

Project 4 TSP
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Project Report

Description of three methods/algorithms for solving the traveling salesman problem:

One method for solving the traveling salesman problem is the greedy approximation approach. Due to the problem being NP Complete, a greedy algorithm selects vertices to visit based on some greedy criteria. Without thinking ahead, the algorithm visits every vertex.

A second method for solving the traveling salesman problem is using a MST. A algorithm for finding a MST is found, such as Kruskal's algorithm, for instance. The program then travels along that MST visiting every vertex.

A third method for solving the traveling salesman problem is using brute force. All possible combinations of routes are examined, and the smallest routes are selected. This approach is not very resource efficient.

Verbal description of algorithms used in this project:

This project uses a greedy algorithm to approximate a traveling salesman route. The shortest path to another vertex is chosen from a current vertex, so long as that vertex has not already been visited. The program traverses the path until all vertices have been visited. The program then returns to the beginning vertex.

Discussion of why this algorithm was selected:

This algorithm was selected in order to compute a path quickly. In order to compete in the time competition, it was decided that a greedy algorithm would provide good running time

Pseudo Code:

```
read file, insert into vector all vertices
compute distance between all vertices
choose a starting vertex
while all havent been visited:
    visit the closest one that hasnt been visited
    mark the visited vertex as visited
    repeat
```

Best Tours for the three example instances:

example1:

.00433 seconds

$170766/170742 = 1.00014056$ (**program / test script**)

example2:

.2333861 seconds

$2890 / 2866 = 1.00837404$ (**program / test script**)

example3:

259376 seconds

$112321988 / 112314640 = 1.00006542334997$ (**program / test script**)

Best Tours for the competition instances:

test-input-1.txt:

0.001928 seconds

$27865 / 27842 = 1.00083$ (**program / test script**)

test-input-2.txt:

0.01267 seconds

$48721 / 48680 = 1.00084$ (**program / test script**)

test-input-3.txt:

0.167318 seconds

$123892 / 123774 = 1.00095$ (**program / test script**)

test-input-4.txt:

1.27076 seconds

$$247639 / 247392 = 1.001 \text{ (program / test script)}$$

test-input-5.txt:

10.2512 seconds

$$522667 / 522217 = 1.00086 \text{ (program / test script)}$$

test-input-6.txt:

84.2454 seconds

$$1050413 / 1049477 = 1.00089 \text{ (program / test script)}$$

test-input-7.txt:

1209.84 seconds

$$2579701 / 2577388 = 1.0009 \text{ (program / test script)}$$