

PyWAW #42

Concurrency in Python 4k

17 Nov 2014

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A large, vibrant red heart is centered on a dark blue, textured background. Inside the heart, the text "#42" is written in a white, sans-serif font.

#42

 **BASE**

Rep Performance Dashboard ?

May 01, 2014 → Sep 30, 2014

Filters



Comparing to: Tyler Black's Team

Ryan Thomas

189% quota attainment for period

\$94,500 sold / \$50,000 quota

	Total Sales	Avg. Deal Size	Deals Sold
	\$370,800	\$74,160	5
Team average:	\$186,520	\$37,304	5

Quota Attainment

September 2014

\$94,500 / 189%

Quota: \$50,000

Conversion Rates



Loss Reasons



Appt. Details

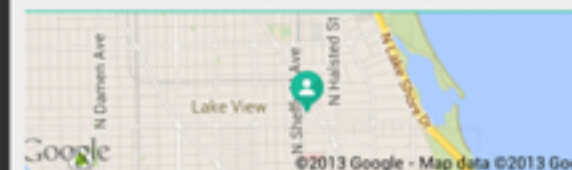
Setup Meeting: Starbucks

MON, AUG 30 9:00 AM MON, AUG 30 10:40 AM 15 Min

ATTENDING?

☒ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No

LOCATION



Base CRM, 212 W Superior, Suite 200

complex made easy

focus

Concurrency in Py4k



concurrency





old tools

- threading
- multiprocessing
- Coroutines via Enhanced Generators
(PEP 342, Python 2.5)

Python 3

- all from Python 2.x
- `concurrent.futures`
- `asyncio` (Python 3.4)



18.5. `asyncio` – Asynchronous I/O, event loop, coroutines and tasks

Note: The `asyncio` package has been included in the standard library on a *provisional basis*. Backwards incompatible changes (up to and including removal of the module) may occur if deemed necessary by the core developers.

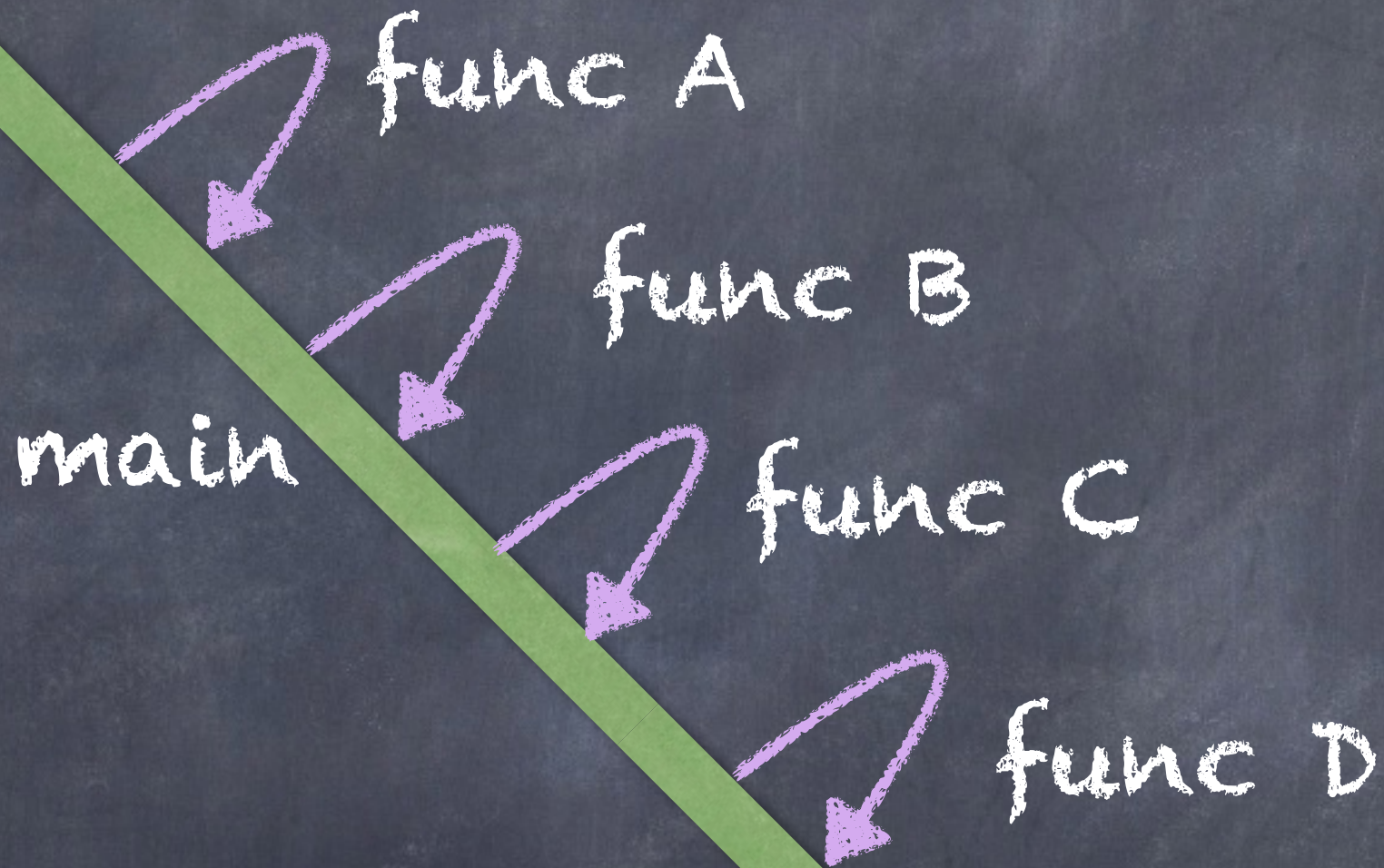
»

