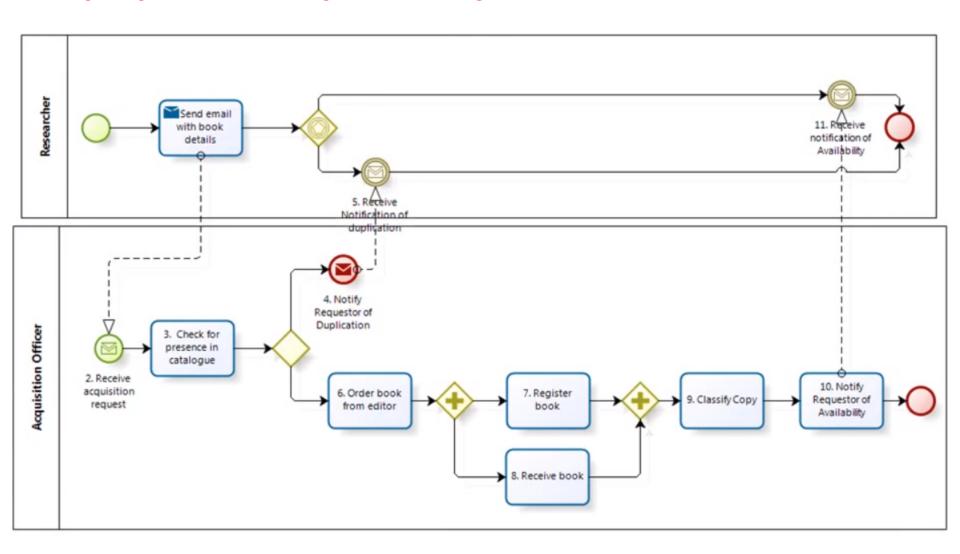
# BPMN LEVEL 2: ANALYTICAL

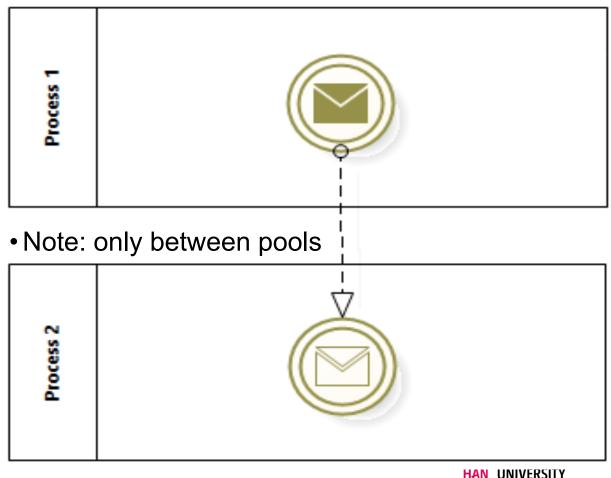
#### POOLS AND SWIM LANES

Pool: 1 for process, 1 for each external party (customer, tax authority, ...) CUSTOMER Swim Lanes: 1 for each 'actor' (function, department) PROCESS ORDER **SALES** 

# CATCH AND THROW EVENTS



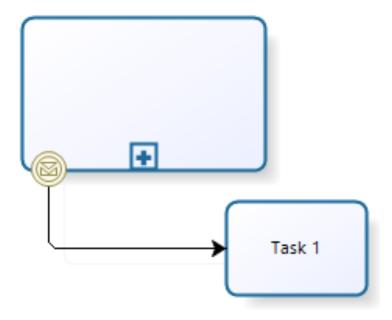
## MESSAGE FLOWS



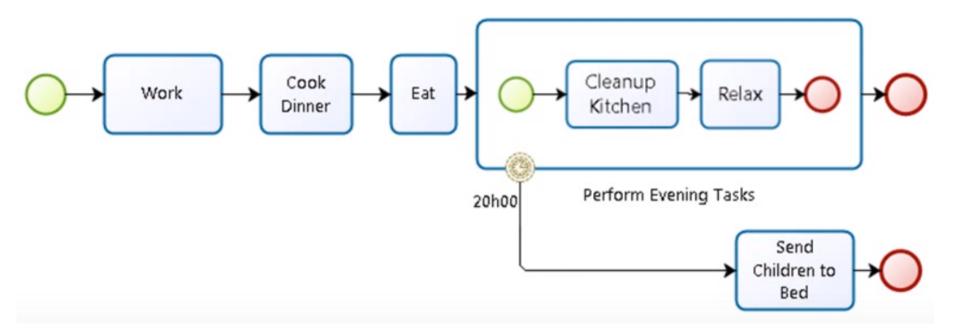
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Useful if we want to influence a running task:

- Start an optional extra process
- Interrupt a running process (message, timer, error...)



