lifequal: Calculating Life-table Lifespan Equality

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How to install?

You can install lifequal by running:

```
install.packages("devtools")
devtools::install_github("jschoeley/lifequal")
```

What does it do?

lifequal lets you calculate three measures of lifespan equality from a life-table:

- 1) ExDagger(x, ex, wx, ax) Life expectancy lost by those who die in age interval [x, x+w)
- 2) EDagger(dx, exdagger, radix) Total life expectancy lost due to death
- 3) KeyfzEntro(edagger, e0) Keyfitz's entropy

They are defined as follows,

| Measure | Definition |
|---|--|
| Start of age interval | \overline{x} |
| Width of age interval starting at x | w_x |
| Start of last age interval | ω |
| Average time spent in age interval $[x, x + wx)$ when | a_x |
| dying in that interval | |
| Deaths in age interval $[x, x + w_x)$ | d_x |
| Life-expectancy at age x | e_x |
| Life expectancy lost due to death in age interval | |
| $[x, x + w_x)$ | $e_x^{\dagger} = \begin{cases} \frac{a_x}{w_x} e_{x+w_x} + (1 - \frac{a_x}{w_x}) e_x & x \neq \omega \\ e_{\omega} & x = \omega \end{cases}$ |
| Total life expectancy lost due to death | $e^\dagger_x = \sum_{x=0}^\omega d_x e^\dagger_x$ |
| Keyfitz's Entropy | $rac{e^{	au}}{e_0}$ |

Life expectancy versus lifespan equality for 1x1 Swedish life-tables

```
library(lifequal)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
```

The analysis starts with a demographic life-table. We want 1) age groups ordered from low to high, 2) no gaps between subsequent age groups. Something like this:

Swedish 1x1 period life-tables by period and sex sweden1x1

```
## Source: local data frame [58,608 x 11]
##
##
                                                            dx
                                                                           Tx
         sex period
                         x
                                mχ
                                        qx
                                               ax
                                                      ٦x
                                                                  T.x
##
       (chr)
              (int) (int)
                             (dbl)
                                     (dbl) (dbl)
                                                   (int) (int) (int)
                                                                        (int)
## 1
      female
                         0 0.21223 0.18651
                                            0.35 100000 18651 87877 3987544
               1751
## 2
      female
               1751
                         1 0.04941 0.04822
                                            0.50
                                                   81349
                                                          3923 79388 3899667
## 3 female
               1751
                         2 0.03225 0.03174
                                            0.50
                                                   77427
                                                          2457 76198 3820279
## 4 female
               1751
                         3 0.02601 0.02567
                                            0.50
                                                   74970
                                                          1925 74007 3744080
## 5 female
                         4 0.02370 0.02342
                                                   73045
                                                          1711 72190 3670073
               1751
                                            0.50
## 6
     female
               1751
                         5 0.01876 0.01859
                                            0.50
                                                   71334
                                                          1326 70671 3597884
## 7
     female
               1751
                         6 0.01296 0.01287
                                            0.50
                                                   70008
                                                           901 69558 3527212
## 8
     female
                         7 0.00877 0.00873
                                            0.50
                                                   69107
                                                           603 68806 3457654
               1751
## 9
     female
               1751
                         8 0.00608 0.00606
                                            0.50
                                                   68504
                                                           415 68296 3388849
## 10 female
               1751
                         9 0.00494 0.00493
                                            0.50
                                                   68089
                                                           335 67921 3320553
## Variables not shown: ex (dbl)
```

First, we use ExDagger() on each single life-table (separate by period and sex) to calculate the life expectancy lost in each age. We then summarise each life-table into a set of 3 numbers: Life expectancy at birth, total life years lost due to death (EDagger()) and lifespan equality (KeyfzEntro()). Note that we transform Keyfitz's Entropy by taking the negative log.

```
sweden1x1 %>%
  # ...for each single life-table...
  group_by(period, sex) %>%
  #...we calculate the life years lost in age x...
  mutate(exdagger = ExDagger(x, ex)) %>%
  # ...and then summarise each life-table into a set of 3 numbers:
  # e0:
                Life-expectancy at birth
  # edagger:
                Total life years lost due to death
  # keyfzentro: Lifespan equality
  summarise(
   e0
               = ex[x == 0],
               = EDagger(dx, exdagger, radix = 100000),
    edagger
   keyfzentro = -log(KeyfzEntro(edagger, e0))
  ) -> sweden1x1summary
```

The summarised life-tables look like this:

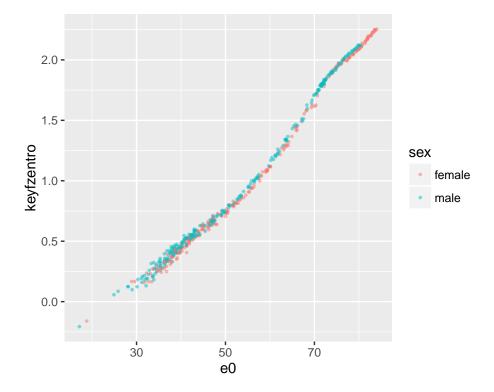
sweden1x1summary

```
## Source: local data frame [528 x 5]
## Groups: period [?]
##
##
      period
                        e0
                            edagger keyfzentro
                sex
##
       (int)
              (chr) (dbl)
                              (db1)
                                          (dbl)
## 1
        1751 female 39.88 26.42272
                                     0.4116507
## 2
               male 36.81 26.29076
## 3
        1752 female 36.75 28.65525
                                     0.2488017
```

```
## 4
        1752
               male 33.88 28.26324
                                     0.1812630
## 5
        1753 female 41.27 27.49097
                                     0.4062782
               male 38.05 27.36753
## 6
                                     0.3295438
        1754 female 39.01 27.45547
## 7
                                     0.3512526
        1754
               male 35.80 27.05649
                                     0.2800211
## 9
        1755 female 37.60 27.59827
                                     0.3092511
## 10
        1755
               male 35.34 27.21785
                                     0.2611423
## ..
```

For each life-table we plot the life expectancy at birth versus the lifespan equality.

```
plot_lifequal <-
    ggplot(sweden1x1summary, aes(x = e0, y = keyfzentro, color = sex)) +
    geom_point(size = 0.6, alpha = 0.5) +
    theme(aspect.ratio = 1)
plot_lifequal</pre>
```



Life expectancy versus lifespan equality for 5x5 Swedish life-tables

The same exercise as before, only now we deal with life-tables aggregated over multiple year period and age intervals.

```
# Swedish 5x5 period life-tables by period and sex
sweden5x5
## Source: local data frame [2,496 x 12]
##
##
                                                         ax
                                                                              Lx
         sex
                period
                            х
                                          mx
                                                                lx
                                                                       dx
                                 WX
                                                   qx
                  (chr) (int) (dbl)
##
                                       (dbl)
                                                (dbl) (dbl)
                                                             (int) (int)
       (chr)
                                                                           (int)
```

```
## 1 female 1755-1759
                          0
                                1 0.23517 0.20399 0.35 100000 20399 86741
                                4 0.04076 0.14805
## 2 female 1755-1759
                                                   1.52
                                                         79601 11785 289151
                          1
## 3 female 1755-1759
                                5 0.01256 0.06043
                                                   1.88
                                                         67816
                                                               4098 326313
                         10
## 4 female 1755-1759
                                5 0.00658 0.03239
                                                   2.53
                                                         63718
                                                                2064 313492
## 5 female 1755-1759
                         15
                                5 0.00622 0.03063
                                                   2.44
                                                         61654
                                                                1888 303428
## 6 female 1755-1759
                         20
                                5 0.00720 0.03537
                                                   2.62
                                                         59766 2114 293794
## 7 female 1755-1759
                         25
                                5 0.00929 0.04544
                                                   2.57
                                                         57652 2620 281902
## 8 female 1755-1759
                         30
                                5 0.01230 0.05971
                                                   2.53
                                                         55032
                                                                3286 267060
## 9 female 1755-1759
                         35
                                5 0.01108 0.05389
                                                   2.49
                                                         51746
                                                                2788 251744
## 10 female 1755-1759
                         40
                                5 0.01622 0.07806
                                                   2.59
                                                         48958
                                                                3822 235561
## Variables not shown: Tx (int), ex (dbl)
```

We deal with this aggregation by informing ExDagger() about w_x , the width of each age interval. This information is included in the column wx of our life-table.

```
sweden5x5 %>%
  # ...for each single life-table...
 group_by(period, sex) %>%
  #...we calculate the life years lost in age interval [x, x+wx)...
 mutate(exdagger = ExDagger(x, ex, wx, ax)) %>%
 # ...and then summarise each life-table into a set of 3 numbers:
 # e0:
               Life-expectancy at birth
               Total life years lost due to death
  # keyfzentro: Lifespan equality
 summarise(
   e0
              = ex[x == 0],
              = EDagger(dx, exdagger, radix = 100000),
   keyfzentro = -log(KeyfzEntro(edagger, e0))
 ) -> sweden5x5summary
```

The summarised life-tables look like this:

sweden5x5summary

```
## Source: local data frame [104 x 5]
## Groups: period [?]
##
##
                          e0
                              edagger keyfzentro
         period
                   sex
##
          (chr)
                 (chr) (dbl)
                                (dbl)
                                           (db1)
## 1 1755-1759 female 36.80 26.33548 0.3345809
## 2 1755-1759
                  male 33.89 26.03847
                                       0.2635449
## 3 1760-1764 female 36.50 26.60345 0.3162712
## 4 1760-1764
                 male 33.62 26.12272
                                       0.2523156
## 5 1765-1769 female 37.81 26.52746
                                       0.3543933
## 6 1765-1769
                 male 34.78 26.16651
                                       0.2845622
## 7 1770-1774 female 31.23 25.58650
                                       0.1993144
                 male 28.67 24.93197
## 8 1770-1774
                                       0.1397002
## 9 1775-1779 female 38.08 26.55897
                                       0.3603218
## 10 1775-1779
                  male 35.95 26.48334
## ..
```

The aggregated life-tables follow the same trend as the single year life-tables.

