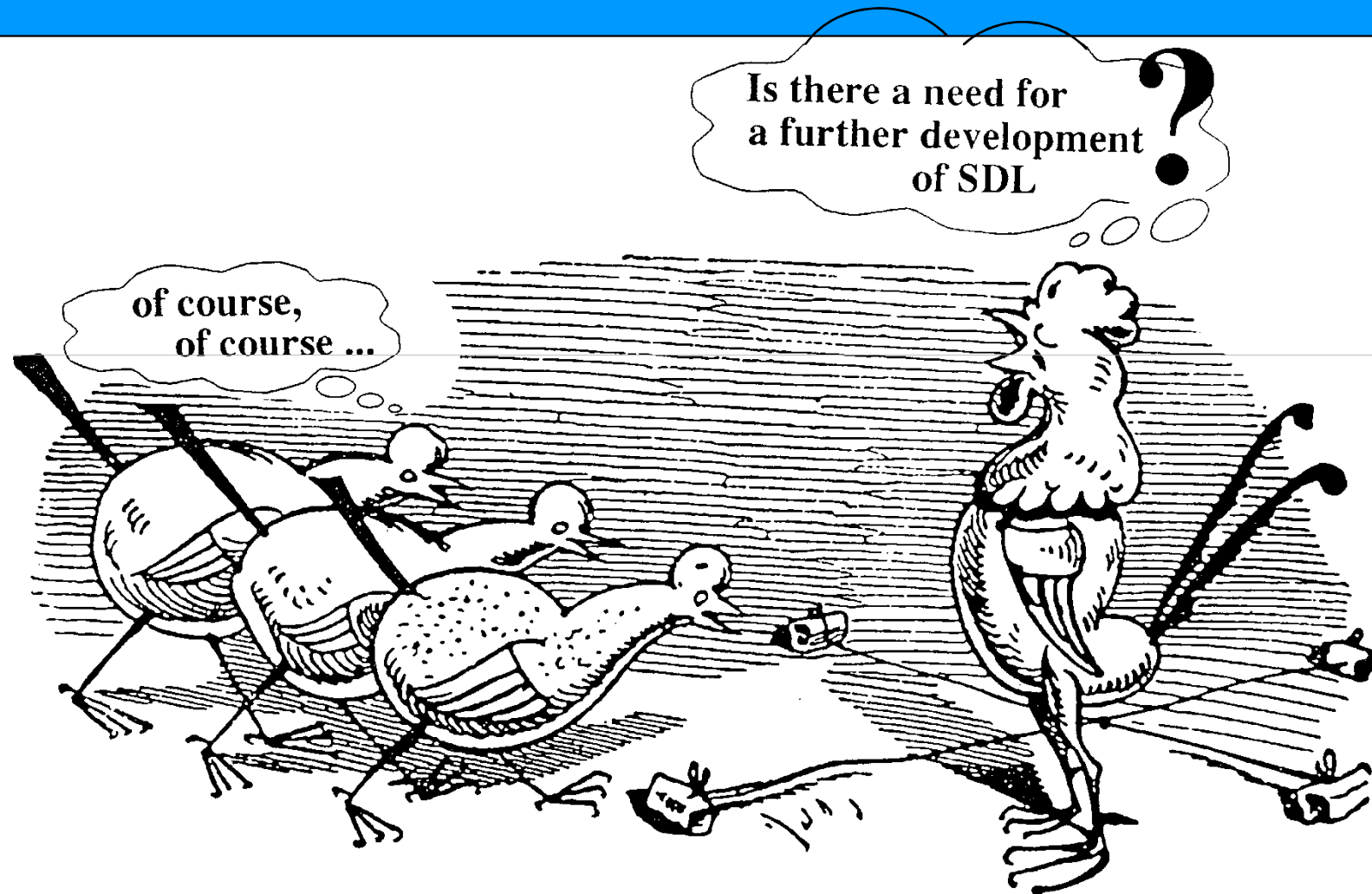


SDL the following ...

Part 2

TMSP
Stéphane Maag

Ready ... ?



Objectives

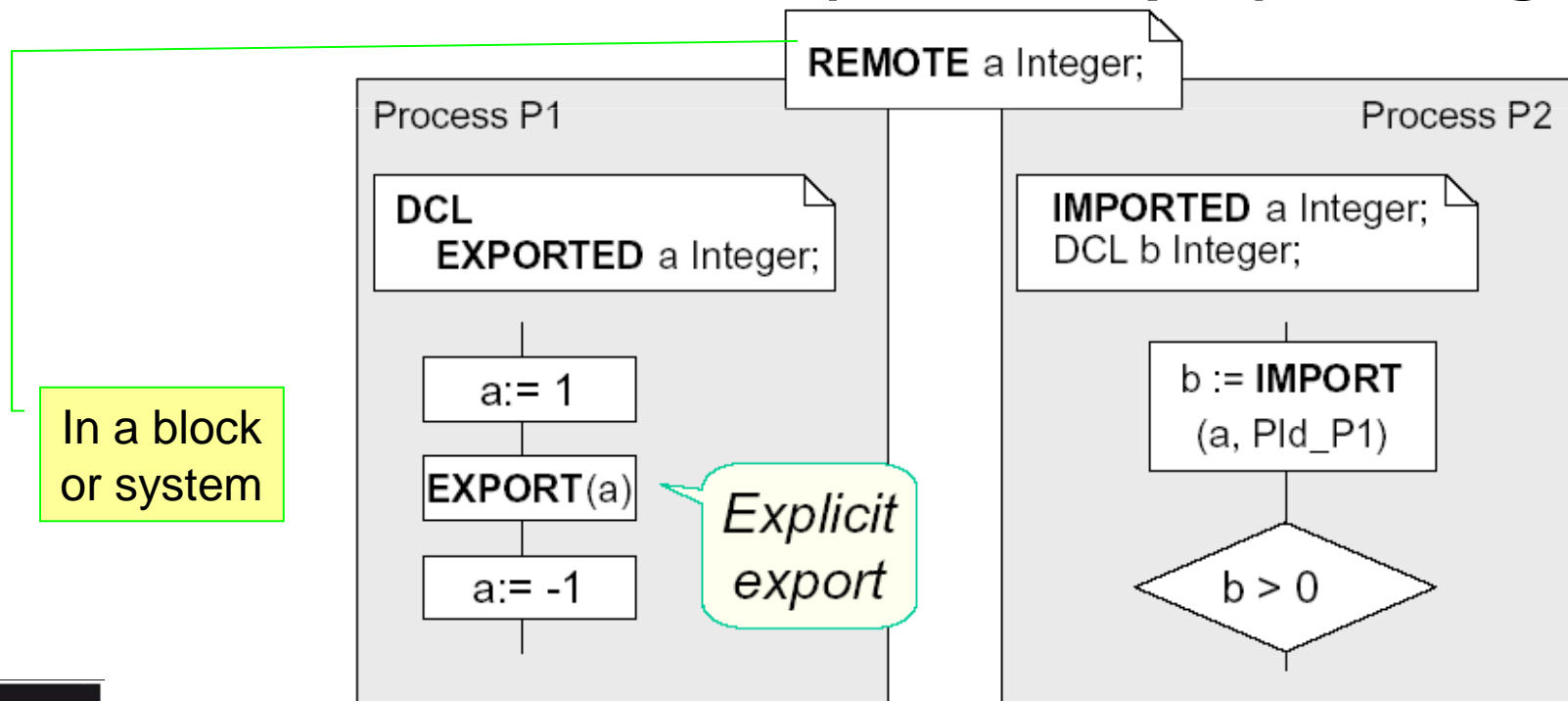
This course intends to make the participants discover:

- ✧ Structures
- ✧ Structural types
- ✧ Packages
- ✧ PID
- ✧ Procedures
- ✧ MacroDefinitions
- ✧ ASN.1 - Z.105



Remote Variables

🌀 **EXPORT-IMPORT:** to get the value of a variable of another process (implicit signals)



Definition of Structure

Structure with Fields

```
NEWTYPE Product  
STRUCT  
    reference CHARSTRING;  
    price REAL;  
    quantity INTEGER;  
ENDNEWTYPE Product;
```

The field types
may be some structures

Use of Structure

DCL prod Product;

Prod := (. 'ball',20.0,3 .)

assignment

prod!price := 21.0

prod!reference := 'Super new ball'

Modify by accessing the fields

Array Type

Type of
the index (**integer**)

```
NEWTYPE Product_T  
ARRAY (Index_T,Product);  
ENDNEWTYPE;
```

```
DCL prod_set Product_T;  
DCL prod Product;
```

