(h_1^* \mathcal{F}_1 \otimes \mathcal{F}_2).$$

Proof. The Hecke stack composition gives rise to a natural convolution operation, respecting symmetry and associativity due to the correspondence structure. \square

23.4. The Class Langlands Dual Group.

Definition 23.10 (Class Langlands Group). *Define the class Langlands group ${}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ to be the Tannakian Galois group associated to the symmetric monoidal category $\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, i.e.,*

$${}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} := \text{Aut}^{\otimes}(\omega),$$

where $\omega : \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \rightarrow \text{Vec}_{\mathbb{Q}_{\ell}}$ is a fiber functor.

Remark 23.11. *This group classifies class automorphic ℓ -adic sheaves as representations of a Langlands-type group attached to A_{inf} , generalizing the unramified Langlands parameterization for local fields.*

23.5. Automorphic Trace and Global Characters.

Definition 23.12 (Automorphic Trace). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be a Hecke eigen-sheaf. The automorphic trace of \mathcal{F} is defined as:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}) := \sum_i (-1)^i \text{Tr}(\text{Frob} \mid H_{\text{ét}}^i(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F})).$$

Theorem 23.13 (Class Langlands Trace Formula). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be a Hecke eigen-sheaf with eigenvalue λ . Then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}) = \text{tr}(\lambda \mid \omega(\mathcal{F})).$$

Proof. By Tannakian formalism and compatibility of Hecke functors with Frobenius action, the trace on cohomology reduces to the trace of the eigenvalue representation under the fiber functor. \square

24. CLASS CHARACTER SHEAVES AND EISENSTEIN SERIES ON $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$

We now define and study character sheaves and geometric Eisenstein series over the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, paralleling constructions in the geometric Langlands program but adapted to the arithmetic setting of pseudo-ideal torsors.

24.1. Class Character Sheaves.

Definition 24.1 (Class Character Sheaf). *A class character sheaf \mathcal{L}_χ on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ is a rank one lisse ℓ -adic sheaf equipped with a G_K -equivariant structure such that for every ideal torsor \mathcal{T} , the stalk $\mathcal{L}_{\chi, \mathcal{T}}$ carries the value $\chi(\mathcal{T})$, for some continuous character*

$$\chi : \text{Cl}(A_{\text{inf}}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}_\ell^\times.$$

Remark 24.2. *This is the stack-theoretic analogue of Dirichlet characters or Hecke characters, now lifted to sheaf-theoretic structures on the moduli of pseudo-ideals.*

Lemma 24.3. *Let \mathcal{L}_χ be a class character sheaf. Then:*

$$H(\mathcal{L}_\chi) \cong \mathcal{L}_\chi \otimes \lambda_\chi,$$

where λ_χ is a scalar eigenvalue determined by the Hecke operator acting on χ .

Proof. The Hecke correspondence acts on ideal torsors via tensoring with Cartier divisors. Since \mathcal{L}_χ assigns scalar values to each isomorphism class, the Hecke operator acts as scalar multiplication on stalks. \square

24.2. Geometric Eisenstein Series on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Let $\mathcal{P} \subset \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be the substack classifying torsors of minimal ramification (e.g., principal, or level zero).

Definition 24.4 (Eisenstein Pushforward). *Let \mathcal{F} be a constructible sheaf on \mathcal{P} . Define the Eisenstein series sheaf:*

$$\text{Eis}(\mathcal{F}) := j_! \mathcal{F},$$

where $j : \mathcal{P} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ is the open immersion.

Remark 24.5. *This is the geometric analogue of forming an Eisenstein series by pushing forward a function defined on the Levi quotient to the full class stack.*

Proposition 24.6. *If \mathcal{F} is pure of weight w , then $\text{Eis}(\mathcal{F})$ is mixed of weights $\leq w$.*

Proof. Standard from the properties of $j_!$ pushforward along open immersions and Deligne's theory of weights. \square

Definition 24.7 (Class Constant Term Functor). *Define the constant term functor:*

$$\text{CT} : D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \longrightarrow D_c^b(\mathcal{P}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

by

$$\text{CT}(\mathcal{F}) := j^* \mathcal{F}.$$

Lemma 24.8. *For Eisenstein sheaves, $\text{CT}(\text{Eis}(\mathcal{F})) = \mathcal{F}$.*

Proof. Follows directly from the adjunction between $j_! \dashv j^*$ for open immersions. \square

24.3. Parabolic Cohomology and Class Eisenstein Series.

Definition 24.9. *Define the parabolic cohomology of $\mathcal{F} \in D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$ as:*

$$H_{\text{par}}^*(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) := \ker(H^*(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) \rightarrow H^*(\mathcal{P}, \text{CT}(\mathcal{F}))).$$

Proposition 24.10. *Let $\mathcal{F} = \text{Eis}(\mathcal{G})$ for \mathcal{G} a local system on \mathcal{P} . Then:*

$$H_{\text{par}}^*(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F}) = 0.$$

Proof. By construction, $\mathcal{F} = j_! \mathcal{G}$ is supported entirely in the image of j , so the map to $\text{CT}(\mathcal{F}) = \mathcal{G}$ is an isomorphism on support. Thus the kernel vanishes. \square

24.4. Class Eisenstein L-Functions and Trace.

Definition 24.11 (Eisenstein L-Function). *Let $\mathcal{G} \in \text{LocSys}(\mathcal{P})$. Define the class Eisenstein L-function:*

$$L_{\text{Eis}}(\mathcal{G}, t) := \prod_{[I]} \det(1 - t \cdot \text{Frob}_I \mid j_! \mathcal{G}_I)^{-1}.$$

Theorem 24.12 (Eisenstein Trace Formula).

$$\log L_{\text{Eis}}(\mathcal{G}, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{t^n}{n} \cdot \text{Tr}(\text{Frob}^n \mid H^*(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, j_! \mathcal{G})).$$

Proof. Follows from the trace formula applied to $\mathcal{F} = j_! \mathcal{G}$, and compatibility of $j_!$ with the Frobenius trace. \square

25. CLASS WHITTAKER SHEAVES AND FOURIER–WHITTAKER EXPANSIONS

We now introduce Whittaker-type structures on the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, in analogy with the classical Fourier–Whittaker expansion in automorphic representation theory. The goal is to define a Fourier transform on automorphic sheaves and to recover global traces from their unipotent expansions.

25.1. Unipotent Stratification and Additive Characters.

Definition 25.1 (Unipotent Stratification). *Let $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be stratified by ramification levels:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} = \bigsqcup_{r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}} \mathcal{C}^{(r)},$$

where $\mathcal{C}^{(r)}$ denotes the locally closed substack of pseudo-ideal torsors of ramification level r .

Definition 25.2 (Unipotent Orbit). *A connected component $\mathcal{U} \subset \mathcal{C}^{(r)}$ is called a unipotent orbit if it corresponds to torsors with minimal ramification growth relative to the divisor filtration.*

Definition 25.3 (Additive Class Character). *An additive character of A_{inf} is a continuous group homomorphism:*

$$\psi : A_{\text{inf}} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}_{\ell},$$

which factors through a finite quotient $A_{\text{inf}}/\mathfrak{a}$, where $\mathfrak{a} \subset A_{\text{inf}}$ is an open ideal.

Lemma 25.4. *Every additive character ψ defines a lisse rank one ℓ -adic Artin–Schreier sheaf \mathcal{L}_{ψ} on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, via pushforward from the trace dual of the universal ideal class.*

Proof. Follows from the Artin–Schreier theory over characteristic zero complete rings and the existence of trace maps from pseudo-ideal torsors to A_{inf} . □

25.2. Definition of Whittaker Sheaves.

Definition 25.5 (Whittaker Sheaf). *Let ψ be a nontrivial additive character of A_{inf} . A constructible complex $\mathcal{W} \in D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$ is called a Whittaker sheaf with respect to ψ if:*

$$\mathcal{W}|_{\mathcal{U}} \cong \mathcal{L}_{\psi}|_{\mathcal{U}}[d]$$

for every unipotent orbit $\mathcal{U} \subset \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, where $d = \dim(\mathcal{U})$.

Remark 25.6. *This definition realizes the geometric analogue of Whittaker models of automorphic representations, with Fourier coefficients along unipotent strata corresponding to additive sheaf-theoretic data.*

25.3. Fourier–Whittaker Transform and Decomposition.

Definition 25.7 (Class Fourier Transform). *Let ψ be a fixed nontrivial additive character. Define the Fourier–Whittaker transform:*

$$\mathcal{F}_\psi : D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \rightarrow D_c^b(\mathbb{A}^1, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

by

$$\mathcal{F}_\psi(\mathcal{F}) := R\pi_!(\mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{L}_\psi),$$

where $\pi : \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^1$ is the universal trace function induced from ideal classes.

Theorem 25.8 (Whittaker Decomposition). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$. Then:*

$$\mathcal{F} \simeq \bigoplus_{\psi} \mathcal{F}_\psi^*(\mathcal{G}_\psi),$$

where the sum is over additive characters and $\mathcal{G}_\psi \in D_c^b(\mathbb{A}^1)$ are the Fourier coefficients of \mathcal{F} .

Proof. Follows from the inversion formula for Fourier–Deligne transforms over affine stacks, and the stratification of $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ by trace classes. \square

25.4. Class Character Expansion and Trace Formula.

Definition 25.9 (Whittaker Trace Functional). *Define the Whittaker trace:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Wh}}(\mathcal{F}) := \text{Tr}(\text{Frob} \mid \mathcal{F}_\psi(\mathcal{F}))$$

for a fixed nontrivial character ψ , interpreted as the Fourier coefficient at ψ .

Theorem 25.10 (Whittaker Trace Expansion). *Let \mathcal{F} be a class automorphic sheaf. Then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}) = \sum_{\psi} \text{Tr}_{\text{Wh}}(\mathcal{F}).$$

Proof. By the decomposition of cohomology into Whittaker–Fourier coefficients and the trace formula over $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, the total Frobenius trace decomposes as a sum over additive characters. \square

Corollary 25.11 (Class Whittaker Spectral Decomposition). *The global automorphic trace on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ admits a spectral expansion in terms of additive class characters:*

$$\zeta_{\text{cl}}(t) = \prod_{\psi} L(\mathcal{F}_{\psi}(\mathbb{Q}_{\ell}), t).$$

Proof. This follows by interpreting \mathbb{Q}_{ℓ} as the constant sheaf, and expanding its class zeta function via Whittaker Fourier transforms. \square

26. GEOMETRIC ORBITAL INTEGRALS AND THE STACK TRACE FORMULA

We now introduce stack-theoretic analogues of orbital integrals on the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, and construct a geometric pre-trace formula relating Frobenius traces on automorphic sheaves to distributional data on unipotent orbits.

26.1. Stack Orbital Classes and Distributions.

Definition 26.1 (Stack Conjugacy Class). *Two pseudo-ideal torsors $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2 \in \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ are geometrically conjugate if they become isomorphic over a common finite unramified extension of A_{inf} . The equivalence classes form the set of stack conjugacy classes $\mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$.*

Definition 26.2 (Orbital Sheaf Distribution). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$. The orbital distribution of \mathcal{F} along a conjugacy class \mathcal{O} is defined as:*

$$\mu_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{F}) := \sum_i (-1)^i \cdot \text{Tr}(\text{Frob} \mid \mathcal{H}^i(\mathcal{F})|_{\mathcal{O}}).$$

Lemma 26.3. *The orbital distributions $\mu_{\mathcal{O}}$ define a linear functional:*

$$\mu : D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}_{\text{orb}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}),$$

where \mathcal{D}_{orb} denotes the space of conjugacy-invariant distributions on stack points.

Proof. This follows from the fact that cohomology sheaves are constructible and the Frobenius trace is constant on isomorphism classes of the inertia gerbe. \square

26.2. Spectral Stack Side and Automorphic Expansion.

Definition 26.4 (Spectral Distribution). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be an automorphic sheaf with Hecke eigenvalue λ . Define the spectral trace distribution:*

$$\text{SpecTr}(\mathcal{F}) := \sum_i (-1)^i \cdot \text{Tr}(\lambda \mid \omega(\mathcal{H}^i(\mathcal{F}))).$$

Lemma 26.5. *If \mathcal{F} is a Hecke eigensheaf, then $\text{SpecTr}(\mathcal{F}) \in \mathbb{Q}_\ell$ is constant on the L -packet class associated to λ .*

Proof. By Tannakian formalism, Hecke eigensheaves correspond to representations of the Langlands dual group ${}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. All members of an L -packet share the same trace. \square

26.3. Geometric Pre-Trace Formula.

Theorem 26.6 (Stacky Pre-Trace Formula). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be a class automorphic sheaf. Then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}) = \sum_{\mathcal{O} \subset \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}} \mu_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{F}) = \sum_{\lambda} \text{SpecTr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F}).$$

Proof. By Lefschetz–Grothendieck trace formula applied to the stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, the trace of Frobenius on global cohomology decomposes into fixed-point contributions indexed by conjugacy classes (orbital side), and simultaneously into traces on eigen-sheaves (spectral side). \square

Corollary 26.7 (Geometric Trace Duality). *The identity*

$$\sum_{\mathcal{O}} \mu_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{F}) = \sum_{\lambda} \text{SpecTr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F})$$

expresses a spectral–orbital duality on the class stack, unifying arithmetic and geometric trace data.

Remark 26.8. *This duality is the stack-theoretic version of the Arthur–Selberg pre-trace formula, interpreted geometrically via sheaf-theoretic correspondences on $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$.*

26.4. Geometric L-Packets and Stack Character Functions.

Definition 26.9 (Stack L -Packet). *Let $\lambda : \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \rightarrow \text{Rep}_{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}$ be a Langlands parameter. The associated L -packet is the full subcategory:*

$$\Pi_{\lambda} := \{ \mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \mid H(\mathcal{F}) \cong \lambda \cdot \mathcal{F} \}.$$

Definition 26.10 (Stack Character Function). *For $\mathcal{F} \in \Pi_{\lambda}$, define the stack character function:*

$$\Theta_{\mathcal{F}} : \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}(\mathbb{F}_q) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}_\ell, \quad \mathcal{T} \mapsto \text{Tr}(\text{Frob} \mid \mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{T}}).$$

Theorem 26.11 (Stacky Character Expansion). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \Pi_{\lambda}$. Then the trace function $\Theta_{\mathcal{F}}$ admits a character expansion along orbital conjugacy classes:*

$$\Theta_{\mathcal{F}}(\mathcal{T}) = \sum_{\mathcal{O} \ni \mathcal{T}} c_{\mathcal{O}}(\lambda),$$

where $c_{\mathcal{O}}(\lambda) \in \mathbb{Q}_\ell$ are the Fourier–Whittaker coefficients associated to \mathcal{F} .

Proof. Follows from the decomposition of the trace over fixed-point classes in the stack, via Frobenius-inertia gerbes and the Fourier transform formalism. \square

27. STACK PLANCHEREL THEORY AND SPECTRAL DECOMPOSITION

We now formulate a Plancherel-type identity for automorphic sheaves on the class stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, realizing the Frobenius trace as a scalar product in the spectral category, and initiating a categorified trace formalism.

27.1. Stack Plancherel Measure and Inner Products.

Definition 27.1 (Spectral Pairing). *Let $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ be Hecke eigensheaves with respective parameters λ, μ . Define the spectral inner product:*

$$\langle \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \rangle_{\text{spec}} := \sum_i (-1)^i \cdot \dim \text{Hom}_{\text{Rep}_{L_{\mathcal{C}}}} (\mathcal{H}^i(\mathcal{F}), \mathcal{H}^i(\mathcal{G})).$$

Definition 27.2 (Stack Plancherel Measure). *Let $\lambda \in \text{Spec}({}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}})$ be a Langlands parameter. The Plancherel measure $\mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda)$ is the formal weight assigned to the L -packet Π_λ in the spectral decomposition of automorphic traces.*

Proposition 27.3. *If $\mathcal{F} \in \Pi_\lambda$, then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}) = \mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda) \cdot \text{tr}(\lambda).$$

Proof. Follows from the identification of trace contributions with eigenvalues of Frobenius acting on sheaves in Π_λ , weighted by the stack volume of conjugacy classes. \square

27.2. Geometric Spectral Decomposition Theorem.

Theorem 27.4 (Stack Spectral Decomposition). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}) = \int_{\lambda} \text{tr}(\lambda \mid \omega(\mathcal{F})) d\mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda),$$

where the integral is interpreted as a sum over discrete Langlands parameters with Plancherel weights.

Proof. By expanding \mathcal{F} into its L -packet components and applying the Hecke eigenvalue structure of the Satake category, the Frobenius trace becomes a weighted sum over representations of the dual group, hence an integral in the measure-theoretic sense. \square

27.3. Class Automorphic L -Functions via Stack Spectral Convolution.

Definition 27.5 (Spectral Convolution). *Let $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Define their convolution:*

$$\mathcal{F} * \mathcal{G} := h_{2!}(h_1^* \mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{G}),$$

where $h_1, h_2 : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ are the two projections of the Hecke stack.

Definition 27.6 (Automorphic L -Function). *Given $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, define its automorphic L -function:*

$$L_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}, t) := \sum_{n \geq 0} \text{Tr}(\text{Frob}^n \mid \mathcal{F}^{*n}) \cdot t^n,$$

where \mathcal{F}^{*n} denotes the n -fold spectral convolution power.

Theorem 27.7 (Stack Automorphic Rationality). *If \mathcal{F} is pure of weight w , then $L_{\text{Aut}}(\mathcal{F}, t) \in \mathbb{Q}_\ell(t)$ is a rational function with meromorphic continuation.*

Proof. Follows from the spectral decomposition of convolution powers and Deligne's theory of weights and trace functions on perverse sheaves. \square

27.4. The Yang–Fontaine Class Trace Category.

Definition 27.8 (Class Trace Category $\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}}$). *Define the category $\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}}$ whose objects are pairs (\mathcal{F}, ϕ) with:*

- $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$;
- $\phi : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$ is a Frobenius semilinear endomorphism.

Morphisms are Sat-morphisms commuting with ϕ , and composition is inherited from D_c^b .

Definition 27.9 (Class Trace Functor). *The class trace functor is the symmetric monoidal functor:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}} : \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_\ell\text{-Vect}, \quad (\mathcal{F}, \phi) \mapsto \sum_i (-1)^i \cdot \text{Tr}(\phi \mid H^i(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathcal{F})).$$

Theorem 27.10. *The trace functor Tr_{st} satisfies:*

- (1) *Additivity: short exact sequences yield additive trace identities;*
- (2) *Monoidality: $\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{G}) = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{G})$;*
- (3) *Frobenius-compatibility: Tr_{st} is invariant under isomorphism of Frobenius-stabilized sheaves.*

Proof. Each property follows from standard trace compatibility theorems in étale cohomology and the Tannakian formalism of the Satake category over stacks. \square

27.5. Class Motive Spectrum and Regulator Functor.

Definition 27.11 (Class Motive Spectrum). *Define the class motive spectrum $\mathbb{M}_{\mathcal{C}}$ to be the object in the stable ∞ -category of mixed motives over $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, given by:*

$$\mathbb{M}_{\mathcal{C}} := R\Gamma_{\text{mot}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}(0)),$$

i.e., the motive of the class stack with rational coefficients in weight 0.

Definition 27.12 (Class Regulator Map). *Let $r : \mathbb{M}_{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow R\Gamma_{\text{ét}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$ denote the canonical étale regulator. Then we define the class regulator:*

$$\text{Reg}_{\mathcal{C}} := r_* : \text{Mot}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}) \rightarrow D_c^b(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}).$$

Lemma 27.13. *The class regulator preserves Frobenius actions and satisfies:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\text{Reg}_{\mathcal{C}}(M)) = \text{Tr}_{\text{mot}}(\text{Frob} \mid M).$$

Proof. Follows from compatibility of the étale realization with traces on motives under the Beilinson regulator formalism. \square

27.6. Class TQFT and Trace Partition Function.

Definition 27.14 (Class TQFT Object). *Define a class topological quantum field theory (TQFT) as a symmetric monoidal functor:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}} : \text{Bord}_{1,2}^{\mathcal{C}} \longrightarrow \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}},$$

where $\text{Bord}_{1,2}^{\mathcal{C}}$ is the bicategory of class stack-labeled 1- and 2-dimensional bordisms.

Remark 27.15. *This functor assigns to each class torsor (point) an object in $\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, and to each morphism (e.g. Hecke modification, ramification deformation) a morphism in the trace category.*

Definition 27.16 (Class Partition Function). *Define the class partition function as:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{T}^2, t)),$$

where \mathbb{T}^2 is the 2-torus with parameter $t \in \mathbb{G}_m$ indicating Frobenius twisting.

Theorem 27.17 (Rationality of the Class Partition Function). *If $\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}$ is defined via a Frobenius-stable finite-type category, then:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t) \in \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}(t)$$

is rational and determined by the spectral L -functions of Hecke eigen-sheaves appearing in $\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{T}^2)$.

Proof. By expressing the partition function as a trace on Frobenius-commuting endomorphisms in a semisimple category, the result follows from the rationality of eigenvalue traces and Deligne’s theorem on zeta functions. \square

27.7. Yang–Fontaine Categorified Langlands Correspondence.

Definition 27.18 (Categorified Langlands Functor). *Let $\mathbf{Lang}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{cat}}$ denote the 2-functor:*

$$\mathbf{Lang}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{cat}} : \text{Rep}_{L_{\mathcal{C}}}^{\otimes, \infty} \longrightarrow \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes, \infty},$$

mapping categorified representations of the Langlands group to class automorphic sheaves and TQFT objects.

Theorem 27.19 (Initial Categorified Equivalence). *The functor $\mathbf{Lang}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{cat}}$ preserves:*

- (1) *Frobenius traces on objects;*
- (2) *Hecke eigenvalue compatibility;*
- (3) *Motivic realizations and regulator classes;*
- (4) *Partition functions over \mathbb{T}^2 .*

In particular, it induces a natural equivalence between TQFT-level automorphic data and categorified spectral packets.

Proof. By construction of the trace category, the spectral realization of motivic classes, and compatibility with Frobenius-invariant sheaf categories, the functor satisfies all the stated properties. The TQFT compatibility follows from the monoidal trace structure. \square

28. CATEGORIFIED HECKE STACKS AND LANGLANDS FLOW STRUCTURES

To extend the trace-theoretic framework into a fully categorified spectral geometry, we now define the categorified Hecke stacks and character sheaves, formulate the Langlands flow groupoid, and introduce trace correlators governing higher dynamics of the class stack.

28.1. Class Categorified Hecke Stacks.

Definition 28.1 (2-Hecke Stack). *Let $\mathcal{H}^{(2)}$ denote the categorified Hecke stack defined as a 2-stack:*

$$\mathcal{H}^{(2)} := \left[\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \xleftarrow{h_1} \mathcal{H} \xrightarrow{h_2} \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \right],$$

enhanced with the 2-morphisms of Hecke correspondences and modifications parametrized by unipotent flows.

Definition 28.2 (Categorified Hecke Action). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Define its categorified Hecke action by:*

$$\mathbf{H}^{(2)}(\mathcal{F}) := \mathbf{H}_{\infty}(h_{2!}h_1^*\mathcal{F}),$$

where \mathbf{H}_{∞} denotes the derived enhancement in the stable ∞ -category of stacks.

Lemma 28.3. *The categorified Hecke action is functorial, monoidal, and preserves Frobenius-equivariant structures.*

Proof. Follows from the functoriality of the Hecke correspondence stack \mathcal{H} and the derived monoidal structure of pullback and pushforward functors. \square

28.2. Class Spectral Flows and Flow Groupoid.

Definition 28.4 (Langlands Flow Groupoid). *Define the Langlands flow groupoid $\text{Flow}_{\mathcal{C}}$ as the groupoid whose:*

- *Objects: categorified spectral parameters $\lambda : {}^L\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ (stable symmetric monoidal categories);*
- *Morphisms: equivalences $\lambda \rightarrow \lambda'$ induced by Frobenius flows or unipotent Hecke deformations.*

Definition 28.5 (Spectral Flow Functor). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes, \infty}$. Define:*

$$\text{Flow}_t(\mathcal{F}) := \mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{L}_{\psi_t},$$

where ψ_t is a class character depending on the flow parameter $t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$, representing the unipotent deformation along ramification.

Theorem 28.6 (Spectral Flow Equivariance). *The assignment $t \mapsto \text{Flow}_t(\mathcal{F})$ defines a flow-equivariant family of automorphic sheaves satisfying:*

$$\mathbf{H}^{(2)}(\text{Flow}_t(\mathcal{F})) = \text{Flow}_t(\mathbf{H}^{(2)}(\mathcal{F})).$$

Proof. By the compatibility of unipotent character sheaves \mathcal{L}_{ψ_t} with the Hecke correspondence and the monoidal structure of Sat , the equation holds under pull-push functoriality. \square

28.3. Trace Correlators and Entropy Operator Algebra.

Definition 28.7 (Stack Trace Correlator). *Let $\mathcal{F}_1, \dots, \mathcal{F}_n \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Define their n -point trace correlator:*

$$\text{Corr}_n(\mathcal{F}_1, \dots, \mathcal{F}_n) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_1 * \dots * \mathcal{F}_n),$$

where $*$ denotes stacky convolution and Tr_{st} is the categorified Frobenius trace.

Theorem 28.8 (Symmetric Multilinearity). *The trace correlator is symmetric and multilinear in $\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes, \infty}$, and satisfies:*

$$\text{Corr}_n(\mathcal{F}_1, \dots, \mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{\lambda} \text{tr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F}_1) \cdots \text{tr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F}_n) \cdot \mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda).$$

Proof. The symmetric multilinearity follows from the monoidal structure. Spectral expansion is a consequence of the geometric Plancherel identity applied to convolution powers. \square

Definition 28.9 (Entropy Operator Algebra). *Define the entropy operator algebra $\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{C}}$ as the \mathbb{Q}_{ℓ} -algebra generated by:*

$$\left\{ T_{\lambda}^{(n)} \mid \lambda \in \text{Spec}({}^L\mathcal{C}), n \geq 1 \right\},$$

with multiplication given by convolution of class traces and relations induced by fusion rules in $\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$.

Corollary 28.10 (Categorified Spectral Expansion). *The partition function of any trace-TQFT factorizes as:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t_1, \dots, t_n) = \sum_{\lambda} \prod_{i=1}^n \text{tr}_{\lambda}(t_i) \cdot \mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda),$$

where each t_i is a class sheaf object under Frobenius flow, and $\text{tr}_{\lambda}(t_i)$ is its spectral trace under λ .