Whatever evening task is being performed, at 20h00 the children must be sent to bed

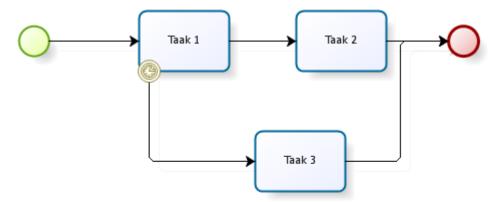


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Useful for what deviates from the 'happy path':

- Incidental additional task
- Interrupts
  - External events
  - Error handling

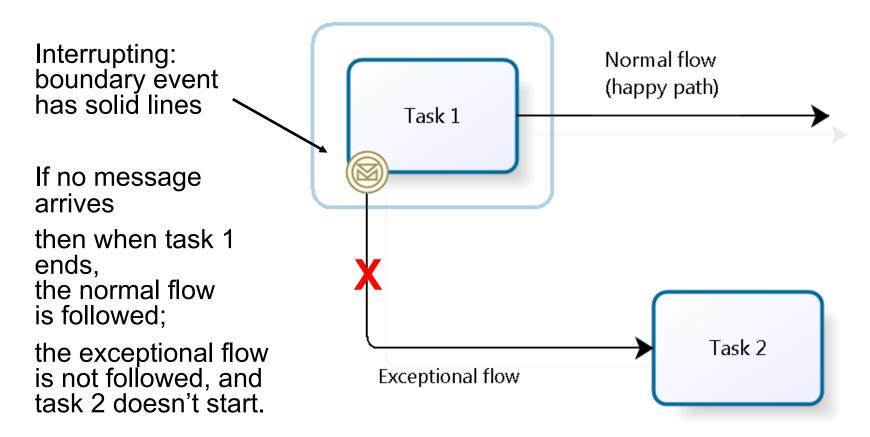
• ...



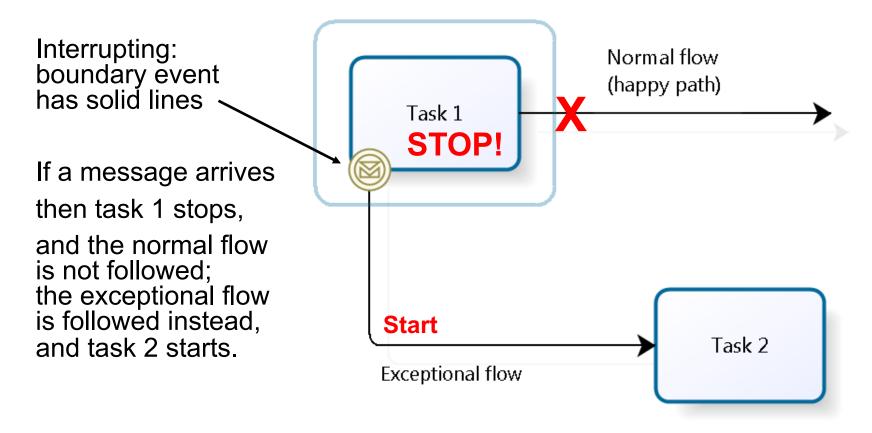
#### Is either:

- Interrupting: process is terminated at once
- Non-interrupting: process continues





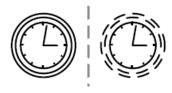
#### **BOUNDARY EVENT: INTERRUPTING**



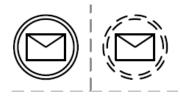
#### **BOUNDARY EVENT: NON-INTERRUPTING**

Normal flow Non-interrupting: (happy path) boundary event has dashed lines Task 1 **Continue** If a message arrives then task 1 continues, the exceptional flow is activated and task 2 starts Start When task 1 ends, Task 2 the normal flow is followed as well **Exceptional flow** 

#### TYPES OF BOUNDARY EVENTS



• Timer: independent of task



Message: on boundary: only CATCH

from outside task to inside

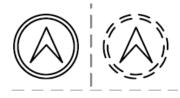


Error: on boundary: only CATCH

from inside task to outside

(details inside task must specify

the corresponding throw)



