README.md - Grip

# Telerik Academy

Telerik Academy Season 2016-2017 / C# Fundamentals Exam - 26 April 2016

# Task 2: Speeds

# **Description**

You are given a sequence of the speeds of cars in a single-lane-street. A car can catch up to the car B, only if B is in-front of A and the speed of A is greater than the speed of B, and then the speed of A is lowered to the speed of B. Each gathering of cars is called a group. You task is to find the sum of the **initial speeds** of the **longest group** of cars (the group with most cars in it). If more than one group with equal length exists, then find the biggest sum of the initial speeds of these groups.

#### **Additional notes**

- · Cars cannot outrun each other
  - o They can only catch up
- · The streen is very very long and no matter the speed
  - o No car with any speed can get out of it till the end of the exam
- · Cars with equal speeds do not catch up to each other
  - o They do not form a group

## **Example:**

· There are two groups with biggest length

```
4 + 6 + 5 = 153 + 9 + 100 = 112
```

• The answer is 112



#### Input

All input data is read from the standard input (the console)

- On the first line will be the number c
  - The number of cars
- On the next c lines there will a single integer number s
  - o The speed of each car

# Output

The output data is printed on the standard output (the console)

- On the single line on the output print the sum of the the initial speeds of longest group (the group with most cars)
  - o If there are groups with equal length, print the buggest sum

#### Constraints

- c will always be between 1 and 1000
- Each s will always be between 1 and 1500
- The input data will always be correct and there is no need to check it explicitly
- Allowed memory: 8 MiB
- Allowed working time for your program: 0.1 seconds

# **Sample Tests**

### Sample Input 1

- 11
- 4000
- 6 5

- 100
- 3

## **Sample Output 1**

112

## Sample Input 2

- 4
- 1 1

### **Sample Output 2**

# Sample Input 3

## **Sample Output 3**

5

### Sample Input 4

- 5
- 1

3 4 5

# Sample Output 4

15