

Part 1

Find a linear discriminant that separates the patterns in the logical OR dataset.

- Choose \mathbf{w} that points toward the (1, 1) data point.
- Use (0, 0.6) to calculate the bias.

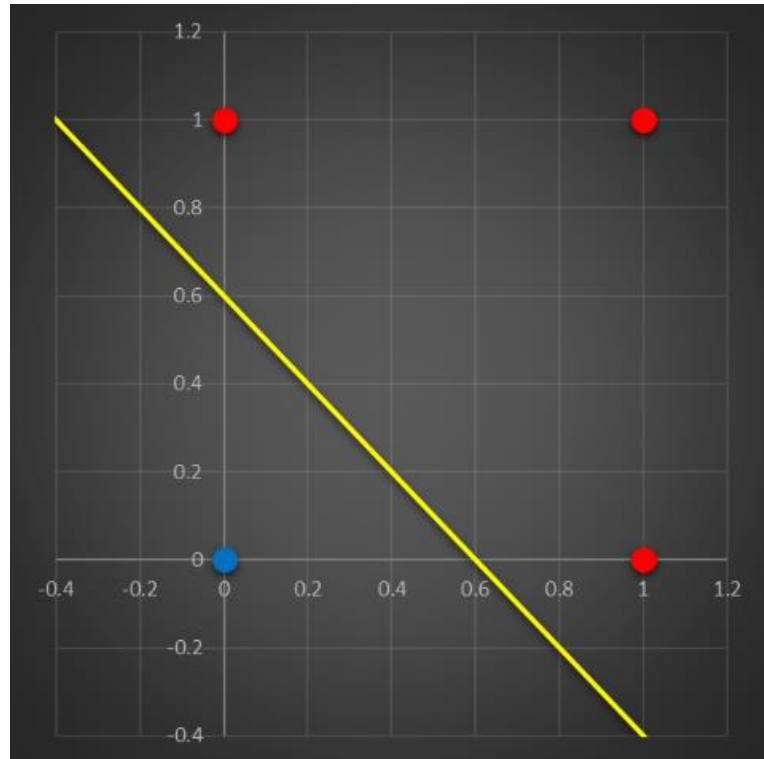
1. Find the equation of the decision boundary and draw it to the attribute-space diagram.

Bias:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p} + b &= 0 \\ \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p} &= -b \\ -b &= \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p} \\ -b &= [1 \quad 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.6 \end{bmatrix} \\ -b &= 0.6 \\ b &= -0.6\end{aligned}$$

Decision boundary:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p} + b &= 0 \\ [1 \quad 1] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} - 0.6 &= 0 \\ (1 \times x_1) + (1 \times x_2) - 0.6 &= 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 - 0.6 &= 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 &= 0.6\end{aligned}$$



2. Calculate the margins of the open circle and closed circles patterns.

Open-circles margin:

$$\begin{aligned}d &= \frac{|g(0,0)|}{\|\mathbf{w}\|} \\ d &= \frac{|[1 \quad 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - 0.6|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}} \\ d &= \frac{|0 - 0.6|}{\sqrt{1 + 1}} \\ d &= \frac{0.6}{\sqrt{2}} \\ d &\cong 0.42\end{aligned}$$

Closed-circles margin:

$$\begin{aligned}d &= \frac{|g(0,1)|}{\|\mathbf{w}\|} \\ d &= \frac{|[1 \quad 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - 0.6|}{\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}} \\ d &= \frac{|1 - 0.6|}{\sqrt{1 + 1}} \\ d &= \frac{0.4}{\sqrt{2}} \\ d &\cong 0.28\end{aligned}$$

Part 2

Use PLA with **specified initial weights and bias** to find a weight vector and bias that separates the 2 points below in 3D attribute space.

Training Set

$$\left\{ \mathbf{p}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, t_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad \left\{ \mathbf{p}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, t_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

- Assume the output of the perceptron is $\text{hardlim}(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p} + b)$

Initial Weights

$$\mathbf{W} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = 0.5$$

- Report the resulting weight vector, bias, and the equation of the decision boundary.

Point Classification Checks	Adjustments
$a = \text{hardlim}(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p}_1 + b)$ $a = \text{hardlim}\left(\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + 0.5\right)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(-0.5 - 1 + 0.5 + 0.5)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(-0.5)$ $a = 0$ \mathbf{p}_1 is misclassified, $t_1 = 1$ and $a = 0$ $e = t_1 - a = 1 - 0 = +1$	$\mathbf{w}_{\text{new}} = \mathbf{w}_{\text{old}} + e\mathbf{p}_1$ $\mathbf{w}_{\text{new}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ -1 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{w}_{\text{new}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \\ 0 \\ -1.5 \end{bmatrix}$ $b_{\text{new}} = b_{\text{old}} + e = 0.5 + 1 = 1.5$
$a = \text{hardlim}(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p}_2 + b)$ $a = \text{hardlim}\left(\begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 0 & -1.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + 1.5\right)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(-0.5 + 0 + 1.5 + 1.5)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(2.5)$ $a = 1$ \mathbf{p}_2 is misclassified, $t_2 = 0$ and $a = 1$ $e = t_2 - a = 0 - 1 = -1$	$\mathbf{w}_{\text{new}} = \mathbf{w}_{\text{old}} + e\mathbf{p}_2$ $\mathbf{w}_{\text{new}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \\ 0 \\ -1.5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\mathbf{w}_{\text{new}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 \\ -1 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$ $b_{\text{new}} = b_{\text{old}} + e = 1.5 - 1 = 0.5$
$a = \text{hardlim}(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p}_1 + b)$ $a = \text{hardlim}\left(\begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + 0.5\right)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(1.5 - 1 + 0.5 + 0.5)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(1.5)$ $a = 1$ \mathbf{p}_1 is correctly classified, $t_1 = 1$ and $a = 1$	<p>Linearly Discriminated</p> $\mathbf{w}^T = \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$ $b = 0.5$ <p>Decision Boundary:</p> $\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p} + b = 0$ $\begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + 0.5 = 0$ $-\frac{3}{2}x_1 - x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = -\frac{1}{2}$
$a = \text{hardlim}(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{p}_2 + b)$ $a = \text{hardlim}\left(\begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + 0.5\right)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(-1.5 - 1 + 0.5 + 0.5)$ $a = \text{hardlim}(-1.5)$ $a = 0$ \mathbf{p}_2 is correctly classified, $t_2 = 0$ and $a = 0$	

2. Calculate the distances of the points from the decision boundary.

$$\begin{aligned}d &= \frac{|g(\mathbf{p}_1)|}{\|\mathbf{w}\|} \\d &= \frac{\left| \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + 0.5 \right|}{\sqrt{(1.5^2) + (-1^2) + (-0.5^2)}} \\d &= \frac{|1.5|}{\sqrt{2.25 + 1 + 0.25}} \\d &= \frac{1.5}{\sqrt{3.5}} \\d &\cong 0.80\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}d &= \frac{|g(\mathbf{p}_2)|}{\|\mathbf{w}\|} \\d &= \frac{\left| \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + 0.5 \right|}{\sqrt{(1.5^2) + (-1^2) + (-0.5^2)}} \\d &= \frac{|-1.5|}{\sqrt{2.25 + 1 + 0.25}} \\d &= \frac{1.5}{\sqrt{3.5}} \\d &\cong 0.80\end{aligned}$$