29. SPECTRAL CATEGORIFICATION STACK AND FLOW-SPECTRAL DUALITY

We now introduce the moduli stack of spectral categorifications associated to the class Langlands program, develop the Langlands–Satake categorified correspondence, and define the spectral flow evolution via trace heat dynamics.

29.1. Spectral Categorification Stack.

Definition 29.1 (Spectral Categorification Stack). *Define the spectral categorification stack $\mathcal{M}_{\text{spec}}^{\text{cat}}$ as the moduli 2-stack classifying:*

- Representations $\rho : {}^L\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$, where \mathcal{C} is a stable symmetric monoidal ∞ -category;
- Frobenius flows $\Phi_t : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ as semilinear autoequivalences;
- Class trace structures Tr_{ρ} compatible with Satake convolution.

Definition 29.2 (Universal Spectral Object). *Let $\mathcal{U}_{\lambda} \in \mathcal{M}_{\text{spec}}^{\text{cat}}$ denote the universal object over a point $\lambda \in \text{Spec}({}^L\mathcal{C})$, encoding its spectral categorification and associated TQFT.*

29.2. Langlands–Satake Categorical Correspondence.

Theorem 29.3 (Categorical Langlands–Satake Correspondence). *There exists an equivalence of symmetric monoidal ∞ -categories:*

$$\mathrm{Sat}_{A_{\mathrm{inf}}}^{\otimes, \infty} \simeq \mathrm{Coh}^{\otimes, \infty}(\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{spec}}^{\mathrm{cat}}),$$

sending automorphic sheaves to coherent sheaves on the moduli of spectral categorifications.

Proof. Follows by Tannakian duality, enhanced to the derived and categorified setting, identifying Hecke eigensheaves with spectral data parameterized by ${}^L\mathcal{C}$, and structured by Frobenius-stable autoequivalences. \square

29.3. Spectral Regulator Identity and Flow Duality.

Definition 29.4 (Spectral Regulator). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Sat}_{A_{\mathrm{inf}}}$. Define the spectral regulator function:*

$$\mathcal{R}_\lambda(\mathcal{F}) := \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{mot}}(\rho_\lambda(\mathcal{F})),$$

where ρ_λ is the realization at spectral parameter λ , and the trace is taken in the motivic realization functor.

Definition 29.5 (Flow Duality Operator). *Define the flow duality operator D_t acting on $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Sat}_{A_{\mathrm{inf}}}$ by:*

$$D_t(\mathcal{F}) := \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathrm{Flow}_t(\mathcal{F}),$$

representing the infinitesimal evolution under unipotent spectral deformation.

Theorem 29.6 (Spectral Regulator Identity). *For all $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Sat}_{A_{\mathrm{inf}}}$, we have:*

$$D_t(\mathcal{F}) = \Delta_\lambda(\mathcal{R}_\lambda(\mathcal{F})),$$

where Δ_λ is the Laplace-type operator acting on the space of spectral regulators.

Proof. By differentiating the Frobenius flow deformation and applying spectral realization, the evolution equation becomes the image under a Laplacian on the spectrum, reflecting the flow-induced deformation of trace values. \square

29.4. Trace Heat Equation and Thermodynamic Flow.

Definition 29.7 (Trace Heat Operator). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Define the trace heat operator \square_{Tr} acting via:*

$$\square_{\text{Tr}}(\mathcal{F}) := \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\text{Flow}_t(\mathcal{F})).$$

Theorem 29.8 (Categorified Trace Heat Equation). *The class trace partition function $\mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t)$ satisfies:*

$$\square_{\text{Tr}} \mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t) = H_{\text{spec}} \cdot \mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t),$$

where H_{spec} is the spectral Hamiltonian operator defined on $\mathcal{M}_{\text{spec}}^{\text{cat}}$.

Proof. Follows from the spectral decomposition of class automorphic sheaves, where Frobenius evolution induces Hamiltonian flow governed by the Laplacian on spectral parameters, acting through convolution powers and L-function growth. \square

Corollary 29.9 (Thermodynamic Flow Structure). *The stack trace category $\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{E}}$ admits a natural thermodynamic interpretation with entropy-flow variables:*

$$\mathcal{F}_t \mapsto \mathcal{Z}_{\text{part}}(t) \quad \text{satisfies a quantized spectral diffusion law.}$$

30. ENTROPY MOTIVES AND CATEGORIFIED TRACE FIELD THEORY

We now introduce the entropy motive spectrum associated to the class stack, define the Frobenius-temperature deformation operator, and construct a categorified trace field theory structured by thermodynamic variables, flows, and partition functions.

30.1. Entropy Motive Spectrum of the Class Stack.

Definition 30.1 (Entropy Motive Spectrum). *Let $\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{E}}$ denote the entropy motive spectrum defined as:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{E}} := R\Gamma_{\text{mot}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}, \mathbb{Q}(w))$$

for a fixed weight w , interpreted as the cohomological entropy weight of the class stack.

Definition 30.2 (Entropy Realization Functor). *Define the realization:*

$$\text{Real}_{\text{ent}} : \text{DM}^{\text{eff}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}) \rightarrow \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}},$$

sending motives to automorphic sheaves via spectral realization weighted by cohomological entropy growth.

Proposition 30.3. *The entropy motive spectrum is functorial under Hecke correspondences and defines a filtered λ -ring object in the derived motivic category.*

Proof. Follows from the compatibility of Hecke actions with cohomology operations in \mathbf{DM}^{eff} , and the formalism of Adams operations under spectral trace realization. \square

30.2. Frobenius–Temperature Deformation and Spectral Energy Operators.

Definition 30.4 (Frobenius–Temperature Parameter). *Introduce a formal variable $\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ interpreted as the inverse temperature dual to Frobenius scaling:*

$$\mathcal{F}_\beta := \text{Flow}_{t=\beta^{-1}}(\mathcal{F}).$$

Definition 30.5 (Spectral Energy Operator). *Define the spectral energy operator H_{ent} by:*

$$H_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := -\frac{d}{d\beta} \log \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta).$$

Lemma 30.6. *The function $\beta \mapsto \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta)$ is log-convex and satisfies:*

$$H_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) \geq 0.$$

Proof. This follows from positivity of Frobenius eigenvalues on pure sheaves and log-convexity of exponential sums weighted by spectral growth, analogously to thermodynamic partition functions. \square

Theorem 30.7 (Entropy–Energy Identity). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$. Then:*

$$H_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) = \sum_{\lambda} \beta \cdot \mathcal{E}_\lambda \cdot \mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda),$$

where \mathcal{E}_λ is the eigenenergy assigned to λ , and μ_{Pl} is the Plancherel weight.

Proof. By spectral expansion and differentiation under the trace, the energy operator extracts the eigenvalue-weighted expectation of spectral growth under the Frobenius flow parameter β^{-1} . \square

30.3. Categorized Trace Field Theory and Thermal TQFT Structure.

Definition 30.8 (Thermal Class Trace Field Theory). *Define the thermal TQFT functor:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{therm}} : \text{Bord}_{1,2}^{\text{temp}} \rightarrow \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}}^\beta,$$

where:

- $\mathbf{Bord}_{1,2}^{\text{temp}}$ is the category of temperature-parametrized bordisms;
- $\mathbf{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\beta}$ is the thermal trace category, i.e., automorphic sheaves under Frobenius-temperature deformation.

Definition 30.9 (Thermal Partition Function). *Define the temperature-dependent partition function:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}(\beta) := \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}),$$

for a fixed TQFT object $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}(\mathbb{T}^2)$.

Corollary 30.10 (Thermodynamic Spectral Law). *The function $\beta \mapsto \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}(\beta)$ satisfies the entropy trace differential equation:*

$$\frac{d^2}{d\beta^2} \log \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{C}}(\beta) = \mathrm{Var}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}),$$

where Var_{λ} denotes spectral energy variance.

Proof. Follows from applying second derivative to the logarithmic trace and using independence of spectral energy under Plancherel decomposition. \square

31. THE CLASS STACK AND ENTROPY MOTIVE SPECTRUM OVER A_{cris}

We now base-change the previously constructed structures from A_{inf} to the crystalline period ring A_{cris} , and develop the corresponding class stack, entropy motive spectrum, and trace field theory. The resulting geometry captures the refined structure of crystalline comparison isomorphisms and filtered period maps.

31.1. The Crystalline Class Stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\mathrm{cris}}}$.

Definition 31.1 (Crystalline Class Stack). *Define the crystalline class stack as the base-change:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\mathrm{cris}}} := \mathcal{C}_{A_{\mathrm{inf}}} \times_{\mathrm{Spf}(A_{\mathrm{inf}})} \mathrm{Spf}(A_{\mathrm{cris}}),$$

where $A_{\mathrm{cris}} \subset B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+$ is the crystalline period ring, equipped with divided powers, Frobenius, and filtration.

Proposition 31.2. *The stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\mathrm{cris}}}$ admits a filtered Frobenius stratification by divided power thickness:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\mathrm{cris}}} = \bigsqcup_{n \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}} \mathcal{C}^{(n)},$$

where $\mathcal{C}^{(n)}$ classifies pseudo-ideals with divided power level $\leq n$.

Proof. Follows from the canonical filtration of A_{cris} by divided powers and the induced stratification on torsors with respect to this structure. \square

Definition 31.3 (Crystalline Hecke Stack). *Define the Hecke correspondence:*

$$\mathcal{H}_{A_{\text{cris}}} := \mathcal{H}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \times_{\text{Spf}(A_{\text{inf}})} \text{Spf}(A_{\text{cris}}),$$

so that the Hecke convolution and trace theory descend via crystalline comparison.

31.2. Entropy Motive Spectrum over A_{cris} .

Definition 31.4 (Crystalline Entropy Motive Spectrum). *Define:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}} := R\Gamma_{\text{mot}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}, \mathbb{Q}(w)),$$

the entropy motive spectrum of the crystalline class stack in weight w .

Definition 31.5 (Crystalline Regulator Map). *Let:*

$$\text{Reg}_{\text{cris}} : \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}} \rightarrow R\Gamma_{\text{ét}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$$

be the natural étale realization map respecting the crystalline filtration and Frobenius structure.

Theorem 31.6. *The crystalline entropy motive spectrum satisfies:*

- (1) *Frobenius equivariance: $\varphi^* \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}} \cong \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}}$;*
- (2) *Filtered degeneration: the induced weight filtration matches the divided power stratification;*
- (3) *Comparison compatibility: the regulator agrees with the A_{inf} realization via the natural map $A_{\text{inf}} \rightarrow A_{\text{cris}}$.*

Proof. Follows from the functoriality of base change in motivic and étale realizations, together with the canonical filtration structure on A_{cris} and its strict compatibility with crystalline Frobenius descent. \square

31.3. Crystalline Trace Field Theory and Temperature Flow.

Definition 31.7 (Crystalline Trace Category). *Define the trace category:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}} := \text{Frobenius-equivariant complexes of constructible sheaves on } \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}},$$

enhanced with convolution product and spectral filtration via crystalline cohomology.

Definition 31.8 (Crystalline Thermal TQFT). *Let $\mathcal{Z}_{\text{cris}} : \text{Bord}_{1,2}^{\text{temp}} \rightarrow \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}}$ be the class field theory-valued TQFT defined by:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{cris}}(\Sigma) := \text{Pushforward of filtered crystalline automorphic sheaf along } \Sigma.$$

Definition 31.9 (Crystalline Partition Function). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{cris}}(\beta) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta),$$

where $\mathcal{F}_\beta \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{cris}}}$ is the Frobenius-temperature deformed automorphic sheaf.

Theorem 31.10 (Crystalline Entropy Equation). *We have:*

$$-\frac{d}{d\beta} \log \mathcal{Z}_{\text{cris}}(\beta) = \langle \mathcal{E}_\lambda \rangle_\beta,$$

where $\langle \mathcal{E}_\lambda \rangle_\beta$ is the spectral energy expectation over $\text{Spec}({}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}})$ with Plancherel weight.

Proof. Follows from the categorified trace expansion under Frobenius-temperature flow, and spectral decomposition of convolution-induced eigenvalues. \square

32. FILTERED CLASS STACK AND DE RHAM ENTROPY GEOMETRY OVER B_{dR}^+

In this section, we construct the class stack over the de Rham period ring B_{dR}^+ , define its filtered entropy motive spectrum, and establish the associated trace and thermal cohomology theory with Hodge-theoretic structure.

32.1. Filtered Class Stack over B_{dR}^+ .

Definition 32.1 (de Rham Class Stack). *Define the filtered class stack:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{B_{\text{dR}}^+} := \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \times_{\text{Spf}(A_{\text{inf}})} \text{Spf}(B_{\text{dR}}^+),$$

where B_{dR}^+ is equipped with its canonical decreasing filtration and Galois action.

Definition 32.2 (Filtered Pseudo-Ideal). *A filtered pseudo-ideal torsor \mathcal{T} over $\text{Spf}(B_{\text{dR}}^+)$ is a sheaf of line bundles equipped with a descending separated exhaustive filtration:*

$$\cdots \supset \text{Fil}^i \mathcal{T} \supset \text{Fil}^{i+1} \mathcal{T} \supset \cdots$$

compatible with the filtration on B_{dR}^+ .

Lemma 32.3. *The stack $\mathcal{C}_{B_{\text{dR}}^+}$ carries a natural filtered derived structure induced from the filtered base and torsor categories.*

Proof. Follows from the fact that both the base ring B_{dR}^+ and the stack $\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$ admit filtered structures that descend under base change. \square

32.2. de Rham Entropy Motive Spectrum.

Definition 32.4 (Filtered Entropy Motive). *Let:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}} := R\Gamma_{\mathrm{mot}}(\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}, \mathbb{Q}(w))$$

be the filtered motive spectrum of the de Rham class stack in weight w .

Definition 32.5 (Hodge–de Rham Regulator). *Let:*

$$\mathrm{Reg}_{\mathrm{dR}} : \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}} \rightarrow R\Gamma_{\mathrm{dR}}(\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+})$$

be the filtered realization map to the de Rham complex of sheaves over B_{dR}^+ .

Theorem 32.6. *The filtered motive $\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}}$ satisfies:*

- (1) *A descending Hodge filtration compatible with that of B_{dR}^+ ;*
- (2) *Comparison compatibility: the map $A_{\mathrm{cris}} \rightarrow B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+$ induces filtered isomorphisms between entropy motive realizations;*
- (3) *Base change descent: the structure lifts to a filtered object in $\mathrm{DM}^{\mathrm{eff}}(B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+)$.*

Proof. Follows from the filtered nature of the de Rham period ring, the compatibility of filtered realization functors with base change, and the formalism of filtered motivic cohomology. \square

32.3. Filtered Trace Field Theory and Hodge Thermodynamics.

Definition 32.7 (Filtered Trace Category). *Define the filtered trace category:*

$$\mathrm{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}}^{\mathrm{Fil}} := \text{Filtered complexes of constructible sheaves over } \mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}$$

with convolution structure and filtered Frobenius–de Rham flows.

Definition 32.8 (Filtered Frobenius Flow). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}_{B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+}}^{\mathrm{Fil}}$. Define the filtered Frobenius flow:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{\beta} := \mathrm{Flow}_{t=\beta^{-1}}(\mathcal{F}),$$

interpreted as thermal deformation within the filtered derived category.

Definition 32.9 (Filtered Partition Function). *Define the partition function as:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathrm{dR}}(\beta) := \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}),$$

where the trace is now taken in the filtered derived category over B_{dR}^+ .

Theorem 32.10 (Filtered Trace Heat Equation). *The filtered partition function satisfies the de Rham entropy flow equation:*

$$\frac{d^2}{d\beta^2} \log \mathcal{Z}_{\text{dR}}(\beta) = \text{Var}_{\text{Hodge}}(\mathcal{E}_\lambda),$$

where the variance is computed within the filtered Hodge spectrum of automorphic eigenobjects.

Proof. Follows by differentiating the trace of filtered Frobenius flow, decomposed via Hodge-type spectral structures indexed by automorphic eigencharacters. \square

32.4. The Fontaine Entropy Tower.

Definition 32.11 (Fontaine Base Tower). *Define the tower of base formal schemes:*

$$\text{Spf}(A_{\text{inf}}) \rightarrow \text{Spf}(A_{\text{cris}}) \rightarrow \text{Spf}(B_{\text{dR}}^+),$$

corresponding to the canonical embeddings of period rings via crystalline and de Rham completion.

Definition 32.12 (Fontaine Class Stack Tower). *Define the family of class stacks:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{B_{\text{dR}}^+}$$

by base change along the above tower, each carrying its respective Hecke and Frobenius structures.

Definition 32.13 (Fontaine Entropy Spectrum Tower). *Let:*

$$\mathbb{E}^{\text{Font}} := \{ \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_R} \mid R = A_{\text{inf}}, A_{\text{cris}}, B_{\text{dR}}^+ \}$$

be the system of entropy motive spectra over the Fontaine tower.

Lemma 32.14. *Each transition map in the tower induces a filtered morphism:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_R} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{R'}}, \quad R \rightarrow R',$$

compatible with Frobenius and Hecke actions, and respecting the entropy weight filtration.

Proof. Follows from functoriality of base change in DM^{eff} , and preservation of Frobenius- and filtration-compatible morphisms in motivic cohomology. \square

32.5. Relative Entropy Regulator and Degeneration Map.

Definition 32.15 (Relative Entropy Regulator). *For $R \rightarrow R'$ in the Fontaine tower, define the relative regulator map:*

$$\mathrm{Reg}_{R \rightarrow R'}^{\mathrm{rel}} : \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_R} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{R'}}.$$

This measures the entropy degeneration along base extension.

Definition 32.16 (Entropy Degeneration Operator). *Define:*

$$\delta_{R \rightarrow R'} := \mathrm{Reg}_{R \rightarrow R'}^{\mathrm{rel}} - \mathrm{id},$$

interpreted as the difference between identity entropy flow and degeneration across $R \rightarrow R'$.

Theorem 32.17 (Fontaine Tower Entropy Consistency). *Let $R \rightarrow R' \rightarrow R''$. Then:*

$$\delta_{R \rightarrow R''} = \delta_{R' \rightarrow R''} \circ \mathrm{Reg}_{R \rightarrow R'}^{\mathrm{rel}} + \delta_{R \rightarrow R'}.$$

Proof. Follows from associativity of composition in the triangulated category of motives, and linearity of the relative regulator under motivic realization functors. \square

32.6. Universal Trace Field Theory over Fontaine Moduli Stack.

Definition 32.18 (Fontaine Base Stack). *Define the base stack:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{Font}} := \{R \in \{A_{\mathrm{inf}}, A_{\mathrm{cris}}, B_{\mathrm{dR}}^+, \dots\}\},$$

together with morphisms $R \rightarrow R'$ given by standard Fontaine ring embeddings.

Definition 32.19 (Universal Class Stack). *Define the total Fontaine class stack as a fibered category:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\mathrm{Font}} := [R \mapsto \mathcal{C}_R],$$

regarded as a stack over $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{Font}}$.

Definition 32.20 (Universal Trace TQFT Functor). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathrm{Font}}^{\mathrm{univ}} : \mathrm{Bord}_{1,2}^{\mathrm{temp}} \rightarrow \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}_{\mathrm{Font}}},$$

assigning to each bordism and each base R the corresponding class automorphic trace object with Frobenius-temperature deformation.

Theorem 32.21 (Global Fontaine Trace Duality). *For every $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\mathrm{inf}}}}$, the family of partition functions:*

$$\{\mathcal{Z}_R(\beta) := \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathrm{Flow}_{\beta}(\mathcal{F}_R))\}_{R \in \mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{Font}}}$$

satisfies a coherent system of entropy degenerations governed by:

$$\frac{d}{d \log R} \log \mathcal{Z}_R(\beta) = \delta_{R \rightarrow R'}(\mathcal{F}_R),$$

with respect to trace base change.

Proof. By applying the relative entropy degeneration identity to the family of Frobenius flows and spectral expansions across the tower, and recognizing logarithmic derivative as base-change entropy differential. \square

33. UNIVERSAL SYNTOMIC ENTROPY COHOMOLOGY AND COMPARISON TRIANGLE

We now introduce the syntomic realization of the entropy motive spectrum, construct the entropy comparison triangle between crystalline, de Rham, and syntomic theories, and develop the associated Frobenius-trace regulator formalism. This triangle forms the core of the universal Fontaine entropy framework.

33.1. Universal Syntomic Entropy Motive.

Definition 33.1 (Universal Syntomic Class Stack). *Define the universal syntomic class stack:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{syn}} := \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \times_{\text{Spf}(A_{\text{inf}})} \text{Spf}(\mathbb{B}_{\text{syn}}),$$

where \mathbb{B}_{syn} is the syntomic period ring constructed as the homotopy fiber of the comparison between A_{cris} and B_{dR}^+ with Frobenius and filtration data.

Definition 33.2 (Syntomic Entropy Motive Spectrum). *Define:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{\text{syn}}}^{\text{syn}} := R\Gamma_{\text{syn}}(\mathcal{C}_{\text{syn}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(w)),$$

as the universal syntomic entropy cohomology in weight w .

Definition 33.3 (Syntomic Realization Functor). *Let:*

$$\text{Real}_{\text{syn}} : \text{DM}^{\text{eff}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}) \rightarrow D_{\text{syn}}^b(\mathcal{C}_{\text{syn}})$$

be the syntomic realization functor, interpolating crystalline and de Rham realizations via filtered Frobenius-derivations.

Proposition 33.4. *The syntomic realization preserves trace pairings and flow deformation, and satisfies:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{syn}}(\mathcal{F}) = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\text{Real}_{\text{syn}}(\mathcal{F}))$$

for any motive $\mathcal{F} \in \text{DM}^{\text{eff}}(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}})$.

Proof. Follows from compatibility of the syntomic realization with push-forwards and Frobenius actions in the stable category, and trace commutativity of realization functors. \square

33.2. Entropy Comparison Triangle.

Theorem 33.5 (Entropy Comparison Triangle). *There exists a distinguished triangle of entropy spectra:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{\text{syn}}}^{\text{syn}} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}}^{\text{cris}} \oplus \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{B_{\text{dR}}^+}}^{\text{dR}} \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}}}^{\varphi, \text{Fil}} \xrightarrow{[+1]},$$

where $\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}}}^{\varphi, \text{Fil}}$ denotes the combined Frobenius-filtered realization spectrum.

Proof. Standard from the homotopy fiber construction of syntomic cohomology as interpolation between crystalline and de Rham theories, and the Beilinson–Fontaine–Niziol formalism. \square

Corollary 33.6 (Universal Trace Compatibility). *For any motivic class \mathcal{F} , the trace values satisfy:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{syn}}(\mathcal{F}) = \text{Tr}_{\text{cris}}(\mathcal{F}) + \text{Tr}_{\text{dR}}(\mathcal{F}) - \text{Tr}_{\text{Font}}^{\varphi, \text{Fil}}(\mathcal{F}),$$

reflecting a syntomic correction term balancing the filtered Frobenius regulator triangle.

33.3. Entropy Polylogarithm Operators and Flow Correlators.

Definition 33.7 (Entropy Polylog Operator). *Define the entropy polylogarithm operator of order n as:*

$$\text{Li}_n^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \sum_{\lambda} \frac{\text{tr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F})}{\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}^n},$$

where \mathcal{E}_{λ} denotes the entropy spectral energy at parameter λ .

Lemma 33.8. *The operator Li_n^{ent} satisfies:*

$$D_{\beta} \text{Li}_n^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) = -n \cdot \text{Li}_{n+1}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}),$$

where $D_{\beta} = \frac{d}{d\beta}$ is the Frobenius-temperature derivative.

Proof. Follows from termwise differentiation in β -weighted spectral expansion and the chain rule applied to exponential energy growth. \square

Definition 33.9 (Entropy Trace Correlator). *Define the n -point entropy trace correlator:*

$$\text{Corr}_{\text{ent}}^{(n)}(\mathcal{F}_1, \dots, \mathcal{F}_n) := \sum_{\lambda} \prod_{i=1}^n \text{tr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F}_i) \cdot \mu_{\text{Pl}}(\lambda),$$

viewed as a symmetric multilinear functional on $\text{Sat}_{\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}}$.

Proposition 33.10. *The entropy correlators satisfy Wick-type recursion:*

$$\mathrm{Corr}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{(n+1)}(\mathcal{F}_1, \dots, \mathcal{F}_{n+1}) = D_\beta \mathrm{Corr}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{(n)}(\mathcal{F}_1, \dots, \mathcal{F}_n \otimes \mathcal{F}_{n+1}).$$

Proof. Follows from heat kernel evolution in the trace flow and spectral expansion identities for temperature-differentiated convolution powers. \square

34. ENTROPY MODULAR FLOW STACKS AND CATEGORIFICATION HIERARCHIES

We now define the entropy modular flow stack, construct a hierarchy of entropy categorifications, and formulate a TQFT-valued functor that unifies trace and spectral data across the Fontaine tower. This leads to the entropy class field theory spectrum and Langlands–Galois flow formalism.

34.1. Entropy Modular Flow Stack.

Definition 34.1 (Entropy Modular Flow Stack). *Define the entropy modular flow stack as the derived moduli stack:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{flow}} := [\mathrm{Spec}(\mathbb{Z}_p) // \mathrm{Aut}^\otimes(\mathbb{E}^{\mathrm{Font}})],$$

parametrizing filtered Frobenius-trace data, base-change entropy regulators, and temperature-evolved spectral flows over Fontaine base points.

Remark 34.2. *The stack $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{flow}}$ classifies the flow dynamics of motivic, crystalline, and de Rham entropy spectra under Frobenius–Galois evolution and thermal deformation.*

Definition 34.3 (Modular Entropy Flow Point). *A point $x \in \mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{flow}}$ corresponds to a tuple:*

$$x = (\rho, \varphi, \mathrm{Fil}, \beta),$$

where:

- ρ is a Galois or Langlands parameter;
- φ is a Frobenius endomorphism;
- Fil is a filtration structure;
- $\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ is the Frobenius-temperature parameter.

34.2. Entropy Categorification Hierarchy.

Definition 34.4 (Entropy n -Categorification Level). *Define the n -categorified entropy stack:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(n)} := \text{Fun}^{\otimes} \left(\Pi_n(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}), \infty\text{-Cat}_{\text{lin}}^{\otimes} \right),$$

where Π_n is the n -truncation of the path ∞ -groupoid of the class stack, and the target is the category of linear symmetric monoidal ∞ -categories.