Initialization

```
prod_set := ( (. 'ball',20.0,3 .) . )
```

Modify

```
prod_set(1) := prod
```

Extract

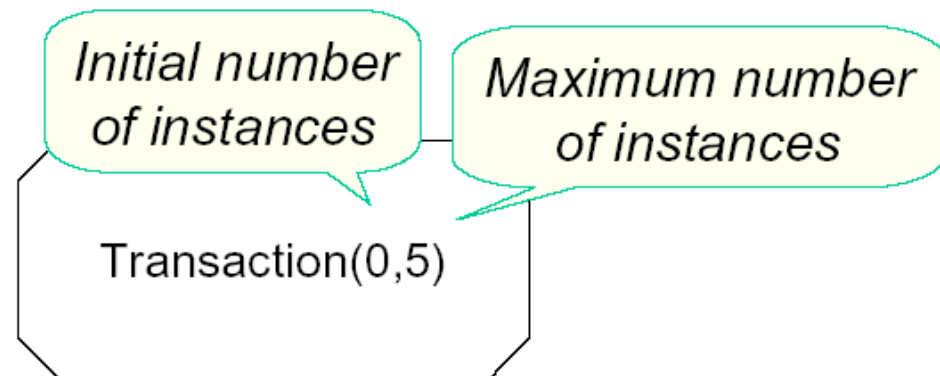
```
prod := prod_set(3)
```

Indexes are **integer**

Process: Active Class

- SDL allows to generate process instances:
 - They are active objects
 - Perform their own actions
 - Manage their own data
- Several possible instances may run in parallel.

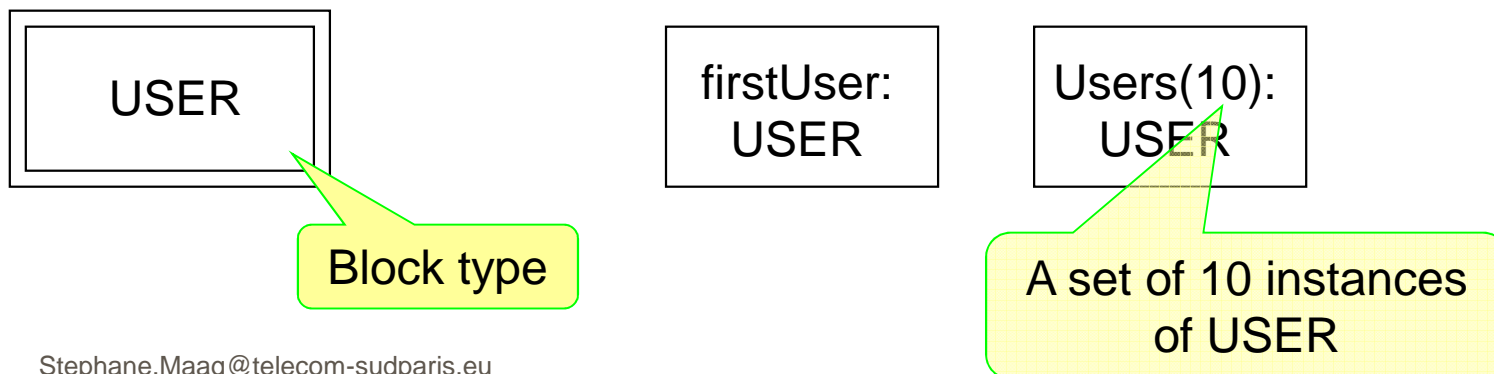
To represent them:



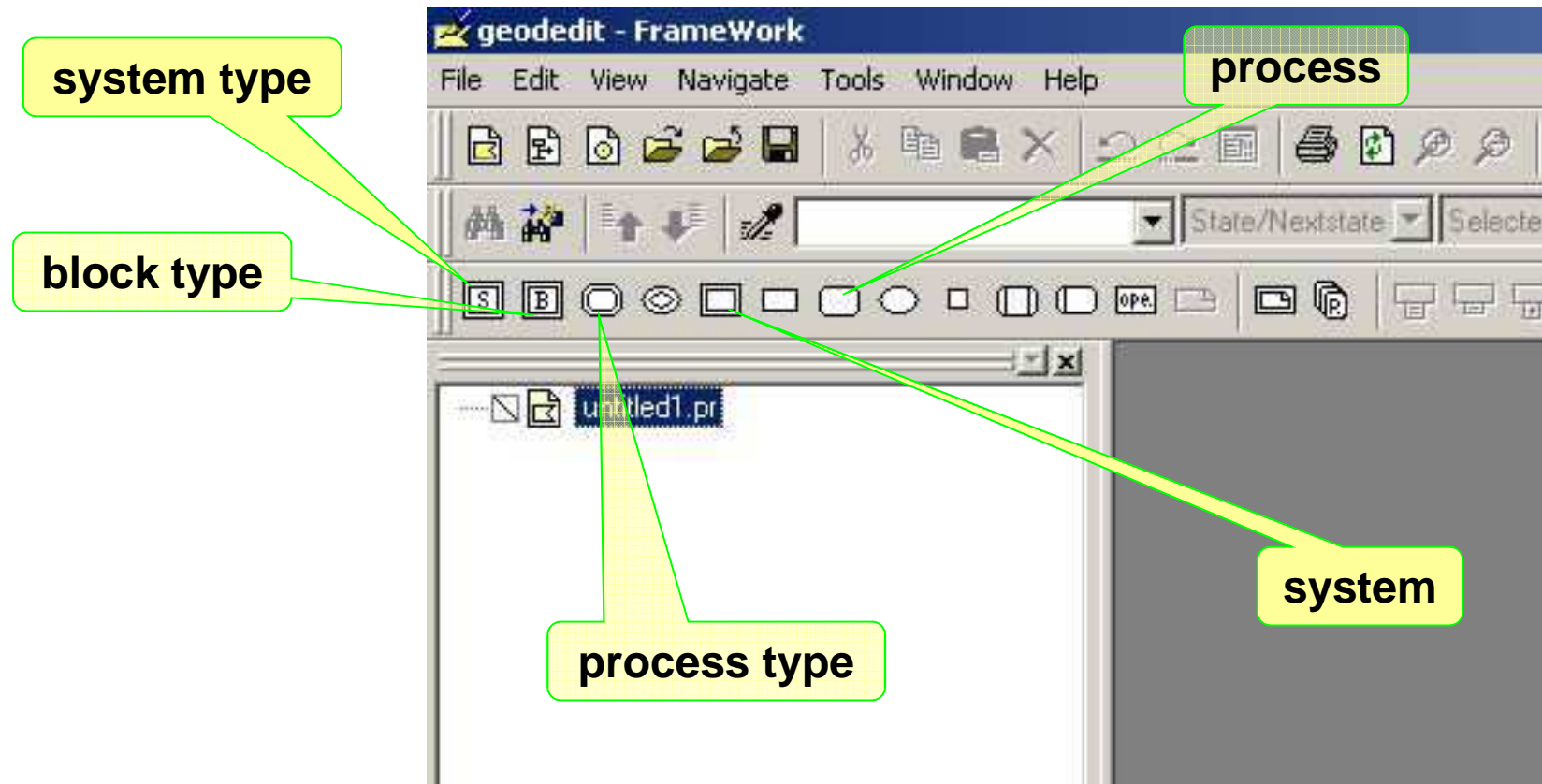
Structural Types and Instances

⌘ Block type or Process type

- ⌘ General description to reuse later
 - ⌘ Allows to generate many block or process instances
 - ⌘ Define the content of all instances
- ⌘ We may define one instance or set of instances



Structural Types in ObjectGEODE



Why Block and Process type ?



