

# Special requirements for add-ins on the iPad

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You'll need to make additional considerations if you want to make your add-in available on iPad. If your add-in uses only Office APIs that are supported on iPad, customers can install it on their devices. However, if you're publishing to [AppSource](#), there are some additional requirements you'll need to meet.

For details on API compatibility, see [Specify Office applications and API requirements](#).

## iPad AppSource requirements

Here's what you need to know when submitting your add-in to AppSource for iPad users.

 Expand table

Task	Description	Resources
Apply iOS design best practices.	Make your add-in UI feel native to iOS by following Apple's design guidelines.	<a href="#">Designing for iOS</a>
Make your add-in free.	Your add-in must be free on iPad. Office on iPad is a great way to reach new users who might become customers on other platforms.	<a href="#">Certification policy 1120.2</a>
Remove commerce features on iPad.	When running on iPad, your add-in can't include in-app purchases, trial offers, upselling UI, or links to online stores. Your Privacy Policy and Terms of Use pages must also be commerce-free. You can still have commerce on other platforms. Check the <a href="#">Office.context.commerceAllowed</a> property and hide commerce features when it returns <code>false</code> .	<a href="#">Certification policy 1100.3</a>
Submit to AppSource correctly.	In Partner Center, go to the <b>Product setup</b> page and select <b>Make my product available on iOS and Android (if applicable)</b> . You'll also need to provide your Apple developer ID in Account settings. Don't forget to review the <a href="#">Application Provider Agreement</a> .	<a href="#">Make your solutions available in AppSource and within Office</a>

## Detecting iPad devices

Want to provide a different experience for iPad users? Your add-in can detect what device it's running on and adjust accordingly. Use the [Office.context.touchEnabled](#) and

[Office.context.commerceAllowed](#) properties to detect iPad devices.

JavaScript

```
const isTouchEnabled = Office.context.touchEnabled;
const allowCommerce = Office.context.commerceAllowed;

// On iPad, touchEnabled returns true and commerceAllowed returns false.
if (isTouchEnabled && !allowCommerce) {
  // Likely running on iPad - implement the iPad-specific UI.
  enableiPadInterface();
  hideCommerceFeatures();
}
```

## iPad development best practices

Ready to start building for iPad? Here are the key practices that'll help you succeed.

### Develop and debug on Windows or Mac, then test on iPad

You can't develop directly on an iPad. Develop and debug your add-in on a Windows or Mac computer, then sideload it to an iPad for testing. Since Office add-ins use the same APIs across platforms (Windows, Mac, and iOS), your code should work consistently everywhere.

For step-by-step guidance, see:

- [Test and debug Office Add-ins](#)
- [Sideload Office Add-ins on iPad for testing](#)

### Handle API compatibility with manifest requirements or runtime checks

You have two ways to ensure your add-in works properly across different Office versions.

**Option 1: Specify requirements in your manifest.** When you declare API requirements in your add-in's manifest, Office automatically checks if the client app supports those APIs. If they're available, your add-in will be available too.

**Option 2: Use runtime checks.** Alternatively, you can check if specific methods are available before using them in your code. This approach ensures your add-in is always available and provides additional functionality when supported APIs are present.

For detailed guidance on both approaches, see [Specify Office applications and API requirements](#).

# Outlook add-ins on iPad

For information about designing Outlook add-ins that look good and work well in Outlook on mobile devices, see [Add-ins for Outlook on mobile devices](#).

## ⓘ Note

If you're using [Fluent UI React](#) for your design elements, many of these elements are built into the design system.