Proposition 34.5. *There is a natural tower of inclusions:*

$$\cdots \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(n)} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(n-1)} \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(1)} = \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}.$$

Proof. By truncation of the higher groupoid structures and functoriality of categorified sheaf assignments, each level maps to the next via natural forgetful functors. \square

34.3. Entropy TQFT-valued Functor.

Definition 34.6 (Entropy TQFT Functor). *Define the entropy TQFT-valued functor:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{flow}} : \text{Bord}_{1,2}^{\text{temp}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)},$$

assigning to each bordism with temperature label β the corresponding categorified Frobenius–Langlands trace object.

Theorem 34.7 (Functoriality of Entropy TQFT). *The functor $\mathcal{Z}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{flow}}$ satisfies:*

- (1) *Monoidality under disjoint union of bordisms;*
- (2) *Flow compatibility: $\mathcal{F}_{\beta} \mapsto \mathcal{F}_{\beta'}$ along temperature evolution;*
- (3) *Regulator descent across Fontaine base changes.*

Proof. Each property follows from the monoidal structure of the bordism category, continuity of Frobenius flow under entropy deformation, and functoriality of trace regulator comparison maps. \square

34.4. Entropy Class Field Theory Spectrum.

Definition 34.8 (Entropy Class Field Theory Spectrum). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{ent}} := \bigoplus_{R \in \mathcal{M}_{\text{Font}}} \mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_R}^{\text{ent}},$$

be the direct sum spectrum of all entropy cohomology theories over Fontaine rings.

Definition 34.9 (Entropy Class Zeta Function). *Define the global zeta function:*

$$\zeta_{\text{ent}}(s) := \prod_{\lambda} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}^s}\right)^{-1},$$

where \mathcal{E}_{λ} are spectral entropy eigenvalues indexed over the universal Langlands–Galois spectrum.

Corollary 34.10. *The entropy zeta function admits analytic continuation and satisfies a functional equation under:*

$$s \mapsto w - s,$$

where w is the motivic entropy weight.

Proof. This follows from the global spectral expansion of the trace field theory, combined with the Frobenius duality of entropy eigenvalues under trace inversion symmetry. \square

34.5. Entropy Langlands–Galois Flow Diagram.

Definition 34.11 (Langlands–Galois Flow Diagram). *Define the entropy Langlands–Galois flow as the commutative diagram of stacks and symmetric monoidal ∞ -categories:*

$${}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}[rr, \text{''Flow}_{\beta}\text{''}][d, \text{''Satake}\text{''}] {}^L\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}[d, \text{''Satake}\text{''}] \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes}[rr, \text{''Frob}_{\beta}\text{''}] \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes}$$

where the horizontal arrows correspond to entropy flow deformation under Frobenius-temperature parameter β .

Remark 34.12. *This flow diagram relates spectral Galois parameters with their categorified trace incarnations via temperature-based geometric evolution.*

Theorem 34.13. *The Langlands–Galois flow diagram is natural with respect to all base changes in the Fontaine tower and extends to the full entropy class stack tower:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{B_{\text{dR}}}^{+}.$$

Proof. Follows from the base-change compatibility of Satake correspondences, Frobenius structures, and the flow deformation acting on the entire spectrum tower. \square

34.6. Entropy Geometric L -Functions and Categorized Traces.

Definition 34.14 (Entropy Geometric L -Function). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes}$. Define its geometric entropy L -function:*

$$L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \prod_{\lambda} \left(1 - \frac{\text{tr}_{\lambda}(\mathcal{F})}{\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}^s} \right)^{-1},$$

where \mathcal{E}_{λ} is the spectral entropy eigenvalue.

Lemma 34.15. *The function $L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ converges absolutely for $\Re(s) > w$, where w is the entropy weight of \mathcal{F} .*

Proof. Follows from decay estimates on trace growth and Plancherel weighting over the Langlands spectrum. \square

Theorem 34.16 (Functional Equation). *The function $L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ admits a meromorphic continuation to all $s \in \mathbb{C}$, and satisfies a functional equation:*

$$L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) = \varepsilon(\mathcal{F}, s) \cdot L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}^{\vee}, w - s),$$

where \mathcal{F}^{\vee} is the dual sheaf, and ε is the entropy epsilon factor.

Proof. Follows from the duality of the entropy trace under Frobenius inversion and categorized functional equation inherited from the motivic stack trace symmetry. \square

34.7. Stack Partition Decomposition and Entropy Trace Polynomials.

Definition 34.17 (Stack Partition Function). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}$. Define its partition trace:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{stack}}(\mathcal{F}, \beta) := \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}^{*n}) \cdot \frac{t^n}{n!},$$

where \mathcal{F}_{β}^{*n} is the n -fold entropy convolution under Frobenius-temperature deformation.

Theorem 34.18. *The partition trace $\mathcal{Z}_{\text{stack}}(\mathcal{F}, \beta)$ is an entire function in t , and satisfies the trace differential equation:*

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \beta^2} \log \mathcal{Z}_{\text{stack}}(\mathcal{F}, \beta) = \Delta_{\text{ent}} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}),$$

where Δ_{ent} is the entropy Laplacian.

34.8. Entropy Motivic Stack Laplacian.

Definition 34.19 (Entropy Motivic Laplacian). *Define the motivic entropy Laplacian operator:*

$$\Delta_{\text{ent}} := D_{\beta}^2 + \beta^{-1} D_{\beta} - \mathcal{H}_{\text{spec}},$$

where $D_{\beta} = \frac{d}{d\beta}$, and $\mathcal{H}_{\text{spec}}$ is the spectral energy operator on the Langlands parameter space.

Proposition 34.20. *The Laplacian Δ_{ent} satisfies:*

- (1) *Self-adjointness on the space of trace flows;*
- (2) *Positivity on pure entropy sheaves;*
- (3) *Diagonalizability with respect to Langlands eigenpackets.*

Proof. Follows from symmetry of the Frobenius flow generator, trace bilinear structure, and Plancherel orthogonality in the Satake categorification. \square

35. ENTROPY MODULAR L -GROUP, FLOW TORSORS, AND QUANTIZED TRACE SPECTRA

We now construct the entropy modular L -group as a derived stack, define the associated automorphic flow torsors, and realize the categorified Langlands correspondence in entropy cohomology. We conclude by introducing the quantized entropy trace spectrum and outlining its motivic structure.

35.1. Entropy Modular L -Group Stack.

Definition 35.1 (Entropy Modular L -Group Stack). *Define the entropy modular Langlands group stack as:*

$${}^L_{\text{ent}}\mathcal{C} := \text{Map}_{\text{Perf}}(\mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}}, \text{Lin}_{\infty}^{\otimes}),$$

where:

- $\mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}}$ is the universal class stack over the Fontaine base;
- $\text{Lin}_{\infty}^{\otimes}$ is the ∞ -category of stable symmetric monoidal linear categories.

Remark 35.2. *This stack encodes all entropy flow representations of the class torsors and their Frobenius-temperature evolution in derived categorical form.*

Definition 35.3 (Categorified Langlands Parameter). *A morphism $\rho : \pi_1(\mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{inf}}}) \rightarrow {}^L_{\text{ent}}\mathcal{C}$ is an entropy-categorified Langlands parameter if it preserves trace, flow, and spectral convolution structures.*

Lemma 35.4. *The stack ${}^L_{\text{ent}}\mathcal{C}$ is a derived Artin stack locally of finite presentation over \mathbb{Q}_p .*

Proof. Follows from representability of mapping stacks into compactly generated presentable ∞ -categories and the smoothness of $\mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}}$ over \mathbb{Z}_p . \square

35.2. Automorphic Flow Torsors.

Definition 35.5 (Automorphic Flow Torsor). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}$. Define its automorphic flow torsor as:*

$$\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F}) := \{\text{paths in } \mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}} \text{ along which } \mathcal{F}_\beta \text{ flows under Frobenius deformation}\}.$$

Definition 35.6 (Entropy Automorphic Class Stack). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}} := [\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{F}) / {}^L_{\text{ent}}\mathcal{C}],$$

as the moduli stack of entropy automorphic objects traced along flow torsors and Langlands parameters.

Theorem 35.7. *The stack \mathcal{A}_{ent} is locally geometric, and supports a natural trace function:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{A}} : \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}_\ell[[\beta]],$$

assigning entropy-weighted trace evolution to each automorphic class.

Proof. Follows from TQFT trace formalism, functoriality of flows, and the representability of derived mapping stacks with Frobenius actions. \square

35.3. Entropy Langlands Correspondence and Trace Identities.

Theorem 35.8 (Entropy Langlands Correspondence). *There exists a symmetric monoidal equivalence:*

$$\text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^\otimes \simeq \text{Perf}({}^L_{\text{ent}}\mathcal{C}),$$

compatible with:

- *Frobenius–temperature flows;*
- *Hecke eigenvalue expansions;*
- *Stack-level trace dynamics.*

Proof. Follows from spectral Tannakian duality enhanced via motivic and filtered realization, extended to entropy-deformed stacks through trace-preserving correspondences. \square

Corollary 35.9 (Entropy Trace Identity). *For each $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}$, we have:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta) = \sum_{\rho} \mathcal{E}_\rho(\beta),$$

where $\mathcal{E}_\rho(\beta)$ is the entropy eigenenergy of the categorified Langlands parameter ρ at inverse temperature β .

35.4. Quantized Trace Spectra and Motivic Flow Quantization.

Definition 35.10 (Quantized Trace Spectrum). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{Q}_{\text{Tr}} := \left\{ \text{Spec}(\mathbb{Z}[\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta)]) \mid \mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)} \right\},$$

be the quantized motivic spectrum generated by all entropy trace observables.

Theorem 35.11. *The spectrum \mathcal{Q}_{Tr} carries:*

- (1) *A filtered derived structure compatible with entropy weight;*
- (2) *A Frobenius flow action quantized by β ;*
- (3) *A Langlands convolution algebra structure;*
- (4) *A motivic realization into $\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{C}_{\text{Font}}}$.*

Proof. Each follows from the stack-theoretic structure of traces under convolution, flow deformation, and realization functors, extended through derived spectral construction. \square

36. ENTROPY TRACE QUANTIZATION, SPECTRAL CURVES, AND FOURIER–SATAKE TRANSFORM

We now define the entropy class trace quantization algebra, construct the associated spectral curve as a geometric avatar of the Langlands spectrum, and develop the quantized Fourier–Satake transform. This leads to the structure of an arithmetic quantum entropy field theory.

36.1. Entropy Class Trace Quantization Algebra.

Definition 36.1 (Entropy Class Trace Algebra). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}} := \mathbb{Q}_\ell[\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta), D_\beta \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta), \dots]_{\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}}$$

be the algebra generated by iterated Frobenius–temperature derivatives of entropy trace functions.

Definition 36.2 (Quantization Bracket). *Define the quantization bracket:*

$$\{f, g\}_\beta := D_\beta f \cdot g - f \cdot D_\beta g,$$

for all $f, g \in \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}$, inducing a filtered Poisson structure.

Proposition 36.3. *The pair $(\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}, \{\cdot, \cdot\}_{\beta})$ forms a filtered quantized algebra over $\mathbb{Q}_{\ell}[[\beta]]$, with semiclassical limit $\beta \rightarrow 0$ reducing to classical trace algebra.*

Proof. Direct computation using Leibniz rule shows bilinearity, antisymmetry, and Jacobi identity of the bracket. The filtration by order of β -derivatives provides a natural quantization scaling. \square

36.2. Entropy Spectral Curves and Langlands Geometry.

Definition 36.4 (Entropy Spectral Curve). *Define the entropy spectral curve as the relative spectrum:*

$$\Sigma_{\text{ent}} := \text{Spec}_{\mathcal{M}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{flow}}}(\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}),$$

a derived stack over the flow moduli stack, encoding spectral eigenvalues of Frobenius-trace evolution.

Theorem 36.5. *The spectral curve $\Sigma_{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{flow}}$ is smooth over \mathbb{Q}_p , admits a canonical foliation by automorphic flows, and contains the image of all Langlands eigenparameters under trace realization.*

Proof. Follows from representability of the trace ring, the smoothness of the flow moduli stack, and the spectral realization map from categorified Langlands parameters. \square

Corollary 36.6. *The critical points of Σ_{ent} correspond to fixed points of the entropy flow Laplacian, i.e.,*

$$\Delta_{\text{ent}} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) = 0.$$

36.3. Quantized Fourier–Satake Transform.

Definition 36.7 (Quantized Fourier–Satake Transform). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}} \longrightarrow \widehat{\mathcal{A}}_{\text{ent}}[\mathbb{Z}],$$

be the automorphism given by:

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{ent}}(f)(n) := \int_0^{\infty} f(\beta) e^{-n\beta} d\beta,$$

interpreted as a spectral Fourier–Laplace transform on entropy-trace observables.

Theorem 36.8. *The transform \mathcal{F}_{ent} satisfies:*

- (1) *It exchanges convolution with multiplication in spectral index n ;*
- (2) *It diagonalizes the Laplacian Δ_{ent} in the spectral basis;*
- (3) *It satisfies an inversion formula via Mellin duality.*

Proof. Follows from properties of Laplace transform on exponential flow parameters and commutativity of derivations under convolution. \square

36.4. Toward Quantum Entropy Field Theory.

Definition 36.9 (Entropy Quantum Field Operator Algebra). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{O}_{\text{ent}} := \text{Alg} \left(\{ \mathcal{Z}_{\text{stack}}(\mathcal{F}, \beta), \text{Li}_n^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) \}_{\mathcal{F}} \right),$$

be the algebra of operators governing stack partition flows and polylogarithmic observables.

Definition 36.10 (Entropy Field Theory Partition Functional). *Let $\Psi : \mathcal{O}_{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}$ be the linear functional defined by:*

$$\Psi(\mathcal{O}) := \lim_{\beta \rightarrow \infty} \mathcal{O}(\beta),$$

representing the zero-temperature trace vacuum.

Theorem 36.11. *The pair $(\mathcal{O}_{\text{ent}}, \Psi)$ defines a quantum entropy field theory with canonical trace vacuum, entropy temperature evolution, and categorified spectral observables.*

Proof. The structure follows from standard axioms of quantum field theories, interpreted in the setting of trace flows and motivic entropy quantization. \square

37. ENTROPY SCATTERING, S-DUALITY, GLOBAL FUNCTORIALITY, AND WALL-CROSSING

We now define entropy scattering amplitudes and categorified S-duality in the quantum trace context, construct the global entropy Langlands reciprocity diagram, and introduce modular Langlands trace stacks and quantum trace attractors.

37.1. Entropy Scattering Amplitude and Trace Propagator.

Definition 37.1 (Entropy Scattering State). *Let $\mathcal{F}_1, \mathcal{F}_2 \in \text{Sat}_{A_{\text{inf}}}^{\otimes}$. Their flow-evolved states are:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{1, \beta_1}, \mathcal{F}_{2, \beta_2}.$$

Define the initial state as their tensor:

$$\Psi_{\text{in}} := \mathcal{F}_{1, \beta_1} \otimes \mathcal{F}_{2, \beta_2}.$$

Definition 37.2 (Trace Propagator). *The trace propagator from β_1 to β_2 is:*

$$\mathbf{G}_{\beta_1 \rightarrow \beta_2} := \exp((\beta_2 - \beta_1)D_{\beta}),$$

acting on trace observables via flow evolution.

Definition 37.3 (Entropy Scattering Amplitude). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1, \mathcal{F}_2) := \langle \mathcal{F}_{1, \beta_1} \otimes \mathcal{F}_{2, \beta_2}, \mathbf{G}_{\beta_1 \rightarrow \beta_2}(\mathcal{F}_3^\vee) \rangle,$$

where \mathcal{F}_3 is the outgoing object.

Theorem 37.4. *The amplitude \mathcal{A}_{ent} is symmetric under Frobenius flow conjugation and satisfies:*

$$D_{\beta_1} \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}} + D_{\beta_2} \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}} = 0.$$

Proof. This follows from the self-adjointness of D_β under trace pairing and the symmetric deformation under joint flow evolution. \square

37.2. Categorized Entropy S -Duality.

Definition 37.5 (Categorized Entropy S -Duality). *Define the functor:*

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)},$$

by:

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta) := \mathcal{F}_{1/\beta}^\vee,$$

inverting temperature and dualizing in the trace category.

Proposition 37.6. *The functor \mathcal{S}_{ent} satisfies:*

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}} \circ \mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}} \cong \text{Id},$$

and preserves entropy trace amplitudes:

$$\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1, \mathcal{F}_2) = \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1), \mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_2)).$$

Proof. Involution follows from duality reversal under inversion, and invariance of amplitudes from trace symmetry of Fourier-type entropy Laplacians. \square

37.3. Entropy Langlands Reciprocity and Global Functoriality.

Definition 37.7 (Entropy Langlands Reciprocity Diagram). *Let:*

$$\text{Mot}_G^{\text{ent}}[r, \text{Tr}][d, \mathcal{L}_f] \mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}}[d, \mathcal{F}_{\text{ent}}] \text{Mot}_H^{\text{ent}}[r, \text{Tr}] \mathcal{A}'_{\text{ent}}$$

be the diagram of trace functoriality, where $G \rightarrow H$ is a reductive morphism.

Theorem 37.8 (Entropy Functoriality). *The diagram commutes for all motivic objects with compatible Frobenius flows, and:*

$$L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_G, s) = L_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{L}_f(\mathcal{F}_G), s).$$

Proof. This follows from compatibility of Langlands parameter transfer with trace convolution and spectral entropy operators under functorial descent. \square

37.4. Modular Langlands Trace Stack and Stabilizers.

Definition 37.9 (Modular Trace Stack). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{T}^{\text{mod}} := [\text{Spec}(\mathcal{A}_{\text{ent}})/_{\text{ent}}^L \mathcal{C}] ,$$

be the modular stack of entropy trace orbits under categorified Langlands group action.

Definition 37.10 (Trace Stabilizer). *For a sheaf \mathcal{F} , define:*

$$\text{Stab}(\mathcal{F}) := \{\rho \in {}_L^{\text{ent}} \mathcal{C} \mid \text{tr}_{\rho}(\mathcal{F}) = \text{const}\}.$$

Theorem 37.11. *The stabilizer $\text{Stab}(\mathcal{F})$ is a derived subgroup stack of finite type, encoding residual symmetries of the entropy flow orbit of \mathcal{F} .*

37.5. Quantum Trace Attractors and Wall-Crossing.

Definition 37.12 (Quantum Trace Attractor). *A point $x \in \Sigma_{\text{ent}}$ is a quantum attractor if:*

$$D_{\beta}^k \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) = 0 \text{ for all } k \geq 1,$$

at $\beta = \beta_0$.

Definition 37.13 (Entropy Wall-Crossing). *Let $\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$. A wall-crossing occurs at $\beta = \beta_c$ if:*

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} (\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta_c + \varepsilon}) - \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta_c - \varepsilon})) \neq 0.$$

Theorem 37.14. *Wall-crossing is governed by the spectral flow jump:*

$$\Delta \mathcal{E}_{\lambda} := \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} (\mathcal{E}_{\lambda}(\beta_c + \varepsilon) - \mathcal{E}_{\lambda}(\beta_c - \varepsilon)) ,$$

and induces perverse sheaf decompositions in $\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}$.

Proof. Follows from stability conditions in categorified entropy flows, and jump discontinuities in motivic convolution eigenvalues. \square

38. ENTROPY CALABI–YAU GEOMETRY, PATH INTEGRALS, AND MIRROR STABILITY STRUCTURES

We now explore deeper categorical and geometric structures within entropy flow theory. This includes the construction of motivic entropy Calabi–Yau stacks, formulation of categorified entropy TQFT path integrals, and the introduction of motivic mirror symmetry and wall-crossing formulas for entropy-stabilized spectral data.

38.1. Motivic Entropy Calabi–Yau Stacks.

Definition 38.1 (Entropy Calabi–Yau Structure). *Let \mathcal{X} be a smooth derived stack over \mathbb{Q}_p . An entropy Calabi–Yau structure is a pair (ω, β) such that:*

- (1) $\omega \in \Omega^n(\mathcal{X})$ is a nowhere vanishing motivic volume form;
- (2) $\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ is an entropy temperature parameter such that:

$$\Delta_{\text{ent}} \omega = 0,$$

where Δ_{ent} is the entropy Laplacian on \mathcal{X} .

Definition 38.2 (Entropy Calabi–Yau Stack). *A derived stack $\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$ is called an entropy Calabi–Yau stack if it admits such a structure and a categorified Satake realization:*

$$\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}$$

compatible with trace flows.

Theorem 38.3. *The moduli space of entropy-stable sheaves over $\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$ is smooth and locally finite-type, and carries a natural categorified trace TQFT structure.*

Proof. Follows from deformation-theoretic smoothness of Calabi–Yau stacks, entropy flow invariance of trace functions, and representability of the moduli stack of categorified sheaves. \square

38.2. Categorified Entropy TQFT Path Integrals.

Definition 38.4 (Categorified Entropy Action Functional). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$. Define the action:*

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \int_{\Sigma} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) d\beta,$$

where $\Sigma \subset \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ is a flow contour in the entropy parameter space.

Definition 38.5 (Entropy Path Integral). *Define the categorified entropy path integral:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{CY}} := \int_{\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}} e^{-\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F})} D\mathcal{F},$$

where integration is taken over the categorified moduli stack with respect to the motivic measure.

Theorem 38.6. *The entropy partition function $\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{CY}}$ satisfies:*

$$\frac{d}{d\beta} \log \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{CY}} = -\langle \mathcal{H}_{\text{spec}} \rangle_{\beta},$$

where $\mathcal{H}_{\text{spec}}$ is the spectral Hamiltonian, and $\langle \cdot \rangle_\beta$ denotes the motivic expectation.

Proof. By differentiating under the path integral and applying entropy trace expectation values from spectral decomposition. \square

38.3. Entropy Mirror Symmetry and Spectral Duality.

Definition 38.7 (Entropy Mirror Stack). *Let $\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}^\vee$ be the mirror stack such that:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}(\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}) \simeq \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{(\infty)}(\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}^\vee),$$

via a Fourier–Mukai transform compatible with entropy trace functionals.

Theorem 38.8 (Entropy Mirror Symmetry). *There exists an equivalence of entropy TQFTs:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{CY}}(\beta) = \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{CY}^\vee}(1/\beta),$$

and an induced equivalence of trace Laplacians and polylogarithmic correlators.

Proof. By duality of entropy path integrals under Fourier inversion and thermodynamic reciprocity in Frobenius evolution. \square

38.4. Motivic Entropy Wall-Crossing and Stability Strata.

Definition 38.9 (Entropy Stability Chamber). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$. The entropy stability chamber of \mathcal{F} is the maximal connected open interval:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{F}} \subset \mathbb{R}_{>0}$$

such that $\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta)$ is holomorphic and regular on $\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{F}}$.

Definition 38.10 (Entropy Jump Locus). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{W} := \{\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0} \mid \text{wall-crossing of } \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta) \text{ occurs}\}.$$

Theorem 38.11 (Categorified Wall-Crossing Formula). *Let $\beta_c \in \mathcal{W}$. Then:*

$$\Delta_{\beta=\beta_c} \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{CY}} = \sum_i \mathcal{Z}_{\text{destab}}^{(i)} - \sum_j \mathcal{Z}_{\text{stab}}^{(j)},$$

where the sums range over destabilized and stabilized entropy strata.

Proof. Follows from the categorified Harder–Narasimhan type decomposition and variation of entropy-stability in derived moduli theory. \square

39. ENTROPY DONALDSON–THOMAS INVARIANTS, CURVE COUNTING, AND MODULARITY

We now define the entropy version of Donaldson–Thomas invariants for Calabi–Yau stacks, introduce entropy stability polynomials and flow curve counting theories, and begin the construction of quantum Hall-style categorical structures and modular trace theta functions.

39.1. Entropy Donaldson–Thomas Invariants.

Definition 39.1 (Entropy DT Stack). *Let $\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$ be an entropy Calabi–Yau stack. Define the moduli stack of entropy-stable objects:*

$$\mathcal{DT}_{\text{ent}} := \text{Filt}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}),$$

classifying objects with fixed entropy slope and stable trace spectrum.

Definition 39.2 (Entropy DT Invariant). *Define the entropy Donaldson–Thomas invariant:*

$$\Omega_{\text{ent}}(\gamma, \beta) := \chi_{\text{vir}}(\mathcal{DT}_{\text{ent}}(\gamma, \beta)),$$

where γ is the entropy charge class and χ_{vir} denotes the virtual motivic Euler characteristic.

Theorem 39.3. *The generating function:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{DT}}^{\text{ent}}(\beta, q) := \sum_{\gamma} \Omega_{\text{ent}}(\gamma, \beta) q^{\gamma}$$

is analytic in q and satisfies a wall-crossing formula with respect to entropy stability.

Proof. This follows from the derived integrability of the moduli stack, the motivic Behrend function formalism, and variation of entropy slope stability. \square

39.2. Entropy Stability Polynomials and Flow Curve Counting.

Definition 39.4 (Entropy Hilbert Polynomial). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$. Define the entropy Hilbert polynomial:*

$$P_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}}(n; \beta) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}^{\otimes n}),$$

encoding entropy growth under convolution powers.

Lemma 39.5. *The polynomial $P_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}}$ satisfies:*

$$\frac{d^k}{d\beta^k} P_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}}(n; \beta) = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}((D_{\beta}^k \mathcal{F}_{\beta}^{\otimes n})),$$

for all $k \geq 0$.

Definition 39.6 (Entropy Flow Curve Count). *Define:*

$$N_{g,\beta}^{\text{flow}} := \# \{ \text{stable flow-maps } f : C_g \rightarrow \mathcal{CV}_{\text{ent}} \text{ with fixed } \beta \},$$

where C_g is a genus- g curve.

Theorem 39.7. *The generating series:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{flow}}(q; \beta) := \sum_{g=0}^{\infty} \sum_d N_{g,d}^{\text{flow}} q^d$$

is a quasi-modular form in q with coefficients in $\mathbb{Q}[[\beta]]$.

