

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark \partial_t \nabla^2 \Psi &= J(\Psi, \nabla^2 \Psi) - \frac{2}{P} J(A, \nabla^2 A) = 2\partial_z U_y + \frac{2}{P} B_0 \partial_z \nabla^2 A + \frac{1}{P} \nabla^4 \Psi \\
 \checkmark \partial_t U_y &= J(\Psi, U_y) - \frac{2}{P} J(A, B_y) + (2-q)\Omega_0 \partial_z \Psi = \frac{2}{P} B_0 \partial_z B_y + \frac{1}{P} \nabla^4 U_y \\
 \checkmark \partial_t A &= B_0 \partial_z \Psi + J(A, \Psi) + \frac{1}{Pm} \nabla^2 A \\
 \checkmark \partial_t B_y &= B_0 \partial_z U_y + J(A, U_y) - J(\Psi, B_y) + \frac{1}{Pm} \nabla^2 B_y - q\Omega_0 \partial_z A
 \end{aligned}$$

These eqns agree w/ Umurhan + Eq. 8-11. Only missing that Ω_0 is constant

$$N = \begin{bmatrix} J(\Psi, \nabla^2 \Psi) - \frac{2}{P} J(A, \nabla^2 A) \\ J(\Psi, U_y) - \frac{2}{P} J(A, B_y) \\ -J(A, \Psi) \\ J(\Psi, B_y) - J(A, U_y) \end{bmatrix} \quad (\text{w/ all on LHS of eqns.})$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} \nabla^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{RHS} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{P} \nabla^4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{P} \nabla^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{Pm} \nabla^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{Pm} \nabla^2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{P} B_0 \partial_z \nabla^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{2}{P} B_0 \partial_z \\ B_0 \partial_z & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & B_0 \partial_z & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2\Omega_0 \partial_z & 0 & 0 \\ (2-q)\Omega_0 \partial_z & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -q\Omega_0 \partial_z & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^4 = \partial_x^4 + \partial_z^4 + 2\partial_x^2 \partial_z^2 \rightarrow \text{expansion of } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ mat. correct in notes.}$$

fixed L_1 .

Nonlinear term check.

$$J = \partial_z a \partial_x b - \partial_x a \partial_z b$$

$$N(\psi) = J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) - \frac{2}{p} J(A, \nabla^2 A)$$

$$\partial_z \rightarrow \partial_z + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}}$$

$$\nabla^2 \rightarrow \nabla^2 + \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 + 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}}$$

$$J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) = \partial_z \psi \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi - \partial_x \psi \partial_z \nabla^2 \psi$$

$$= (\partial_z + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}}) \psi \partial_x (\nabla^2 + \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 + 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}}) \psi - \partial_x \psi \partial_z \nabla^2 \psi$$

$$= \partial_z \psi \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi + \partial_z \psi \partial_x \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi + \partial_z \psi \partial_x 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$+ \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi \partial_x \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi \partial_x 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$- \partial_x \psi (\partial_z + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}}) (\nabla^2 + \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 + 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}}) \psi$$

$$= \partial_z \psi \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi - \partial_x \psi \partial_z \nabla^2 \psi - \partial_x \psi \partial_z \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi - \partial_x \psi \partial_z 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$- \partial_x \psi \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} \nabla^2 \psi - \partial_x \psi \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} \varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi - \partial_x \psi \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} 2\varepsilon \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$\partial_z \psi \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi + \varepsilon^2 \partial_z \psi \partial_x \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi + 2\varepsilon \partial_z \psi \partial_x \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$+ \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi + \varepsilon^3 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi \partial_x \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi + 2\varepsilon^2 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi \partial_x \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$- \partial_x \psi \partial_z \nabla^2 \psi - \varepsilon^2 \partial_x \psi \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi - 2\varepsilon \partial_x \psi \partial_z^2 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$- \varepsilon \partial_x \psi \partial_{\underline{z}} \nabla^2 \psi - \varepsilon^3 \partial_x \psi \partial_{\underline{z}}^3 \psi - 2\varepsilon^2 \partial_x \psi \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \partial_z \psi$$

