

Matematyczne modelowanie elektrofizjologii neuronów

czyli jak systemy dynamiczne ratują gryzonie (i ludzi)

Dr inż. Jakub Nowacki

whoami

Lead Machine Learning Engineer @ Sotrender (sotrender.com)

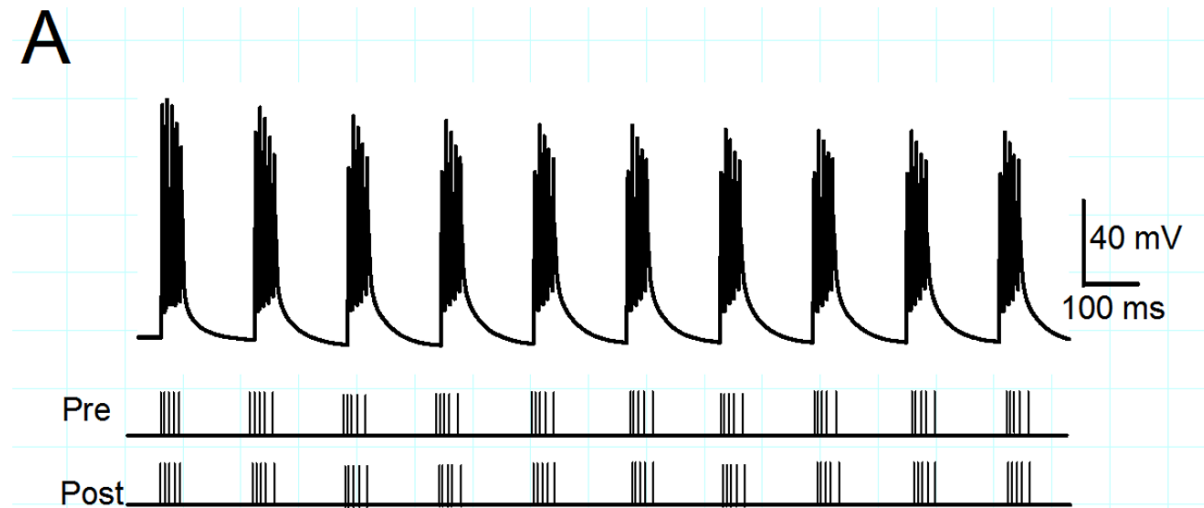
Trainer @ Sages (sages.com.pl)

I can code, I do maths

@jsnowacki

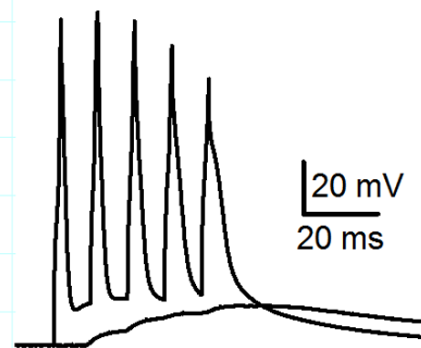
Elektrofizjologia

A



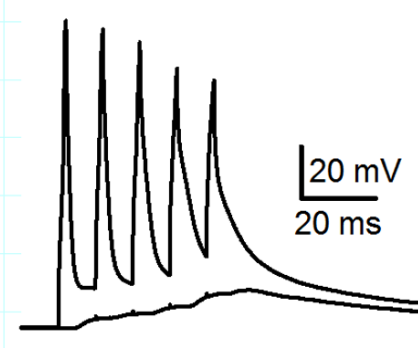
B

Control



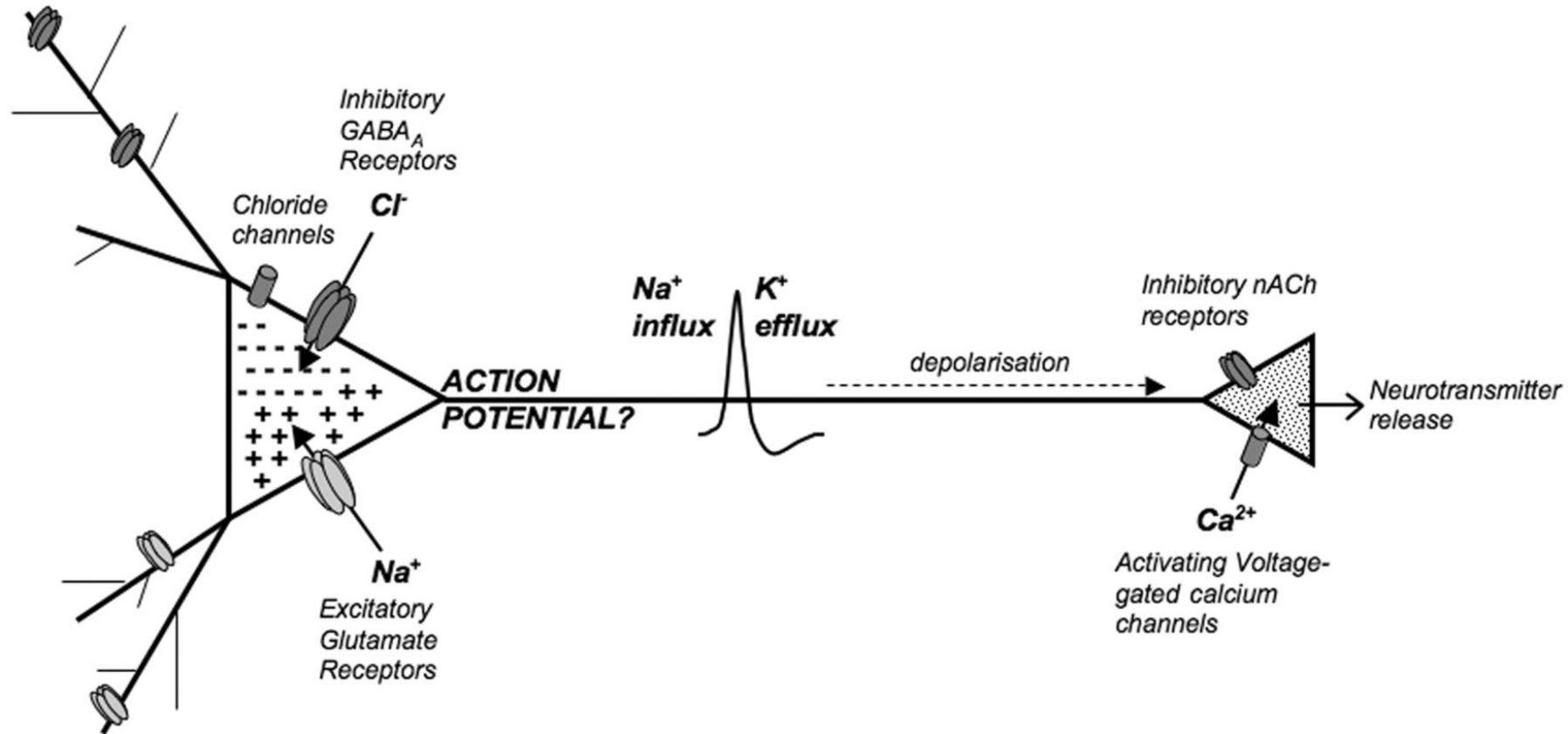
C

XE-991



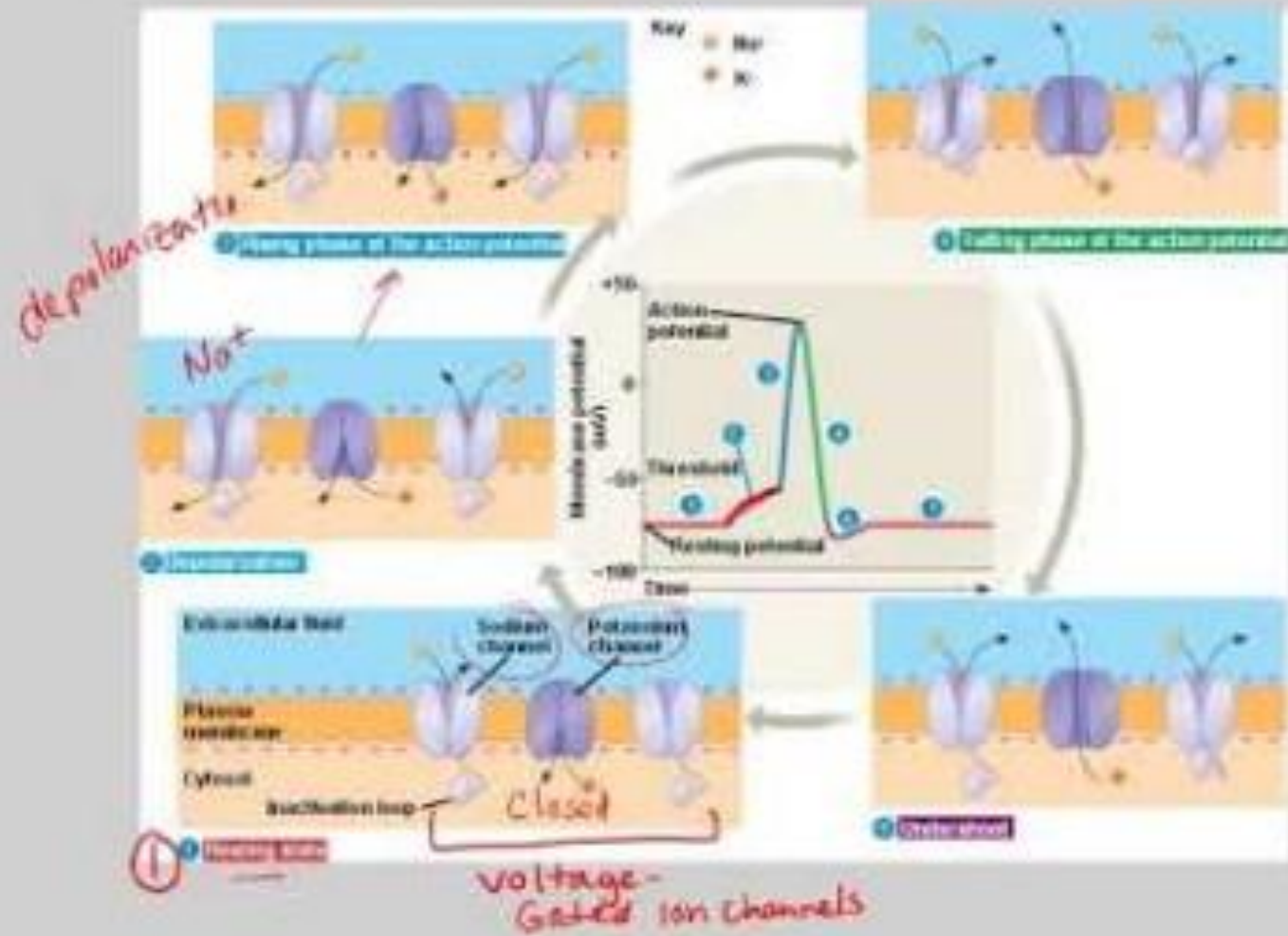
Petrovic MM, Nowacki J, Olivo V, Tsaneva-Atanasova K, Randall AD, Mellor JR (2012) Inhibition of Post-Synaptic Kv7/KCNQ/M Channels Facilitates Long-Term Potentiation in the Hippocampus. PLoS ONE 7(2): e30402.