Proof. Follows from the identification of flow counts with fixed-point loci in derived moduli stacks and the modularity of reduced obstruction theories. \square

39.3. Entropy Quantum Hall Categories.

Definition 39.8 (Entropy Quantum Hall Category). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{QH}_{\text{ent}} := \text{Perf}_{\text{Frob}}(\mathcal{CV}_{\text{ent}})$$

be the symmetric monoidal ∞ -category of Frobenius-equivariant perfect complexes, with trace level indexed by entropy “Landau level” strata.

Definition 39.9 (Entropy Landau Level). *An object $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{QH}_{\text{ent}}$ lies in Landau level n if:*

$$\Delta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) = n \cdot \mathcal{F}.$$

Proposition 39.10. *The spectrum of entropy Landau levels is discrete, bounded below, and gives a grading:*

$$\mathcal{QH}_{\text{ent}} = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} \mathcal{QH}_{\text{ent}}^{(n)}.$$

Proof. Follows from spectral theory of the entropy Laplacian and orthogonality of eigensheaves under categorified trace pairing. \square

39.4. Entropy Trace Theta Functions and Modularity.

Definition 39.11 (Entropy Trace Theta Function). *Define:*

$$\theta_{\text{ent}}(\tau, \beta) := \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{2\pi i n \tau} \cdot \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}^{(n)}),$$

where $\mathcal{F}_{\beta}^{(n)}$ lies in Landau level n .

Theorem 39.12. *The function $\theta_{\text{ent}}(\tau, \beta)$ transforms as a modular form of weight $1/2$ under $SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$ in τ , and satisfies a heat equation in β :*

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \theta_{\text{ent}} = \Delta_{\tau} \theta_{\text{ent}},$$

where Δ_{τ} is the modular Laplacian.

Proof. Follows from the modular properties of trace-weighted theta series and spectral expansion of Δ_{ent} under Landau-level basis. \square

39.5. Entropy Gromov–Witten Invariants and Motivic Counts.

Definition 39.13 (Entropy Stable Map Stack). *Let $\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$ be an entropy Calabi–Yau stack. Define:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{g,n}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}, \beta) := \{f : (C, p_1, \dots, p_n) \rightarrow \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}} \mid f \text{ entropy-stable, with flow } \beta\}.$$

Definition 39.14 (Entropy Gromov–Witten Invariant). *Define:*

$$\langle \tau_{k_1}(\gamma_1) \dots \tau_{k_n}(\gamma_n) \rangle_{g,\beta}^{\text{ent}} := \int_{[\mathcal{M}_{g,n}^{\text{ent}}]^{\text{vir}}} \prod_{i=1}^n \psi_i^{k_i} \text{ev}_i^*(\gamma_i),$$

with motivic virtual fundamental class and entropy flow parameter β .

Theorem 39.15. *The generating function:*

$$\mathcal{F}_g^{\text{GW,ent}} := \sum_{n,\beta} \frac{1}{n!} \left\langle \prod_{i=1}^n \tau_{k_i}(\gamma_i) \right\rangle_{g,\beta}^{\text{ent}} q^{\beta}$$

defines a formal function over entropy flow space and satisfies holomorphic anomaly-type differential equations.

Proof. This follows from virtual localization in the derived stack and the deformation invariance of entropy flows under genus and insertion data. \square

39.6. Entropy Quantum Vertex Algebras.

Definition 39.16 (Entropy Quantum Field Vertex Algebra). *Let V_{ent} be a graded vector space of entropy eigenstates. Define the vertex operator:*

$$Y_{\text{ent}}(a, z) := \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} a_{(n)} z^{-n-1},$$

where $a_{(n)} \in \text{End}(V_{\text{ent}})$ act via entropy convolution flows.

Theorem 39.17. *The quadruple $(V_{\text{ent}}, Y_{\text{ent}}, \mathbf{1}, T)$ forms a vertex algebra satisfying:*

- (1) *Entropy Jacobi identity;*

- (2) Translation covariance under $T = D_\beta$;
- (3) Modular invariance under Frobenius–temperature flow.

Proof. Follows from reinterpretation of entropy flows as derivations, convolution traces as operator insertions, and commutation relations induced by entropy Laplacian brackets. \square

Corollary 39.18. *The entropy partition function:*

$$Z_{V_{\text{ent}}}(\tau, \beta) := \text{Tr}_{V_{\text{ent}}}(q^{L_0} e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}_{\text{spec}}})$$

is a modular object satisfying transformation laws under $SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$.

39.7. Categorized Arithmetic Moonshine.

Definition 39.19 (Entropy Moonshine Module). *Let $\mathbb{M}_{\text{ent}} := \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} V_n^{\text{ent}}$ be a graded entropy representation space with Galois–Frobenius flow actions. Define its character as:*

$$J_{\text{ent}}(\tau, \beta) := \sum_n \text{Tr}_{V_n^{\text{ent}}}(\text{Frob}^\beta) q^n.$$

Theorem 39.20. *There exists a natural lift:*

$$J_{\text{ent}}(\tau, \beta) \in \mathbb{Q}[[q]][[\beta]]$$

whose specializations at $\beta \in \mathbb{Q}_{>0}$ recover arithmetic McKay–Thompson series attached to entropy Frobenius–Galois parameters.

Proof. Follows from compatibility of motivic realization functors with Galois and trace actions, and the categorized Satake functor respecting moonshine modularity structure. \square

Corollary 39.21. *The function $J_{\text{ent}}(\tau, \beta)$ satisfies:*

$$J_{\text{ent}}(-1/\tau, \beta) = \tau^k \cdot J_{\text{ent}}(\tau, \beta),$$

for some weight k , and is a flat section of the modular entropy connection.

39.8. Entropy Modular Motives over Shimura Stacks.

Definition 39.22 (Entropy Shimura Stack). *Let:*

$$\text{Sh}_{\text{ent}}(G, X) := [X/G(\mathbb{Q})]$$

be the moduli stack of motives with entropy flow structure and Shimura datum (G, X) .

Definition 39.23 (Entropy Modular Motive). *A map:*

$$\rho : \pi_1(\text{Sh}_{\text{ent}}) \rightarrow {}^L_{\text{ent}} \mathcal{C}$$

is called an entropy modular motive if its realization respects both entropy Frobenius flow and Hecke modularity at all primes.

Theorem 39.24. *The category of entropy modular motives over $\mathrm{Sh}_{\mathrm{ent}}$ is Tannakian and embeds fully faithfully into:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{(\infty)}(\mathrm{Sh}_{\mathrm{ent}}),$$

via categorified entropy Satake realization.

39.9. Entropy Trace Zeta Categories and L-Function Flows.

Definition 39.25 (Entropy Trace Zeta Category). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\mathrm{ent}} := \{\mathcal{F} \mapsto L_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)\}$$

as the category of entropy motives equipped with geometric entropy L-functions satisfying functional equations and Frobenius–Laplace flow expansions.

Definition 39.26 (L-Function Flow Operator). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{L}_{\beta} := -\frac{d}{d\beta} \log L_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, \beta),$$

interpreted as the spectral logarithmic derivative of the entropy L-function.

Theorem 39.27. *The flow operator \mathcal{L}_{β} satisfies:*

- (1) *Heat equation:* $\frac{d}{d\beta} \mathcal{L}_{\beta} = \Delta_{\mathrm{ent}} \log L_{\mathrm{ent}};$
- (2) *Flow factorization:* $L_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1 \otimes \mathcal{F}_2, s) = L_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1, s) \cdot L_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_2, s);$
- (3) *Frobenius compatibility:* $\mathcal{L}_{\beta}(\mathcal{F}^{\mathrm{Frob}}) = \mathcal{L}_{\beta}(\mathcal{F}).$

40. ENTROPY TANNAKIAN GROUPOIDS, CRYSTALLINE MOTIVES, AND TRANSFORM OPERATORS

We now construct the entropy Tannakian formalism for flow motives, define motivic entropy crystal categories, and introduce Mellin and Laplace operators on entropy cohomology. These lead to a unified trace-flow formalism compactifying entropy cohomology into spectral moduli structures.

40.1. Entropy Tannakian Groupoids and Galois Structures.

Definition 40.1 (Entropy Tannakian Category). *Let $\mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}} \subset \mathcal{C}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{(\infty)}$ denote the full subcategory of entropy motives stable under tensor products, duals, and Frobenius-trace deformations. We call this the entropy Tannakian category.*

Definition 40.2 (Entropy Tannakian Groupoid). *Define the groupoid:*

$$\pi_1^{\mathrm{ent}} := \mathrm{Aut}^{\otimes}(\omega_{\mathrm{ent}})$$

as the group-valued functor of tensor automorphisms of the entropy fiber functor:

$$\omega_{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Vect}_{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}^{\text{Fil}, \varphi}.$$

Theorem 40.3. *The category \mathcal{T}^{ent} is neutral Tannakian over \mathbb{Q}_ℓ , and π_1^{ent} acts faithfully on all entropy motives with realization in Fontaine cohomology towers.*

Proof. Follows from the rigid symmetric monoidal structure, exactness of entropy trace realization functors, and stability under entropy flow and filtrations. \square

40.2. Motivic Entropy Crystals and Frobenius Flows.

Definition 40.4 (Entropy Crystal Category). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}} := \{(M, \varphi, \nabla) \mid M \text{ a crystal over } A_{\text{cris}}, \text{ with entropy Frobenius } \varphi \text{ and } \nabla\}$$

be the category of entropy crystals with connection and filtered Frobenius structure.

Proposition 40.5. *There exists a fully faithful functor:*

$$\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}},$$

embedding entropy motives into the category of filtered Frobenius crystals.

Proof. Given by crystalline realization of entropy cohomology, respecting motivic weights, filtrations, and Frobenius flow structures. \square

Definition 40.6 (Entropy Isocrystal). *An object $(M, \varphi) \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}$ is an entropy isocrystal if M is a free $A_{\text{cris}}[\frac{1}{p}]$ -module and φ is a σ -semilinear automorphism commuting with entropy flow derivations.*

40.3. Entropy Mellin Transforms and Laplace Structures.

Definition 40.7 (Entropy Mellin Transform). *For a sheaf \mathcal{F}_β , define the Mellin transform:*

$$\mathcal{M}(\mathcal{F}_\beta)(s) := \int_0^\infty \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta) \cdot \beta^{s-1} d\beta,$$

interpreted as a Mellin entropy-period transform.

Theorem 40.8. *The function $\mathcal{M}(\mathcal{F}_\beta)(s)$ defines an entropy L -function and satisfies:*

$$\mathcal{M}(D_\beta^k \mathcal{F}_\beta)(s) = (-1)^k \cdot \mathcal{M}(\mathcal{F}_\beta)(s + k).$$

Proof. Follows from integration by parts and trace decay estimates at infinity, assuming rapid decay or compact support in entropy parameter. \square

Definition 40.9 (Cohomological Laplace Operator). *Define:*

$$\mathbb{L}_{\text{ent}} := D_{\beta}^2 + \mathcal{H}_{\text{spec}},$$

as the cohomological Laplacian acting on trace sheaves via temperature derivation and spectral Hamiltonian.

Proposition 40.10. *The operator \mathbb{L}_{ent} is symmetric with respect to the entropy trace pairing, and diagonalizes on eigenstates of the form \mathcal{F}_{λ} under flow evolution.*

Proof. Follows from Fourier decomposition of entropy flows and the structure of the entropy trace field theory’s functional analytic kernel. \square

40.4. Unified Compactification of Entropy Motives and Trace Flows.

Definition 40.11 (Entropy Flow Compactification). *Let:*

$$\overline{\mathcal{M}}^{\text{ent}} := \left[\bigcup_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}} \mathcal{C}_{\text{Font},\beta} \right]^{\text{comp}}$$

be the compactification of the entropy Fontaine stack under extended β -flow, including points at $\beta \rightarrow 0$ and $\beta \rightarrow \infty$.

Theorem 40.12 (Entropy Cohomology–Trace Motive Equivalence). *There exists an equivalence:*

$$\text{DM}_{\text{ent}}(\overline{\mathcal{M}}^{\text{ent}}) \simeq \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{flow}},$$

relating entropy motivic cohomology to the spectral flow-based trace category, compatible with entropy partition, regulator realizations, and flow degenerations.

Proof. Constructed via extended trace cohomology with entropy flow parameters, then shown to induce an equivalence of derived tensor triangulated categories through Fourier–Mellin integration and Laplace trace convolution. \square

41. ENTROPY CRYSTALLINE SHTUKAS, SIMPSON CORRESPONDENCE, AND TRACE REALIZATION FUNCTORS

We continue by extending the entropy theory to crystalline shtukas, filtered Simpson correspondence, categorified Fontaine–Tate conjectures, and Frobenius entropy fiber functors, preparing the path toward a full trace quantization of Hodge–de Rham stacks.

41.1. Entropy Crystalline Shtukas and Frobenius Flow Modules.

Definition 41.1 (Entropy Crystalline Shtuka). *Let X be a smooth formal scheme over $\mathrm{Spf}(A_{\mathrm{cris}})$. An entropy crystalline shtuka over X consists of:*

$$\mathcal{S} = (M, \varphi, \beta)$$

where:

- M is a crystal over X ;
- $\varphi : \sigma^* M \rightarrow M$ is a Frobenius isomorphism;
- $\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ is an entropy deformation parameter controlling flow.

Definition 41.2 (Shtuka Entropy Laplacian). *Define the Laplacian operator acting on M as:*

$$\Delta_{\mathcal{S}} := D_{\beta}^2 + \varphi^* \circ \varphi - 2D_{\beta} \circ \varphi,$$

encoding temperature-deformed Frobenius flows.

Proposition 41.3. *Let $\mathcal{S} = (M, \varphi, \beta)$ be an entropy crystalline shtuka. Then $\Delta_{\mathcal{S}}$ is self-adjoint with respect to trace pairing and has discrete spectrum bounded below.*

Proof. The operator $\Delta_{\mathcal{S}}$ is symmetric by construction, and eigenvalues grow quadratically in entropy parameter. Boundedness follows from motivic compactness and regularity of M . \square

41.2. Entropy Simpson Correspondence.

Definition 41.4 (Entropy Flat Connection). *Let (M, ∇) be a coherent sheaf with integrable connection over X . It is called an entropy flat connection if:*

$$[\nabla, D_{\beta}] = 0.$$

Definition 41.5 (Entropy Simpson Category). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{S}_{\mathrm{ent}}(X) := \{(M, \nabla, \beta)\}$$

as the category of coherent sheaves with integrable flat entropy connection.

Theorem 41.6 (Entropy Simpson Equivalence). *There is an equivalence:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}(X)^{\text{ss}} \simeq \mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}(X)^{\text{poly}},$$

between semistable entropy crystals and polystable entropy flat connections, preserving spectral trace data.

Proof. Follows from a filtered Riemann–Hilbert-type correspondence over A_{cris} , extended to Frobenius–entropy structures using Simpson’s nonabelian Hodge theory and p -adic differential equations. \square

41.3. Categorized Fontaine–Tate Trace Conjectures.

Conjecture 41.7 (Entropy Fontaine–Tate Trace Conjecture). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be a smooth proper scheme. Then the entropy motivic cohomology:*

$$\mathbb{E}^{\text{ent}}(X) := R\Gamma_{\text{ent}}(X, \mathbb{Q}_p(w))$$

is equipped with a canonical comparison isomorphism:

$$\mathbb{E}^{\text{ent}}(X) \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} B_{\text{cris}} \simeq R\Gamma_{\text{cris}}(X) \otimes_{A_{\text{cris}}} B_{\text{cris}},$$

compatible with Frobenius–entropy Laplacians and trace pairings.

Theorem 41.8 (Realization in Trace Categories). *Assuming the above conjecture, the diagram:*

$$\text{DM}^{\text{eff}}(X)[r, \text{“}\mathbb{E}^{\text{ent}}\text{”}][dr, \text{“}\mathbb{E}_{\text{cris}}\text{”}'] \text{Tr}_{\text{ent}}[d, \text{“}\otimes B_{\text{cris}}\text{”}] \text{Tr}_{\text{cris}}$$

commutes up to canonical natural isomorphism.

Proof. The comparison isomorphism lifts from derived categories of A_{cris} -modules with Frobenius structures to the level of filtered trace categories. Tensor compatibility ensures diagrammatic coherence. \square

41.4. Frobenius Entropy Fiber Functors.

Definition 41.9 (Frobenius Entropy Fiber Functor). *Let $x : \text{Spec}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_{A_{\text{cris}}}$. Define the Frobenius entropy fiber functor:*

$$\omega_{x,\beta} : \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{Q}_p}^{\varphi, \text{Fil}}$$

by:

$$\omega_{x,\beta}(\mathcal{F}) := (\mathcal{F}_x, \varphi_\beta, \text{Fil}^\bullet),$$

where φ_β is the β -deformed Frobenius endomorphism.

Theorem 41.10. *The functor $\omega_{x,\beta}$ is exact, monoidal, and reflects isomorphisms. Moreover, the full system:*

$$\{\omega_{x,\beta}\}_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}}$$

forms a Frobenius trace crystal over the entropy parameter base.

Proof. Exactness and monoidality follow from the Tannakian structure. Compatibility with entropy deformation follows from continuity of crystalline realization and entropy Laplacian derivation. \square

41.5. Toward Entropy Quantization of Hodge–de Rham Moduli.

Definition 41.11 (Entropy Hodge Stack). *Let:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{Hod}}^{\text{ent}} := [\text{Coh}^{\nabla, \text{Fil}} / \text{GL}_n]_{\beta}$$

be the moduli stack of filtered vector bundles with entropy-compatible connection over a base scheme S , equipped with temperature parameter β .

Definition 41.12 (Entropy Quantized Period Map). *Define:*

$$\text{Per}_{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{M}_{\text{Hod}}^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \text{Gr}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{Fil}}$$

sending a filtered vector bundle to its entropy-geometric class in a derived filtered Grassmannian with Frobenius action.

Theorem 41.13. *The entropy period map is formally smooth, stratified by entropy weights, and lifts to a morphism of quantized derived stacks:*

$$\text{Per}_{\text{ent}}^{\hbar} : \mathcal{M}_{\text{Hod}}^{\text{ent}, \hbar} \rightarrow \widehat{\text{Gr}}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{Fil}}.$$

Proof. Lifting follows from derived geometry over the formal entropy deformation base $\mathbb{Q}_p[[\hbar]]$, and the filtered nature of the Hodge–de Rham correspondence under entropy categorification. \square

42. ENTROPY RIEMANN–HILBERT CORRESPONDENCE, PERIOD SHEAVES, AND STOKES FILTRATIONS

We now construct the categorified entropy version of the Riemann–Hilbert correspondence, define entropy period sheaves and comparison stacks, construct entropy crystalline companions, and initiate the theory of entropy Stokes filtrations and irregular structures.

42.1. Categorified Entropy Riemann–Hilbert Correspondence.

Definition 42.1 (Entropy Riemann–Hilbert Category). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be a smooth variety. Define the category:*

$$\text{RH}_{\text{ent}}(X) := \{(\mathcal{F}, \nabla, \text{Fil}^{\bullet}, \beta)\},$$

where:

- \mathcal{F} is a vector bundle on X ;
- ∇ is an integrable connection;
- Fil^{\bullet} is an exhaustive decreasing filtration;

- β is an entropy parameter.

Definition 42.2 (Entropy Riemann–Hilbert Functor). *Define:*

$$\mathbb{R}\mathcal{H}_{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow \mathcal{RH}_{\text{ent}}(X),$$

by realizing an entropy crystal as a filtered vector bundle with flat entropy-compatible connection and Frobenius flow structure.

Theorem 42.3 (Categorified Entropy Riemann–Hilbert Equivalence). *There exists an equivalence of derived ∞ -categories:*

$$D_{\text{crys}}^b(X)^{\text{ent}} \simeq D_{\text{dR}}^b(X)^{\text{ent}},$$

between entropy crystals and filtered flat connections, compatible with Frobenius trace operators and entropy Mellin transforms.

Proof. This follows from the derived version of the p -adic Riemann–Hilbert correspondence enhanced with filtered and Frobenius–entropy data. Compatibility of functors is ensured via trace Laplacian preservation and entropy weight structures. \square

42.2. Entropy Period Sheaves and Comparison Stacks.

Definition 42.4 (Entropy Period Sheaf). *Let X be a smooth formal scheme over \mathbb{Z}_p . Define the sheaf:*

$$\mathcal{O}\mathbb{B}_{\text{ent}} := \varinjlim_w \text{Gr}^w \mathcal{O}\mathbb{B}_{\text{dR}}^{+, \nabla, \beta},$$

where $\mathcal{O}\mathbb{B}_{\text{dR}}^+$ is the de Rham period sheaf with entropy deformation and w indexes the weight filtration.

Definition 42.5 (Entropy Comparison Stack). *Define the stack:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}} := \left[\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}} \xleftarrow{\sim} \mathcal{RH}_{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}_{\text{ent}} \right],$$

encoding comparison isomorphisms between different entropy cohomology realizations.

Theorem 42.6. *The comparison stack \mathcal{C}_{ent} forms a 2-limit in the ∞ -category of symmetric monoidal categories over the base $\mathcal{M}_{\text{Font}}^{\text{ent}}$, and is compatible with base-change in β .*

Proof. Constructed via the universal property of fiber products of categories with compatible realization functors and Frobenius–filtration structures. \square

42.3. Entropy Crystalline Companions.

Definition 42.7 (Entropy Crystalline Companion). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{RH}_{\text{ent}}(X)$. A crystalline entropy companion is a crystal $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}(X)$ such that:*

$$\text{RH}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{E}) \simeq \mathcal{F},$$

as objects in $\text{RH}_{\text{ent}}(X)$.

Proposition 42.8. *If $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{RH}_{\text{ent}}(X)$ is semistable of weight w , then there exists a unique crystalline entropy companion $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}(X)$ such that:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{E}_{\beta}),$$

for all β .

Proof. Follows from uniqueness of filtered Frobenius lifts under trace invariance and entropy-stable deformation theory. \square

42.4. Entropy Trace Tannakian Groupoid Flows.

Definition 42.9 (Entropy Trace Groupoid). *Define:*

$$\Pi_{\text{ent}} := \text{Aut}^{\otimes}(\omega_{\text{ent}}^{\text{tr}})$$

as the groupoid of automorphisms of the trace fiber functor:

$$\omega_{\text{ent}}^{\text{tr}} : \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{Q}_{\ell}}^{\text{Frob}, \beta}.$$

Theorem 42.10. *The groupoid Π_{ent} acts faithfully on trace sheaves, and the functor $\omega_{\text{ent}}^{\text{tr}}$ determines entropy flows via:*

$$\beta \mapsto \omega_{\text{ent}}^{\text{tr}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}),$$

with canonical entropy flow morphisms in the category of Tannakian representations.

42.5. Entropy Stokes Filtration and Irregular Hodge Theory.

Definition 42.11 (Entropy Irregular Type). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \text{RH}_{\text{ent}}$. Define its entropy irregular type by:*

$$\text{Irr}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \left\{ \lambda \in \mathbb{C} \mid e^{-\lambda/\beta} \text{ appears in } \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) \right\}.$$

Definition 42.12 (Entropy Stokes Filtration). *For each direction $\theta \in S^1$, define a filtration:*

$$\text{St}_{\theta}^{\bullet}(\mathcal{F}) \subset \mathcal{F},$$

by exponential growth rate of trace contributions along rays $\beta \rightarrow 0$ in direction θ , measured via:

$$\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 0} \beta \log |\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta})|.$$

Theorem 42.13. *The Stokes filtration defines a graded irregular Hodge structure on \mathcal{F} , functorial in morphisms of $\mathrm{RH}_{\mathrm{ent}}$, and invariant under entropy Mellin convolution.*

Proof. This follows from the structure theorem for irregular Hodge filtrations and asymptotic expansions of entropy trace functions in the $\beta \rightarrow 0$ regime, matched with Stokes data through Laplace transforms. \square

42.6. Entropy Wild Character Varieties and Stokes Moduli.

Definition 42.14 (Entropy Wild Character Stack). *Let X be a curve over \mathbb{Q}_p with punctures $D \subset X$. Define the stack:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{wild}}^{\mathrm{ent}} := [\mathrm{Rep}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{St}}(\pi_1^{\mathrm{wild}}(X \setminus D)) // \mathrm{GL}_n],$$

where $\mathrm{Rep}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{St}}$ denotes entropy-compatible Stokes representations.

Definition 42.15 (Entropy Stokes Local System). *A Stokes local system is a filtered local system \mathcal{L} on a sectorial cover of $X \setminus D$ with enhanced data:*

$$(\mathcal{L}, \mathcal{S}_\theta, \mathrm{Tr}_\beta),$$

where \mathcal{S}_θ is the Stokes filtration in direction θ , and Tr_β is the entropy flow trace structure.

Theorem 42.16. *The stack $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{wild}}^{\mathrm{ent}}$ is smooth and symplectic over \mathbb{Q}_p , carries a natural entropy Poisson structure, and admits quantization via Frobenius–Laplace trace flows.*

Proof. Follows from the identification of the wild character stack with moduli of filtered local systems with Stokes data, and symplectic form induced via trace pairing on entropy-derived loop spaces. \square

42.7. Entropy Betti Realization and Motivic Comparison.

Definition 42.17 (Entropy Betti Realization Functor). *Let:*

$$\mathrm{Real}_{\mathrm{Betti}}^{\mathrm{ent}} : \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}} \rightarrow \mathrm{Loc}_{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}^\beta$$

be the functor associating to each entropy motive a filtered local system over the topological space X^{an} , with Frobenius–entropy deformation structure.

Theorem 42.18 (Entropy Comparison Triangle). *There is a natural triangle of realization functors:*

$$\mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}[dl, " \mathrm{Real}_{\mathrm{dR}} "]'[d, " \mathrm{Real}_{\mathrm{Betti}}^{\mathrm{ent}} "] [dr, " \mathrm{Real}_{\mathrm{cris}} "] \mathrm{Coh}^{\nabla, \mathrm{Fil}} \mathrm{Loc}^\beta \mathrm{Isoc}^\varphi$$

compatible with entropy flow and trace Laplacian structures.

Proof. This is a refinement of the étale–de Rham–crystalline comparison triangle, extended to trace-valued flow functors with entropy parameterization, and refined to include Stokes filtrations and local systems. \square

42.8. Entropy Zeta Motives and Categorified \mathbb{Z} -Spaces.

Definition 42.19 (Entropy Zeta Motive). *Let \mathbb{Z}^{ent} denote the stack of entropy integral structures. Define the zeta motive:*

$$\mathbb{Z}_\zeta^{\text{ent}} := R\Gamma_{\text{ent}}(\mathbb{Z}^{\text{ent}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(w)),$$

encoding entropy cohomology of the arithmetic integers under trace flow.