∞ They are defined once and used many times

∞ a defined block may then be used in different systems

∞ to define only once the content of several processes that run in different blocks

∞ structural types and instances available for systems, blocks and processes

Gates for structural types

- Structural types need gates
- gates define, with channels, the signals sent and/or received
- Instances are connected by channels through gates

Use of process types

Process instance set

Definition of process types

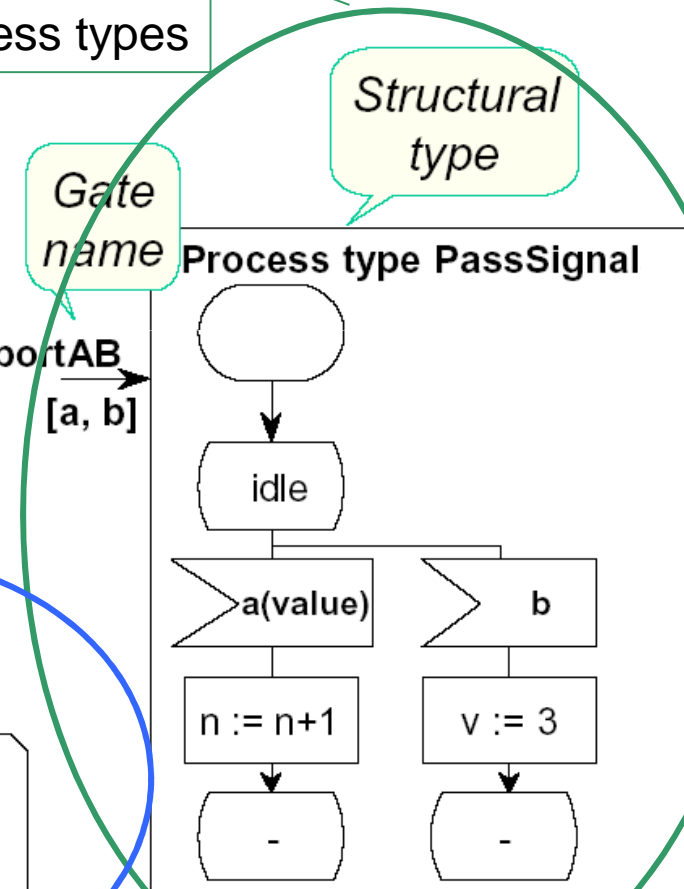
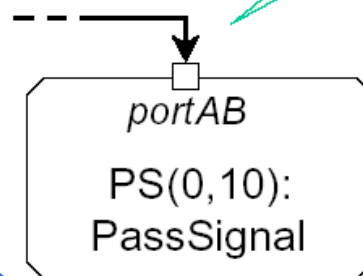
Structural type

Gate name

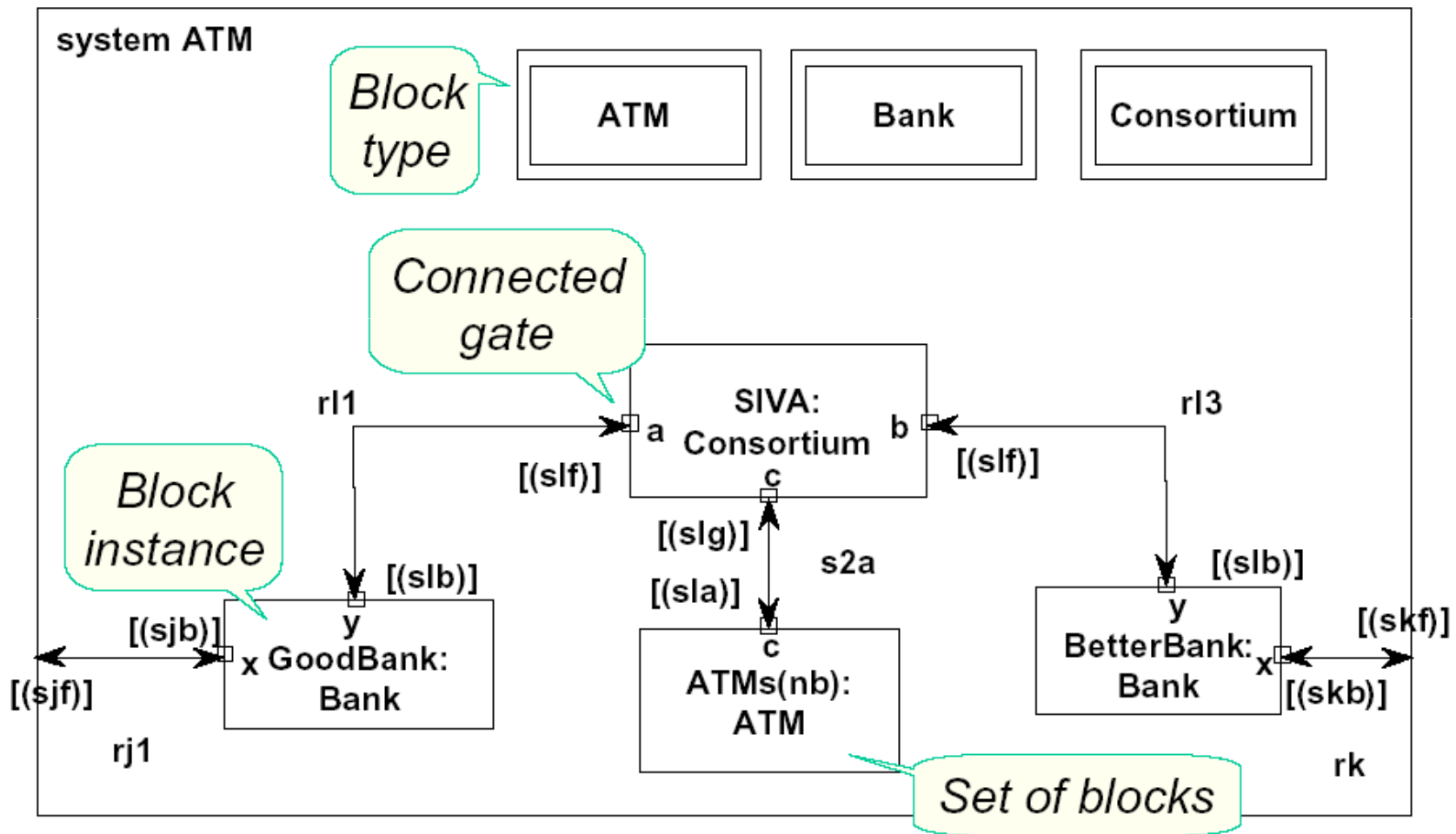
portAB
[a, b]

Process type PassSignal

Gate instance



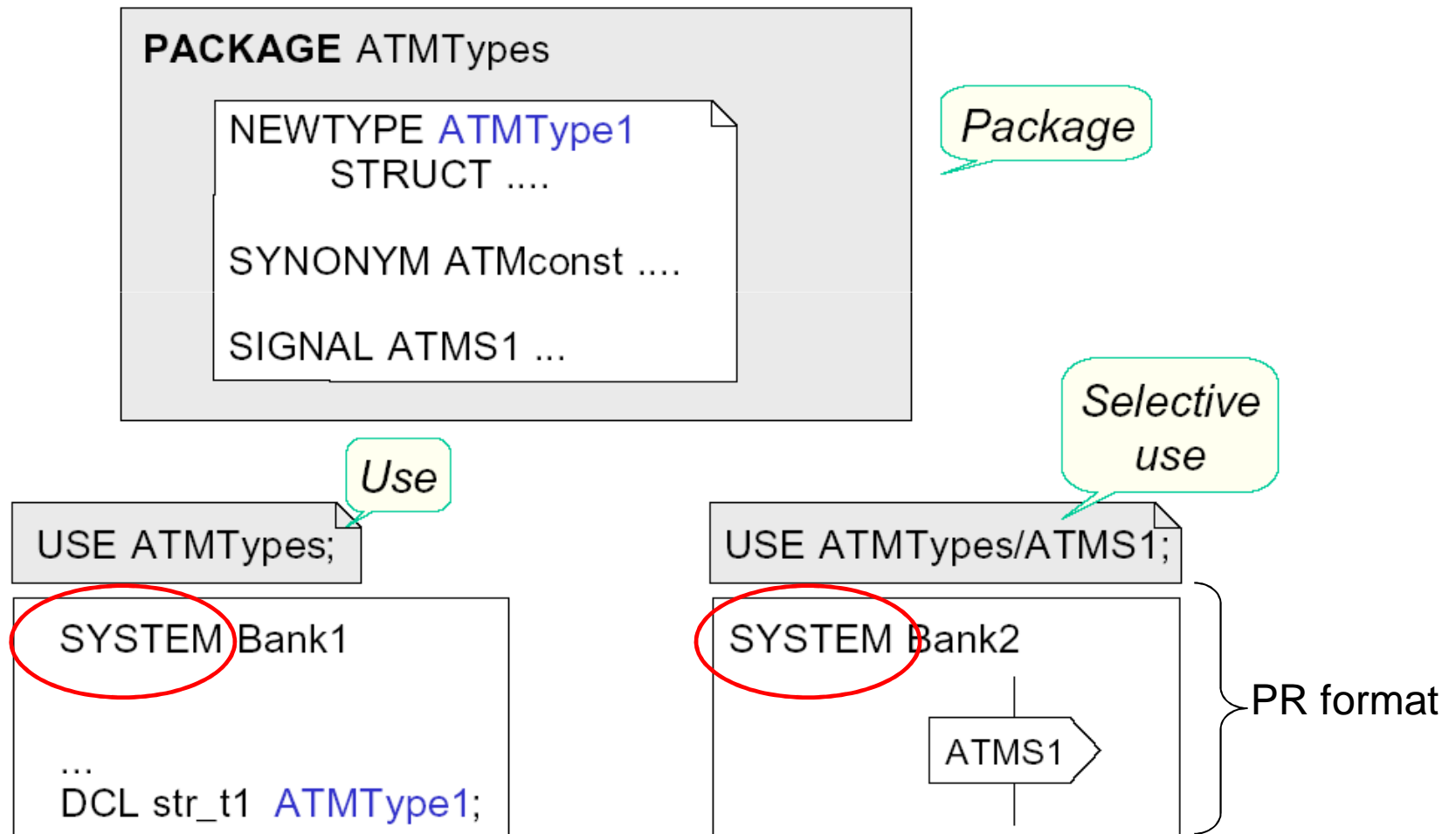
Examples of instantiations



Where to use structural types ?