Kanały jonowe

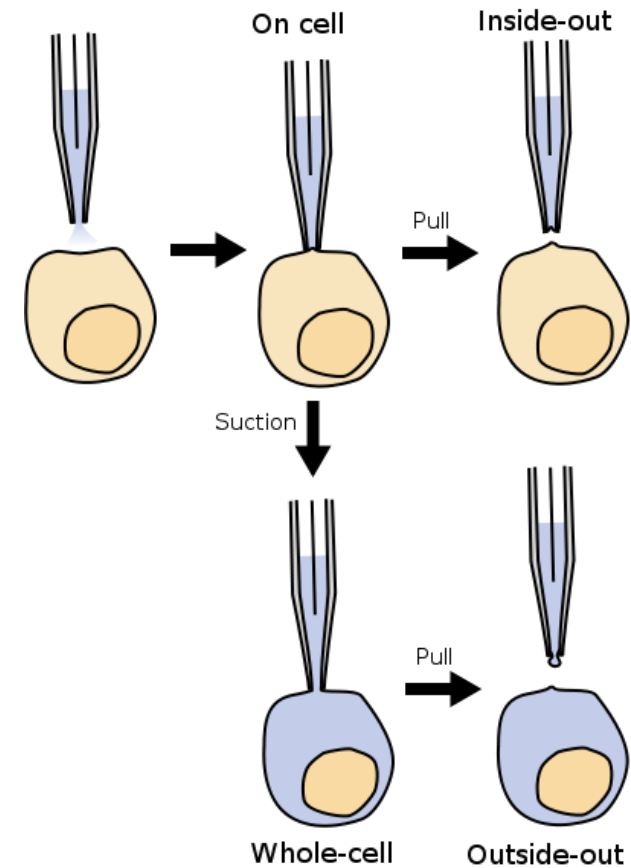
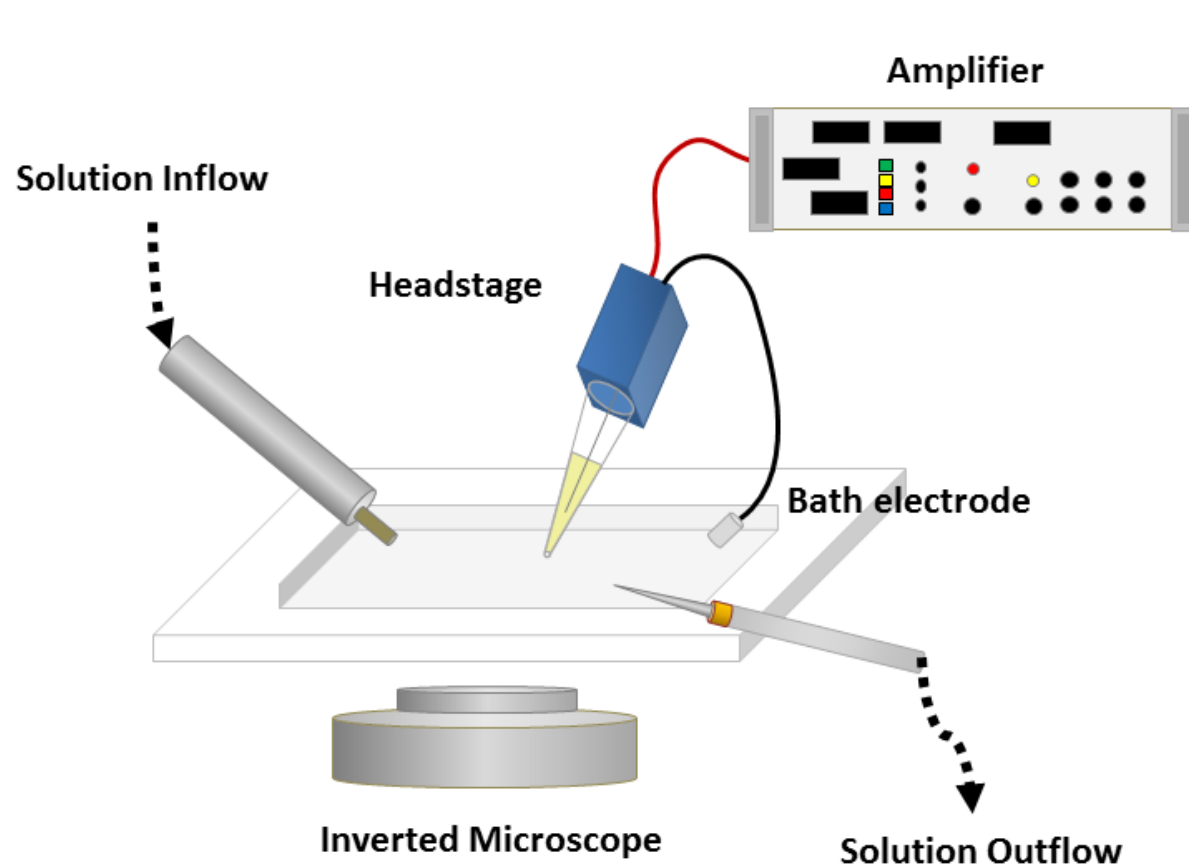


Ion channels in epilepsy, S.M. Mizielska, Biochemical Society Transactions, Nov 2007, 35 (5) 1077-1079; DOI: 10.1042/BST0351077

