1 Project Overview

1.1 Purpose

- The purpose of this document is to outline and organize the requirements needed to develop our musical rhythm game
- Create a fun and competitive musical rhythm game with at least three levels of increasing difficulty
- Seamlessly interact with a database and use API calls for enhanced functionality

1.3 Target Audience or Users

• Customers: Individuals who will play and interact with the game, including our teacher (Prof. Allgood), TAs, and other interested players

2. Project Scope

2.1 Features and Functionalities to be Included

- Game Levels: Three levels with increasing difficulty
- Player Progression: Advancement based on performance
- Database Interaction: Seamless interaction with a database for player data
- API Utilization: Use API calls for real-time updates and enhanced functionality

2.2 Exclusions and Limitations

• Limitations on the number of levels initially included

3. Requirements Gathering

3.1 Stakeholder Interviews or Meetings

- Conduct meetings with stakeholders to gather requirements and feedback
- 3.2 Documentation of Functional and Non-functional Requirements
 - Document both functional requirements (e.g., game features) and non-functional requirements (e.g., performance, security)

3.3 Prioritization of Requirements

Prioritize requirements based on importance and feasibility

4. Technology Stack

4.1 Programming Languages and Frameworks

- Frontend: HTML/CSS/JavaScript
- Framework: React for dynamic UI
- Backend: Flask/Python for server-side logic
- Middleware: Flask Restful API for database interaction and API calls

4.2 Databases and Data Storage Solutions

- SQLite for local development and testing
- Consideration of scalable databases for production

4.3 Third-party Libraries or Tools

• Use of libraries like React, Flask, and Phaser3 for game development

5. Project Timeline

- 5.1 Milestones and Deliverables
 - Milestone 1: Initial game prototype development
 - Milestone 2: Integration of database and API functionalities
 - Milestone 3: Testing and debugging phase
- 5.2 Estimated Timeframes for Each Phase
 - Planning: 4 weeks
 - Development: 8 weeks
 - Testing: 2 weeks
- 5.3 Dependencies Between Tasks
 - Development depends on successful planning and requirement gathering phases

6. Team Roles and Responsibilities

- 6.1 Roles Within the Development Team
 - Developers: Landon Jones, Jack Sidle, Corey Turner
 - Project Manager: Alyson Mulato
- 6.2 Responsibilities and Tasks for Each Role
 - Developers:
 - Landon Jones
 - Game logic and game loop
 - Creation and modification of sprites
 - Audio programming and audio syncing
 - Gameplay development
 - Level design
 - Initial backend design
 - Jack Sidle
 - Implemented login functionality with the database, making it so that you can only have one account associated with a name
 - Added level scores to the DB associated with each level
 - Update users completed levels in DB to only allow them to do the levels they have unlocked
 - Keep track of total scores to later be sent to the top score list.
 - Corey Turner
 - Frontend aesthetics
 - Formatting the level select page and login pages.
 - Project Manager: Coordinate tasks, schedule meetings, and track progress
- 6.3 Communication and Collaboration Channels
 - Regular team meetings and communication through chat or video conferencing tools

7. Development Environment Setup

- 7.1 Version Control System
 - Use Git for version control and collaboration
- 7.2 Development IDE or Editor
 - IDEs like Visual Studio Code for frontend and backend development
- 7.3 Testing Frameworks and Tools
 - Postman to test our API
 - Werkzeug Debugging for Flask Errors

8. Coding Standards and Guidelines

- 8.1 Coding Style
 - Followed standard coding convention and syntax for each language used
 - Prioritized following this standard to decrease the level errors and improved readability
- 8.2 Naming Conventions
 - Use descriptive and consistent naming conventions for variables, functions, and classes
- 8.3 Documentation Practices
 - Write a comprehensive README.md for project setup and usage instructions

9. Testing Strategy

- 9.1 Types of Testing
 - Unit testing for individual components
 - Integration testing for database and API interactions
 - End-to-end testing for overall functionality
- 9.2 Test Plan Creation
 - Develop a test plan outlining test cases and scenarios

10. Risk Management

- 10.1 Identification of Potential Risks
 - Unforeseen challenges in API integration
 - Performance issues with real-time updates
- 10.2 Risk Mitigation Strategies
 - Thorough testing and integration testing for APIs
 - Monitoring and performance optimization for real-time functionalities
- 10.3 Contingency Plans for Critical Risks
 - Have alternative solutions ready for critical functionalities

11. Documentation and Knowledge Sharing

- 11.1 Documentation of Project Architecture
 - Document the project architecture, design decisions, and component interactions
- 11.2 Knowledge Sharing Sessions
 - Conduct knowledge sharing sessions within the team for code reviews and best practices (usually done during SPRINT sessions)

12. Communication Plan

- 12.1 Communication Protocols
 - Regular team meetings for status updates and progress tracking
 - Use of chat or messaging tools for daily communication and issue tracking
- 12.2 Reporting Mechanisms
 - Prepare progress reports and status updates for stakeholders
 - Use issue tracking tools for bug reporting and resolution
- 12.3 Stakeholder Communication Strategy
 - Regular updates for stakeholders to gather feedback and input through SPRINT submissions

Additional Information:

13. Meetings and Sprint Expectations

13.1 Meeting Schedule

Weekly meetings on Fridays at 10 am / 1 pm (Video conference or chat)

13.2 Sprint Expectations

Discuss progress, address challenges, and set goals for the upcoming week during meetings Regular communication through chat for daily updates and issue tracking