- ✧ In package: a set of types
 - ✧ Structural types (block types, process types,...)
 - ✧ Signals and lists
 - ✧ Constants
 - ✧ Data types
- ✧ A package allows to reuse types in several models.

Package example



geodedit - FrameWork

File Edit View Navigate Tools Window Help

Identifier

State/Nextstate Selected & Subtree

C:\Documents and Settings\maag\Bu

DSR_node

- Declaration
- Structure
 - IP
 - SendPacket
 - Deliver
 - DSR
 - SearchCache
 - PushSendBuffer
 - SendSourceRoute
 - IdentMess
 - extractRouteCache
 - CreateRouteRequest
 - PushRouteRequestTab
 - PushRouteCache
 - ReverseList
 - UpdateRouteCache
 - UpdateForRRReq
 - UpdateForRRRep
 - UpdateForSrcR
 - CreateCacheRouteRep
 - EgaliteList
 - appartientRouteReqtab
 - SearchSendBuffer
 - appartientRouteCache
 - RemoveRouteCache
 - CreateRouteReply
 - RmBuffer
 - SendAkReq_ProcessAt
 - Lk_layerAck
 - PassiveAck
 - Eq_packet
 - DSR_Ack
 - AckTEST
 - ProcessAkR
 - AddDSRHeader
 - ProcessReceiverRE

Interconnection: DSR_node/Declaration

```

package DSR_node

SIGNAL
  dst_addr(Integer),
  data_packet(DATA),
  ip_packet(IP),
  conf_packet(Integer),
  boolean_packet(boolean),
  link_packet(TransM),
  Ctrl_packet(Integer,Integer),
  DemMaint(Integer);

SYNONYM DSR_PROTOCOL_NUMBER Integer = 224;
SYNONYM DSR_STANDARD_SIZE Integer = 4;
SYNONYM BROADCAST_ADDRESS Integer = 555;
SYNONYM NODE_1_ADDRESS Integer = 111;
SYNONYM NODE_2_ADDRESS Integer = 112;
SYNONYM NODE_3_ADDRESS Integer = 113;

DsrOption_T ::= CHOICE{
  SrcR SourceRoute_T,
  RReq RouteRequest_T,
  RRep RouteReply_T,
  Ack Acknowledgment_T,
  AckReq AckRequest_T,
  RError RouteError_T
};

OptionList_T ::= SEQUENCE OF DsrOption_T;

NEWTYPE DSR STRUCT
  next_header,
  reserved,
  payload_length Integer,
  options OptionList_T;
ENDNEWTYPE;

NEWTYPE IP STRUCT
  
```

Interconnection: DSR_node/Structure

package DSR_node

IP

DSR

NODE

FSM: IP

data_cha

[data_packet]

[data_packet]

conf_ip

process type IP

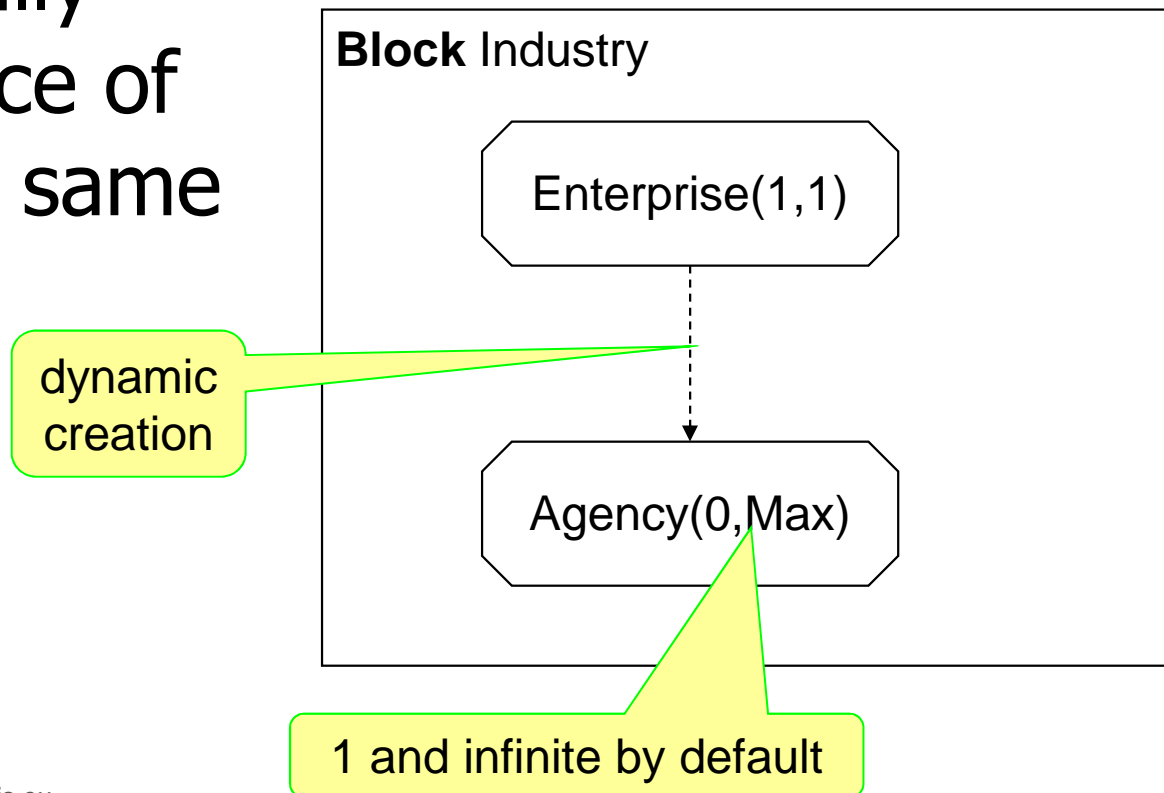
```

DCL
  DATA_in DATA,
  conf_p Integer;
DCL
  ip_in IP;
DCL OWN_ADDRESS integer;
  
```

data_packet (DATA in)

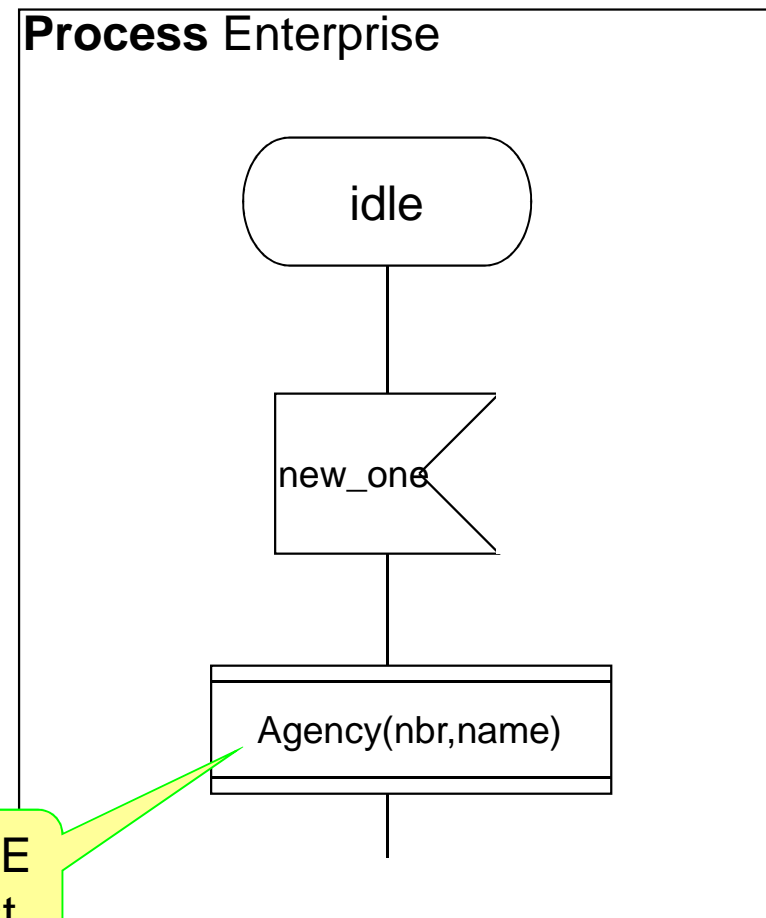
Dynamic Creation of Processes

∞ Process instance may dynamically creates instance of process in the same block.