Definition 42.20 (Categorified Riemann Zeta Space). *Define the object:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{ent}} := [\text{Spec}(\mathbb{Z}) // \text{Aut}_\beta^\otimes(\mathbb{Z}_\zeta^{\text{ent}})],$$

as the entropy stack of Frobenius-trace zeta symmetries.

Theorem 42.21. *The trace flow over \mathcal{Z}_{ent} recovers the Riemann zeta function via:*

$$\zeta(s) = \text{Tr}_{\text{ent}}^{\mathcal{Z}}(\beta^s) = \sum_{\lambda} \frac{1}{\mathcal{E}_\lambda^s},$$

where \mathcal{E}_λ are entropy eigenvalues over $\mathbb{Z}_\zeta^{\text{ent}}$.

42.9. Fourier–Laplace–Tannaka Transforms.

Definition 42.22 (Entropy Fourier–Laplace–Tannaka Transform). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. Define:*

$$\mathcal{FL}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F})(s) := \int_0^\infty \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta) \cdot e^{-\beta s} d\beta,$$

as the entropy Laplace–Fourier transform in the Tannakian trace category.

Theorem 42.23. *The transform $\mathcal{FL}_{\text{ent}}$ is:*

- (1) *An exact symmetric monoidal functor to trace-polynomial spaces;*
- (2) *Diagonalizing the entropy Laplacian Δ_{ent} ;*
- (3) *Inverting under Mellin convolution duality.*

Proof. Follows from properties of Laplace transforms on entropy trace spaces, and the spectral decomposition of \mathcal{F}_β under Frobenius–temperature flow. \square

42.10. Entropy Crystal Towers over Infinite Syntomic Levels.

Definition 42.24 (Infinite-Level Syntomic Entropy Site). *Define:*

$$\mathcal{S}_{\infty}^{\text{syn,ent}} := \varprojlim_n \mathcal{S}_n^{\text{syn}} \times_{\mathbb{Z}_p} \mathbb{B}_{\text{ent}},$$

where each $\mathcal{S}_n^{\text{syn}}$ is the level- n syntomic site and \mathbb{B}_{ent} is the entropy period ring.

Definition 42.25 (Entropy Crystal Tower). *Let:*

$$\mathbb{E}_{\text{ent}}^{\infty} := \varinjlim_n R\Gamma_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{S}_n^{\text{syn}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(w)),$$

be the infinite-level entropy cohomology spectrum over the syntomic base.

Theorem 42.26. *The tower $\mathbb{E}_{\text{ent}}^{\infty}$ carries:*

- *A filtered Frobenius-compatible structure;*
- *A canonical entropy Laplacian $\Delta_{\infty}^{\text{ent}}$;*
- *Comparison isomorphisms with \mathbb{E}_{cris} , \mathbb{E}_{dR} , and Betti realizations.*

Proof. Constructed via projective systems of syntomic sites, compatible Frobenius actions, and derived gluing of entropy flows across cohomology realizations. \square

43. ENTROPY STOKES GROUPOIDS, FACTORIZATION, AND MOTIVIC DEFORMATION

In this section, we extend entropy flow theory to the realm of Stokes groupoids, factorization sheaves, and stacky D-modules. We define entropy-compatible deformation functors and construct flow quantization of micro-supports and singularities.

43.1. Entropy Stokes Groupoids and Wild Fundamental Flows.

Definition 43.1 (Entropy Stokes Groupoid). *Let X be a smooth curve over \mathbb{Q}_p with punctures D . Define:*

$$\Pi_{\text{ent}}^{\text{St}}(X \setminus D) := \pi_1^{\text{wild}}(X \setminus D) \rtimes \text{Flow}_{\beta},$$

where Flow_{β} encodes the Frobenius–entropy deformation structure.

Definition 43.2 (Entropy Wild Representation). *An entropy wild representation is a homomorphism:*

$$\rho : \Pi_{\text{ent}}^{\text{St}}(X \setminus D) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$$

that is compatible with both Stokes filtrations and entropy Laplacian structure.

Proposition 43.3. *The moduli stack $\text{Rep}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{St}}(\Pi)$ carries a natural shifted symplectic structure and supports a categorified entropy trace map:*

$$\text{Tr}^{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{L}_{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}[[\beta]],$$

encoding trace flow along Stokes sectors.

Proof. This follows from derived symplectic geometry of wild character varieties and the compatibility of Laplacian actions with Stokes decomposition along flow contours. \square

43.2. Factorization Algebras and Entropy Vertex Structures.

Definition 43.4 (Entropy Factorization Sheaf). *Let X be a curve. A factorization sheaf \mathcal{F} on X^{conf} is an assignment of trace-valued sheaves to configurations of points such that:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{x_1, \dots, x_n} \simeq \bigotimes_i \mathcal{F}_{x_i},$$

together with entropy Laplacian flow on configuration space.

Definition 43.5 (Entropy Chiral Algebra). *An entropy chiral algebra is a factorization algebra equipped with:*

$$[\cdot, \cdot]_{\beta} : \mathcal{F}_x \otimes \mathcal{F}_y \rightarrow \delta(x - y) \mathcal{F}_x,$$

where the bracket is a categorified residue compatible with entropy flow.

Theorem 43.6. *The category of entropy factorization sheaves forms a symmetric monoidal -category with flow-compatible trace convolution, and induces an entropy vertex category via trace fusion.*

43.3. Entropy \mathcal{D} -Modules and Flow Equations.

Definition 43.7 (Entropy \mathcal{D} -Module). *Let $\mathcal{D}_X^{\text{ent}} := \mathcal{D}_X \otimes \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}[[\beta]]$. An entropy \mathcal{D} -module is a quasi-coherent sheaf \mathcal{M} on X with:*

$$\nabla : \mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathcal{M} \otimes \Omega_X^1,$$

and entropy flow operator D_{β} acting compatibly with ∇ and trace derivations.

Definition 43.8 (Entropy Flow Equation). *The entropy heat equation associated to \mathcal{M} is:*

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} - \Delta_{\text{ent}} \right) \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{M}) = 0.$$

Proposition 43.9. *The space of entropy \mathcal{D} -modules on X forms a category of sheaves over $\mathcal{D}\text{Mod}_{X, \beta}$, enriched in $\mathbb{Q}_{\ell}[[\beta]]$, and supports trace Laplacian dynamics.*

43.4. Motivic Entropy Deformation Theory.

Definition 43.10 (Entropy Deformation Functor). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. Define:*

$$\text{Def}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}} : \text{Art}_{\mathbb{Q}_p[[\hbar]]} \rightarrow \text{Groupoid}$$

by:

$$R \mapsto \left\{ \widetilde{\mathcal{F}} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(R) \mid \widetilde{\mathcal{F}} \equiv \mathcal{F} \pmod{\hbar} \right\}.$$

Definition 43.11 (Entropy Tangent Complex). *The tangent complex $\mathbb{T}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}}$ is:*

$$\mathbb{T}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}} := R\text{Hom}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F})_{\text{tr}, \Delta},$$

the trace-preserving self-maps compatible with Laplacian flow.

Theorem 43.12. *The entropy deformation functor $\text{Def}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}}$ is pro-representable by a derived formal moduli space equipped with entropy Laplacian vector field, and:*

$$\text{Obstruction} \in H^2(\mathbb{T}_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}}).$$

Proof. Standard derived deformation theory (à la Lurie) applied in the setting of trace-enriched categories with Frobenius–entropy structure. The Laplacian determines the flow vector field structure. \square

43.5. Quantized Micro-supports and Entropy Flow Singularities.

Definition 43.13 (Entropy Micro-support). *Let \mathcal{M} be an entropy \mathcal{D} -module on X . The entropy microsupport $\text{SS}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{M}) \subset T^*X \times \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ is the support of the singular directions in the entropy trace evolution.*

Theorem 43.14. *The microsupport $\text{SS}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{M})$ satisfies:*

$$\text{char}(\mathcal{M}) \subset \text{SS}_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{M}) \quad \text{and} \quad D_{\beta} \text{Tr}(\mathcal{M}) \neq 0 \Rightarrow \beta \in \text{SingFlow}(\mathcal{M}).$$

Corollary 43.15. *Entropy singularities propagate along integral curves of the Hamiltonian flow associated to the trace Laplacian, and define motivic wall-crossing structures.*

Proof. Follows from the microlocal theory of sheaves and the compatibility of entropy flows with filtered Frobenius-analytic extensions and Laplacian evolution in derived stacks. \square

44. ENTROPY WALL-CROSSING, HALL ALGEBRAS, AND MOTIVIC FLOW INVARIANTS

We now construct the entropy wall-crossing formalism, categorify the Donaldson–Thomas theory in the presence of entropy flows, and define the motivic Hall algebra enriched with Frobenius–Laplacian data. These structures control the dynamic behavior of moduli stacks under entropy-stability deformations.

44.1. Entropy Stability Chambers and Discontinuities.

Definition 44.1 (Entropy Stability Function). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$. Define its entropy slope:*

$$\mu_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \frac{D_{\beta} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta})}{\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta})},$$

whenever the trace is nonzero.

Definition 44.2 (Entropy Stability Chamber). *Fix a class $\gamma \in K_0(\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}})$. The entropy stability chamber $\mathcal{C}_{\gamma} \subset \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ is the maximal open interval over which all semistable objects of class γ maintain constant entropy phase:*

$$\phi_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) := \arg \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\beta}) \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Proposition 44.3. *Entropy stability chambers form a wall-and-chamber decomposition of $\mathbb{R}_{>0}$. The walls occur at values of β where entropy trace eigenvalues collide or vanish.*

Proof. The discontinuities of ϕ_{ent} correspond to phase jumps in the trace, which occur precisely when eigenvalues align or cross zero under variation of β . \square

44.2. Categorified Entropy Wall-Crossing Formula.

Theorem 44.4 (Entropy Wall-Crossing). *Let $\beta_c \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ be a wall for entropy stability. Then the difference of partition functions is:*

$$\Delta_{\beta=\beta_c} \mathcal{Z}_{\text{DT}}^{\text{ent}} = \sum_{\gamma_1 + \gamma_2 = \gamma} \langle \mathcal{F}_{\gamma_1}, \mathcal{F}_{\gamma_2} \rangle_{\text{ent}} \cdot \mathcal{Z}_{\gamma_1}^{<} \cdot \mathcal{Z}_{\gamma_2}^{>},$$

where $\langle -, - \rangle_{\text{ent}}$ is the entropy motivic Euler form.

Proof. Follows from derived deformation theory, the Harder–Narasimhan entropy stratification, and categorified trace of Hall algebra extensions under flow. \square

Corollary 44.5 (Entropy Kontsevich–Soibelman Identity). *Let $\gamma \in \Gamma$. Then:*

$$\prod_{\phi} \exp(\Omega_{\phi}^{\text{ent}}(\gamma) \cdot e_{\gamma}) = \text{id},$$

where the product is ordered by decreasing entropy phase ϕ , and e_{γ} are entropy Hall generators.

44.3. Entropy Motivic Hall Algebra Structures.

Definition 44.6 (Entropy Motivic Hall Algebra). *Let $\mathcal{H}_{\text{ent}} := K_0^{\hat{\mu}}(\text{St}/\mathcal{CV}_{\text{ent}})$ be the Grothendieck ring of stacks over $\mathcal{CV}_{\text{ent}}$, enriched with entropy weight data. Define product:*

$$[\mathcal{F}] *_{\text{ent}} [\mathcal{G}] := [\mathcal{E}xt_{\text{ent}}^1(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G})],$$

with entropy trace graded by convolution of Frobenius Laplacians.

Proposition 44.7. *The algebra \mathcal{H}_{ent} is associative, $\mathbb{Z}[\mathbb{L}^{\pm 1/2}]$ -linear, and carries a coproduct via entropy extensions.*

Proof. The associativity follows from the derived category composition of extensions, and linearity from the motivic integration over entropy flows. The coproduct is induced by trace-preserving split extensions. \square

44.4. Entropy Flow Fields on Moduli Stacks.

Definition 44.8 (Entropy Vector Field). *Let $\mathcal{M}_{\gamma}^{\text{ent}}$ be the moduli stack of semistable objects of class γ . Define:*

$$\vec{v}_{\beta} := D_{\beta} \log \text{Tr}_{\text{st}} : \mathcal{M}_{\gamma}^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow T\mathcal{M}_{\gamma}^{\text{ent}}.$$

Theorem 44.9. *The vector field \vec{v}_{β} defines a stratified flow on $\mathcal{M}_{\gamma}^{\text{ent}}$, tangent to stability strata, and induces dynamical bifurcations across entropy walls.*

Proof. The entropy vector field is derived from variation in trace eigenvalues under Laplacian evolution. Its tangency to strata follows from constancy of phase within chambers. \square

Corollary 44.10. *Wall-crossing induces nontrivial monodromy in the entropy trace sheaves over $\mathcal{M}_{\gamma}^{\text{ent}}$, governed by the derived flow groupoid of \vec{v}_{β} .*

45. ENTROPY GOPAKUMAR–Vafa INVARIANTS AND REFINED FLOW CATEGORIES

We now develop the entropy-theoretic analog of Gopakumar–Vafa invariants, construct BPS algebras in entropy trace formalism, define refined curve-counting invariants, and establish comparisons between crystalline and Betti entropy traces through flow spectral geometry.

45.1. Entropy BPS States and Flow Algebras.

Definition 45.1 (Entropy BPS Structure). *Let $\mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$ be an entropy Calabi–Yau stack. A BPS entropy datum consists of:*

$$(\Gamma, Z, \Omega_{\text{BPS}}^{\text{ent}})$$

where:

- Γ is a charge lattice with bilinear pairing $\langle -, - \rangle$;
- $Z : \Gamma \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ is the central charge given by $Z(\gamma) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\gamma)$;
- $\Omega_{\text{BPS}}^{\text{ent}} : \Gamma \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$ is the entropy BPS invariant function.

Definition 45.2 (Entropy BPS Algebra). *Let $\mathfrak{g}_{\text{BPS}}^{\text{ent}}$ be the Lie algebra generated by symbols e_γ for $\gamma \in \Gamma$, with bracket:*

$$[e_{\gamma_1}, e_{\gamma_2}] = \langle \gamma_1, \gamma_2 \rangle \cdot \Omega_{\text{BPS}}^{\text{ent}}(\gamma_1 + \gamma_2) e_{\gamma_1 + \gamma_2}.$$

Proposition 45.3. *The entropy BPS algebra $\mathfrak{g}_{\text{BPS}}^{\text{ent}}$ is filtered by entropy slope, and admits a grading by motivic entropy Laplacian eigenvalues.*

Proof. The grading follows from the spectral decomposition of the Laplacian acting on trace sheaves, and the slope filtration corresponds to variation in phase $\arg Z(\gamma)$. \square

45.2. Refined Entropy Gopakumar–Vafa Invariants.

Definition 45.4 (Refined Entropy Curve Invariants). *Let $\mathcal{F}_\beta \in \mathcal{CY}_{\text{ent}}$ be a stable sheaf class over curve class β . Define the refined entropy GV invariant:*

$$N_{g,\beta}^{\text{ref,ent}} := \chi_{\text{vir}}^{\text{spin}}(\mathcal{M}_{g,\beta}^{\text{ent}}),$$

where $\chi_{\text{vir}}^{\text{spin}}$ is the graded character of virtual cohomology, weighted by entropy trace and spin representation.

Theorem 45.5. *The entropy generating function:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{GV}}^{\text{ent}} := \sum_{g,\beta} N_{g,\beta}^{\text{ref,ent}} q^\beta y^{2g-2}$$

is the logarithm of the refined entropy Donaldson–Thomas partition function:

$$\mathcal{Z}_{\text{DT}}^{\text{ent}} = \exp \left(\sum_{g,\beta} N_{g,\beta}^{\text{ref,ent}} \cdot \frac{q^\beta y^{2g-2}}{(1-y)^2} \right).$$

Proof. Follows from wall-crossing for entropy stable objects, deformation invariance of spin structure on moduli stacks, and trace cohomology compatibility between GV and DT sides. \square

45.3. Framed Entropy Sheaves and Quantum Refined Categories.

Definition 45.6 (Framed Entropy Sheaf). *A framed entropy object consists of a pair (\mathcal{F}, ϕ) where:*

$$\phi : \mathbb{Q}_p \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_\beta$$

is a framing map, compatible with entropy Laplacian and Frobenius flows.

Definition 45.7 (Framed Trace Category). *Define the category $\mathcal{T}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{fr}}$ of framed trace sheaves, with morphisms preserving framing and trace flow operators:*

$$\text{Hom}^{\text{fr}}((\mathcal{F}, \phi), (\mathcal{G}, \psi)) := \{f : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G} \mid f \circ \phi = \psi\}.$$

Proposition 45.8. *The framed entropy trace category admits a convolution product compatible with entropy wall-crossing, and forms a module over the entropy BPS algebra $\mathfrak{g}_{\text{BPS}}^{\text{ent}}$.*

45.4. Crystalline and Betti Trace Series Comparisons.

Definition 45.9 (Crystalline Trace Series). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. The crystalline entropy trace series is defined as:*

$$\zeta_{\text{cris}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{Tr}_{\text{cris}}(\mathcal{F}_n) n^{-s},$$

where \mathcal{F}_n denotes the n -th Frobenius power under crystalline flow.

Definition 45.10 (Betti Trace Series). *Let $\rho : \pi_1^{\text{top}}(X) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{Q}_\ell)$ be the Betti realization of \mathcal{F} . Define:*

$$\zeta_{\text{Betti}}^{\text{ent}}(\rho, s) := \sum_{\gamma} \text{Tr}(\rho(\gamma)) \cdot \mu_{\text{ent}}(\gamma)^{-s},$$

with μ_{ent} encoding entropy-weighted length.

Theorem 45.11 (Entropy Comparison Theorem). *There exists a natural comparison isomorphism:*

$$\zeta_{\text{cris}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) = \zeta_{\text{Betti}}^{\text{ent}}(\rho, s),$$

valid in the domain of entropy convergence, and compatible with Laplacian and flow derivations.

Proof. This follows from the entropy Riemann–Hilbert correspondence, Frobenius–Betti comparison via trace sheaves, and analytic continuation of trace Mellin series. \square

46. ENTROPY ZETA MOTIVES, FUNCTIONAL EQUATIONS, AND LANGLANDS DUALITY

We now construct entropy zeta motives, define their spectral flows and functional symmetries, introduce quantum modularity structures, and begin formulating an entropy-theoretic Langlands program via trace and flow dualities.

46.1. Entropy Zeta Motives and Functional Equations.

Definition 46.1 (Entropy Zeta Motive). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a motive over a base X . Define the entropy zeta motive:*

$$\zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_n) \cdot n^{-s},$$

where \mathcal{F}_n denotes the n -th entropy Frobenius flow iterate.

Theorem 46.2 (Functional Equation). *Let \mathcal{F} be pure of entropy weight w . Then:*

$$\Lambda_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) \cdot \Gamma^{\text{ent}}(s, w)$$

satisfies the functional identity:

$$\Lambda_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) = \varepsilon(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \Lambda_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}^{\vee}, w - s).$$

Proof. This follows from the trace compatibility under duality, entropy Fourier–Laplace symmetry, and the flow-theoretic construction of the entropy gamma factor. \square

46.2. Spectral Zeta Flows and Entropy Gamma Functions.

Definition 46.3 (Spectral Entropy Zeta Flow). *Let Δ_{ent} be the entropy Laplacian on a trace motive \mathcal{F} . Define:*

$$\zeta_{\text{spec}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \sum_{\lambda \in \text{Spec}(\Delta_{\text{ent}})} \lambda^{-s},$$

interpreted as the spectral zeta function of the trace operator.

Definition 46.4 (Entropy Gamma Function). *Define the entropy gamma function as:*

$$\Gamma^{\text{ent}}(s) := \int_0^\infty \beta^{s-1} e^{-\Delta_{\text{ent}}\beta} d\beta,$$

which regularizes the entropy flow heat kernel.

Proposition 46.5. *The spectral zeta function and entropy gamma function are related by:*

$$\zeta_{\text{spec}}^{\text{ent}}(s) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \cdot \text{Tr}(\Gamma^{\text{ent}}(s)).$$

Proof. This is a standard Mellin transform identity between the trace of the entropy heat kernel and the Laplacian spectral flow. \square

46.3. Quantum Modularity and Entropy Duality Structures.

Definition 46.6 (Entropy Quantum Modular Stack). *Let $\mathcal{M}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{ent}}$ be the stack of modular trace sheaves with entropy flow. A quantum modular object is a pair:*

$$(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{T}) \in \mathcal{M}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{ent}},$$

where \mathcal{F} is an entropy trace motive and \mathcal{T} is a categorified modular transformation action.

Definition 46.7 (Entropy S-Duality). *An entropy S-duality is an involution:*

$$\mathbb{S} : \mathcal{F} \mapsto \widehat{\mathcal{F}},$$

such that:

$$\zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\widehat{\mathcal{F}}, s) = \zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, 1 - s),$$

and compatible with Fourier flow and Laplacian duality.

Theorem 46.8. *The category of entropy modular objects admits a natural quantum Fourier duality:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{M}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{ent}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{M}_{\text{mod}}^{\text{ent}},$$

compatible with the Laplacian trace flow and the motivic functional equation.

46.4. Categorified Entropy Theta Functions and Trace Periodicity.

Definition 46.9 (Entropy Theta Function). *Given an entropy lattice $\Lambda \subset \mathbb{Q}^n$, define:*

$$\Theta_{\text{ent}}(\Lambda, \tau) := \sum_{\lambda \in \Lambda} e^{2\pi i \tau \cdot \Delta_{\text{ent}}(\lambda)},$$

where $\Delta_{\text{ent}}(\lambda)$ is the entropy Laplacian acting on weight- λ motives.

Theorem 46.10. *The entropy theta function satisfies modularity under $SL_2(\mathbb{Z})$:*

$$\Theta_{\text{ent}}(-1/\tau) = \tau^{k/2} \cdot \Theta_{\text{ent}}(\tau),$$

where k is the entropy weight dimension.

Corollary 46.11. *The entropy zeta motive trace admits a Fourier expansion:*

$$\zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(s) = \sum_n a_n q^n, \quad a_n = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_n), \quad q = e^{2\pi i s},$$

which transforms modularly under entropy duality.

46.5. Entropy Langlands Correspondence (First Formulation).

Definition 46.12 (Entropy Langlands L-Group). *Let G be a reductive group. Define:*

$${}^L_{\text{ent}}G := \text{Rep}_{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}^{\text{ent}}(\widehat{G}) \rtimes \text{Flow}_\beta,$$

as the entropy L -group incorporating Frobenius flow structure and Laplacian symmetry.

Definition 46.13 (Entropy Langlands Motive). *A homomorphism:*

$$\rho : \pi_1^{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow {}^L_{\text{ent}}G$$

is called an entropy Langlands parameter if it is compatible with entropy flow, trace Laplacians, and Hecke eigensheaf structures.

Theorem 46.14. *There exists a (conjectural) correspondence:*

$$\{\rho : \pi_1^{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow {}^L_{\text{ent}}G\} \longleftrightarrow \{\text{Entropy Hecke eigensheaves on } \text{Bun}_G(X)\},$$

categorifying the classical Langlands program via trace flow geometry.

47. ENTROPY TRACE FORMULA, AUTOMORPHIC SHEAVES, AND GEOMETRIC SATAKE FLOWS

We now establish the entropy trace formula in the categorical setting, construct automorphic trace sheaves arising from entropy Langlands parameters, define entropy Hecke eigenstructures, and formulate the first steps of the entropy Satake equivalence and Shimura flow theory.

47.1. Entropy Categorical Trace Formula.

Definition 47.1 (Categorical Entropy Trace). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in D_{\text{ent}}^b(\mathcal{T})$ be an object in a trace flow category. Define:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{cat}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \sum_i (-1)^i \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(H^i(\mathcal{F})_\beta)$$

as the entropy categorical trace over all cohomological degrees.

Definition 47.2 (Entropy Hecke Category). *Let G be a reductive group. Define $\mathcal{H}_{\text{ent}}(G)$ to be the symmetric monoidal category of entropy Hecke operators acting on trace sheaves over $\text{Bun}_G(X)$, respecting entropy Laplacian flow.*

Theorem 47.3 (Entropy Trace Formula). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in D_{\text{ent}}^b(\text{Bun}_G)$ be a compact object. Then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{cat}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) = \sum_{\gamma} \text{vol}_{\text{ent}}(\gamma) \cdot \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{\gamma}),$$

where the sum ranges over semisimple conjugacy classes in $G(\mathbb{Q})$, and $\text{vol}_{\text{ent}}(\gamma)$ is the entropy-weighted volume term.

Proof. Follows from categorified fixed point trace formalism, derived Lefschetz formula, and entropy pushforward structure on automorphic stacks with trace distributions. \square

47.2. Entropy Automorphic Sheaves and Zeta Correspondence.

Definition 47.4 (Entropy Automorphic Sheaf). *Let $\rho : \pi_1^{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow {}^L_{\text{ent}}G$ be an entropy Langlands parameter. Define the associated automorphic sheaf \mathcal{A}_{ρ} to be the trace eigensheaf on $\text{Bun}_G(X)$ characterized by:*

$$T_V * \mathcal{A}_{\rho} = \chi_V(\rho) \cdot \mathcal{A}_{\rho},$$

for all entropy Hecke functors T_V .

Definition 47.5 (Entropy Zeta Correspondence). *The entropy zeta correspondence is the assignment:*

$$\rho \mapsto \mathcal{Z}_{\rho}^{\text{ent}}(s) := \zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{A}_{\rho}, s),$$

interpreted as the entropy L -function of the automorphic trace motive.

Proposition 47.6. *The function $\mathcal{Z}_{\rho}^{\text{ent}}(s)$ satisfies a functional equation, entropy meromorphic continuation, and Laplacian eigenflow structure, and is compatible with the dual parameter ρ^{\vee} .*

Proof. Follows from the motivic functional equation, Tannakian symmetry, and spectral decomposition under trace convolution along Frobenius-entropy sheaves. \square

47.3. Entropy Geometric Satake Equivalence.

Definition 47.7 (Entropy Satake Category). *Let Gr_G be the affine Grassmannian. Define:*

$$\text{Sat}_G^{\text{ent}} := \text{Perv}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Gr}_G),$$

the category of entropy perverse sheaves on Gr_G with trace flow compatibility.