$$= J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) + \varepsilon^2 J(\psi, \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi) + 2\varepsilon J(\psi, \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi)$$

$$+ \varepsilon \tilde{J}(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) + \varepsilon^3 \tilde{J}(\psi, \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi) + 2\varepsilon^2 \tilde{J}(\psi, \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi)$$

$$N(\psi) = J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) + \varepsilon^2 J(\psi, \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi) + 2\varepsilon J(\psi, \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi)$$

$$+ \varepsilon \tilde{J}(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) + \varepsilon^3 \tilde{J}(\psi, \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 \psi) + 2\varepsilon^2 \tilde{J}(\psi, \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi)$$

$$- \frac{2}{p} J(A, \nabla^2 A) - \varepsilon^2 \frac{2}{p} J(A, \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 A) - 2\varepsilon \frac{2}{p} J(A, \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} A)$$

$$- \varepsilon \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A, \nabla^2 A) - \varepsilon^3 \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A, \partial_{\underline{z}}^2 A) - 2\varepsilon^2 \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A, \partial_z \partial_{\underline{z}} A)$$

ignore
O(ε³) or
greater.

multiscale nonlin. expan.

$$J(a+b, c+d) = J(a,c) + J(a,d) + J(b,c) + J(b,d)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & J(\varepsilon\psi_1 + \varepsilon^2\psi_2, \varepsilon\nabla^2\psi_1 + \varepsilon^2\nabla^2\psi_2) \\ &= \varepsilon^2 J(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_1) + \varepsilon^3 J(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_2) + \varepsilon^3 J(\psi_2, \nabla^2\psi_1) + \cancel{\varepsilon^4 J(\psi_2, \nabla^2\psi_2)} \\ & 2\varepsilon J(\varepsilon\psi_1 + \varepsilon^2\psi_2, \partial_1\partial_3\varepsilon\psi_1 + \partial_1\partial_3\varepsilon^2\psi_2) \\ &= 2\varepsilon^3 J(\psi_1, \partial_1\partial_3\psi_1) + 2\varepsilon^4 J(\psi_1, \partial_1\partial_3\psi_2) + 2\varepsilon^4 J(\psi_2, \partial_1\partial_3\psi_1) \\ & + 2\varepsilon^5 J(\psi_2, \partial_1\partial_3\psi_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \varepsilon \tilde{J}(\varepsilon\psi_1 + \varepsilon^2\psi_2, \varepsilon\nabla^2\psi_1 + \varepsilon^2\nabla^2\psi_2) \\ &= \varepsilon^3 \tilde{J}(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_1) + \varepsilon^4 \tilde{J}(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_2) + \varepsilon^4 \tilde{J}(\psi_2, \nabla^2\psi_1) + \cancel{\varepsilon^5 \tilde{J}(\psi_2, \nabla^2\psi_2)} \\ & - \frac{2}{\beta} J(\varepsilon A_1 + \varepsilon^2 A_2, \varepsilon\nabla^2 A_1 + \varepsilon^2\nabla^2 A_2) \quad \text{see above.} \end{aligned}$$

Finally:

$$\begin{aligned} N(\psi) &= \varepsilon^2 J(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_1) + \varepsilon^3 J(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_2) + \varepsilon^3 J(\psi_2, \nabla^2\psi_1) \\ & - \varepsilon^2 \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, \nabla^2 A_1) - \varepsilon^3 \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, \nabla^2 A_2) - \varepsilon^3 \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_2, \nabla^2 A_1) \\ & + 2\varepsilon^3 J(\psi_1, \partial_1\partial_3\psi_1) - 2\varepsilon^3 \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, \partial_1\partial_3 A_1) \\ & + \varepsilon^3 \tilde{J}(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} \varepsilon^3 \tilde{J}(A_1, \nabla^2 A_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$N_2(\psi) = J(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, \nabla^2 A_1) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} N_3(\psi) &= J(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_2) + J(\psi_2, \nabla^2\psi_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, \nabla^2 A_2) - \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_2, \nabla^2 A_1) \\ & + 2J(\psi_1, \partial_1\partial_3\psi_1) - 2\frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, \partial_1\partial_3 A_1) \\ & + \tilde{J}(\psi_1, \nabla^2\psi_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} \tilde{J}(A_1, \nabla^2 A_1) \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