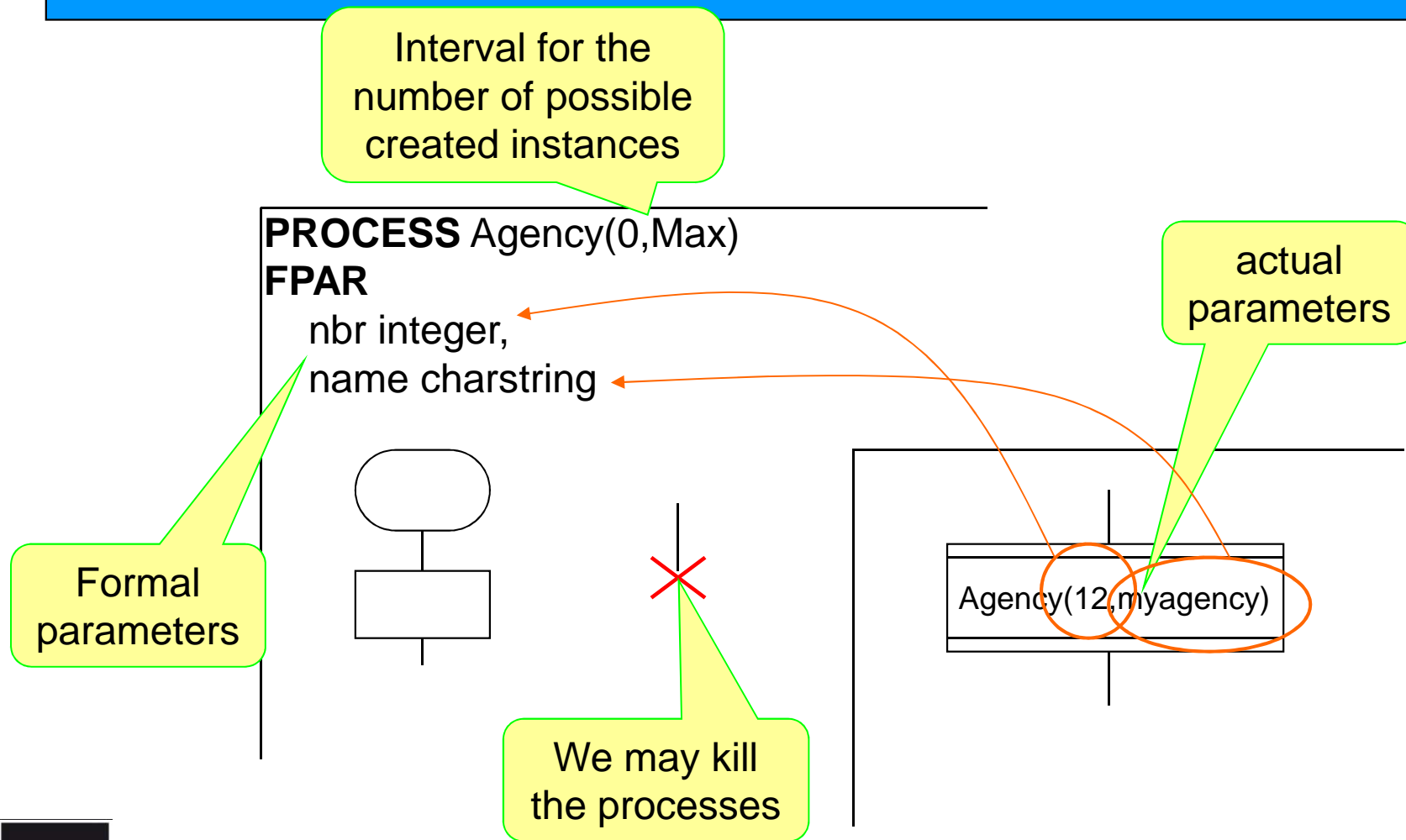


How to dynamically create processes

- ✧ The CREATE request provokes the immediate creation of the process.
- ✧ The created processes may carry parameters given by the creator.
- ✧ The new instance has its own new PID



Process parameters



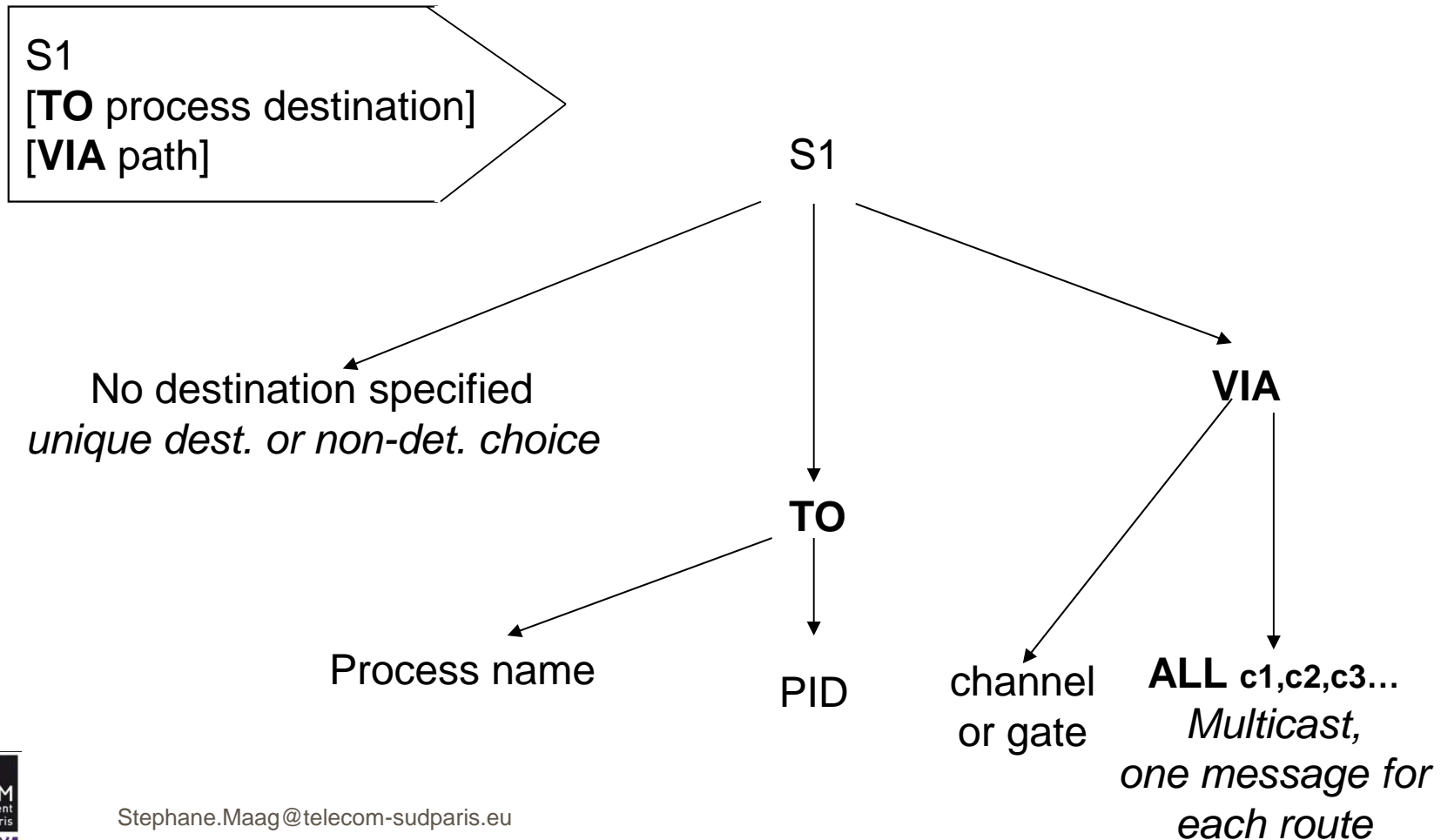
Process IDentification

- ✧ The PID is the unique identifier of each instance of process.
 - ✧ Remember ... PID is a predefined type !
 - ✧ The PID cannot be modified
 - ✧ The PID type has one predefined constant: NULL
- ✧ PIDs are used for communication in case of many possible receivers.
 - ✧ Client/server, mobile topologies (broadcast),...
 - ✧ signals that are both sent and received, ...
 - ✧ ...