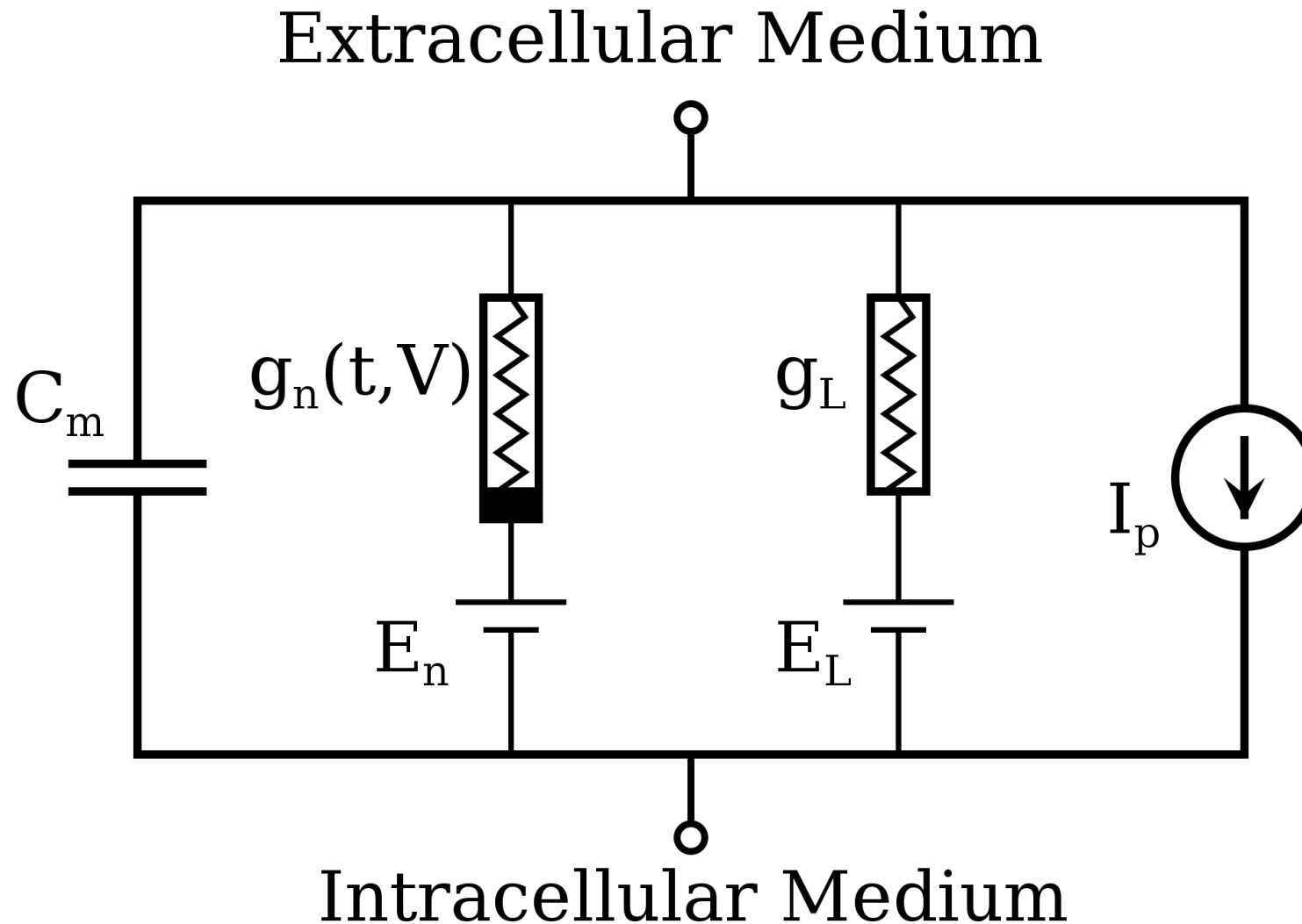
Action potential



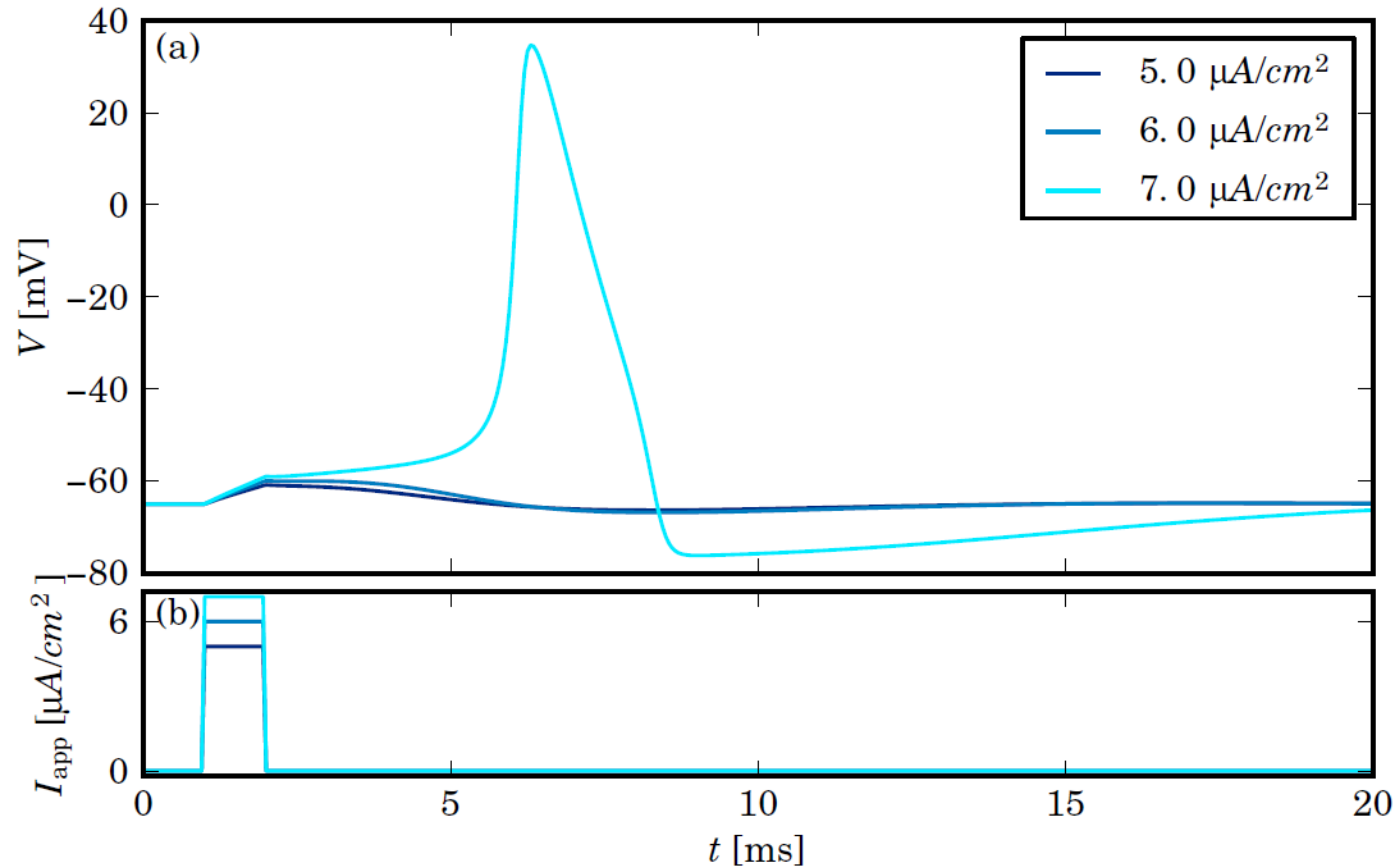
Eksperymenty



Model Hodgkin–Huxley

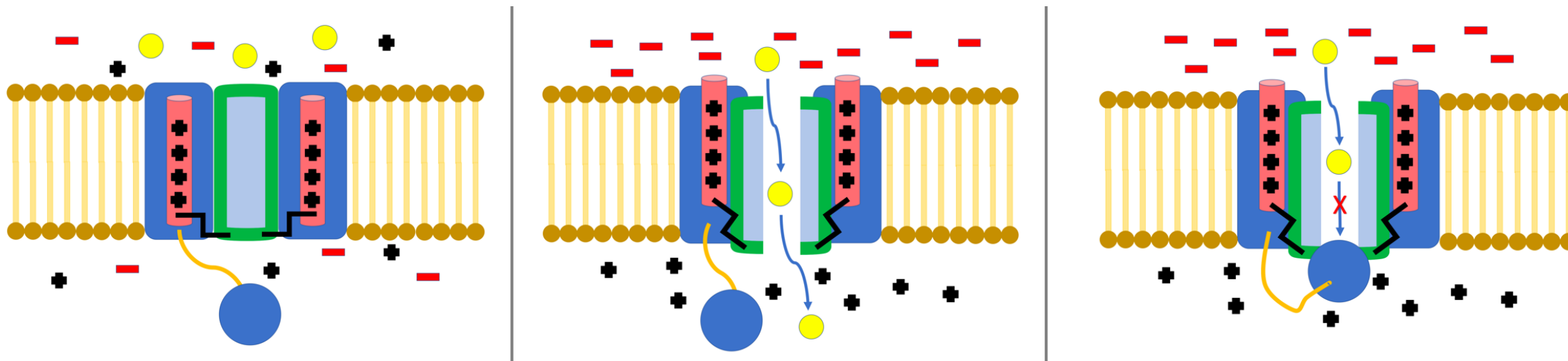


Model Hodgkin–Huxley



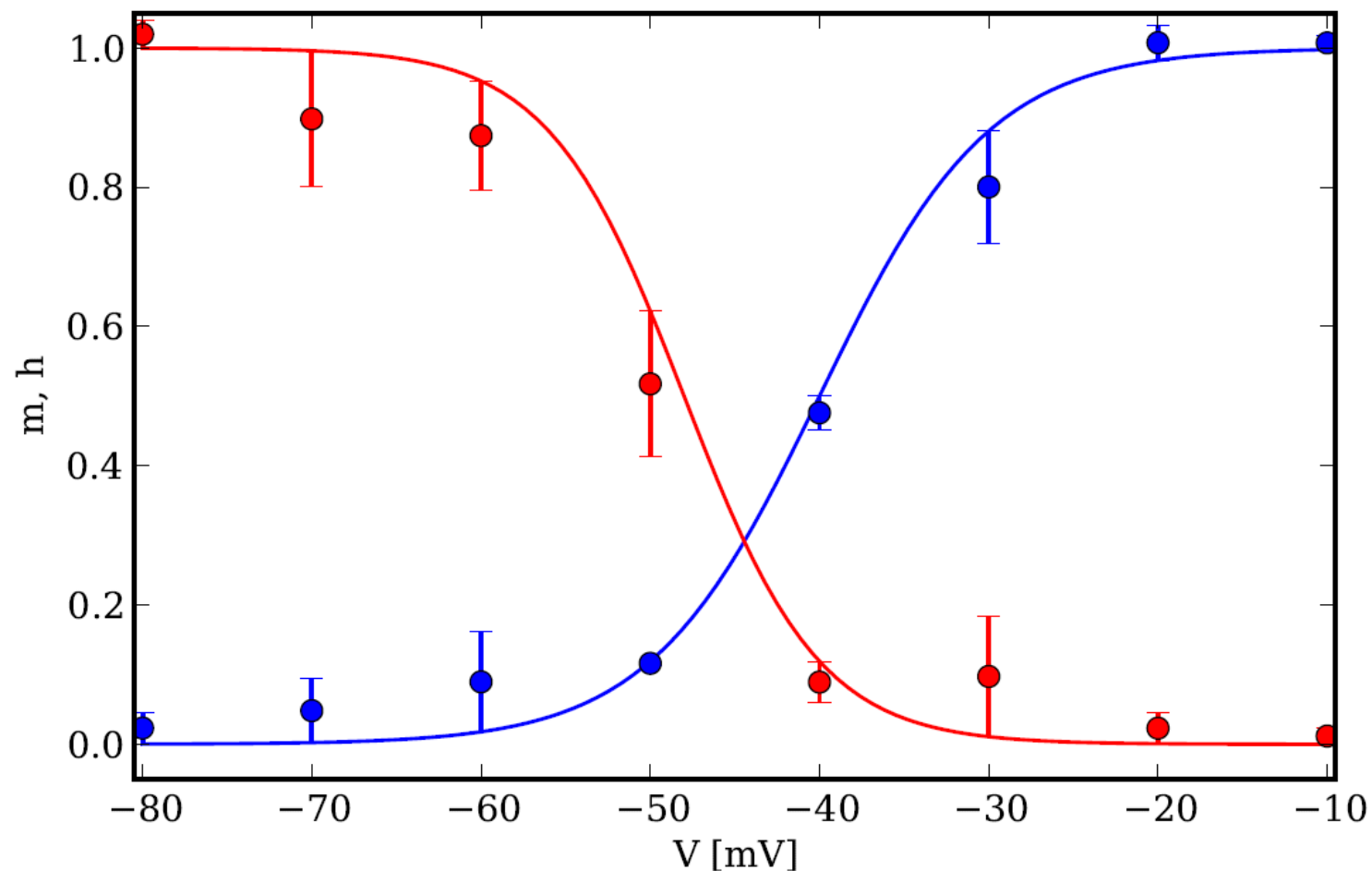
$$\begin{aligned} C_m \frac{dV}{dt} &= -I_{\text{ion}}(V, t) + I_{\text{app}} = -I_{\text{K}}(V, t) - I_{\text{Na}}(V, t) - I_{\text{L}}(V, t) + I_{\text{app}}, \\ \frac{dn}{dt} &= \alpha_n(V)(1 - n) - \beta_n(V)n, \\ \frac{dm}{dt} &= \alpha_m(V)(1 - m) - \beta_m(V)m, \\ \frac{dh}{dt} &= \alpha_h(V)(1 - h) - \beta_h(V)h. \end{aligned}$$

(In)aktywacja kanałów jonowych



Źródło: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gating_\(electrophysiology\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gating_(electrophysiology))

(In)aktywacja kanałów jonowych

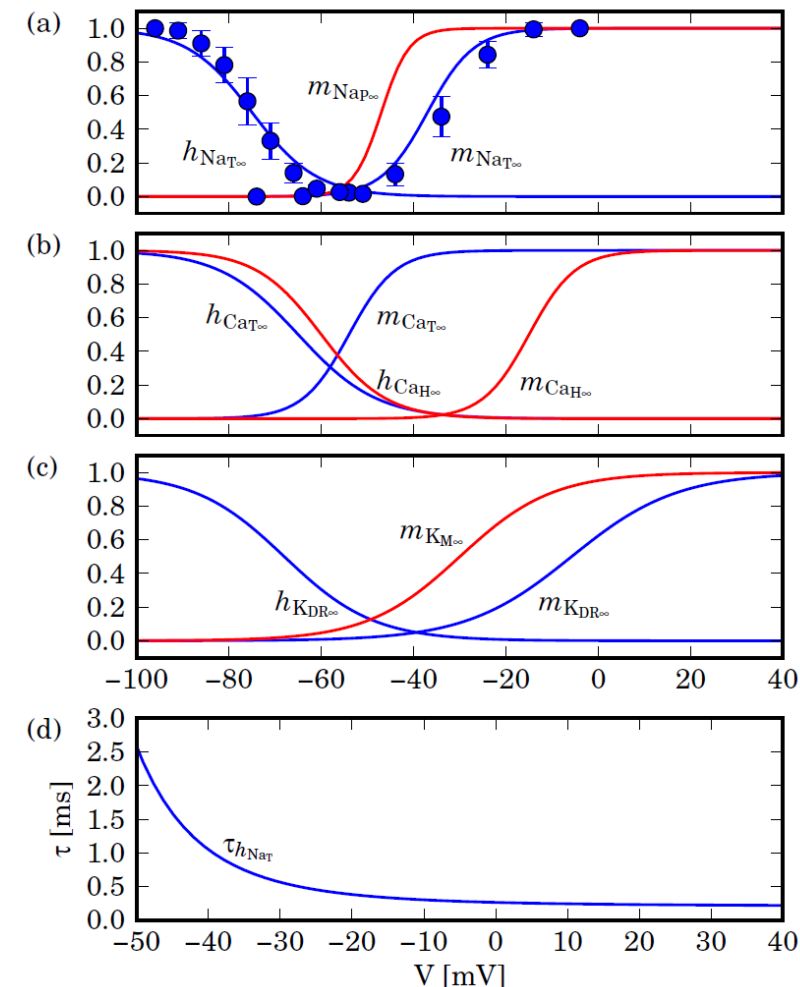
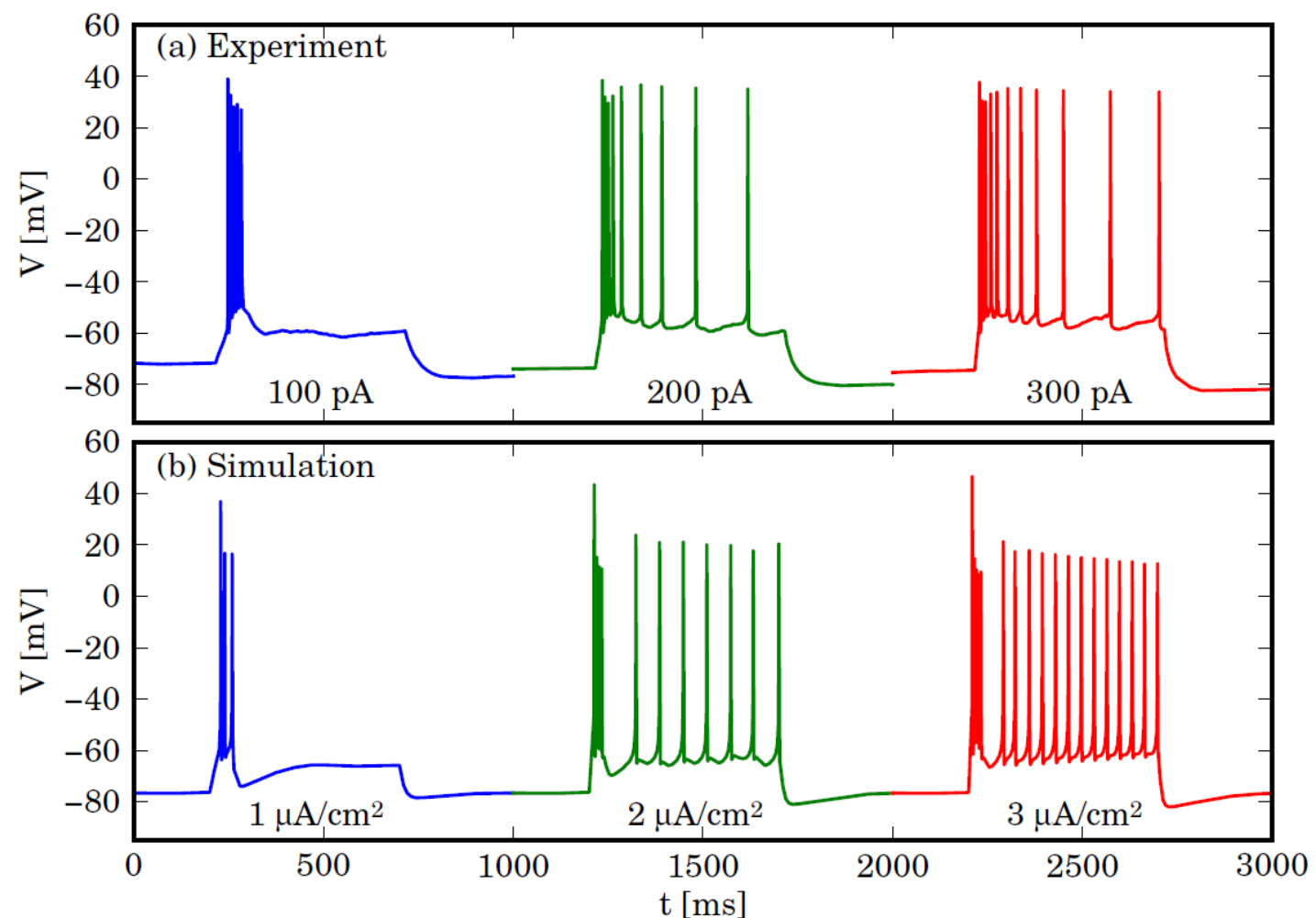