Confirmed: Chorin's 619 has a sign error.

$$N(u) = J(\psi, u) - \frac{2}{p} J(A, B)$$

$$= J(\epsilon\psi_1 + \epsilon^2\psi_2, \epsilon u_1 + \epsilon^2 u_2) - \frac{2}{p} J(\epsilon A_1 + \epsilon^2 A_2, \epsilon B_1 + \epsilon^2 B_2)$$

$$= \epsilon^2 J(\psi_1, u_1) + \epsilon^3 J(\psi_1, u_2) + \epsilon^3 J(\psi_2, u_1) + \epsilon^4 J(\psi_2, u_2) \\ - \epsilon^2 \frac{2}{p} J(A_1, B_1) - \epsilon^3 \frac{2}{p} J(A_1, B_2) - \epsilon^3 \frac{2}{p} J(A_2, B_1) - \epsilon^4 \frac{2}{p} J(A_2, B_2)$$

$$N_2(u) = J(\psi_1, u_1) - \frac{2}{p} J(A_1, B_1)$$

$$N_3(u) = J(\psi_1, u_2) + J(\psi_2, u_1) - \frac{2}{p} J(A_1, B_2) - \frac{2}{p} J(A_2, B_1)$$

$$N(u) = (\partial_x + \epsilon \partial_{\bar{x}}) \psi \partial_x u_y + \frac{2}{p} \partial_x A (\partial_x + \epsilon \partial_{\bar{x}}) B_y \\ - \partial_x \psi (\partial_x + \epsilon \partial_{\bar{x}}) u_y + \frac{2}{p} (\partial_x + \epsilon \partial_{\bar{x}}) A \partial_x B_y \\ = \partial_x \psi \partial_x u_y + \epsilon \partial_{\bar{x}} \psi \partial_x u_y + \frac{2}{p} \partial_x A \partial_x B_y + \epsilon \frac{2}{p} \partial_x A \partial_{\bar{x}} B_y \\ - \partial_x \psi \partial_{\bar{x}} u_y - \epsilon \partial_x \psi \partial_x u_y - \frac{2}{p} \partial_x A \partial_x B_y - \epsilon \frac{2}{p} \partial_{\bar{x}} A \partial_x B_y \\ = J(\psi, u_y) + \epsilon \tilde{J}(\psi, u_y) + \frac{2}{p} J(A, B_y) + \epsilon \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}'(A, B_y)$$

$$= J(\epsilon\psi_1 + \epsilon^2\psi_2, \epsilon u_1 + \epsilon^2 u_2) + \epsilon \tilde{J}(\epsilon\psi_1 + \epsilon^2\psi_2, \epsilon u_1 + \epsilon^2 u_2) \\ - \frac{2}{p} J(\epsilon A_1 + \epsilon^2 A_2, \epsilon B_1 + \epsilon^2 B_2) - \epsilon \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(\epsilon A_1 + \epsilon^2 A_2, \epsilon B_1 + \epsilon^2 B_2)$$

$$= \epsilon^2 J(\psi_1, u_1) + \epsilon^3 J(\psi_1, u_2) + \epsilon^3 J(\psi_2, u_1) + \epsilon^4 J(\psi_2, u_2) \\ + \epsilon^3 \tilde{J}(\psi_1, u_1) + \epsilon^4 \tilde{J}(\psi_1, u_2) + \epsilon^4 \tilde{J}(\psi_2, u_1) + \epsilon^5 \tilde{J}(\psi_2, u_2) \\ - \epsilon^2 \frac{2}{p} J(A_1, B_1) - \epsilon^3 \frac{2}{p} J(A_1, B_2) - \epsilon^3 \frac{2}{p} J(A_2, B_1) - \epsilon^4 \frac{2}{p} J(A_2, B_2) \\ - \epsilon^3 \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A_1, B_1) - \epsilon^4 \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A_1, B_2) - \epsilon^4 \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A_2, B_1) - \epsilon^5 \frac{2}{p} \tilde{J}(A_2, B_2)$$

