

DATA130004: Homework 10

No hand-in requirement. But make sure you can solve it.

1. Refer to the lecture notes about mixture models. Now suppose Y follows p -component Gaussian mixture density,

$$f(y|\theta) = \sum_{r=1}^p \pi_r f(y|\mu_r, \sigma_r^2)$$

where $\theta = \{\pi_r, \mu_r, \sigma_r^2 : 1 \leq r \leq p\}$. Follow the steps to derive the EM algorithm.

- (a) Let U be the latent variable indicating which subpopulation Y comes from. Derive the log-likelihood function for complete data $\log f(y, u|\theta)$.
- (b) The conditional distribution of $U|Y, \theta$ is a discrete distribution. Given another θ' which is different from θ , calculate $P(U = r|Y = y, \theta')$ and denote it by $w_r(y, \theta')$.
- (c) (E-step) When the complete data $(y_1, u_1), \dots, (y_n, u_n)$ are assumed to be i.i.d., show that

$$\begin{aligned} Q(\theta, \theta') &= E\{\log f(U, Y|\theta)|Y = y, \theta'\} \\ &= \sum_{r=1}^p \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta') \right\} \log \pi_r + \sum_{r=1}^p \sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta') \log f(y_j|\mu_r, \sigma_r^2) \end{aligned}$$

- (d) (M-step) Maximize $Q(\theta, \theta')$ with respect to θ when fixing θ' . Use \dagger to indicate the maximizer. Show that

$$\begin{aligned} \pi_r^\dagger &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta') \\ \mu_r^\dagger &= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta') y_j}{\sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta')} \\ \sigma_r^{2\dagger} &= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta') (y_j - \mu_r^\dagger)^2}{\sum_{j=1}^n w_r(y_j, \theta')} \end{aligned}$$