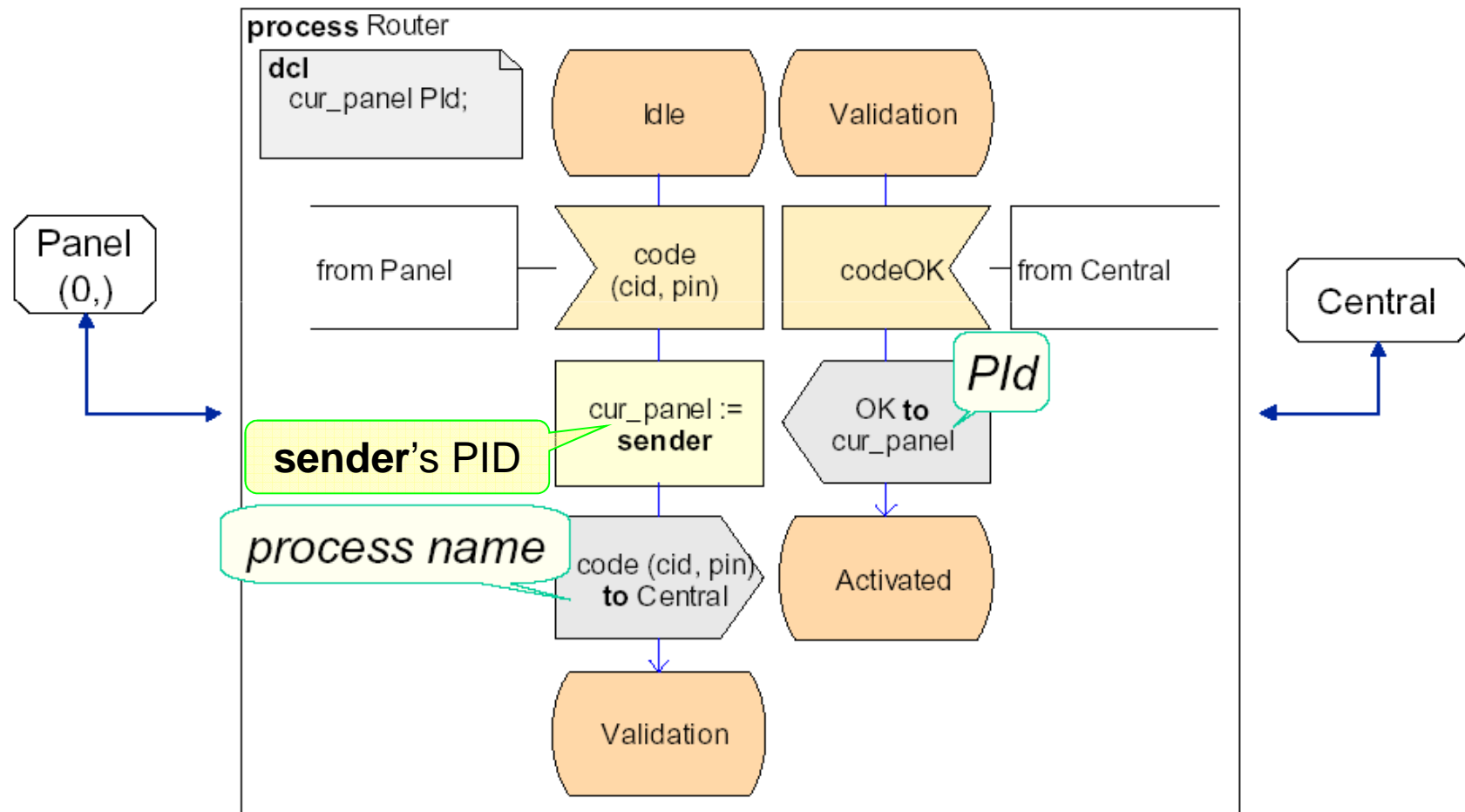
Predefined PID expressions

- ✧ SELF: PID of the process itself
- ✧ OFFSPRING: last process instance created by itself. If none was created then OFFSPRING is NULL
- ✧ PARENT: PID of parent process. If SELF was not dynamically created, then PARENT is NULL
- ✧ SENDER: PID of the process that has sent the last consumed signal by SELF. If no consumed signal the SENDER is NULL

Process destination for Output



Example of PID use



Procedures

∞ Use to factorize and parameterize actions

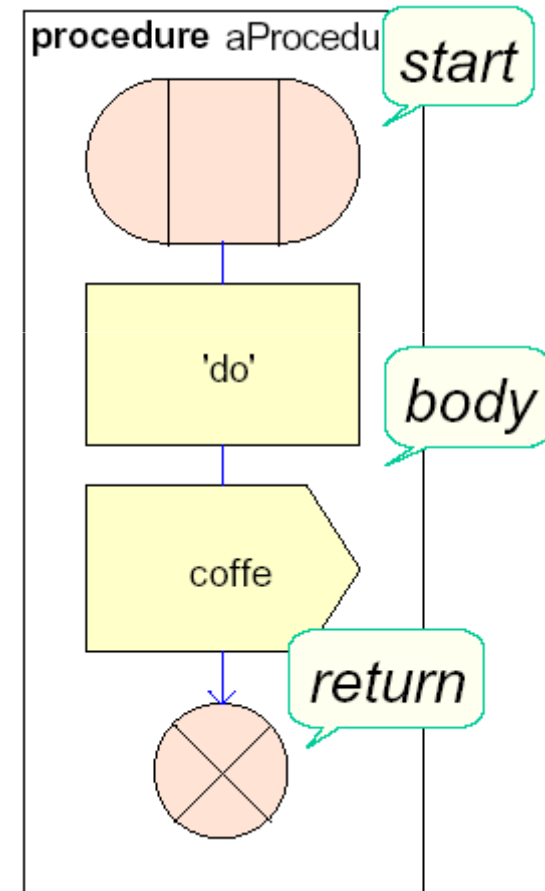
∞ Encapsulation, abstraction

∞ Allow to reduce the EFSM size

∞ **Executed in their owning process**

Procedure definition

- ✧ It is described like process, using EFSM
- ✧ It is executed using the queue of its own process
- ✧ It does not have any PID (even the one of the process)
- ✧ Signals are sent to process only
- ✧ It may have **local variables**
- ✧ It can be **defined** at process, block or system level
- ✧ No Stop in a procedure



Procedure parameters

☞ Introduced by **FPAR** and **IN** or **IN/OUT**:

☞ **FPAR**: parameters of the procedure

☞ **IN/OUT**:

- by reference
- it means that the parameter may be modified

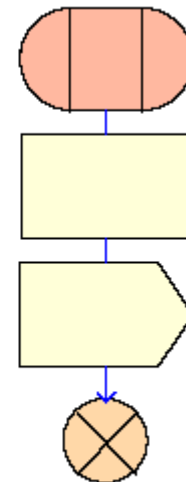
☞ **IN**:

- by value
- it means that the caller may not see the changes

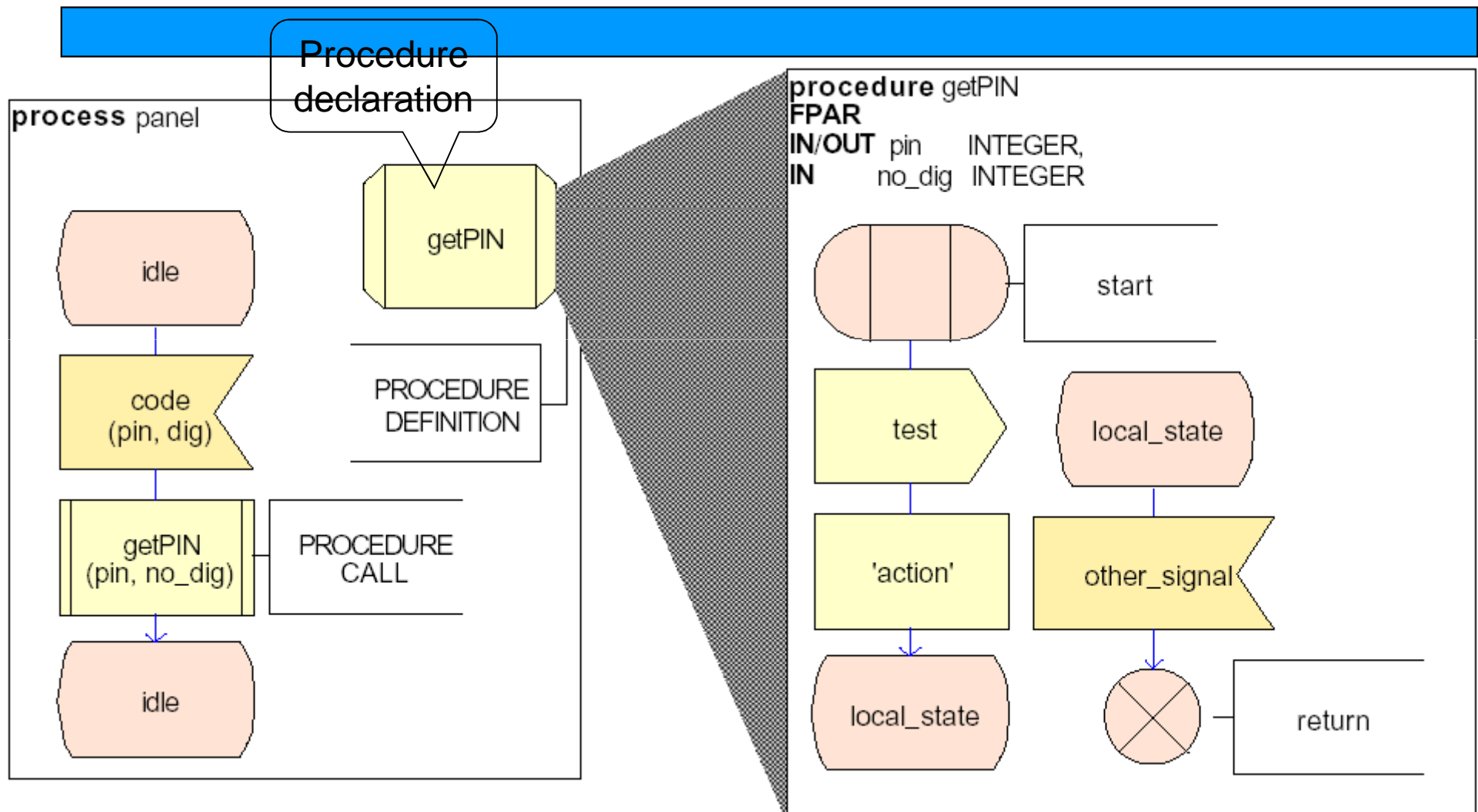
☞ by default the parameter are **IN**.

PROCEDURE GetPIN
FPAR

IN/OUT pin integer,
IN no_dig integer

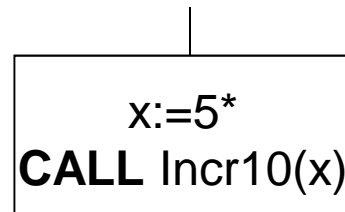


Procedure Example



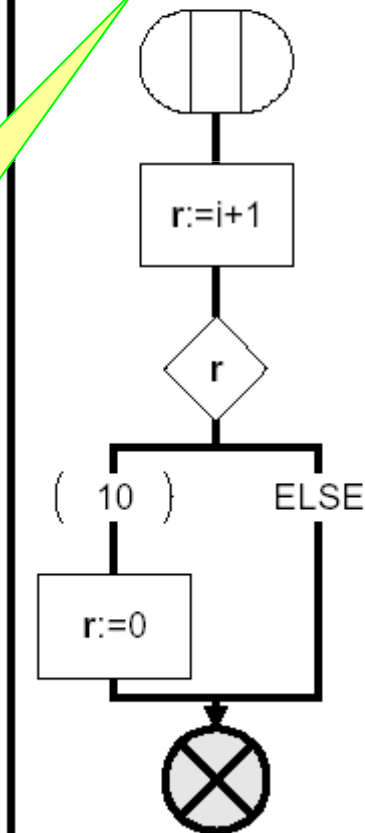
Procedures as classic functions

They may be called as classic functions in expressions: allows to return explicit values.



a value return

PROCEDURE Incr10
FPAR i Integer
RETURNS r Integer



MacroDefinition

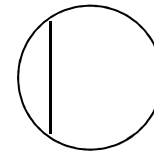
- ⌘ The Macros allow to treat the repetition of code, a description, a behavior that is often repeated,
- ⌘ Used only within processes or procedures,
- ⌘ May have formal parameter, it is necessary to transmit them.



Call of a macro

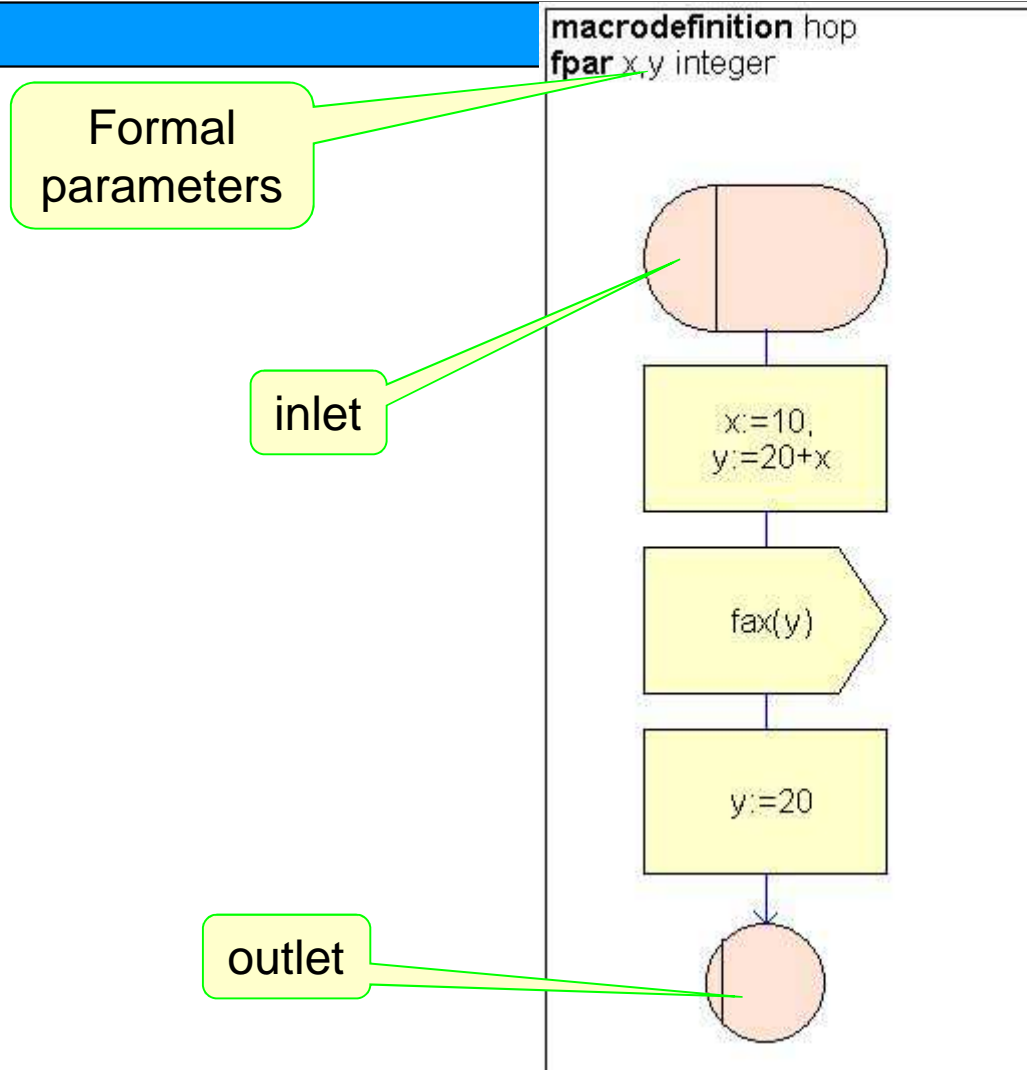


Macro inlet symbol



Macro outlet symbol

Macrodefinition Example



ASN.1 and SDL

✧ Z.105: Inclusion of ASN.1 in SDL

✧ Standard: ASN.1 is widely used in standards and can be part of the requirements

✧ Technically, ASN.1 allows to focus only on data: values, set of values, ...

Use of ASN.1 in Z.105

- ⌘ ASN.1 declarations located in same box than SDL ones,
- ⌘ ASN.1 and SDL declaration may be mixed,
- ⌘ Z.105 is not case-sensitive,
- ⌘ hyphens (" - ") cannot be used.

