



WebProv: A web-based tool to access, store, and display provenance information of simulation models

Introduction

- Provenance provides "information about entities, activities, and people involved in producing a piece of data or thing, which can be used to form assessments about its quality, reliability, or trustworthiness" (Groth and Moreau, WWW Consortium 2013).
- We have developed an interactive website that contains provenance information of Wnt signaling models that were published in 12 different publications.
- Activities: Model building activity (MBA), Model exploration activity (MEA)
- Entities: Simulation model (M), Wet-lab data (W), Simulation data (S)
- Current version: https://sfb-elaine.github.io/WebProv/

Features

Included:

- Interactive front-end as seen in Fig. 1.
- Search box: All database entries are searchable.
- Show provenance graph of a study (model and data that has been published) or show entire provenance graph starting from specific node.
- Expand and collapse provenance graph of a study.
- Add and edit nodes or links (drag and drop included). Use right click for connecting two nodes.

Under development:

- Display missing connections to data from other sources.
- Implement Neo4j graph database.
- Query graph database and display results.
- Add and edit arbitrary information to nodes and links.

Open Questions

- Which level of abstraction (granularity) is required to include all major steps of a simulation study?
- What roles should there be for relating aggregations (studies) to each other in the provenance model?
- How should one include other entities such as assumptions or hypotheses?
- How could WebProv be combined with existing simulation model databases?
- How could WebProv automatically extract and store provenance information from publication?
- Which information should be displayed in color (e.g., cell line used in wet-lab experiment)?