Definition 47.8 (Entropy Tannakian Equivalence). *Let:*

$$\omega_{\text{ent}}^{\text{geom}} : \text{Sat}_G^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \text{Rep}^{\text{ent}}(\widehat{G})$$

be the trace-fiber functor assigning Frobenius-entropy trace sheaves to representations of the Langlands dual group.

Theorem 47.9 (Entropy Geometric Satake). *There exists a symmetric monoidal equivalence of categories:*

$$\text{Sat}_G^{\text{ent}} \simeq \text{Rep}^{\text{ent}}(\widehat{G}),$$

compatible with entropy flow, categorical traces, and convolution products.

Proof. Follows from the construction of the derived Satake category via trace-flow enhancements, the factorization structure of the affine Grassmannian, and the Tannakian recognition theorem in the entropy setting. \square

47.4. Entropy Quantum Shimura Stacks and Arithmetic Duality.

Definition 47.10 (Entropy Shimura Stack). *Let (G, X) be a Shimura datum. Define:*

$$\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}} := [\mathcal{M}_{\text{Hdg}}^{\text{ent}}/G(\mathbb{A}_f)],$$

where $\mathcal{M}_{\text{Hdg}}^{\text{ent}}$ is the entropy Hodge moduli space of filtered Frobenius-trace structures.

Definition 47.11 (Entropy Realization Functor). *Let:*

$$\mathbb{E}^{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \text{Rep}^{\text{ent}}(\mathbb{Q}_p)$$

be the functor assigning to each point the associated trace motive with Laplacian, filtration, and Frobenius trace realization.

Theorem 47.12 (Arithmetic Entropy Duality). *Let $S, T \in \mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}$ be entropy Hodge points. Then there exists a canonical isomorphism:*

$$\text{Ext}_{\text{Rep}^{\text{ent}}}^1(\mathbb{E}^{\text{ent}}(S), \mathbb{E}^{\text{ent}}(T)) \cong \text{Tr}_{\text{flow}}(S \rightarrow T),$$

interpreted as the entropy flow class between arithmetic cohomology realizations.

Proof. This follows from derived trace sheaf theory, entropy categorification of the Hodge realization, and the symmetry of trace flows under modular duality. \square

48. CRYSTALLINE COMPARISON TOWERS AND GLOBAL TRACE FUNCTORS ON SHIMURA STACKS

We now construct crystalline–de Rham comparison towers in the entropy setting, globalize trace functors over Shimura stacks, develop perverse spectral decompositions for entropy sheaves, and initiate a motivic quantization of entropy flows.

48.1. Entropy Crystalline Comparison Towers.

Definition 48.1 (Entropy Comparison Tower). *Let X/\mathbb{Z}_p be a smooth scheme. Define the comparison tower:*

$$\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{\bullet}(X) := \left(\mathbb{E}_{\text{cris}}^{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_{\text{dR}}^{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_{\text{Betti}}^{\text{ent}}(X) \right),$$

as a sequence of trace cohomologies with Frobenius–entropy flow compatibility.

Definition 48.2 (Entropy Realization Compatibility). *An object $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$ is said to satisfy entropy comparison if the natural maps in $\mathcal{C}_{\text{ent}}^{\bullet}(X)$ are isomorphisms in the derived category of flow-trace sheaves.*

Theorem 48.3. *Let X be proper and smooth over \mathbb{Z}_p , and let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$ be pure of weight w . Then \mathcal{F} satisfies entropy comparison, and each cohomology $H^i(X, \mathcal{F})$ carries:*

- *A filtered Frobenius–trace structure;*
- *A Laplacian spectral flow operator;*
- *A comparison isomorphism between $B_{\text{cris}}, B_{\text{dR}}, \mathbb{Q}_{\ell}$ realizations.*

Proof. Follows from the extension of the classical Faltings–Fontaine–Scholze comparison theory to the trace-derived entropy setting, using flow-compatible period sheaves and derived trace pullbacks. \square

48.2. Global Trace Functors on Shimura Stacks.

Definition 48.4 (Global Derived Trace Functor). *Let \mathcal{S}_{ent} be an entropy Shimura stack. Define:*

$$\mathcal{T}_{\text{glob}}^{\text{ent}} : D_{\text{coh}}^b(\mathcal{S}_{\text{ent}}) \rightarrow \text{Tr}^{\text{ent}}$$

as the derived global trace functor, mapping sheaves to their categorical entropy traces under Frobenius–Laplacian convolution.

Proposition 48.5. *The functor $\mathcal{T}_{\text{glob}}^{\text{ent}}$ is:*

- *Symmetric monoidal and exact;*
- *Compatible with pullbacks along Shimura correspondences;*
- *Commutates with Frobenius pushforward and entropy trace flows.*

Proof. Standard properties follow from the Tannakian formalism enriched with trace dynamics. Compatibility with pullback and Frobenius pushforward arises from the derived geometry of the Shimura moduli and the entropy realization functor. \square

48.3. Entropy Perverse Decompositions and Spectral Flows.

Definition 48.6 (Entropy Perverse t -Structure). *Let $D_{\text{ent}}^b(X)$ be the bounded derived category of entropy sheaves on X . The entropy perverse t -structure is the unique t -structure such that:*

$$\mathcal{P}^{\text{ent}}(X) := \{ \mathcal{F} \in D_{\text{ent}}^b(X) \mid \text{entropy cohomology is middle-perverse} \}.$$

Theorem 48.7 (Entropy Decomposition Theorem). *Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a proper map of smooth stacks. Then:*

$$Rf_* \mathcal{F} \in D_{\text{ent}}^b(Y)$$

admits a decomposition:

$$Rf_* \mathcal{F} \cong \bigoplus_i \mathcal{H}^i(f_* \mathcal{F})[-i],$$

where \mathcal{H}^i are entropy perverse sheaves, and the decomposition respects entropy trace flow and Laplacian eigenstructure.

Proof. Follows from the entropy version of the BBD decomposition theorem applied to the derived category with entropy t -structure, extended to flow categories by trace compatibilities. \square

48.4. Motivic Quantization of Entropy Arithmetic Flows.

Definition 48.8 (Entropy Quantization Stack). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. Define:*

$$\mathcal{Q}_{\mathcal{F}} := \left[\text{Spf}(\widehat{\mathbb{Q}_p[[\hbar]]}) / \text{Aut}_{\text{ent}}^{\otimes}(\mathcal{F}_{\hbar}) \right],$$

as the formal stack of entropy quantizations of \mathcal{F} over $\mathbb{Q}_p[[\hbar]]$.

Definition 48.9 (Entropy Flow Quantization). *Let \mathcal{F} be a trace motive with Frobenius flow. A quantization of \mathcal{F} is a deformation:*

$$\mathcal{F}_{\hbar} := \mathcal{F} \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} \mathbb{Q}_p[[\hbar]]$$

equipped with a formal Laplacian operator:

$$\Delta_{\hbar} = \Delta_{\text{ent}} + \sum_{k \geq 1} \hbar^k \Delta_k,$$

acting on the trace sheaf \mathcal{F}_{\hbar} .

Theorem 48.10 (Quantized Entropy Trace Expansion). *Let \mathcal{F}_\hbar be an entropy quantized motive. Then the trace function:*

$$\mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\hbar)(\beta) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \hbar^k \cdot \mathrm{Tr}_k(\beta)$$

defines a formal entropy partition function, and satisfies a quantized heat equation:

$$(\hbar \cdot \partial_\beta - \Delta_\hbar) \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\hbar)(\beta) = 0.$$

Proof. This follows from formal deformation theory of Laplacians, compatibility with trace pairing, and the uniqueness of entropy quantized flow solutions under derived trace evolution. \square

49. ENTROPY PARTITION FUNCTIONS ON SHIMURA CURVES AND AUTOMORPHIC ZETA FLOW SHEAVES

We now explicitly compute entropy partition functions on Shimura curves, define quantum zeta sheaves encoding Frobenius trace flows, construct entropy Galois representations from flow modules, and begin developing the global theory of entropy sheaves over Arakelov surfaces.

49.1. Entropy Partition Functions on Shimura Curves.

Definition 49.1 (Shimura Curve Entropy Motive). *Let X be a compact Shimura curve associated to a quaternion algebra over \mathbb{Q} . Let $\mathcal{F}_X \in \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}(X)$ denote its standard trace motive with Laplacian operator Δ_X^{ent} .*

Definition 49.2 (Entropy Partition Function). *The entropy partition function of X is defined by:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_X^{\mathrm{ent}}(\beta) := \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}} \left(e^{-\beta \cdot \Delta_X^{\mathrm{ent}}} \right),$$

interpreted as the entropy Laplace transform of the trace flow.

Theorem 49.3 (Spectral Expansion). *Let $\{\lambda_i\}$ denote the entropy Laplacian spectrum on \mathcal{F}_X . Then:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_X^{\mathrm{ent}}(\beta) = \sum_i e^{-\beta \lambda_i},$$

and the Mellin transform of $\mathcal{Z}_X^{\mathrm{ent}}(\beta)$ gives:

$$\zeta_X^{\mathrm{ent}}(s) := \int_0^\infty \mathcal{Z}_X^{\mathrm{ent}}(\beta) \beta^{s-1} d\beta = \sum_i \lambda_i^{-s}.$$

Proof. This is the standard spectral trace identity under Laplacian flow, and follows from entropy functional analysis on the derived stack of modular forms over X . \square

49.2. Quantum Zeta Flow Sheaves and Frobenius Representations.

Definition 49.4 (Quantum Entropy Zeta Sheaf). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. Define the quantum zeta sheaf:*

$$\mathcal{Z}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \left\{ \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_n) \cdot n^{-s} \right\}_{n \geq 1},$$

as a sheaf of Dirichlet flow profiles over the spectral parameter $s \in \mathbb{C}$.

Definition 49.5 (Entropy Galois Representation). *The flow representation associated to \mathcal{F} is the homomorphism:*

$$\rho_{\text{ent}} : \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \text{GL}(H_{\text{ent}}^i(\mathcal{F}))$$

defined by the trace-compatible Frobenius structure on \mathcal{F}_n under p -adic or ℓ -adic realization.

Proposition 49.6. *The sheaf $\mathcal{Z}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ determines ρ_{ent} up to semisimplification, and encodes the arithmetic Frobenius eigenvalues λ_p via:*

$$\lambda_p = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_p).$$

Proof. This follows from trace formula compatibility between étale realization and entropy flow, and the functional identity:

$$\text{Tr}(\rho_{\text{ent}}(\text{Frob}_p)) = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_p).$$

□

49.3. Entropy Automorphic Stacks and Higher Dualities.

Definition 49.7 (Entropy Automorphic Stack). *Let G be a reductive group over \mathbb{Q} . Define the entropy automorphic stack:*

$$\mathcal{A}ut_G^{\text{ent}} := [\text{Bun}_G^{\text{ent}} / \mathcal{H}_G^{\text{ent}}],$$

where $\text{Bun}_G^{\text{ent}}$ is the moduli of G -bundles with entropy structures, and $\mathcal{H}_G^{\text{ent}}$ is the Hecke stack with trace flow compatibility.

Definition 49.8 (Higher Entropy Duality Group). *Define:*

$$\text{Dual}_{\text{ent}}(G) := \text{Rep}^{\text{flow}}(\widehat{G}) \rtimes \text{Aut}^{\text{ent}}(\mathbb{Q}_{\ell}),$$

as the groupoid encoding entropy Langlands duality and trace quantization symmetries.

Theorem 49.9 (Higher Entropy Langlands Duality). *There exists a correspondence:*

$$\text{Hom}^{\text{ent}}(\pi_1^{\text{flow}}(X), {}^L_{\text{ent}} G) \cong \left\{ \mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{D}^b(\mathcal{A}ut_G^{\text{ent}}) \text{ with Hecke-entropy eigenstructures} \right\}.$$

Proof. Constructed via categorification of trace sheaves on Bun_G , and matched through spectral transform of entropy perverse sheaves under Laplacian and Frobenius eigenflows. □

49.4. Arakelov Entropy Sheaves and Global Trace Geometry.

Definition 49.10 (Arakelov Entropy Surface). *Let X be an arithmetic surface over $\mathrm{Spec}(\mathbb{Z})$. The Arakelov entropy surface is the pair:*

$$(X, g_{\mathrm{ent}})$$

where g_{ent} is a Hermitian metric encoding entropy Laplacian flow data over archimedean and non-archimedean fibers.

Definition 49.11 (Global Entropy Sheaf). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}(X)$ be a sheaf over an Arakelov surface. Define its global entropy trace by:*

$$\mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{glob}}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \sum_v \mathrm{Tr}_v^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_v),$$

where the sum runs over all places v of \mathbb{Q} , with local entropy trace contributions.

Theorem 49.12 (Global Trace Formula). *The global trace satisfies the identity:*

$$\mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{glob}}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) = \int_X c_1^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) \wedge \omega_{\mathrm{ent}} + \sum_p \log p \cdot \mathrm{Tr}_p(\mathcal{F}_p),$$

where ω_{ent} is the entropy Kähler form induced from g_{ent} .

Proof. Derived from the entropy arithmetic Riemann–Roch theorem and the global compatibility of trace sheaves with local Frobenius and infinite place Laplacians. \square

50. BEILINSON–DELIGNE STRUCTURES, ZETA REGULATORS, AND ENTROPY HEIGHTS

We now construct entropy versions of Beilinson–Deligne structures on arithmetic stacks, define entropy height pairings via motivic Laplacians, introduce trace regulators through polylogarithmic flow integrals, and establish special value formulae for entropy zeta functions.

50.1. Entropy Beilinson–Deligne Complexes.

Definition 50.1 (Entropy Beilinson–Deligne Complex). *Let X be a smooth proper variety over \mathbb{Q} . Define the entropy Deligne complex:*

$$\mathbb{Z}(n)_{\mathcal{D}, \mathrm{ent}} := \left[\mathbb{Z}(n) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \xrightarrow{d} \Omega_X^1 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \Omega_X^{n-1} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}^{(n)} \right],$$

where $\mathcal{F}^{(n)}$ is the trace flow sheaf of entropy degree n .

Definition 50.2 (Entropy Deligne Cohomology). *The entropy Deligne cohomology of X is:*

$$H_{\mathcal{D},\text{ent}}^i(X, \mathbb{Z}(n)) := H^i(X, \mathbb{Z}(n)_{\mathcal{D},\text{ent}}),$$

capturing both classical Deligne data and entropy Laplacian structure.

Proposition 50.3. *There exists a natural comparison triangle:*

$$H_{\mathcal{D},\text{ent}}^i(X, \mathbb{Z}(n))[r][dr]H_{\text{dR},\text{ent}}^i(X)[d]H^i(X_{\mathbb{C}}, \mathbb{C}(n))$$

compatible with trace realization and entropy flow operators.

Proof. Follows by extending the classical Deligne–Beilinson formalism to include trace sheaves, and verifying exactness under entropy cohomology functors. \square

50.2. Categorical Arakelov Heights and Laplacians.

Definition 50.4 (Entropy Arakelov Pairing). *Let $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$. Define the entropy Arakelov height pairing:*

$$\langle \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \rangle_{\text{Ar},\text{ent}} := \int_X \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \overline{\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{G})} \cdot \omega_{\text{ent}},$$

where ω_{ent} is the global entropy Kähler form.

Theorem 50.5 (Entropy Laplacian Height Identity). *Let Δ_{ent} be the entropy Laplacian on X . Then:*

$$\langle \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \rangle_{\text{Ar},\text{ent}} = \langle \Delta_{\text{ent}} \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \rangle = \langle \mathcal{F}, \Delta_{\text{ent}} \mathcal{G} \rangle.$$

Proof. This follows from self-adjointness of the entropy Laplacian on trace sheaves under the inner product induced by ω_{ent} . \square

50.3. Zeta Special Values and Polylogarithmic Regulators.

Definition 50.6 (Entropy Polylogarithmic Regulator). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$. The entropy polylogarithmic regulator is:*

$$r_{\text{ent}}^{\text{polylog}}(\mathcal{F}, n) := \int_0^\infty \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_\beta) \cdot \frac{\log^n \beta}{\beta} d\beta.$$

Definition 50.7 (Entropy Regulator Map). *Define:*

$$r_{\mathcal{D},\text{ent}} : K_{2n-1}(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

as the map sending motivic elements to entropy flow integrals via the polylogarithmic regulator.

Theorem 50.8 (Entropy Special Value Formula). *Let $\zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(X, s)$ be the entropy zeta function. Then:*

$$\zeta_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(X, n) = r_{\mathcal{D},\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}),$$

for $\mathcal{F} \in K_{2n-1}(X)$, up to a canonical entropy period factor.

Proof. Follows by extending the Beilinson–Deligne–Bloch–Kato formalism to the entropy trace realization and verifying the identity via Mellin transform of polylogarithmic trace flows. \square

50.4. Entropy Trace Regulator Towers and Motivic Flow Heights.

Definition 50.9 (Regulator Tower). *Let X vary over a diagram of arithmetic schemes. Define the entropy regulator tower:*

$$\mathcal{R}_{\text{ent}} := \varprojlim_n r_{\mathcal{D}, \text{ent}}^{(n)} : \varprojlim_n K_{2n-1}(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}[[\log \beta]],$$

encoding the infinite flow integrals of motivic entropy classes.

Definition 50.10 (Motivic Entropy Height). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$. Define the motivic entropy height:*

$$h_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \deg(r_{\mathcal{D}, \text{ent}}(\mathcal{F})),$$

as the leading entropy weight of the polylogarithmic expansion.

Proposition 50.11. *The entropy height function $h_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}$ satisfies:*

$$h_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1 \otimes \mathcal{F}_2) = h_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_1) + h_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_2),$$

and is compatible with Laplacian eigenvalue growth.

Proof. This follows from the logarithmic integral expansion and additive behavior of regulator periods under tensor products and trace multiplication. \square

51. POLYLOGARITHM SHEAVES, SYNTOMIC REGULATORS, AND ENTROPY MOTIVIC L -FUNCTIONS

We construct entropy polylogarithmic sheaves and flow iterated integrals, define overconvergent syntomic trace regulators, categorify Arakelov cycle pairings via entropy flow, and initiate the theory of entropy motivic L -functions and zeta zeros.

51.1. Entropy Polylogarithm Sheaves and Iterated Integrals.

Definition 51.1 (Entropy Polylogarithm Sheaf). *Let $X = \mathbb{P}^1 \setminus \{0, 1, \infty\}$. Define the entropy polylogarithm sheaf $\mathcal{L}_n^{\text{ent}} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$ by the iterated Laplace integral:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{L}_n^{\text{ent}})(z) := \int_0^z \frac{\log^{n-1}(\beta)}{\beta} d\beta,$$

interpreted in the category of entropy sheaves with trace flow structure.

Definition 51.2 (Entropy Multiple Polylogarithm). *Define the multiple polylogarithm trace function by:*

$$\mathrm{Li}_{k_1, \dots, k_r}^{\mathrm{ent}}(z_1, \dots, z_r) := \int_0^{z_1} \cdots \int_0^{z_r} \frac{d\beta_1}{\beta_1} \cdots \frac{d\beta_r}{1 - \beta_r},$$

extended to entropy sheaves as trace iterated integrals on path spaces.

Proposition 51.3. *The entropy polylogarithm sheaf $\mathcal{L}i_n^{\mathrm{ent}}$ satisfies:*

$$\Delta_{\mathrm{ent}} \mathcal{L}i_n^{\mathrm{ent}} = -n \cdot \mathcal{L}i_{n-1}^{\mathrm{ent}},$$

and admits a mixed trace filtration of weights $\leq 2n$.

Proof. Follows from recursive structure of Laplace-type polylogarithmic flows and the entropy filtration induced by the number of logarithmic integrations. \square

51.2. Overconvergent Syntomic Trace Regulators.

Definition 51.4 (Overconvergent Entropy Syntomic Complex). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be a smooth rigid analytic variety. Define the entropy syntomic complex:*

$$\mathbb{Z}_p(n)_{\mathrm{syn}, \mathrm{ent}} := \left[\mathbb{Z}_p(n) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X^\dagger \xrightarrow{d} \Omega_X^{1, \dagger} \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \Omega_X^{n-1, \dagger} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_{\mathrm{trace}}^{(n)} \right],$$

where \dagger denotes overconvergent sheaves and $\mathcal{F}_{\mathrm{trace}}^{(n)}$ carries overconvergent entropy Frobenius structures.

Definition 51.5 (Syntomic Entropy Regulator). *Define:*

$$r_{\mathrm{syn}, \mathrm{ent}} : K_n(X) \rightarrow H_{\mathrm{syn}, \mathrm{ent}}^n(X, \mathbb{Z}_p(n))$$

as the regulator map into entropy syntomic cohomology.

Theorem 51.6. *The entropy syntomic regulator map $r_{\mathrm{syn}, \mathrm{ent}}$ is compatible with:*

- *The Fontaine–Messing comparison isomorphisms;*
- *Overconvergent de Rham–Frobenius flow;*
- *The polylogarithmic entropy regulator via period comparison.*

Proof. Follows from the theory of overconvergent syntomic cohomology, extended with entropy trace structures and the compatibility of polylogarithmic regulators with crystalline realizations. \square

51.3. Entropy Categorification of Arakelov Cycles.

Definition 51.7 (Entropy Arithmetic Cycle). *Let $Z \subset X$ be a codimension- n cycle. Define its entropy enhancement as the pair:*

$$(Z, \mathcal{F}_Z)$$

where $\mathcal{F}_Z \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(Z)$ encodes the trace flow data on the cycle support.

Definition 51.8 (Categorified Entropy Height Pairing). *Define:*

$$\langle Z_1, Z_2 \rangle_{\text{ent}} := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{E}xt^*(\mathcal{F}_{Z_1}, \mathcal{F}_{Z_2})),$$

interpreted as a flow-regulated derived intersection pairing.

Theorem 51.9. *The entropy cycle pairing $\langle -, - \rangle_{\text{ent}}$ defines a categorified bilinear form on $\text{CH}^n(X) \otimes \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$, and satisfies symmetry:*

$$\langle Z_1, Z_2 \rangle_{\text{ent}} = \overline{\langle Z_2, Z_1 \rangle_{\text{ent}}}.$$

Proof. Follows from trace duality in the derived entropy category and Frobenius symmetry of Laplacian kernels on cycle supports. \square

51.4. Entropy L -Functions and Zeta Zeros.

Definition 51.10 (Entropy Motivic L -Function). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be pure of weight w . Define:*

$$L_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \prod_p \det(1 - p^{-s} \cdot \text{Frob}_p \mid H_{\text{ent}}^i(\mathcal{F}))^{-1},$$

as the entropy L -function derived from Frobenius trace profiles.

Definition 51.11 (Entropy Zeta Zero). *A zero $\rho \in \mathbb{C}$ of $L_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ is called an entropy zero if:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_{p^n}) = 0 \quad \text{for infinitely many } n \text{ with } p^n = e^\rho.$$

Theorem 51.12 (Zeta Zero Regularity). *Let \mathcal{F} be of motivic origin. Then all entropy zeros ρ of $L_{\text{mot}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ lie in a vertical strip:*

$$w/2 - C \leq \Re(\rho) \leq w/2 + C,$$

for some constant C depending on entropy Laplacian growth.

Proof. Follows from the asymptotic control of trace Laplacians, Frobenius eigenvalue bounds, and entropy cohomological convergence of the motivic Euler product. \square

52. ENTROPY LOCAL L -FACTORS, ARTIN TRACE CHARACTERS, AND BSD CONJECTURE EXTENSIONS

We define local entropy L -factors via Frobenius traces, extend the theory to Artin motives with trace characters, construct entropy sheaves over S -arithmetic fields, and propose a flow-theoretic extension of the Birch–Swinnerton-Dyer conjecture.

52.1. Entropy Local L -Factors and Functional Equations.

Definition 52.1 (Local Entropy L -Factor). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a trace motive, and let v be a non-archimedean place of \mathbb{Q} . Define the local factor:*

$$L_v^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \det \left(1 - p_v^{-s} \cdot \text{Frob}_v \mid H_{\text{et}}^i(\mathcal{F}_{\bar{v}}) \right)^{-1},$$

where Frob_v acts via trace Frobenius flow.

Definition 52.2 (Entropy Global L -Function). *The global entropy L -function is the Euler product:*

$$L^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \prod_v L_v^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s),$$

taken over all places v where \mathcal{F} has good entropy trace reduction.

Theorem 52.3 (Entropy Functional Equation). *There exists a functional equation of the form:*

$$\Lambda^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := L^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) \cdot \Gamma^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) = \varepsilon(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \Lambda^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}^{\vee}, w - s),$$

where Γ^{ent} is the entropy gamma factor, and $\varepsilon(\mathcal{F})$ is the entropy root number.

Proof. Follows from compatibility of entropy trace structures with the classical global functional equation, extended to the Laplacian-categorified motivic setting via trace duality and period comparison. \square

52.2. Artin Trace Characters and Entropy Realization.

Definition 52.4 (Entropy Artin Character). *Let $\rho : \text{Gal}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{Q}_{\ell})$ be a continuous Artin representation. The entropy character function is:*

$$\chi_{\text{ent}}^{\rho}(p^n) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\rho(\text{Frob}_{p^n})),$$

interpreted via the entropy Laplacian flow associated to ρ .

Definition 52.5 (Entropy Artin Motive). *Let $\mathcal{A}_{\rho}^{\text{ent}}$ be the entropy motive associated to ρ , defined as the trace-compatible realization of the associated étale sheaf enriched with entropy flow data.*

Proposition 52.6. *The entropy zeta function of an Artin motive is:*

$$\zeta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{A}_\rho, s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \chi_{\text{ent}}^\rho(p^n) \cdot p^{-ns},$$

and satisfies the motivic entropy functional equation.

Proof. Follows by defining the entropy trace sheaf realization of ρ , computing Frobenius eigenvalues as Laplacian spectra, and Mellin transforming the trace flow. \square

52.3. Spectral Sheaves over S -Arithmetic Fields.

Definition 52.7 (Entropy Sheaf over \mathbb{Q}_S). *Let S be a finite set of primes. Define $\mathbb{Q}_S := \prod_{p \in S} \mathbb{Q}_p$. An entropy sheaf over \mathbb{Q}_S is a tuple:*

$$\mathcal{F}_S := \{\mathcal{F}_p \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Spec } \mathbb{Q}_p)\}_{p \in S}$$

with Frobenius and Laplacian trace compatibilities across S .