ASN.1 predefined types

∞ INTEGER == INTEGER

∞ BOOLEAN == BOOLEAN

∞ REAL == REAL

∞ CHARSTRING == IA5String

SDL

ASN.1

NEWTYPE colors **LITERALS**
red, blue,black, yellow, white;
ENDNEWTYPE colors;

SYNONYM clearcolor colors
= white;

colors ::= **ENUMERATED**
{red, blue,black, yellow, white};

clearcolor colors ::= white;

Composite types in ASN.1: Sequence types (Structure in SDL)

```
NEWTYPE T_Seq  
STRUCT  
  a BOOLEAN;  
  b CHARSTRING OPTIONAL;  
  c INTEGER DEFAULT 5;  
ENDNEWTYPE T_Seq;
```

assignment

```
T_Seq ::= SEQUENCE {  
  a BOOLEAN,  
  b IA5String OPTIONAL,  
  c INTEGER DEFAULT 5};
```

```
s1 T_Seq ::= { a TRUE,  
               b 'OK',  
               c 12};
```

```
s2 T_Seq ::= { a FALSE,  
               c 23};
```

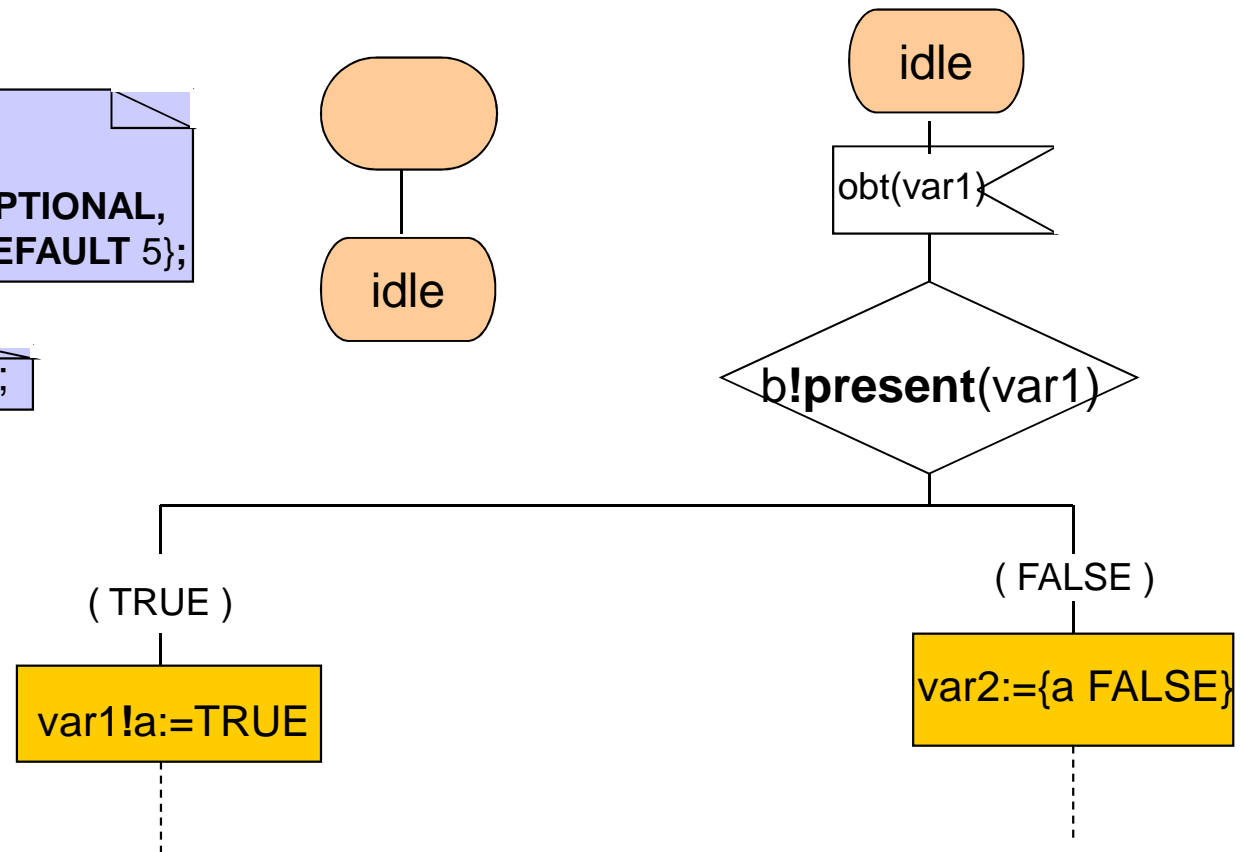
```
s3 T_Seq ::= {a TRUE};
```

Sequence Example

Process proc1

```
T_Seq ::= SEQUENCE {  
  a BOOLEAN,  
  b IA5String OPTIONAL,  
  c INTEGER DEFAULT 5};
```

```
DCL var1, var2 T_Seq;
```

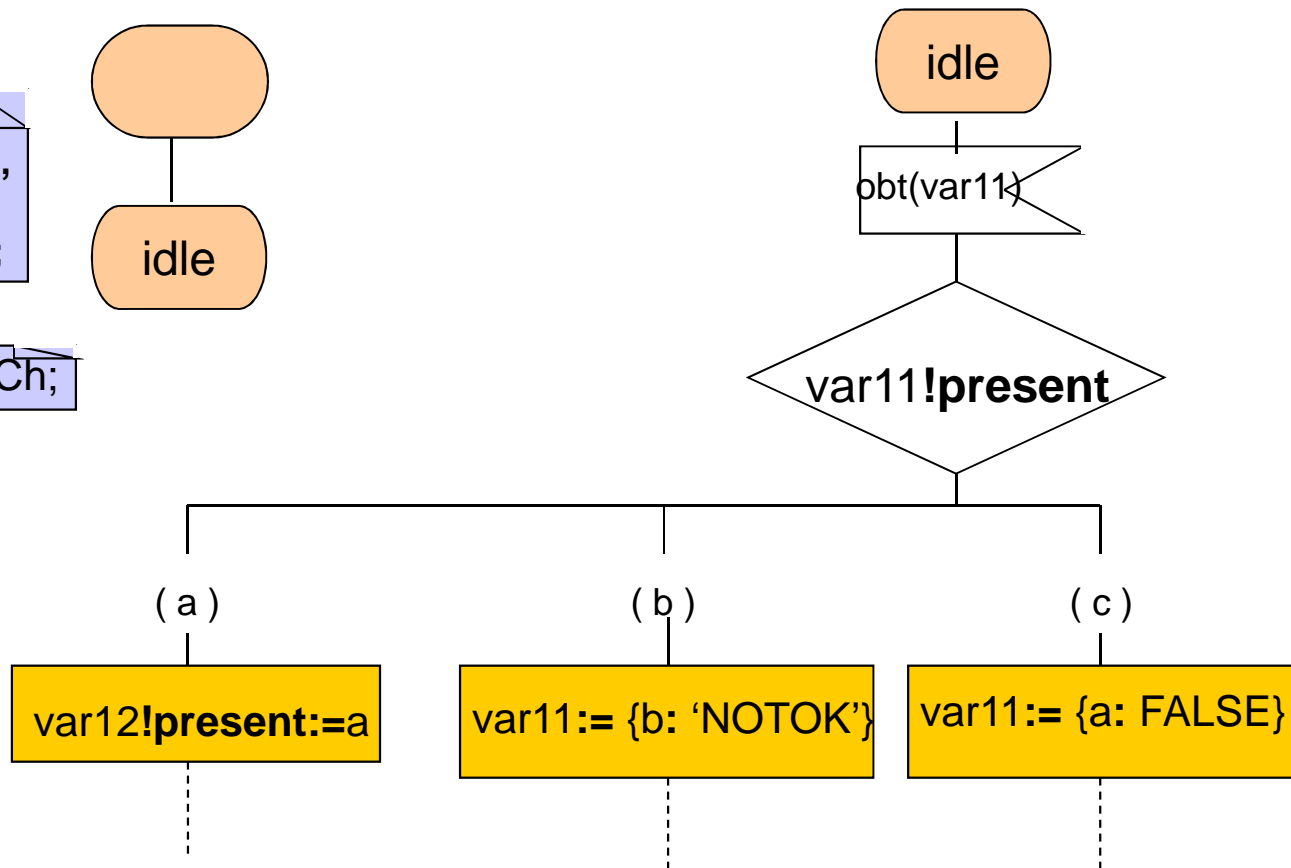


Composite types in ASN.1: CHOICE types

Process proc1

T_Ch ::= CHOICE {
 a BOOLEAN,
 b IA5String,
 c INTEGER};

DCL var11, var12 T_Ch;



CONCLUSION

- ⌘ Think to use structural types for reusability
- ⌘ Process ID
- ⌘ Readability with procedure and macrodefinitions
- ⌘ CHOICE in ASN.1

Exercises

Specify a process that receives a message *ATM_req* containing a data *atm_req* as a structure “(*quantity*, *ticket*)” where *quantity* is an integer and *ticket* is an optional character.

This process sends the output *OK* if *ticket* is received or *NOK* if not.