Example: Provenance Models of Canonical Wnt Signaling Models

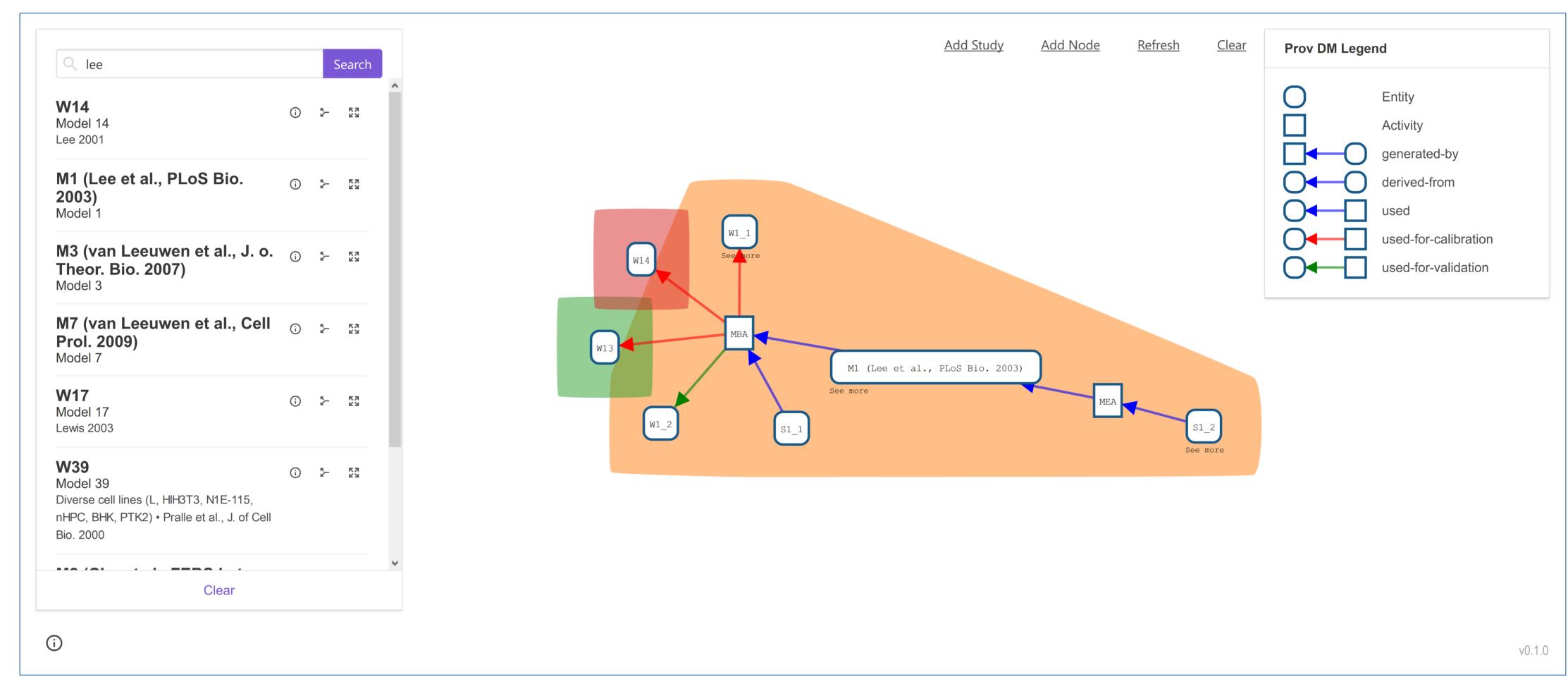


Fig. 1: Screenshot of WebProv displaying the provenance graph of M1 (Lee et al., Plos Bio. 2003) after clicking on 💢 ("Show Entire Study") and 🦫 ("Show Provenance Graph").

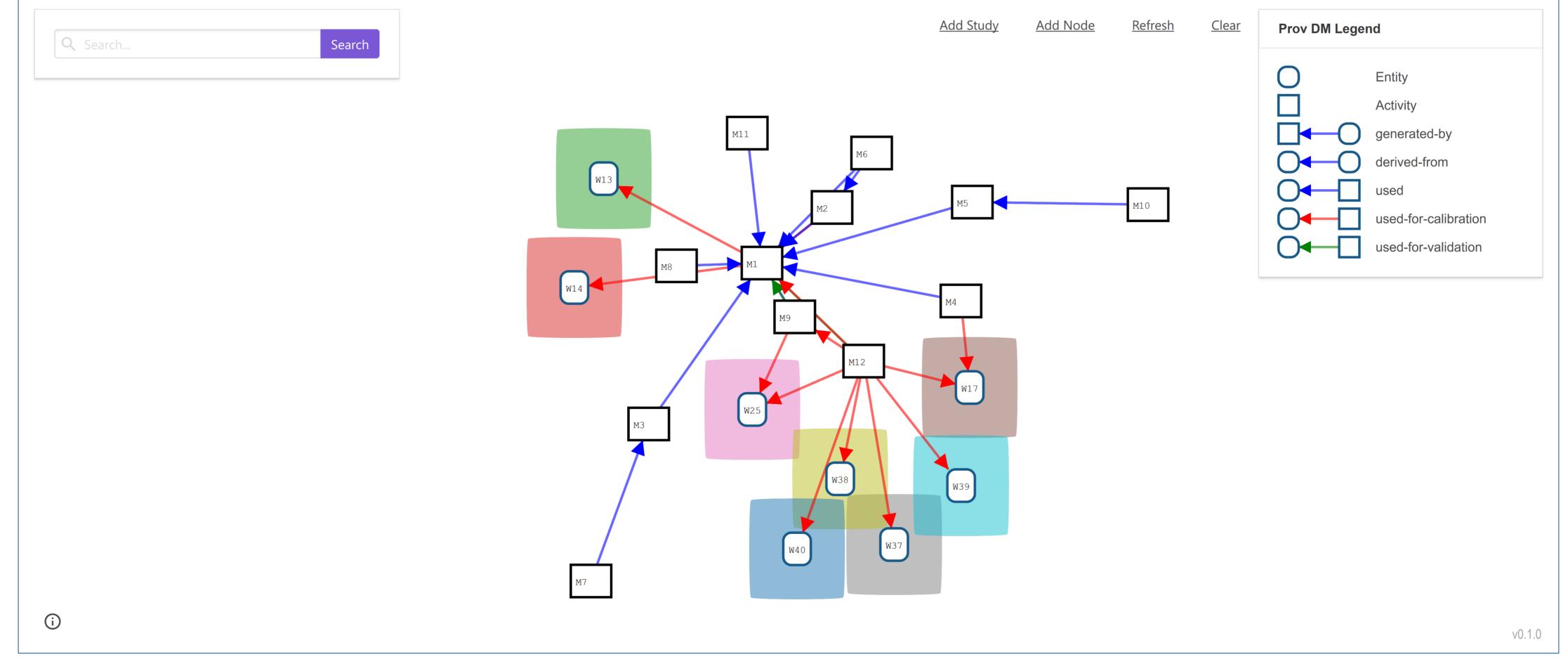


Fig. 2: Screenshot of WebProv displaying Wnt simulation models (M1-M12) saved in the database. The graphs of each simulation study was collapsed by double clicking on the colored region.