$$y_{x\infty}(V) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp\left(-\frac{V - V_{y_{x\infty}}}{k_{y_{x\infty}}}\right)},$$

$$y_{x\infty}(V) = \frac{\alpha_x}{\alpha_x + \beta_x}$$

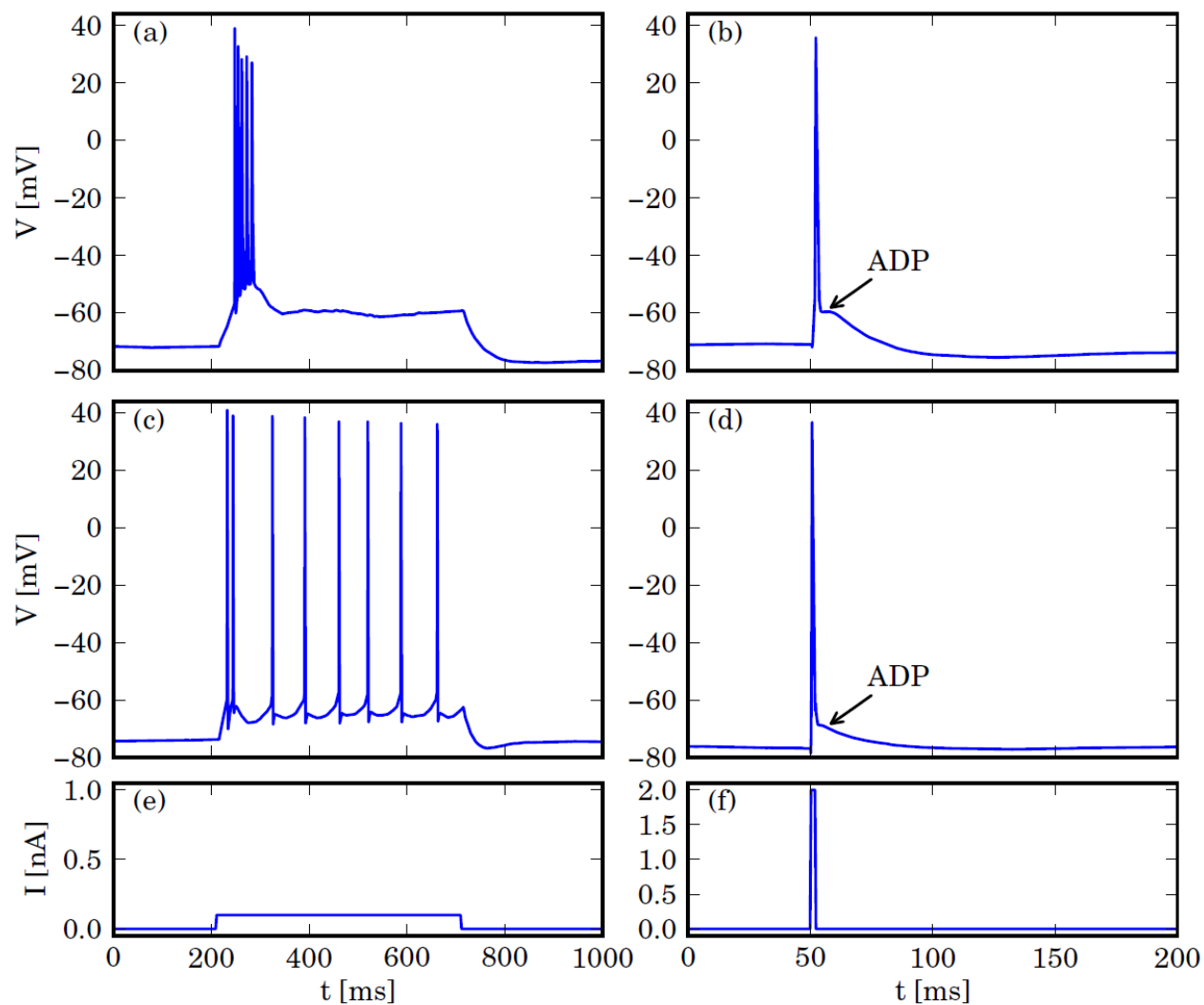
$$\tau_x(V) = \frac{1}{\alpha_x + \beta_x}$$

Model neuronów piramidalnych CA1/3

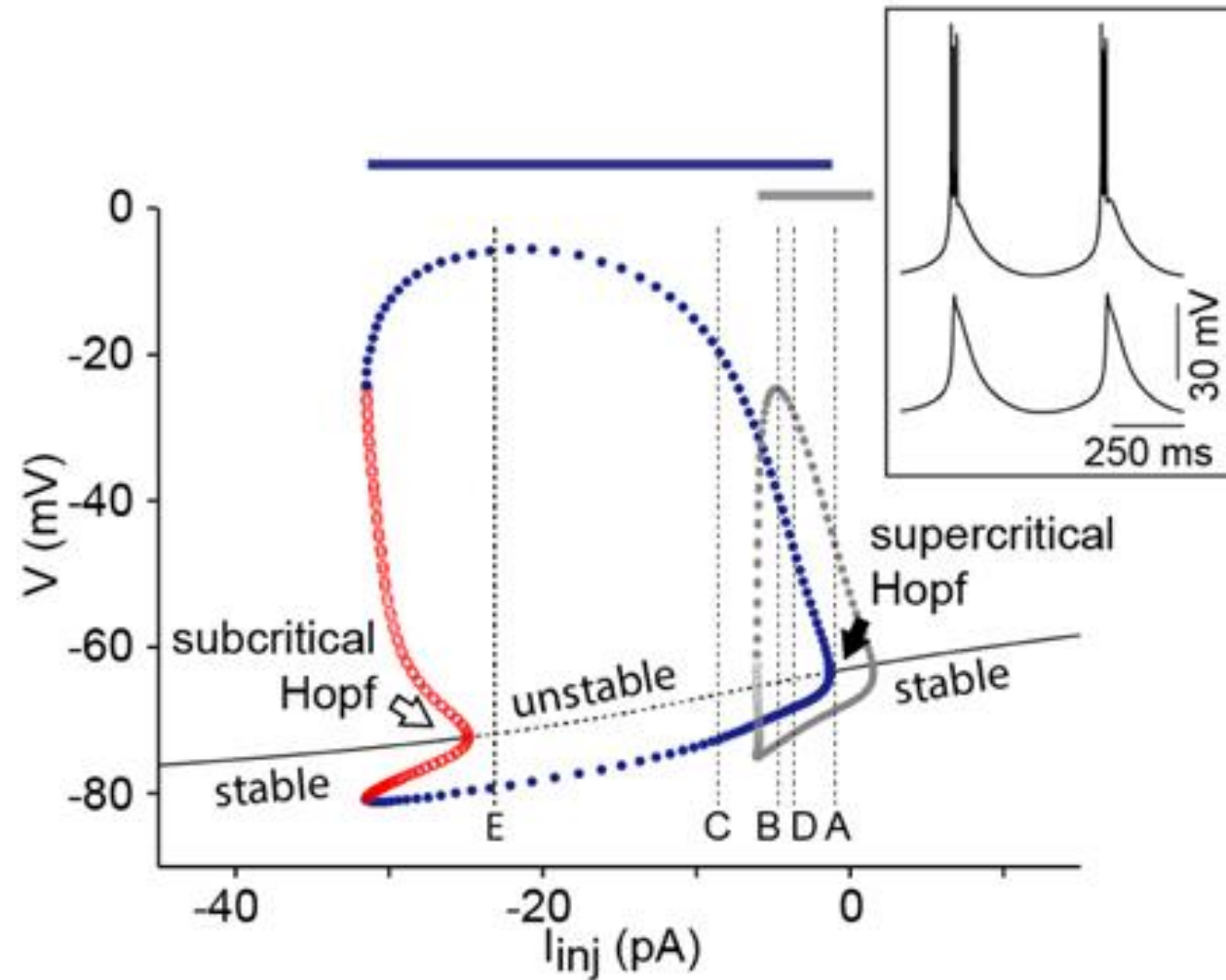


A unified model of CA1/3 pyramidal cells: an investigation into excitability, J Nowacki, HM Osinga, JT Brown, AD Randall, K Tsaneva-Atanasova, Progress in biophysics and molecular biology 105 (1-2), 34-48