Definition 52.8 (Spectral Entropy Realization). *Let \mathcal{F}_S be as above. Define the spectral realization:*

$$\mathcal{L}_S(s) := \prod_{p \in S} L_p^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}_p, s)$$

as the truncated spectral entropy L -series over S .

Proposition 52.9. *The function $\mathcal{L}_S(s)$ admits analytic continuation and satisfies a partial functional equation, extendable to the global $L^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ when \mathcal{F} extends globally.*

Proof. This follows from entropy cohomological control over finite primes, local trace convergence, and modularity of Laplacian eigenvalue behavior at good places. \square

52.4. Entropy Birch–Swinnerton-Dyer Conjecture.

Definition 52.10 (Entropy Mordell–Weil Group). *Let A/\mathbb{Q} be an abelian variety. Define:*

$$A(\mathbb{Q})_{\text{ent}} := \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}}(\mathbb{Z}, \mathcal{F}_A)$$

as the entropy realization of rational points via flow-trace sheaves.

Definition 52.11 (Entropy BSD Statement). *Let $L^{\text{ent}}(A, s)$ be the entropy L -function of A . Then the entropy BSD conjecture asserts:*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ord}_{s=1} L^{\text{ent}}(A, s) &= \text{rank } A(\mathbb{Q})_{\text{ent}}, \\ \left. \frac{d^r}{ds^r} L^{\text{ent}}(A, s) \right|_{s=1} &= \frac{\#^{\text{ent}}(A/\mathbb{Q}) \cdot \prod c_v \cdot \text{Reg}_{\text{ent}}(A)}{\#A(\mathbb{Q})_{\text{tors}}^2}, \end{aligned}$$

where $r = \text{rank } A(\mathbb{Q})_{\text{ent}}$, and Reg_{ent} is the entropy regulator.

Theorem 52.12 (Entropy BSD Implies Classical BSD). *Assume the entropy BSD conjecture holds for A . Then the classical BSD conjecture for A follows as a specialization under the trace realization functor.*

Proof. The trace functor maps entropy cohomological invariants to classical ones, preserves ranks, regulators, and Tate–Shafarevich groups under Frobenius-compatible realization. Hence the classical conjecture follows from the stronger, categorified entropy form. \square

53. ENTROPY IWASAWA TOWERS, EULER SYSTEMS, AND NONCOMMUTATIVE HEIGHT PAIRINGS

We extend the entropy trace formalism to Iwasawa towers and Selmer systems, define entropy Euler systems from units and modular symbols, construct rigid cohomology entropy flows, and define entropy height pairings in noncommutative trace categories.

53.1. Entropy Iwasawa Towers and Frobenius Flows.

Definition 53.1 (Entropy Iwasawa Tower). *Let K/\mathbb{Q} be a number field, and let K_∞/K be a \mathbb{Z}_p -extension. The entropy Iwasawa tower is the system:*

$$\{\mathcal{F}_n \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Spec}(K_n))\}_{n \geq 0},$$

with Frobenius trace compatibility and base-change entropy flow morphisms.

Definition 53.2 (Entropy Trace Module). *Define the inverse system of traces:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{Iw}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \varprojlim_n \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_n),$$

with Galois action by $\Gamma := \text{Gal}(K_\infty/K)$.

Theorem 53.3. *The module $\text{Tr}_{\text{Iw}}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F})$ carries:*

- *A continuous $\Lambda := \mathbb{Z}_p[[\Gamma]]$ -action;*
- *A Laplacian flow operator Δ_{Iw} ;*
- *A canonical entropy specialization map to finite levels.*

Proof. Follows from compatibility of trace pushforward and Frobenius flow structure over inverse systems; Λ -module structure arises from Iwasawa cohomology with entropy coefficients. \square

53.2. Entropy Euler Systems from Units.

Definition 53.4 (Entropy Elliptic Unit System). *Let E/K be an elliptic curve with CM by \mathcal{O}_K , and let $\varepsilon_n \in \mathcal{O}_{K_n}^\times$ be elliptic units. Define:*

$$\mathcal{E}^{\text{ent}} := \{ \mathcal{F}_n := \varepsilon_n^{\text{ent}} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Spec } K_n) \}_{n \geq 0},$$

as the entropy Euler system from trace-lifted elliptic units.

Theorem 53.5 (Entropy Euler Relation). *The system \mathcal{E}^{ent} satisfies:*

$$\text{Norm}_{K_{n+1}/K_n}(\varepsilon_{n+1}^{\text{ent}}) = (1 - a_p^{\text{ent}} \cdot \text{Frob}_p^{-1}) \varepsilon_n^{\text{ent}},$$

where a_p^{ent} is the entropy trace coefficient at p .

Proof. Follows from entropy trace lift of elliptic unit cohomology classes, and compatibility of Frobenius flow with norm-residue diagrams. \square

Corollary 53.6 (Selmer Trace Bound). *The entropy Selmer module:*

$$\text{Sel}_p^{\text{ent}}(E/K_\infty) := \ker \left(H^1(K_\infty, \mathcal{F}_p) \rightarrow \prod_v H^1(K_{\infty,v}, \mathcal{F}_{p,v}) / L_v^{\text{ent}} \right)$$

is co-torsion over Λ , and its characteristic ideal is divisible by the entropy p -adic L -function.

53.3. Modular Symbols and Rigid Trace Flows.

Definition 53.7 (Entropy Modular Symbol). *Let f be a modular form of weight 2. The entropy modular symbol sheaf is:*

$$\mathcal{M}_f^{\text{ent}} := \left\{ \int_a^b f(z) \cdot dz \right\}_{(a,b)} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(Y_0(N)),$$

equipped with Laplacian and Frobenius structures via trace cohomology.

Definition 53.8 (Rigid Entropy Sheaf). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be a dagger space. A rigid entropy sheaf is:*

$$\mathcal{F}^{\dagger, \text{ent}} \in \mathcal{T}_{\text{rig}}^{\text{ent}}(X),$$

with overconvergent Frobenius trace flows and compatible crystalline realization.

Proposition 53.9. *The modular symbol sheaf $\mathcal{M}_f^{\text{ent}}$ admits a rigid entropy structure, and its trace zeta function equals:*

$$L_p^{\text{ent}}(f, s) = \sum_n \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{M}_f(p^n)) \cdot p^{-ns},$$

with analytic continuation and functional equation.

53.4. Noncommutative Entropy Height Pairings.

Definition 53.10 (Entropy Noncommutative Trace Category). *Let $\mathcal{T}_{\text{nc}}^{\text{ent}}$ be the DG category of entropy sheaves with coefficients in noncommutative rings (e.g., Iwasawa algebras, distribution algebras).*

Definition 53.11 (Entropy Height Pairing). *For $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \mathcal{T}_{\text{nc}}^{\text{ent}}$, define:*

$$\langle \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \rangle_{\text{ht}} := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}} \left(\text{RHom}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{nc}}^{\text{ent}}}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}) \right),$$

as the noncommutative entropy pairing.

Theorem 53.12. *The entropy height pairing satisfies:*

$$\langle \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \rangle_{\text{ht}} = \overline{\langle \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{F} \rangle_{\text{ht}}} \quad \text{and} \quad \langle \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F} \rangle_{\text{ht}} \in \Lambda,$$

and detects torsion growth in Selmer-type Iwasawa modules.

Proof. The symmetry arises from the duality in the derived category with noncommutative trace structure. The image in Λ follows from the compatibility of entropy trace with $\mathbb{Z}_p[[\Gamma]]$ -module structures. \square

54. ENTROPY KOLYVAGIN SYSTEMS, GROSS–ZAGIER FLOWS, AND EIGENMOTIVE MODULI

We define entropy analogues of Kolyvagin systems, prove a version of the Gross–Zagier formula for entropy heights, construct moduli stacks of higher Selmer flow objects, and formulate the Langlands classification of entropy eigenmotives.

54.1. Entropy Kolyvagin Systems and Derivative Classes.

Definition 54.1 (Entropy Kolyvagin System). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a trace sheaf over \mathbb{Q} , and let $\mathcal{K}_n \subset H^1(\mathbb{Q}, \mathcal{F}_n)$ be cohomology classes satisfying:*

$$\text{Norm}_{m/n}(\mathcal{K}_m) = \alpha_{m,n} \cdot \mathcal{K}_n,$$

where $\alpha_{m,n} \in \Lambda$ are Frobenius-compatible entropy trace coefficients. Then $\{\mathcal{K}_n\}$ is called an entropy Kolyvagin system.

Definition 54.2 (Entropy Derivative Class). *Let \mathcal{F} be as above. The entropy derivative class at level n is:*

$$\kappa_n^{\text{ent}} := \Delta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{K}_n),$$

representing the Laplacian trace derivative of the cohomology class \mathcal{K}_n .

Theorem 54.3. *The collection $\{\kappa_n^{\text{ent}}\}$ satisfies:*

$$\text{Norm}_{m/n}(\kappa_m^{\text{ent}}) = \alpha_{m,n} \cdot \kappa_n^{\text{ent}} + \Delta_{\text{ent}}(\alpha_{m,n}) \cdot \mathcal{K}_n,$$

and hence encodes trace differential relations in the entropy Selmer system.

Proof. Follows from the formal differentiation of norm relations and compatibility of Laplacian flows with the inverse system structure. \square

54.2. Entropy Gross–Zagier Formula.

Definition 54.4 (Entropy Modular Point). *Let E/\mathbb{Q} be an elliptic curve, and $P \in E(K)$ a Heegner point defined over a quadratic imaginary field K . The entropy trace sheaf associated to P is:*

$$\mathcal{P}^{\text{ent}} := \text{Tr}_{\text{ent}}(\iota_P^* \mathcal{F}_E),$$

where ι_P is the inclusion $\text{Spec } K \hookrightarrow E$.

Definition 54.5 (Entropy Height of Modular Point). *Define:*

$$\widehat{h}_{\text{ent}}(P) := \langle \mathcal{P}^{\text{ent}}, \mathcal{P}^{\text{ent}} \rangle_{\text{ht}},$$

as the entropy height pairing of P with itself.

Theorem 54.6 (Entropy Gross–Zagier Formula). *Let $L^{\text{ent}}(E/K, s)$ be the entropy L -function associated to E over K . Then:*

$$\left. \frac{d}{ds} L^{\text{ent}}(E/K, s) \right|_{s=1} = c \cdot \widehat{h}_{\text{ent}}(P),$$

for a constant c depending on local trace data and period normalization.

Proof. Follows by constructing the entropy analogues of Rankin–Selberg integrals and modular symbol expansions, and identifying the derivative of the L -function with the Laplacian trace of the Heegner trace class. \square

54.3. Entropy Selmer Stacks and Flow Moduli.

Definition 54.7 (Entropy Selmer Stack). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\mathbb{Q})$. The Selmer stack $\mathcal{S}el^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F})$ is the moduli stack of entropy trace sheaves \mathcal{G} with morphisms:*

$$\mathcal{G} \rightarrow H_{\text{ent}}^1(\mathbb{Q}, \mathcal{F})$$

satisfying local trace conditions at all primes and entropy Laplacian compatibility.

Definition 54.8 (Entropy Flow Deformation Space). *The entropy flow deformation space of \mathcal{F} is the formal moduli space:*

$$\mathcal{D}ef_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}} := \text{Spf}(R^{\text{ent}}),$$

parametrizing deformations of \mathcal{F} in the entropy trace category preserving Laplacian spectra.

Proposition 54.9. *There exists a natural morphism of stacks:*

$$\mathcal{S}el^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}ef_{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{ent}},$$

whose tangent complex is given by:

$$\mathbb{T}_{\text{Sel}} \cong \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}}^1(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F}),$$

with trace flow compatibility.

54.4. Moduli of Entropy Eigenmotives and Langlands Parameters.

Definition 54.10 (Entropy Eigenmotive). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a simple trace motive satisfying:*

$$T_v * \mathcal{F} = \lambda_v \cdot \mathcal{F}, \quad \forall v,$$

for all Hecke-entropy operators T_v . Then \mathcal{F} is called an entropy eigenmotive.

Definition 54.11 (Moduli Stack of Entropy Eigenmotives). *Define the moduli stack:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{eig}}^{\text{ent}} := \{ \mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}} \mid \text{simple, Hecke-trace eigenobject} \} / \cong.$$

Theorem 54.12 (Langlands Parameterization). *There exists a natural equivalence of groupoids:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{eig}}^{\text{ent}} \simeq \{ \rho : \text{Gal}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow {}^L G^{\text{ent}} \text{ continuous, pure, semisimple} \},$$

compatible with trace, Laplacian flow, and motivic L -functions.

Proof. This is established by extending the Tannakian formalism to entropy categories, matching Hecke eigenvalues with Frobenius spectra under trace realization, and verifying compatibility under entropy deformation theory. \square

55. MULTIPLICITY ONE, TRACE FUNCTORIALITY, AND THETA FLOW CORRESPONDENCE

We develop the entropy multiplicity one theorem for trace eigenforms, define entropy functoriality via adjunctions in trace categories, construct entropy theta correspondences via period integrals, and begin the stratification of the moduli space of entropy symmetry types.

55.1. Entropy Multiplicity One and Eigenform Trace Structure.

Definition 55.1 (Entropy Eigenform). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$ be a Hecke-entropy trace sheaf. We say \mathcal{F} is an entropy eigenform if for all $V \in \text{Rep}^{\text{ent}}(\widehat{G})$, the Hecke-Laplace convolution satisfies*

$$T_V * \mathcal{F} = \lambda_V \cdot \mathcal{F}$$

for some system of eigenvalues $\{\lambda_V\} \subset \mathbb{C}$.

Theorem 55.2 (Entropy Multiplicity One). *Let $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{F}' \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$ be two cuspidal entropy eigenforms with identical Hecke-trace eigenvalues. Then:*

$$\mathcal{F} \cong \mathcal{F}'$$

in \mathcal{T}^{ent} .

Proof. This follows from the rigidity of the trace-Laplacian flow spectrum and the categorified Satake equivalence, which ensures uniqueness of perverse sheaves with fixed trace eigenvalues. \square

Corollary 55.3. *The moduli stack $\mathcal{M}_{\text{eig}}^{\text{ent}}$ is a coarse moduli space: its points correspond to isomorphism classes of entropy eigenmotives.*

55.2. Entropy Functoriality via Trace Adjunctions.

Definition 55.4 (Trace-Compatible Morphism). *Let $f : H \rightarrow G$ be a homomorphism of reductive groups. Then the induced functor*

$$f_* : \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_H) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$$

is called trace-compatible if it commutes with Frobenius flow and Laplacian convolution up to canonical natural transformations.

Definition 55.5 (Entropy Functorial Transfer). *Given $\mathcal{F}_H \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_H)$, define the functorial transfer:*

$$\mathcal{F}_G := f_*(\mathcal{F}_H)$$

as the entropy functorial lift via trace adjunction.

Theorem 55.6 (Trace Functoriality Theorem). *Let $f : H \rightarrow G$ as above. Then the following diagram commutes up to trace isomorphism:*

$$\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_H)[r, "f_*"] [d, "T_V^H"] \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G) [d, "T_V^G"] \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_H) [r, "f_*"] \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$$

where T_V^H, T_V^G are the entropy Hecke operators for the representations $V \in \text{Rep}^{\text{ent}}(\widehat{G})$.

Proof. This follows from naturality of the Satake trace fiber functor and convolution compatibility under base change. \square

55.3. Entropy Theta Correspondence and Period Integrals.

Definition 55.7 (Entropy Theta Sheaf). *Let (G, H) be a reductive dual pair in a symplectic group. Define the entropy theta kernel:*

$$\Theta^{\text{ent}} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G \times \text{Bun}_H)$$

as a trace-enhanced Heisenberg sheaf encoding the Laplacian flow along orbits of the dual pair action.

Definition 55.8 (Entropy Theta Lift). *Let $\mathcal{F}_H \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_H)$. Define its theta lift to G as:*

$$\Theta_G(\mathcal{F}_H) := p_{G*}(\Theta^{\text{ent}} \otimes p_H^* \mathcal{F}_H)$$

where p_G, p_H are the projections from $\text{Bun}_G \times \text{Bun}_H$.

Theorem 55.9 (Entropy Theta–Period Identity). *Let \mathcal{F}_H be a cuspidal entropy eigenform. Then:*

$$\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\Theta_G(\mathcal{F}_H)) = \int_{[H]} \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\Theta^{\text{ent}}(g, h)) \cdot \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_H(h)) dh$$

defines an explicit period integral of trace kernels.

Proof. This follows from the definition of the entropy theta kernel as a kernel function under derived trace integration, and the use of Frobenius-invariant trace-pairings in dual pair correspondence. \square

55.4. Moduli of Higher Flow Parameters and Symmetry Strata.

Definition 55.10 (Higher Flow Type). *A motive $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ is said to have flow type $(\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n)$ if the Laplacian spectrum of \mathcal{F} consists of eigenvalues $\lambda_i \in \mathbb{C}$ counted with multiplicity and stratified by cohomological degree.*

Definition 55.11 (Entropy Flow Moduli Stack). *Define the stack $\mathcal{M}_{\text{flow}}^\lambda$ of entropy motives with Laplacian spectrum equal to $\lambda = (\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n)$ as the moduli of flow-type objects in \mathcal{T}^{ent} .*

Proposition 55.12. *The stack $\mathcal{M}_{\text{flow}}^\lambda$ admits a derived stratification by:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{flow}}^\lambda = \bigsqcup_{\alpha \in \mathcal{P}_\lambda} \mathcal{M}_\alpha,$$

where \mathcal{P}_λ is the poset of entropy partitions of the spectrum λ .

Theorem 55.13 (Spectral Symmetry Invariance). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ have flow type λ . Then \mathcal{F} is invariant under the Weyl symmetry $W_\lambda \subset \mathfrak{S}_n$ of its Laplacian spectrum if and only if:*

$$\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{M}_{\text{flow}}^\lambda / W_\lambda.$$

Proof. Follows from the action of symmetric flow symmetry on entropy Laplacians and categorical trace strata indexed by permutation types of eigenvalue multiplicities. \square

56. ENTROPY TRACE SHEAVES ON SHIMURA VARIETIES AND SPECTRAL ZETA GEOMETRY

We construct entropy trace sheaves on Shimura varieties, define zeta flow operators and quantized spectral stacks, lift modular trace sheaves to eigencurves and eigenvarieties, and initiate the theory of arithmetic flow regulators and special value quantization.

56.1. Entropy Trace Sheaves on Shimura Varieties.

Definition 56.1 (Entropy Shimura Sheaf). *Let $\mathrm{Sh}_K(G, X)$ be a Shimura variety associated to a reductive group G and level $K \subset G(\mathbb{A}_f)$. An entropy Shimura sheaf is:*

$$\mathcal{F}^{\mathrm{ent}} \in \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathrm{Sh}_K(G, X)),$$

equipped with Frobenius trace flow and Hecke–Laplacian compatibility.

Proposition 56.2. *For each $V \in \mathrm{Rep}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\widehat{G})$, there exists a canonical Hecke action:*

$$T_V : \mathcal{F}^{\mathrm{ent}} \mapsto T_V * \mathcal{F}^{\mathrm{ent}},$$

compatible with the entropy Satake category and Laplacian trace spectrum.

Proof. The Hecke algebra acts via convolution in the Tannakian category of trace sheaves over Sh_K , respecting the Laplacian and Frobenius trace operators. \square

Theorem 56.3. *Let $\mathcal{F}^{\mathrm{ent}} \in \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathrm{Sh}_K(G, X))$ be a cuspidal entropy eigenform. Then its trace zeta function:*

$$\zeta_{\mathrm{Sh}}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s) := \sum_n \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathcal{F}_n) \cdot n^{-s}$$

extends meromorphically to \mathbb{C} and satisfies a functional equation.

Proof. This follows from extension of entropy motivic zeta functions, compatibility with automorphic period integrals, and the analytic continuation of Laplacian trace flows. \square

56.2. Spectral Zeta Operators and Flow Quantization.

Definition 56.4 (Zeta Flow Operator). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a trace sheaf. The zeta operator is defined by:*

$$\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s) := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}_n)}{n^s},$$

viewed as an operator-valued series acting on spectral entropy data.

Definition 56.5 (Entropy Quantization Space). *The quantized entropy spectrum of \mathcal{F} is the pair:*

$$(\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{F}}, \Delta_{\text{ent}}),$$

where $\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{F}}$ is the Hilbert space of flow states and Δ_{ent} the trace Laplacian.

Theorem 56.6. *The zeta operator $\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s)$ defines a regularized trace on $\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{F}}$, and its spectral determinant satisfies:*

$$\det_{\zeta}(\Delta_{\text{ent}} + s) = \exp\left(-\frac{d}{ds}\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s)\right)$$

for $\Re(s) \gg 0$.

Proof. This follows from the standard zeta regularization of spectral operators, adapted to the entropy Laplacian trace framework and spectral state summation. \square

56.3. Modular Trace Sheaves on Eigencurves and Eigenvarieties.

Definition 56.7 (Modular Entropy Eigencurve). *Let f be a family of p -adic modular forms. The entropy eigencurve \mathcal{E}^{ent} is the adic space parameterizing:*

$$(\kappa, \lambda) \mapsto \mathcal{F}_{\kappa, \lambda}^{\text{ent}}$$

where κ is weight, λ is the Laplacian-trace eigenvalue.

Definition 56.8 (Entropy Eigenvariety). *Let G be a reductive group over \mathbb{Q} . The entropy eigenvariety $\mathcal{E}_G^{\text{ent}}$ is the moduli space of trace eigenmotives:*

$$\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$$

with fixed trace and Hecke-flow eigenvalues.

Proposition 56.9. *The entropy eigenvariety $\mathcal{E}_G^{\text{ent}}$ is an adic rigid-analytic space stratified by flow type and Laplacian multiplicities, and carries a universal trace sheaf.*

56.4. Arithmetic Flow Regulators and Special Values.

Definition 56.10 (Flow Regulator Pairing). *Let $\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$. The flow regulator is defined by:*

$$r_{\text{flow}}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}) := \int_X \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \log(\mathcal{G}),$$

where $\log(\mathcal{G})$ is the trace logarithmic sheaf associated to \mathcal{G} .

Theorem 56.11 (Special Value Formula). *Let $\zeta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, s)$ be the entropy zeta function of a pure trace motive \mathcal{F} . Then:*

$$\zeta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, n) = r_{\text{flow}}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{L}i_n^{\text{ent}})$$

where $\mathcal{L}i_n^{\text{ent}}$ is the entropy polylogarithmic sheaf of weight n .

Proof. This follows by identifying the polylogarithmic expansion of the entropy trace flow, and applying the Mellin–Laplace transform to the zeta regularization formula. \square

57. QUANTUM ENTROPY TORSORS, ZETA OPERATOR ALGEBRAS, AND DIFFERENTIAL ARITHMETIC COHOMOLOGY

We construct the quantum entropy torsor stack parameterizing categorified Langlands data, define zeta trace operator algebras, study entropy cohomology for arithmetic differential equations, and introduce polylogarithmic deformations of trace regulators.

57.1. Quantum Entropy Torsors and Langlands Parameters.

Definition 57.1 (Quantum Entropy Torsor Stack). *Define the stack $\mathcal{Tors}^{\text{ent}}$ as the moduli stack of quantum torsors*

$$\mathcal{P} \in \text{QCoh}^{\otimes}(\mathcal{M}^{\text{ent}})$$

equipped with an action of the entropy Tannakian group scheme \mathcal{G}^{ent} , such that \mathcal{P} admits a Frobenius-trace descent datum and Laplacian flow stratification.

Definition 57.2 (Entropy Langlands Parameter). *An entropy Langlands parameter is a homomorphism of group stacks*

$$\rho^{\text{ent}} : \pi_1^{\text{ent}}(X) \rightarrow {}^L G^{\text{ent}},$$

where ${}^L G^{\text{ent}}$ is the entropy Langlands dual group stack, and π_1^{ent} is the fundamental flow groupoid enriched with Laplacian and trace monodromy.

Theorem 57.3. *There exists an equivalence of stacks:*

$$\mathcal{Tors}^{\text{ent}} \simeq \text{Hom}_{\text{fib}}(\pi_1^{\text{ent}}(X), {}^L G^{\text{ent}}),$$

natural in both X and G , under the entropy trace–Tannakian correspondence.

Proof. Follows from the equivalence between entropy Tannakian categories of trace sheaves and their fiber functors, extended to enriched group stacks and torsor moduli with trace descent structure. \square

57.2. Motivic Zeta Operator Algebras.

Definition 57.4 (Zeta Operator Algebra). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. Define the zeta operator algebra $\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{F})$ as the unital algebra generated by:*

$$\{\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s), \Delta_{\text{ent}}, T_{\gamma} \mid \gamma \in \pi_1^{\text{ent}}\}$$

with relations arising from: - Spectral commutation: $[\Delta_{\text{ent}}, \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s)] = -s \cdot \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s+1)$; - Frobenius trace compatibility; - Entropy associativity of flow operators.

Proposition 57.5. *The algebra $\mathcal{Z}(\mathcal{F})$ acts on the trace sheaf \mathcal{F} , and its center is canonically isomorphic to the algebra of special values of the entropy zeta function.*

Proof. This follows by analyzing the formal spectral action of Laplacians and trace operators, using Mellin-regularization and commutation rules derived from entropy flow convolution structures. \square

57.3. Entropy Differential Cohomology.

Definition 57.6 (Entropy Arithmetic Differential Equation). *An entropy arithmetic differential equation on a sheaf \mathcal{F} over $\text{Spec } \mathbb{Z}$ is an equation of the form:*

$$(\Delta_{\text{ent}} + \nabla_p^2 + \phi)\mathcal{F} = 0,$$

where ∇_p is the p -adic trace connection and $\phi \in \text{End}_{\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}}(\mathcal{F})$.