New in version 3.4.

structure

Work done

Time



CSP model

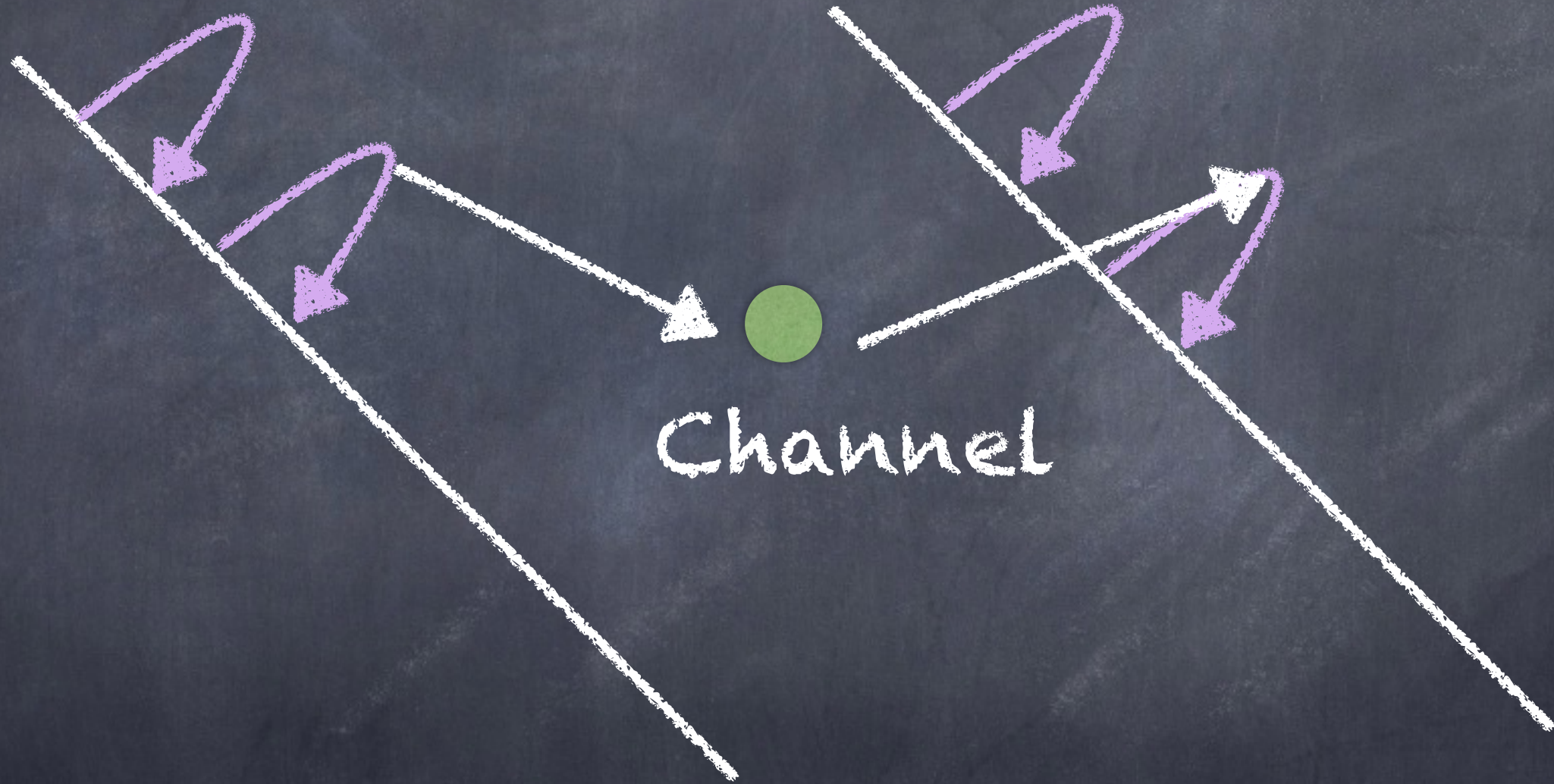
Work done

Process A

Process B

Time

Channel



concurrency primitives

- goroutines
- channels
- select

goroutines

```
func MightTakeLong() {  
    // ...  
}  
  
MightTakeLong()  
  
go MightTakeLong()
```


channels

```
// Declaring and initializing  
c := make(chan int)
```

```
// Sending on a channel  
c <- 1
```

```
// Receiving from a channel  
// The "arrow" indicates the direction of data flow  
value = <-c
```


select

```
func fibonacci(c, quit chan int) {  
    x, y := 0, 1  
    for {  
        select {  
        case c <- x:  
            x, y = y, x+y  
        case <-quit:  
            fmt.Println("quit")  
            return  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int)  
    quit := make(chan int)  
    go func() {  
        for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
            fmt.Println(<-c)  
        }  
        quit <- 0  
    }()  
    fibonacci(c, quit)  
}
```


potentially real
example

Concurrent search

```
func Google(query string) (results []Result) {  
    c := make(chan Result)  
    go func() { c <- Web(query) } ()  
    go func() { c <- Image(query) } ()  
    go func() { c <- Video(query) } ()  
  
    for i := 0; i < 3; i++ {  
        result := <-c  
        results = append(results, result)  
    }  
    return  
}
```


timeout

```
c := make(chan Result)
go func() { c <- Web(query) } ()
go func() { c <- Image(query) } ()
go func() { c <- Video(query) } ()

timeout := time.After(80 * time.Millisecond)
for i := 0; i < 3; i++ {
    select {
    case result := <-c:
        results = append(results, result)
    case <-timeout:
        fmt.Println("timed out")
        return
    }
}
return
```


Python?

- Python 2.7: gevent
Greenlets + Queues
- Python 3.4: asyncio
Coroutines + Queues
- PythonCSP

Other Languages

- OCCAM
- Limbo
- Clojure

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2. golang.org/s/concurrency-is-not-parallelism
3. golang.org/s/concurrency-patterns
4. www.infoq.com/presentations/core-async-clojure
5. asyncio.org
6. wiki.python.org/moin/Concurrency