Model neuronów piramidalnych CA1/3

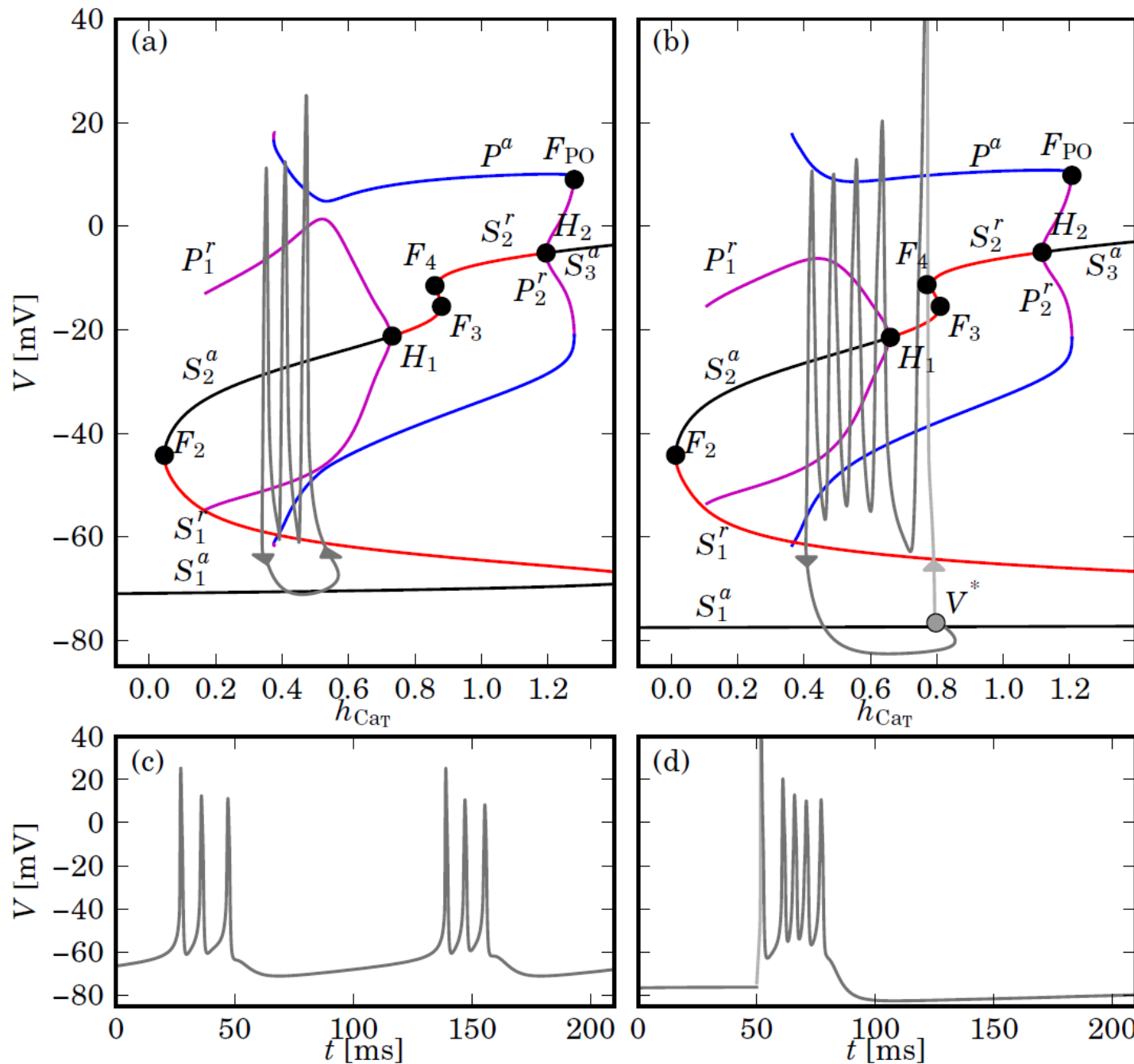


Analiza bifurkacyjna



Amarillo, Yimy & Mato, German & Nadal, Marcela. (2015). Analysis of the role of the low threshold currents I_T and I_h in intrinsic delta oscillations of thalamocortical neurons. *Frontiers in Computational Neuroscience*. 1. 52. 10.3389/fncom.2015.00052.

Wiele skal czasu



$$\begin{aligned} x' &= f(x, y), \\ y' &= \varepsilon g(x, y), \end{aligned}$$

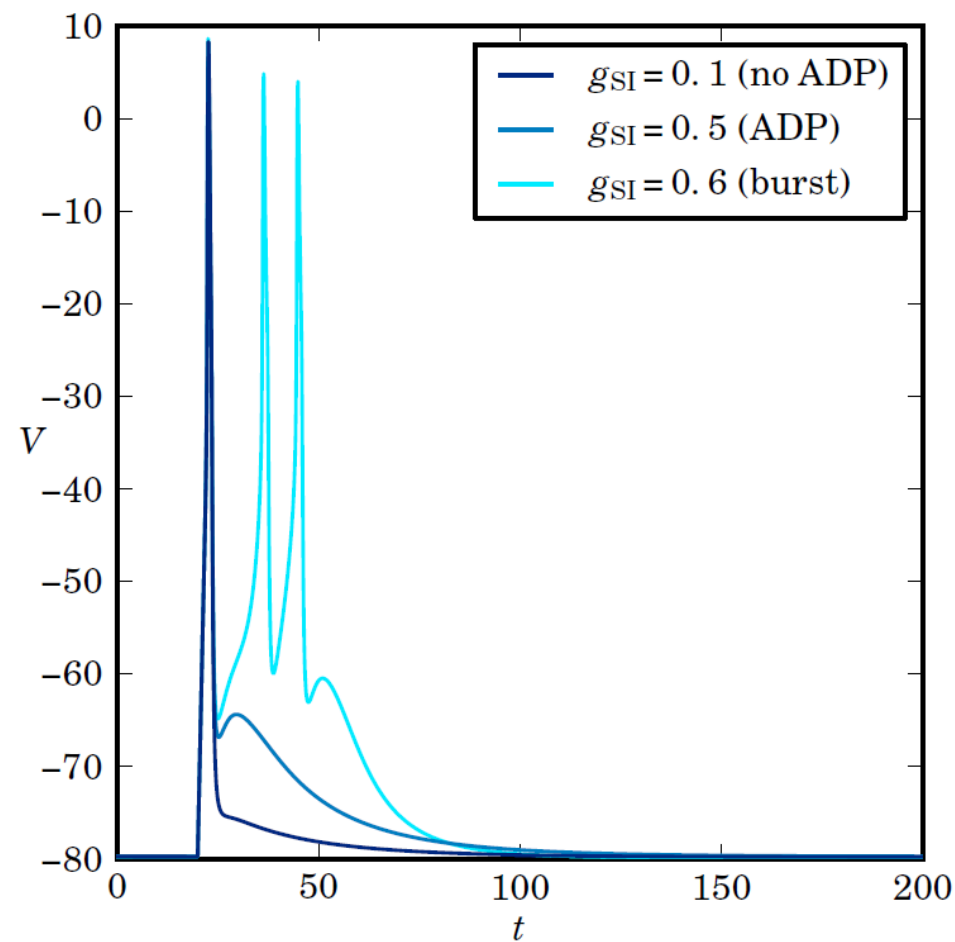
Szybki podsystem

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= f(x, y), \\ y' &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

Wolny podsystem

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= f(x, y), \\ \dot{y} &= g(x, y). \end{aligned}$$

Transient burst



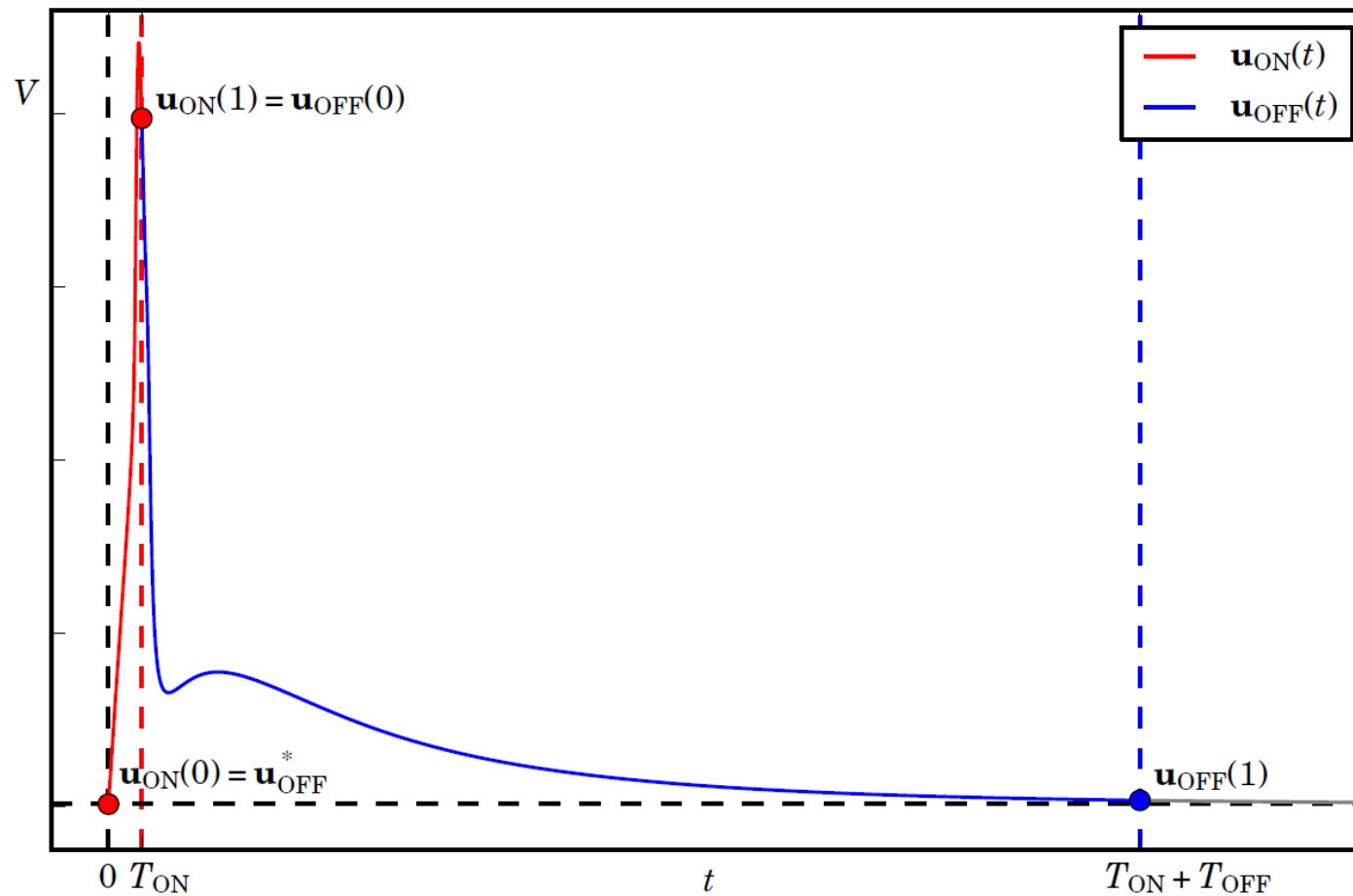
$C_{\text{m}} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}/\text{cm}^2$			
Inward currents:			
$g_{\text{FI}} = 2.0 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2$	$E_{\text{I}} = 80.0 \text{ mV}$	$g_{\text{SI}} = 0.5 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2$	$V_{\text{hSI}} = -56.0 \text{ mV}$ $k_{\text{hSI}} = 8.5 \text{ mV}$ $\tau_{\text{hSI}} = 20.0 \text{ ms}$
$V_{\text{mFI}} = -25.0 \text{ mV}$	$V_{\text{mSI}} = -54.0 \text{ mV}$		
$k_{\text{mFI}} = 5.0 \text{ mV}$	$k_{\text{mSI}} = 5.0 \text{ mV}$		
	$\tau_{\text{mSI}} = 3.0 \text{ ms}$		
Outward currents:			
$g_{\text{FO}} = 9.5 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2$	$E_{\text{O}} = -80.0 \text{ mV}$	$g_{\text{SO}} = 1.2 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2$	
$V_{\text{mFO}} = -6.0 \text{ mV}$	$V_{\text{mSO}} = -20.0 \text{ mV}$		
$k_{\text{mFO}} = 11.5 \text{ mV}$	$k_{\text{mSO}} = 10.0 \text{ mV}$		
$\tau_{\text{mFO}} = 1.0 \text{ ms}$	$\tau_{\text{mSO}} = 75.0 \text{ ms}$		