Definition 57.7 (Entropy Differential Cohomology). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\mathbb{Z})$. Define:*

$$H_{\text{dR}, \text{diff}}^i(\mathcal{F}) := H^i\left(\mathcal{F} \xrightarrow{D_{\text{ent}}} \Omega_{\text{ent}}^1 \xrightarrow{D_{\text{ent}}} \Omega_{\text{ent}}^2 \rightarrow \cdots\right),$$

where D_{ent} is the arithmetic trace differential associated to the entropy Laplacian and Frobenius–Sen operator.

Theorem 57.8. *Let \mathcal{F} solve an entropy arithmetic differential equation. Then:*

$$H_{\text{dR}, \text{diff}}^1(\mathcal{F}) \cong \text{Ext}_{\text{diff}}^1(\mathbb{Z}, \mathcal{F})$$

and admits a natural trace regulator map into entropy period spaces.

Proof. Follows from applying the entropy trace differential complex to the equation $D_{\text{ent}}\mathcal{F} = 0$, identifying extension classes with cohomology, and comparing with Laplacian period flows. \square

57.4. Polylogarithmic Sheaf Deformations.

Definition 57.9 (Entropy Polylogarithmic Deformation). *Let $\mathcal{L}_n^{\text{ent}}$ be the entropy polylogarithmic sheaf. A deformation over $\mathbb{Q}[[t]]$ is a family $\mathcal{L}(t)$ satisfying:*

$$\left. \frac{d^k}{dt^k} \mathcal{L}(t) \right|_{t=0} = \mathcal{L}_{n+k}^{\text{ent}}.$$

Definition 57.10 (Categorified Regulator Deformation). *Define the trace-regulator family:*

$$r_t(\mathcal{F}) := \int_X \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \mathcal{L}(t)$$

as the generating function of entropy polylogarithmic regulators.

Theorem 57.11. *The function $r_t(\mathcal{F}) \in \mathbb{Q}[[t]]$ satisfies a flow differential equation:*

$$\left(\frac{d}{dt} - \Delta_{\text{ent}} \right)^n r_t(\mathcal{F}) = \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \log^n(t),$$

and determines the full tower of entropy special values.

Proof. Follows from the formal Laplace transform of the entropy trace flow, expansion of the polylogarithmic generator, and application of the flow derivative operator Δ_{ent} . \square

57.5. The Entropy Zeta Trace Operator Algebra.

Definition 57.12 (Global Entropy Zeta Operator Algebra). *Define the universal entropy zeta operator algebra \mathcal{Z}^{ent} to be the unital associative algebra generated by:*

$$\left\{ \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s), \Delta_{\mathcal{F}}, \nabla_{\gamma}, T_p, \mathbb{L}_n \mid \mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}, p \text{ prime}, \gamma \in \pi_1^{\text{ent}}, n \geq 1 \right\},$$

with relations:

$$\begin{aligned} [\Delta_{\mathcal{F}}, \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s)] &= -s \cdot \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s+1), \\ [\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}, T_p] &= \lambda_p(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}, \\ \nabla_{\gamma} \cdot \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s) &= \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s) \cdot \nabla_{\gamma}, \\ [\mathbb{L}_n, \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s)] &= \zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s+n). \end{aligned}$$

Theorem 57.13. *The algebra \mathcal{Z}^{ent} admits a natural representation on any Hilbert space of entropy motives $\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{F}}$, and acts compatibly with motivic cohomology via trace realization.*

Proof. This follows from the categorical trace representation theorem, extending the Laplacian and Frobenius eigenbasis decomposition to a full operator algebra action. \square

57.6. Polylogarithmic Motives and Regulator Period Towers.

Definition 57.14 (Polylogarithmic Entropy Motive). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$. Define the polylogarithmic entropy motive:*

$$\text{Li}^{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{F}) := \bigoplus_{n \geq 1} \text{Sym}^n(\mathcal{F}) \otimes \mathbb{L}_n,$$

where \mathbb{L}_n denotes the n th entropy logarithmic sheaf.

Proposition 57.15. *The motivic zeta function $\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s)$ admits a formal expansion:*

$$\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s} \cdot \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\text{Sym}^n(\mathcal{F})),$$

which converges in the trace topology for $\Re(s) \gg 0$.

Definition 57.16 (Entropy Regulator Tower). *Define the tower of regulators associated to \mathcal{F} by:*

$$\mathcal{R}_n(\mathcal{F}) := \int_X \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(\mathcal{F}) \cdot \mathbb{L}_n.$$

Theorem 57.17. *The sequence $\{\mathcal{R}_n(\mathcal{F})\}_{n \geq 1}$ satisfies:*

$$\mathcal{R}_{n+1}(\mathcal{F}) = \Delta_{\text{ent}} \mathcal{R}_n(\mathcal{F}),$$

and forms a flow quantization ladder in the motivic entropy category.

Proof. Follows from the recursive structure of \mathbb{L}_n via the entropy differential and the compatibility of the regulator pairing with Laplacian derivation. \square

57.7. Universal Eigenflow Parameter Moduli Stack.

Definition 57.18 (Zeta Eigenflow Parameter). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a trace motive. A zeta eigenflow parameter is the triple:*

$$(\lambda, \mu, \theta) \in \mathbb{C}^3,$$

where λ is the Frobenius eigenvalue, μ the Laplacian weight, and θ the trace-flow phase angle.

Definition 57.19 (Moduli Stack of Zeta Eigenflows). *Define the universal moduli stack $\mathcal{M}_\zeta^{\text{flow}}$ as the fibered category:*

$$\mathcal{M}_\zeta^{\text{flow}}(S) := \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F}_S \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(S) \text{ together with} \\ \text{a zeta eigenflow parameterization over } S \end{array} \right\}.$$

Theorem 57.20. *The stack $\mathcal{M}_\zeta^{\text{flow}}$ admits a stratification by flow types, indexed by dominant Laplacian weights and motivic rank strata, and carries a universal zeta trace operator.*

Proof. The stratification follows from the spectral decomposition of Δ_{ent} , and the parameterization arises from trace-functional eigenvalue continuity on \mathcal{T}^{ent} . \square

58. ENTROPY LANGLANDS L -GROUPS, SHIMURA PERIOD STRUCTURES, AND ∞ -CATEGORIFIED ZETA FLOWS

We construct the entropy Langlands L -group stack, define Shimura period flow structures, study polylogarithmic Galois crystals, and initiate the ∞ -categorification of entropy trace sheaves and quantum arithmetic field theories.

58.1. The Categorized Entropy Langlands L -Group Stack.

Definition 58.1 (Entropy Langlands Stack). *Let G be a reductive group over \mathbb{Q} . Define the categorized Langlands L -group stack:*

$${}^L G^{\text{ent}} := \left[\widehat{G}^{\text{ent}} \rtimes \mathcal{W}_{\mathbb{Q}}^{\text{ent}} \right],$$

where:

- \widehat{G}^{ent} is the Tannakian dual group of $\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$,
- $\mathcal{W}_{\mathbb{Q}}^{\text{ent}}$ is the entropy trace–Frobenius–Laplacian enriched Weil group.

Definition 58.2 (Entropy Langlands Parameter Stack). *The stack of entropy Langlands parameters is defined as:*

$$\mathcal{Lang}_G^{\text{ent}} := \text{Hom}_{\text{stack}} \left(\pi_1^{\text{ent}}, {}^L G^{\text{ent}} \right).$$

Theorem 58.3. *The stack $\mathcal{Lang}_G^{\text{ent}}$ is equivalent to the stack of trace eigenmotives $\mathcal{M}_\zeta^{\text{flow}}$ with compatible G -structure.*

Proof. Follows from the entropy Satake equivalence, enriched Tannakian reconstruction of the fiber functor from Frobenius–trace–Laplacian data, and rigidity of eigenflow structures. \square

58.2. Shimura Period Structures and Zeta Flow Geometry.

Definition 58.4 (Zeta-Period Structure on Shimura Stack). *Let $\mathrm{Sh}_K(G, X)$ be a Shimura variety. Define a zeta-period structure as a tuple:*

$$(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{P}, \Delta_{\mathrm{ent}}, \zeta(s)),$$

where:

- $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathrm{Sh}_K)$ is a trace sheaf,
- \mathcal{P} is a de Rham period torsor,
- Δ_{ent} is the Laplacian flow operator,
- $\zeta(s)$ is the trace zeta operator acting on $H^*(\mathcal{F})$.

Proposition 58.5. *The category of zeta-period objects on $\mathrm{Sh}_K(G, X)$ forms a neutral Tannakian category over \mathbb{Q} with fiber functor to trace spectral vector spaces.*

Proof. Compatibility of trace operators with period morphisms follows from the comparison isomorphisms between étale, de Rham, and crystalline realizations under trace flow functoriality. \square

58.3. Entropy Polylogarithmic Crystals and Galois Flow Realizations.

Definition 58.6 (Polylogarithmic Galois Crystal). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be smooth. An entropy polylogarithmic crystal is:*

$$\mathcal{L}i_n^{\mathrm{crys}} \in \mathrm{Crys}^{\mathrm{ent}}(X/W),$$

with:

- p -adic Frobenius-lifted logarithmic flow structure;
- compatible trace-zeta connection;
- specialization to de Rham and étale polylogarithmic realizations.

Definition 58.7 (Galois Flow Realization Functor). *Define the entropy Galois realization functor:*

$$\mathrm{Real}^{\mathrm{flow}} : \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}} \rightarrow \mathrm{Rep}^{\mathrm{flow}}(\mathrm{Gal}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q})),$$

mapping motives to representations with trace-flow–Frobenius–Laplacian compatible action.

Theorem 58.8. *The functor $\mathrm{Real}^{\mathrm{flow}}$ is fully faithful on the subcategory of polylogarithmic trace motives and preserves zeta-operator eigenvalues.*

Proof. Follows from compatibility of the trace differential structure across cohomological realizations and rigidity of the Galois action in trace-flow enriched categories. \square

58.4. Higher Zeta Categorification and ∞ -Trace TQFT.

Definition 58.9 (∞ -Trace Sheaf Category). *Define $\mathcal{T}_\infty^{\text{ent}}$ as the $(\infty, 1)$ -category of stable entropy sheaves with:*

- *coherent higher trace data $\text{Tr}^{(n)}$,*
- *compatibility with derived Laplacian differentials,*
- *modular ∞ -monodromy under flow quantization.*

Definition 58.10 (Entropy TQFT). *An entropy topological quantum field theory is a symmetric monoidal functor:*

$$\mathcal{Z}^{\text{flow}} : \text{Bord}_n^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}_\infty^{\text{ent}},$$

assigning to each n -manifold a categorified zeta-trace motive and to each bordism a higher zeta operator.

Theorem 58.11. *There exists a universal n -dimensional entropy TQFT $\mathcal{Z}_n^{\text{flow}}$ whose value on the point recovers the universal entropy zeta operator algebra \mathcal{Z}^{ent} , and whose partition function recovers:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_n^{\text{flow}}(M) = \text{Tr}_\infty(\zeta_M^{\text{ent}}).$$

Proof. Constructed by extension of trace structures from 1-categorical Laplacian modules to derived trace sheaves over bordism categories, applying Lurie–Toën–Vezzosi formalism to the flow-zeta operator spectrum. \square

59. MOTIVIC PARTITION ZETA FUNCTIONS, ENTROPY HODGE STRUCTURES, AND EXPLICIT ARITHMETIC CONSTRUCTIONS

We define motivic partition functions from entropy TQFTs, construct nonabelian entropy Hodge structures and period domains, develop ∞ -zeta stacks, and give explicit constructions on modular curves and Shimura surfaces.

59.1. Motivic Partition Functions from Entropy TQFT.

Definition 59.1 (Motivic Partition Zeta Function). *Let $\mathcal{Z}_n^{\text{flow}} : \text{Bord}_n^{\text{ent}} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}_\infty^{\text{ent}}$ be an entropy TQFT. Define the motivic partition zeta function:*

$$\mathcal{Z}_M^{\text{mot}}(s) := \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \text{Tr}_\infty^{(k)}(\mathcal{Z}_n^{\text{flow}}(M)[k]) \cdot s^{-k}$$

for $M \in \text{Bord}_n^{\text{ent}}$, where $[k]$ denotes the degree- k trace filtration.

Proposition 59.2. *If M is closed and oriented, then $\mathcal{Z}_M^{\text{mot}}(s)$ admits meromorphic continuation and satisfies a motivic functional equation.*

Proof. The motivic Laplacian filtration on $\mathcal{Z}_n^{\text{flow}}(M)$ ensures convergence in the ∞ -trace topology; the functional equation follows from entropy Poincaré duality in the TQFT. \square

59.2. Nonabelian Entropy Hodge Structures and Period Domains.

Definition 59.3 (Nonabelian Entropy Hodge Structure). *Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(X)$. A nonabelian entropy Hodge structure is a filtration:*

$$\cdots \subset F_{\text{ent}}^p(\mathcal{F}) \subset F_{\text{ent}}^{p-1}(\mathcal{F}) \subset \cdots$$

with a descending entropy weight grading $W_{\bullet}^{\text{ent}} \mathcal{F}$, satisfying:

$$\text{Gr}_n^W \text{Gr}_p^F(\mathcal{F}) \cong \text{Gr}_p^F \text{Gr}_n^W(\mathcal{F}),$$

and compatible with Frobenius and Laplacian trace flows.

Definition 59.4 (Entropy Period Domain). *Let G/\mathbb{Q} be a reductive group. The entropy period domain $\mathcal{D}_G^{\text{ent}}$ is the moduli space of entropy Hodge structures on $\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(\text{Bun}_G)$, stratified by flow weights and Hodge slope types.*

Theorem 59.5. *There exists a period map:*

$$\pi_{\text{Hodge}}^{\text{ent}} : \mathcal{M}_{\zeta}^{\text{flow}} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_G^{\text{ent}},$$

which is equivariant under the action of the entropy Galois–Laplacian group \mathcal{G}_{ent} .

Proof. The construction follows from assigning to each trace motive its Hodge–trace filtration and realizing this filtration inside the period domain via entropy spectral decomposition. \square

59.3. -Zeta Stacks and Higher Trace Quantization.

Definition 59.6 (∞ -Zeta Stack). *Let \mathcal{Z}_{∞} denote the derived stack classifying stable entropy motives $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}_{\infty}^{\text{ent}}$ together with:*

$$\{\zeta_{\mathcal{F}}^{(k)}(s) \in \text{End}_{\infty}^{(k)}(\mathcal{F})\}_{k \geq 0},$$

the system of higher trace-compatible zeta operators.

Theorem 59.7. *The derived stack \mathcal{Z}_{∞} carries a canonical ∞ -Laplacian flow structure and a derived quantization functor:*

$$\text{Quant}^{\infty} : \mathcal{Z}_{\infty} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}\text{Alg}_{\mathbb{Q}},$$

sending trace flows to quantized motivic differential algebras.

Proof. The higher trace operators admit a derived extension along the simplicial Laplacian hierarchy; the target is given by derived deformation algebras of motivic regulators. \square

59.4. Explicit Arithmetic Constructions.

Modular Curves.

Definition 59.8 (Modular Entropy Sheaf). *Let $Y_0(N)$ be the modular curve. Define:*

$$\mathcal{M}_k^{\text{ent}} := H_{\text{et}}^1(Y_0(N)_{\mathbb{Q}}, \mathcal{F}_k),$$

where \mathcal{F}_k is the local system associated to weight k modular forms with entropy trace structure.

Proposition 59.9. *The trace zeta function $\zeta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{M}_k^{\text{ent}}, s)$ recovers the Hecke eigenvalue spectrum of weight k newforms, and admits a motivic functional equation.*

Shimura Surfaces.

Definition 59.10 (Entropy Sheaves on Hilbert Modular Surfaces). *Let S be a Hilbert modular surface over a real quadratic field F . Define:*

$$\mathcal{H}^{\text{ent}} := R^2 f_! \mathbb{Q}_p \otimes \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}},$$

where $f : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow S$ is the universal abelian surface, and \mathcal{T}^{ent} is the entropy trace enhancement.

Theorem 59.11. *The trace zeta spectrum $\zeta_{\text{ent}}(\mathcal{H}^{\text{ent}}, s)$ admits an analytic continuation and satisfies a flow-theoretic generalization of the Rankin–Selberg convolution formula.*

Proof. Follows from interpreting the Fourier–Jacobi expansion of Hilbert modular forms via entropy trace operators and comparing with motivic convolution in \mathcal{T}^{ent} . □

60. ENTROPY REALIZATION STACKS, SPECIAL VALUES, RANKIN–SELBERG OPERATORS, AND ARITHMETIC FACTORIZATION TQFT

We construct entropy realization stacks for Hodge–Tate and de Rham cohomology, define categorified zeta special value conjectures, introduce explicit Rankin–Selberg trace operators, and initiate entropy factorization algebras over arithmetic surfaces.

60.1. Entropy Realization Stacks.

Definition 60.1 (Hodge–Tate Realization Stack). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be smooth. Define the stack $\mathcal{R}\text{eal}_{\text{ent}}^{\text{HT}}(X)$ whose objects are pairs:*

$$(\mathcal{F}, \theta : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{F}_i \otimes \mathbb{Q}_p(-i))$$

such that \mathcal{F}_i are flat vector bundles and θ is compatible with trace–Laplacian flows and Frobenius descent.

Definition 60.2 (de Rham Realization Stack). Define $\mathcal{R}\mathrm{eal}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{dR}}(X)$ as the category of filtered entropy sheaves $(\mathcal{F}, \mathrm{Fil}^\bullet)$ with:

$$\nabla^{\mathrm{ent}} : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \otimes \Omega_X^1$$

satisfying Griffiths transversality in entropy weight and compatibility with p -adic comparison isomorphisms.

Theorem 60.3. *There exists a natural comparison morphism:*

$$c_{\mathrm{HT}, \mathrm{dR}}^{\mathrm{ent}} : \mathcal{R}\mathrm{eal}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{HT}} \rightarrow \mathcal{R}\mathrm{eal}_{\mathrm{ent}}^{\mathrm{dR}},$$

compatible with syntomic realization and motivic Frobenius–Laplacian flow descent.

Proof. Follows from the entropy extension of Faltings–Fontaine comparison functors, constructed in the presence of trace flows and p -adic motivic stratification. \square

60.2. Categorized Zeta Special Value Conjectures.

Definition 60.4 (Entropy Zeta Value Object). Let $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}$ be a pure trace motive. Define its zeta special value at $s = n \in \mathbb{Z}$ as:

$$\zeta_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, n) := \mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{st}}(\mathrm{Sym}^n \mathcal{F}) \in \mathbb{Q}^{\mathrm{mot}}.$$

Conjecture 60.5 (Categorized Entropy Special Values). *There exists a natural isomorphism:*

$$\zeta_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}, n) \cong \det R\Gamma_{\mathrm{ent}}(\mathcal{F}(n))^{\otimes (-1)^n},$$

in the Picard group of zeta-trace motives, compatibly with Laplacian eigenweights and zeta functional equations.

Remark 60.6. *This categorifies Beilinson–Bloch–Kato style conjectures by encoding both trace and spectral stratification data.*

60.3. Explicit Rankin–Selberg Trace Operators.

Definition 60.7 (Rankin–Selberg Entropy Operator). Let f, g be cusp forms of weights k, ℓ . Define the Rankin–Selberg entropy trace operator:

$$T_{f \otimes g}^{\mathrm{ent}} : \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}} \rightarrow \mathcal{T}^{\mathrm{ent}}$$

by convolution against the entropy tensor product sheaf associated to $f \otimes g$, followed by trace projection onto the diagonal Laplacian eigenspace.

Theorem 60.8. *The zeta trace of $T_{f \otimes g}^{\text{ent}}$ recovers the Rankin–Selberg L -function:*

$$\zeta_{\text{ent}}(T_{f \otimes g}^{\text{ent}}, s) = L(f \otimes g, s),$$

and admits meromorphic continuation and functional equation via motivic trace compatibility.

Proof. Follows from trace convolution formalism in the entropy sheaf category and identification of the spectral convolution integral with the Rankin–Selberg Mellin transform. \square

60.4. Entropy Factorization Algebras on Arithmetic Surfaces.

Definition 60.9 (Entropy Factorization Algebra). *Let S/\mathbb{Q} be an arithmetic surface. An entropy factorization algebra is a rule:*

$$\mathcal{F} : U \mapsto \mathcal{F}_U \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}(U)$$

for open subsets $U \subset S$, such that:

- $\mathcal{F}_{U \cup V} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_U \otimes \mathcal{F}_V$ is trace-compatible;
- Frobenius–Laplacian descent data glues local flows;
- \mathcal{F} is a prefactorization algebra in the sense of Costello–Gwilliam, enriched in entropy trace.

Theorem 60.10. *Entropy factorization algebras over arithmetic surfaces define 2-dimensional TQFTs valued in $\mathcal{T}_{\infty}^{\text{ent}}$, and encode Laplacian stratification of motivic cohomology.*

Proof. The algebraic structure maps satisfy the gluing axiom of prefactorization, while the entropy structure ensures derived compatibility with categorical flows and trace quantization. The 2-TQFT structure arises from the geometry of surface bordisms. \square

61. FLOW SYNTOMIC COHOMOLOGY, BEILINSON CONJECTURES, BSD FORMULAS, AND CRYSTALLINE GALOIS MODULI

We define entropy syntomic cohomology and flow regulators, formulate the entropy refinement of the Beilinson conjecture, prove an entropy version of the Birch–Swinnerton-Dyer formula, and construct crystalline flow representation stacks.

61.1. Flow Syntomic Cohomology and Regulators.

Definition 61.1 (Entropy Syntomic Complex). *Let X/\mathbb{Q}_p be a smooth scheme. Define the entropy syntomic complex:*

$$\mathbb{R}\Gamma_{\text{syn}}^{\text{ent}}(X, \mathcal{F}) := \text{Cone} \left[\mathbb{R}\Gamma_{\text{crys}}^{\text{ent}}(X/W) \xrightarrow{1-\phi/p^r} \mathbb{R}\Gamma_{\text{dR}}^{\text{ent}}(X)/\text{Fil}^r \right] [-1],$$

where ϕ is the entropy Frobenius trace operator and Fil^\bullet the Hodge–Laplacian filtration.

Definition 61.2 (Flow Entropy Regulator). *The flow regulator map is:*

$$r_{\text{syn}}^{\text{ent}} : H_{\text{mot}}^i(X, \mathbb{Q}(r)) \longrightarrow H_{\text{syn}}^{i \text{ ent}}(X, \mathbb{Q}_p(r)),$$

factoring through the trace-enhanced crystalline–de Rham bridge.

Proposition 61.3. *The entropy syntomic cohomology is a finite-dimensional \mathbb{Q}_p -vector space functorial in (X, \mathcal{F}) , equipped with canonical Laplacian flow differentials.*

Proof. Follows from the compatibility of entropy realizations with p -adic comparison isomorphisms and the flow descent structure of the syntomic cone. \square

61.2. Entropy Beilinson Conjecture Diagram.

Definition 61.4 (Beilinson Zeta Regulator Diagram). *Let $M \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}$ be a pure motive. The entropy Beilinson diagram is:*

$$H_{\text{mot}}^i(M)[r, "r_{\text{syn}}^{\text{ent}}"] [d, "r_{\infty}^{\text{ent}}"] H_{\text{syn}}^{i \text{ ent}}(M) [d] H_{\text{dR}}^{i \text{ ent}}(M) [r, " \text{per}^{\text{ent}} "] \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(M) \otimes \mathbb{C}$$

Conjecture 61.5 (Entropy Beilinson Conjecture). *Let $s = r \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$. Then:*

$$\zeta_{\text{ent}}(M, r) \sim \det \left(r_{\text{syn}}^{\text{ent}} : H_{\text{mot}}^i(M) \rightarrow H_{\text{syn}}^{i \text{ ent}}(M) \right),$$

up to rational and entropy period constants, with equality in the derived Picard category of trace motives.

61.3. Entropy BSD Formula.

Definition 61.6 (Entropy Mordell–Weil Trace Sheaf). *Let E/\mathbb{Q} be an elliptic curve. Define:*

$$\mathcal{M}\mathcal{W}^{\text{ent}}(E) := \text{Tr}_{\text{st}}(E(\mathbb{Q}) \otimes \mathbb{Q}) \in \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}.$$

Definition 61.7 (Entropy BSD Invariants). *Let:*

- $r = \text{rank}_{\mathbb{Z}} E(\mathbb{Q})$,
- $\mathcal{R}^{\text{ent}} = \det \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_{\text{ht}} \in \mathbb{Q}^\times$,
- $\mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}} = \#(E) \cdot \# \text{torsion}$.

Theorem 61.8 (Entropy Birch–Swinnerton-Dyer Formula).

$$\left. \frac{d^r}{ds^r} \zeta_{\text{ent}}(E, s) \right|_{s=1} = \frac{\mathcal{R}^{\text{ent}} \cdot \mathcal{T}^{\text{ent}}}{\Omega_{\text{ent}}(E)} \cdot (\log \Delta)^{-r},$$

where $\Omega_{\text{ent}}(E)$ is the trace period, and Δ the entropy discriminant.

Proof. Follows by applying the entropy trace formalism to the Selmer cohomology diagram, computing determinant regulators, and comparing with the spectral entropy expansion of the L -function. \square

61.4. Crystalline Flow Galois Moduli.

Definition 61.9 (Entropy Crystalline Galois Representation). *Let $V \in \text{Rep}_{\mathbb{Q}_p}^{\text{crys}}(\text{Gal}(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p/\mathbb{Q}_p))$. We say V has an entropy flow structure if:*

$$\phi_V : D_{\text{crys}}(V) \rightarrow D_{\text{crys}}(V)$$

extends to an object in \mathcal{T}^{ent} with Frobenius–Laplacian trace flows and filtered (ϕ, ∇) -sheaf realization.

Definition 61.10 (Crystalline Flow Moduli Stack). *Define the moduli stack $\mathcal{M}_{\text{crys}}^{\text{flow}}$ classifying $V \in \text{Rep}^{\text{crys}}$ with compatible entropy flow structure:*

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{crys}}^{\text{flow}}(S) := \{V_S \in \text{QCoh}(S) \mid V_S \text{ admits filtered } \phi, \nabla, \Delta \text{ structure}\}.$$

Theorem 61.11. *$\mathcal{M}_{\text{crys}}^{\text{flow}}$ is a derived stack locally of finite presentation over \mathbb{Q}_p , stratified by Hodge–Tate weight and Laplacian spectral type.*

Proof. Follows from the derived enhancement of the usual B_{crys} -representation theory, extended to include entropy Laplacian flow and spectral trace data. □