## **Amendments to the Claims**

The following Listing of Claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims.

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for producing particles, comprising:

mixing a first substance containing phosphorus at least either one phosphorus oxide selected from the group consisting of phosphorus suboxide, diphosphorus trioxide, diphosphorus tetroxide, and diphosphorus pentoxide, or triethyl phosphate and a second substance containing calcium in a solvent to react the first substance with the second substance to thereby obtain a slurry in a gelled liquid state;

feeding droplets of a liquid the slurry containing an amorphous reaction product obtained from a reaction between the first substance and the second substance in a heated atmosphere to bring the amorphous reaction product into a gaseous state; and

crystallizing the amorphous reaction product in the gaseous state to obtain particles mainly composed of a calcium phosphate-based compound.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second substance contains as a main ingredient, at least either calcium alkoxide or calcium salt.
- 4. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1, wherein the amount of impurities contained in the calcium phosphate-based compound is 5 wt% or less.
- 5. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 4, wherein the impurities mainly contain at least either a by-product other than the reaction product or a decomposition product of the calcium phosphate-based compound.
- 6. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1, wherein the heated atmosphere contains plasma produced by ionization of an ambient gas.

Attorney's Docket No.: P30059 Application No.: 11/463,337

7. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 6, wherein the temperature of the plasma is in the range of 2,000 to 15,000 °C.

- 8. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1, wherein the crystallizing step further comprises the step of forcibly cooling the reaction product in the gaseous state.
- 9. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1, wherein the particles are substantially spherical in shape.
- 10. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 9, wherein the average particle diameter of the spherical particles is in the range of 5 to 300 nm.
- 11. (Original) The method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1, wherein the calcium phosphate-based compound is hydroxyapatite or tricalcium phosphate.
- 12. (Original) Particles produced by the method for producing particles as claimed in claim 1.
- 13. (Withdrawn) Particles mainly composed of a crystalline calcium phosphate-based compound, which have an average particle diameter of 5 to 300 nm and an average roundness coefficient C represented by the following formula (I) of 0.8 to 0.99:

$$C = 4\pi S/L^2 \cdot \cdot \cdot (I)$$

where S (nm²) represents an area of a projection image of a particle as a measuring object, and L (nm) represents a circumferential length of the projection image of the particle as a measuring object.

- 14. (Withdrawn) The particles as claimed in claim 12, which contain hollow particles in the proportion of 5 to 40 %.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The particles as claimed in claim 13, which contain hollow particles in the proportion of 5 to 40 %.

Attorney's Docket No.: P30059 Application No.: 11/463,337

16. (Withdrawn) A sintered body obtained by sintering a molded body of the particles as claimed in claim 12.

- 17. (Withdrawn) A sintered body obtained by sintering a molded body of the particles as claimed in claim 13.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first substrate contains as a main ingredient at least one selected from diphosphorus pentoxide and triethyl phosphate, and the second substance contains as a main ingredient at least one selected from calcium nitrate tetrahydrate and calcium ethoxide.
- 19. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the solvent contains at least one alcohol selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, propanol, and butanol.