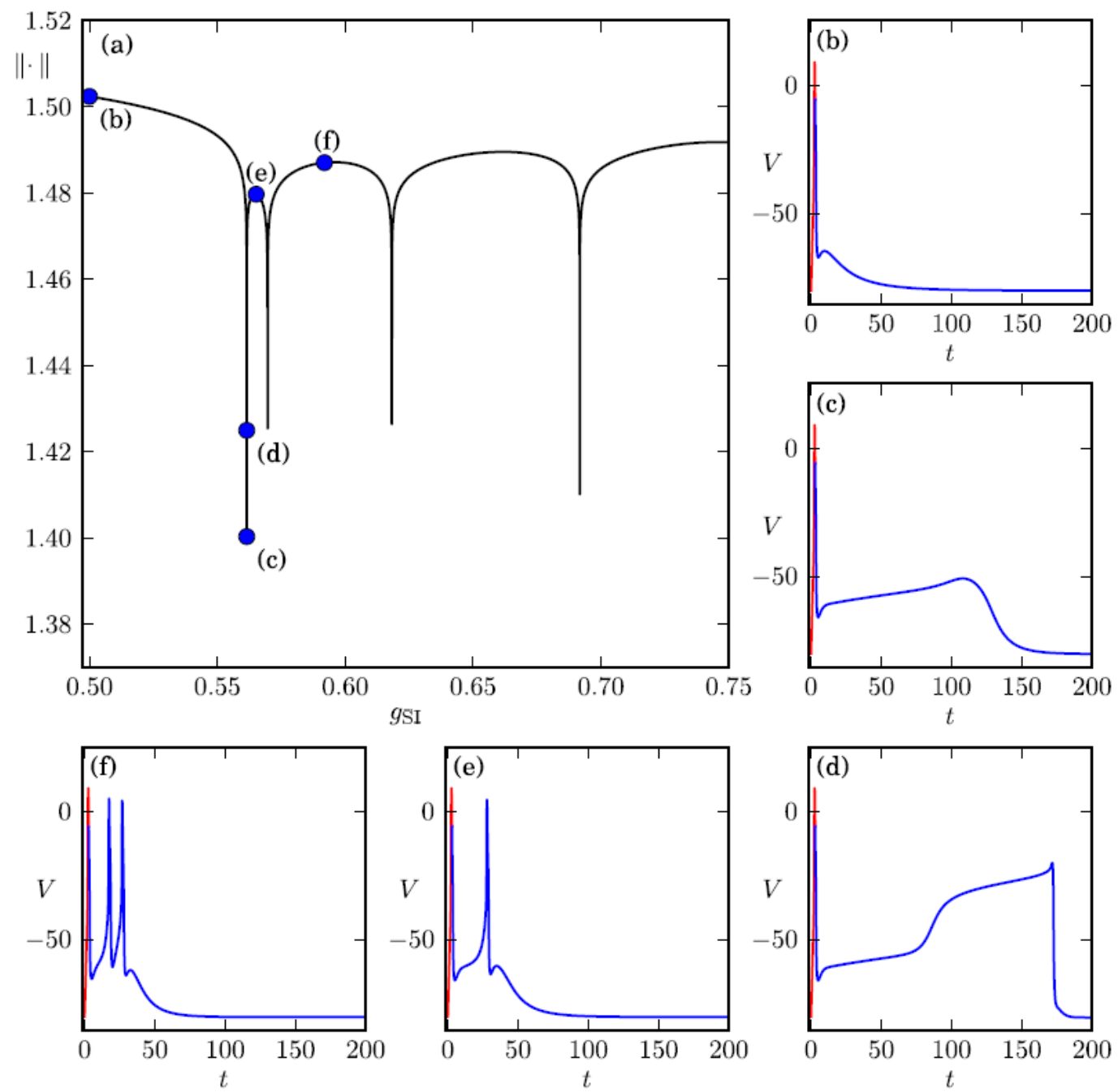
Dynamical systems analysis of spike-adding mechanisms in transient bursts

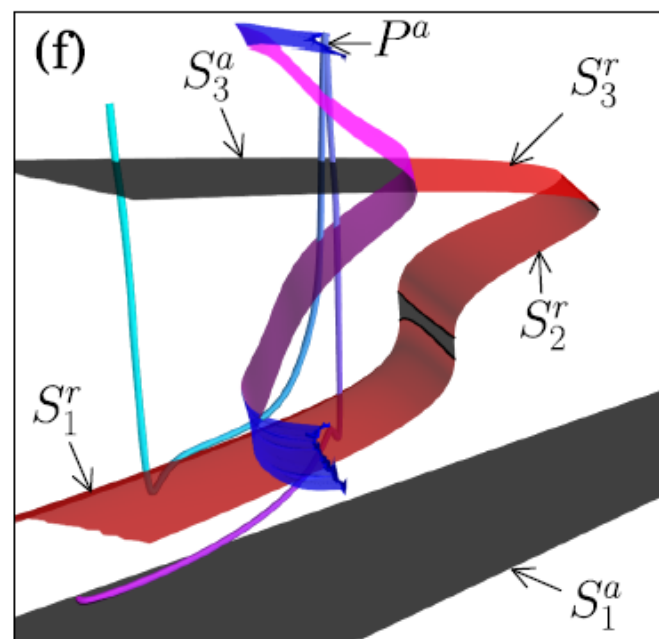
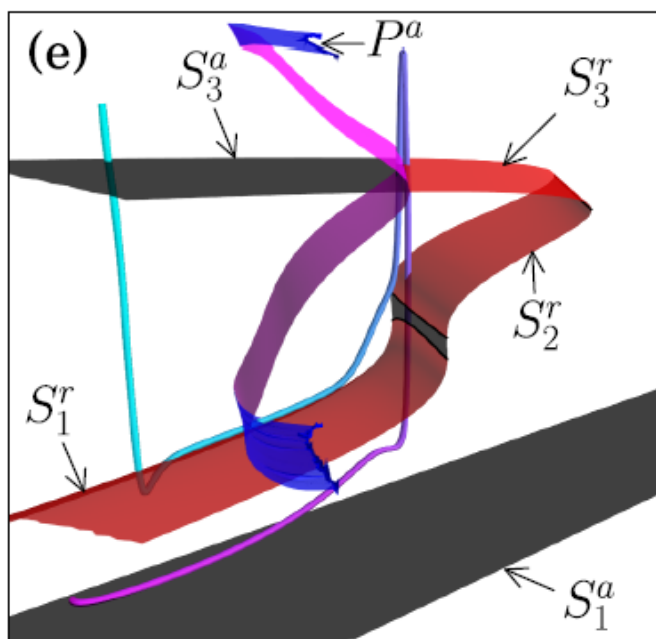
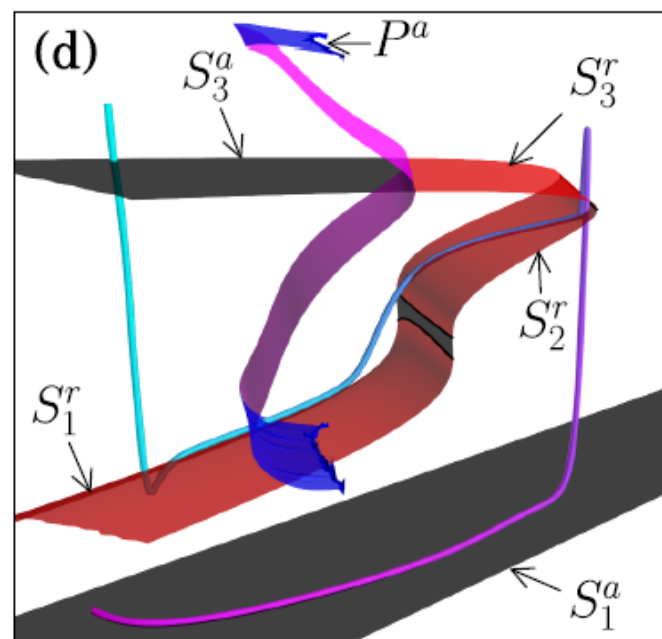
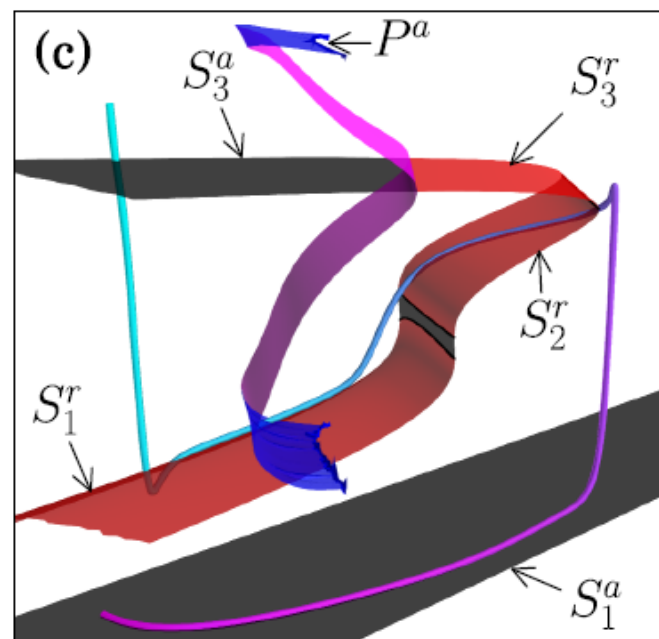
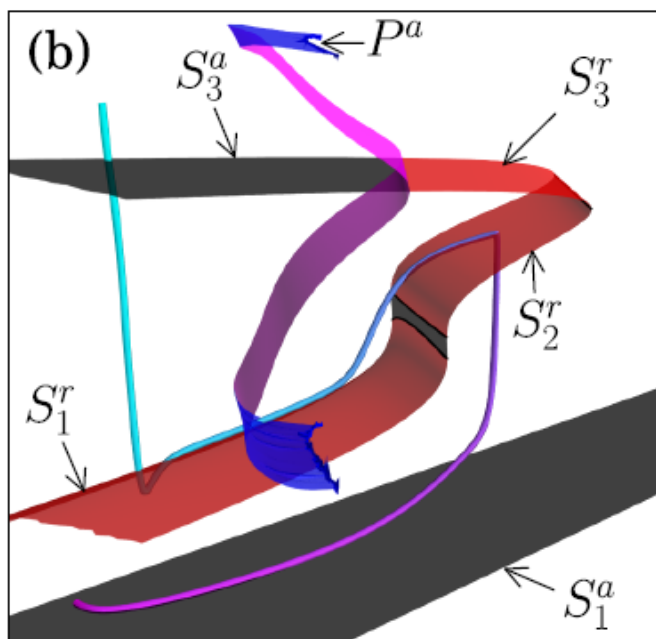
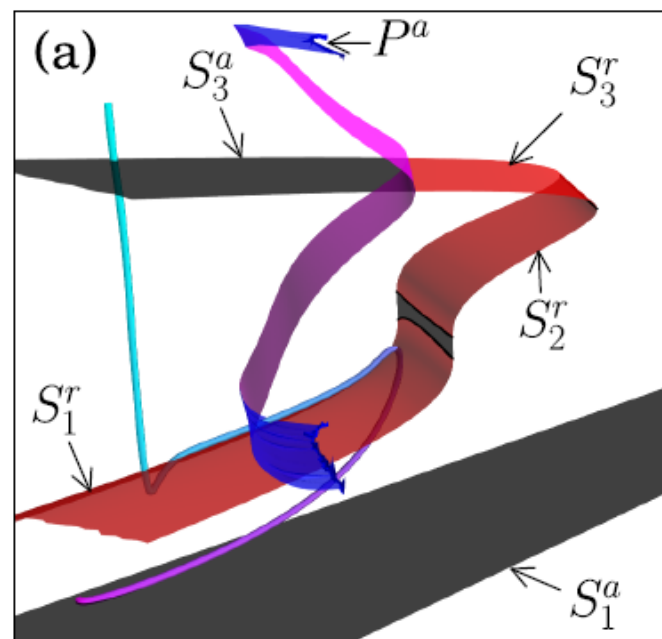
J Nowacki, HM Osinga, K Tsaneva-Atanasova