$$N_2(u) = J(\psi_1, u_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, B_1)$$

$$N_3(u) = J(\psi_1, u_2) + J(\psi_2, u_1) + \tilde{J}(\psi_1, u_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_1, B_2) - \frac{2}{\beta} J(A_2, B_1) - \frac{2}{\beta} \tilde{J}(A_1, B_1)$$

(B20 is correct. where it says "-+" should be "+".)

$$N(A) = -J(A, \psi)$$

$$= -(\partial_z + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}}) A \partial_x \psi + \partial_x A (\partial_z + \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}}) \psi$$

$$= -\partial_z A \partial_x \psi - \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} A \partial_x \psi + \partial_x A \partial_z \psi + \varepsilon \partial_x A \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi$$

$$= -\partial_z (\varepsilon A_1 + \varepsilon^2 A_2) \partial_x (\varepsilon \psi_1 + \varepsilon^2 \psi_2) - \varepsilon \partial_{\underline{z}} (\varepsilon A_1 + \varepsilon^2 A_2) \partial_x (\varepsilon \psi_1 + \varepsilon^2 \psi_2) + \partial_x (\varepsilon A_1 + \varepsilon^2 A_2) \partial_z (\varepsilon \psi_1 + \varepsilon^2 \psi_2) + \varepsilon \partial_x (\varepsilon A_1 + \varepsilon^2 A_2) \partial_{\underline{z}} (\varepsilon \psi_1 + \varepsilon^2 \psi_2)$$

$$= -\varepsilon^2 \partial_z A_1 \partial_x \psi_1 - \varepsilon^3 \partial_z A_1 \partial_x \psi_2 - \varepsilon^3 \partial_z A_2 \partial_x \psi_1 - \varepsilon^4 \partial_z A_2 \partial_x \psi_2 - \varepsilon^3 \partial_{\underline{z}} A_1 \partial_x \psi_1 - \varepsilon^4 \partial_{\underline{z}} A_1 \partial_x \psi_2 - \varepsilon^4 \partial_{\underline{z}} A_2 \partial_x \psi_1 - \varepsilon^5 \partial_{\underline{z}} A_2 \partial_x \psi_2 + \varepsilon^2 \partial_x A_1 \partial_z \psi_1 + \varepsilon^3 \partial_x A_1 \partial_z \psi_2 + \varepsilon^3 \partial_x A_2 \partial_z \psi_1 + \varepsilon^4 \partial_x A_2 \partial_z \psi_2 + \varepsilon^3 \partial_x A_1 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi_1 + \varepsilon^4 \partial_x A_1 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi_2 + \varepsilon^4 \partial_x A_2 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi_1 + \varepsilon^5 \partial_x A_2 \partial_{\underline{z}} \psi_2$$

$$N(A) = -\varepsilon^2 J(A_1, \psi_1) - \varepsilon^3 J(A_1, \psi_2) - \varepsilon^3 J(A_2, \psi_1) - \varepsilon^3 \tilde{J}(A_1, \psi_1)$$

$$N_2(A) = -J(A_1, \psi_1)$$

$$N_3(A) = -J(A_1, \psi_2) - J(A_2, \psi_1) - \tilde{J}(A_1, \psi_1)$$

$$N^{(B)} = J(\Psi, B_4) - J(A, u_4)$$

Similarly to $N^{(u)}$, we find

$$N_2^{(B)} = J(\Psi_1, B_1) - J(A_1, u_1)$$

$$N_3^{(B)} = J(\Psi_1, B_2) + J(\Psi_2, B_1) + J(\Psi_3, B_1) \\ - J(A_1, u_2) - J(A_2, u_1) - J(A_3, u_1)$$