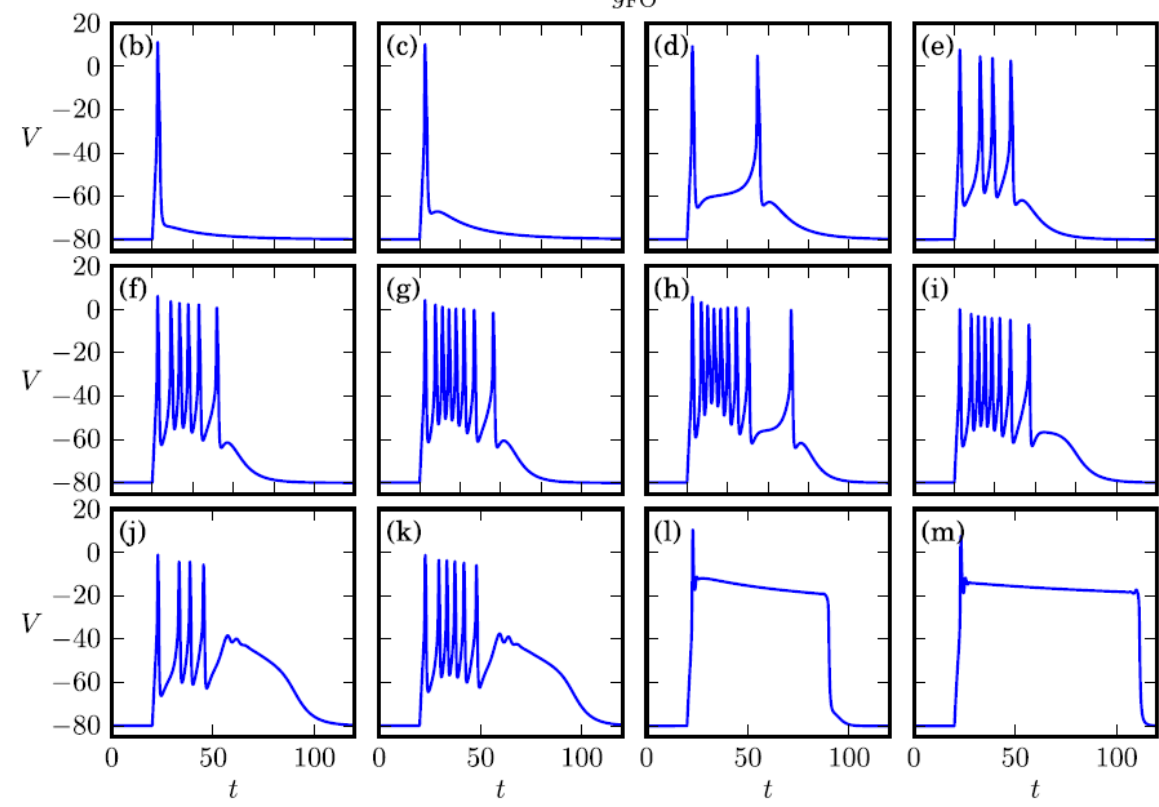
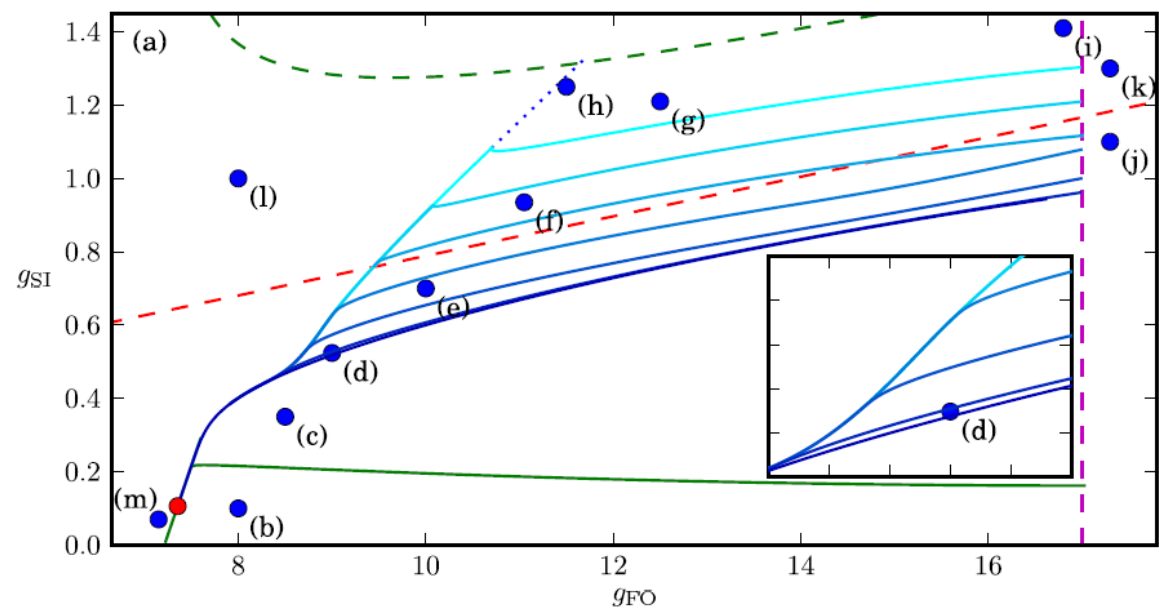
The Journal of Mathematical Neuroscience 2 (1), 7

Potencjał akcyjny jako zagadnienie brzegowe









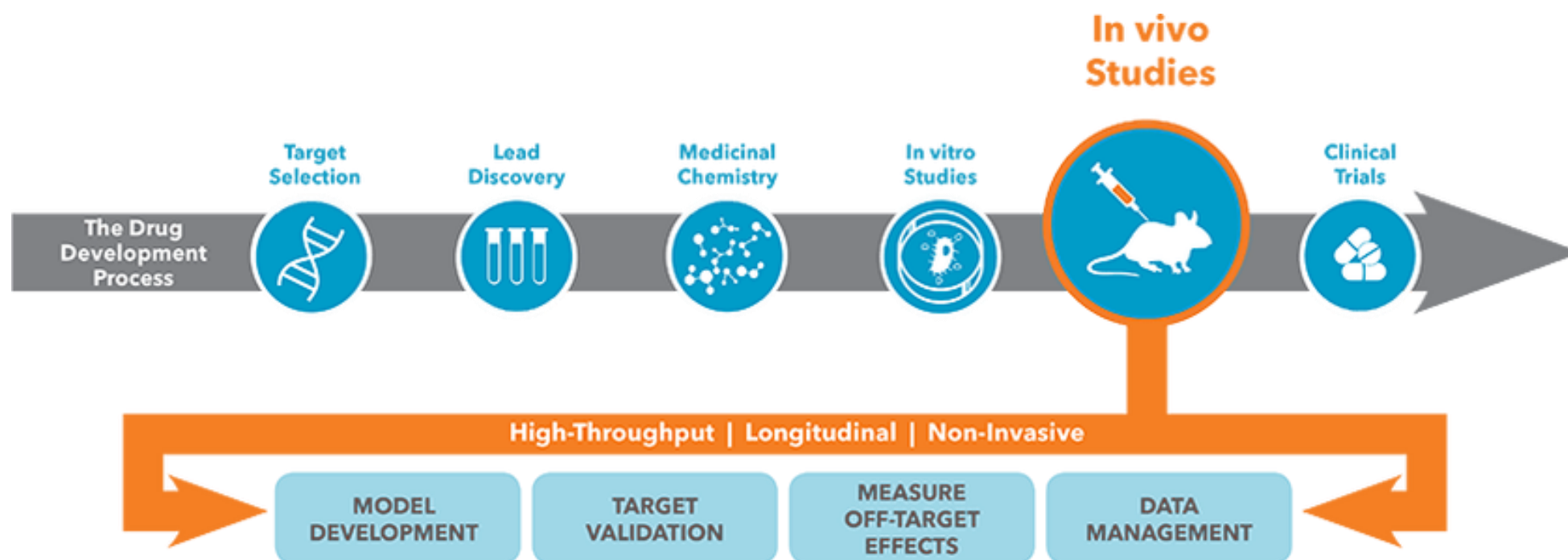
Po co to wszystko?

My thesis is written in

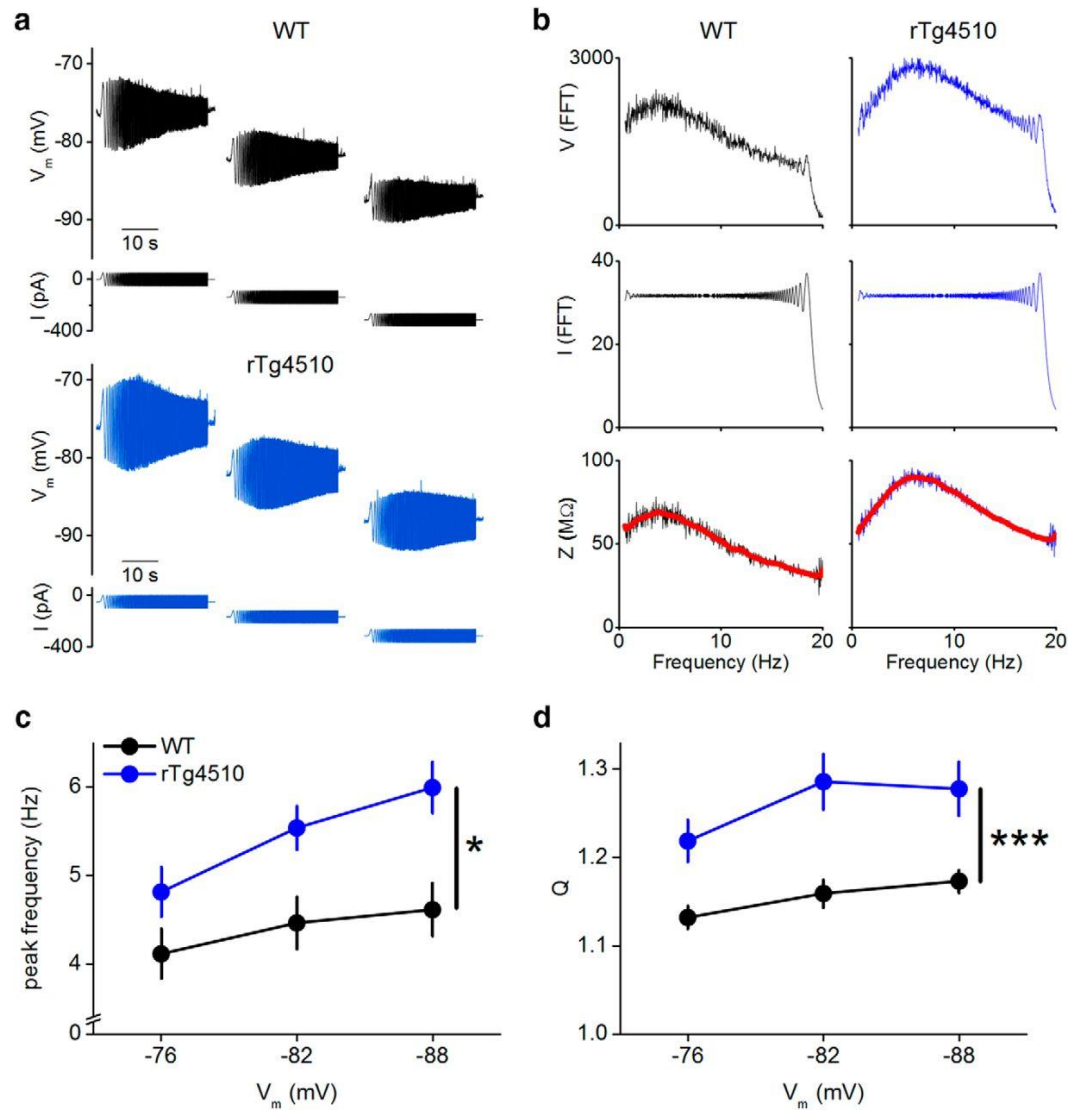


WWW.PHDCOMICS.COM

Tworzenie leków

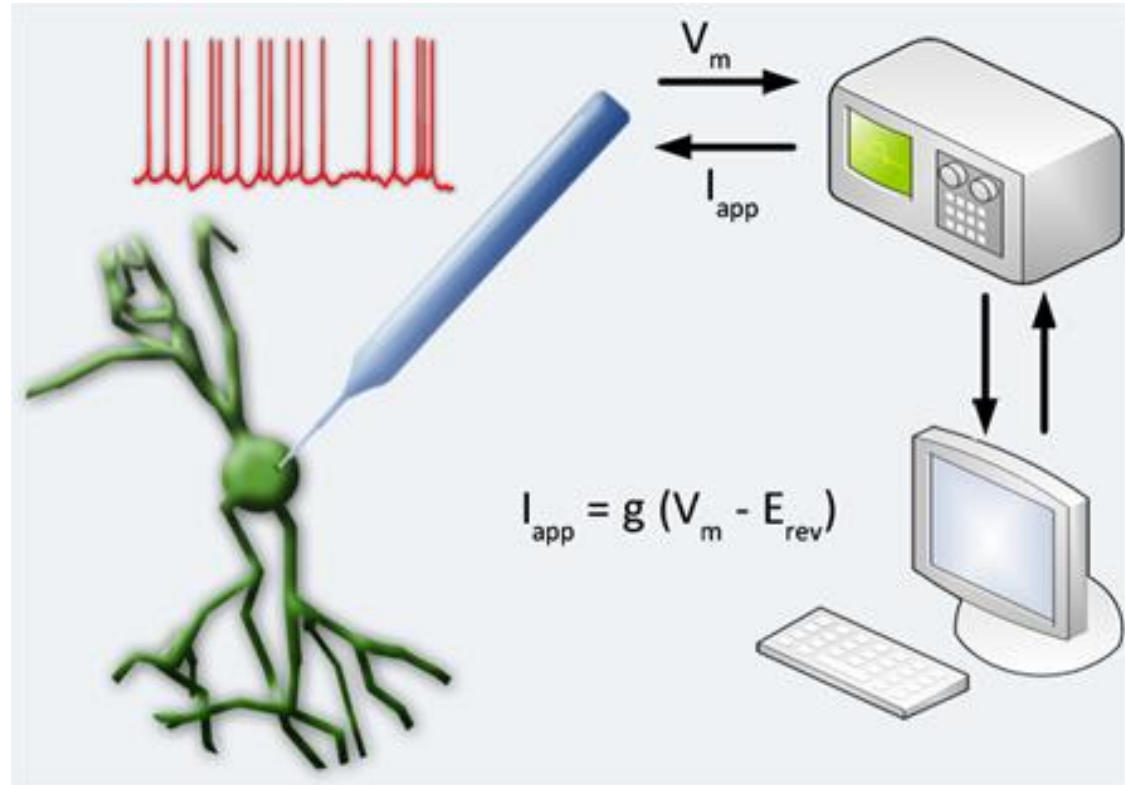


Lepsze zrozumienie eksperymentów



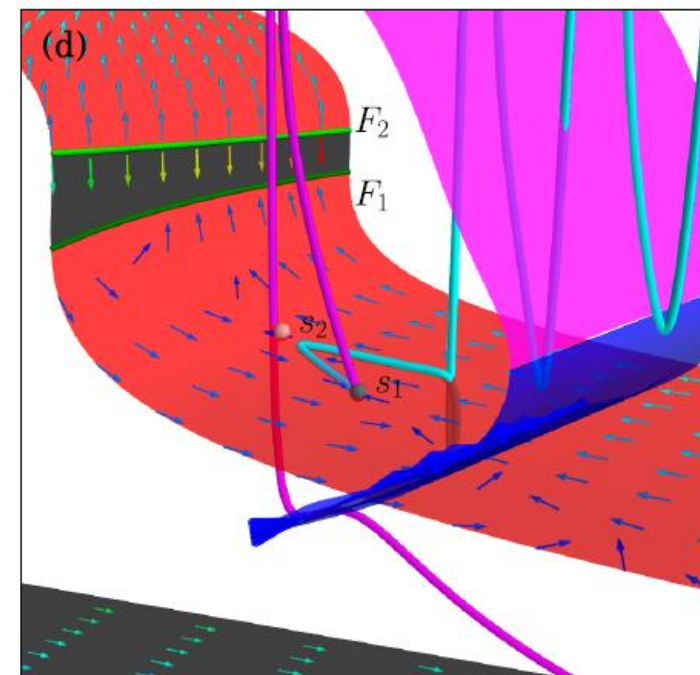
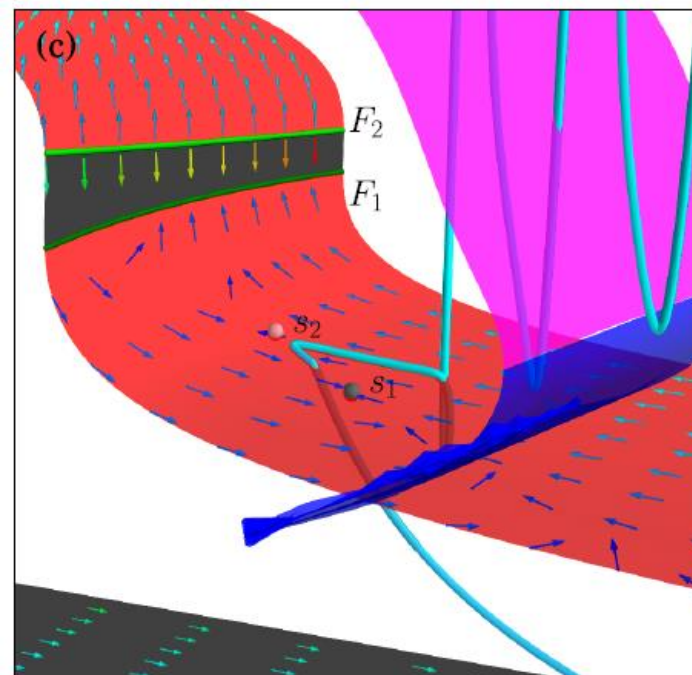
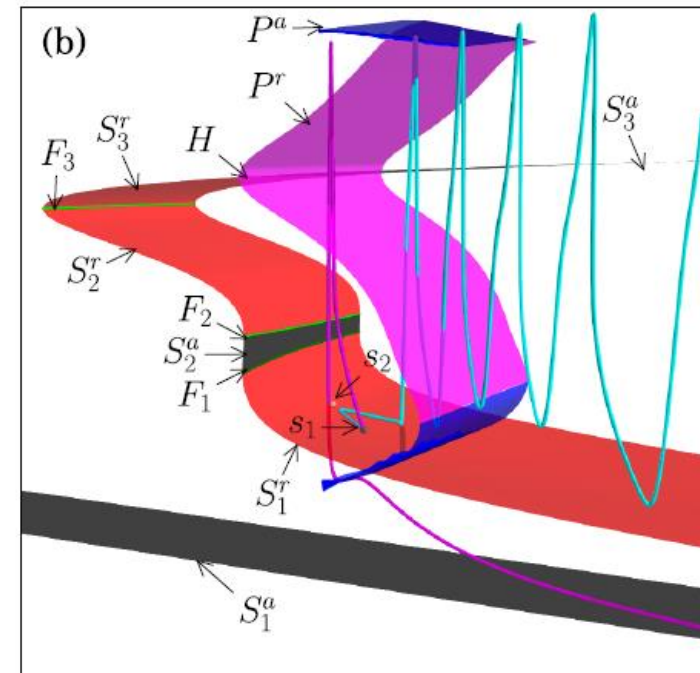
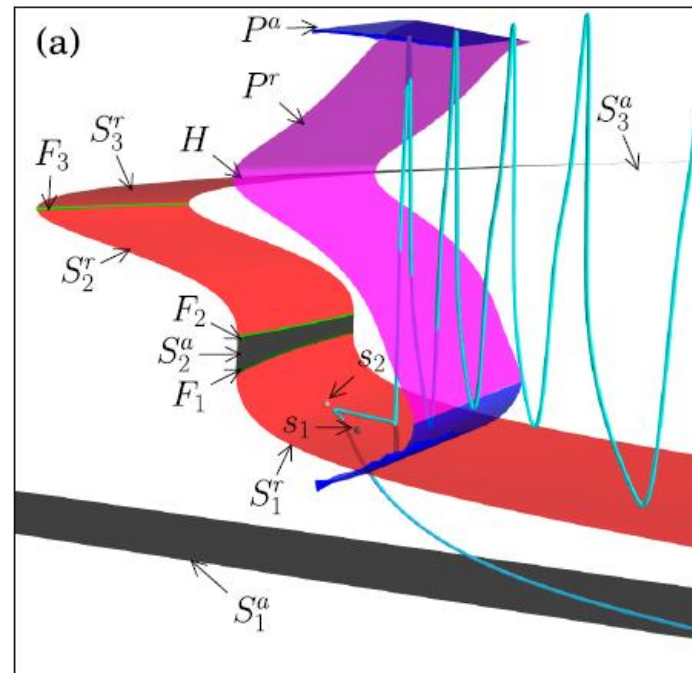
Altered intrinsic pyramidal neuron properties and pathway-specific synaptic dysfunction underlie aberrant hippocampal network function in a mouse model of tauopathy
CA Booth, J Witton, J Nowacki, K Tsaneva-Atanasova, MW Jones, ...
Journal of Neuroscience 36 (2), 350-363

Nowe możliwości eksperymentalne



<http://rtxi.org/>

Zrozumienie nowych problemów matematycznych



Dziękuję!

Pytania?



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Monument_to_the_laboratory_mouse