Escalation: on boundary: only CATCH

from inside task to outside

(details inside task must specify

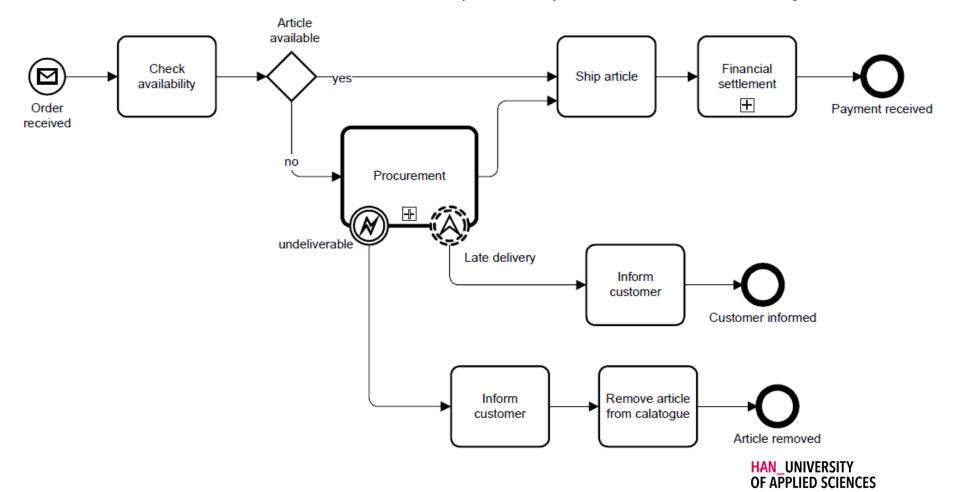
the corresponding throw)

• . . .

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### **EXAMPLES BOUNDARY EVENTS**

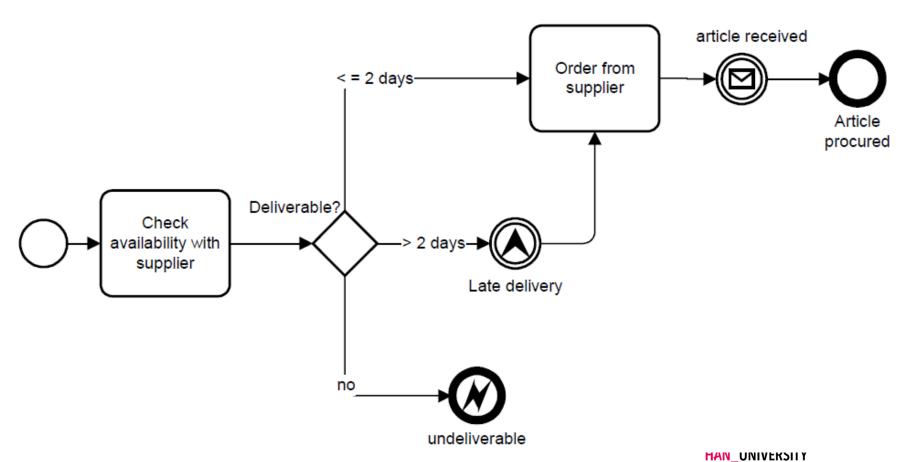
#### Procurement (outside) with catch boundary events



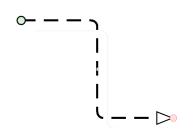
### **EXAMPLES BOUNDARY EVENTS**

Subtask Procurement (inside) with throw events

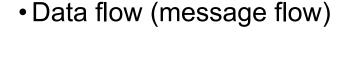
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#### DATA ITEMS AND FLOWS









 Data object: volatile (data gone when tasks complete)

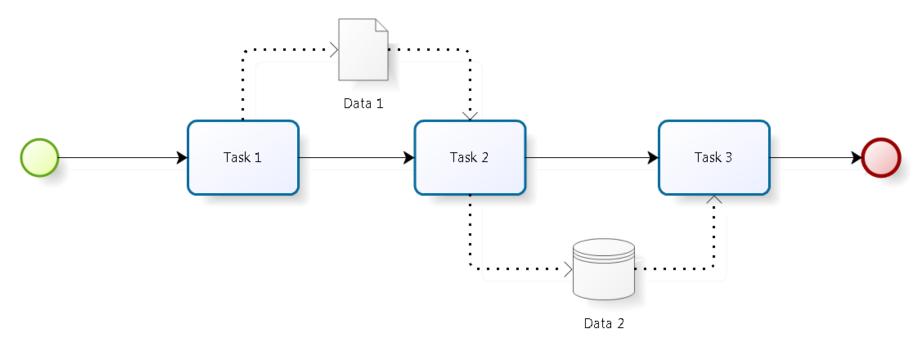


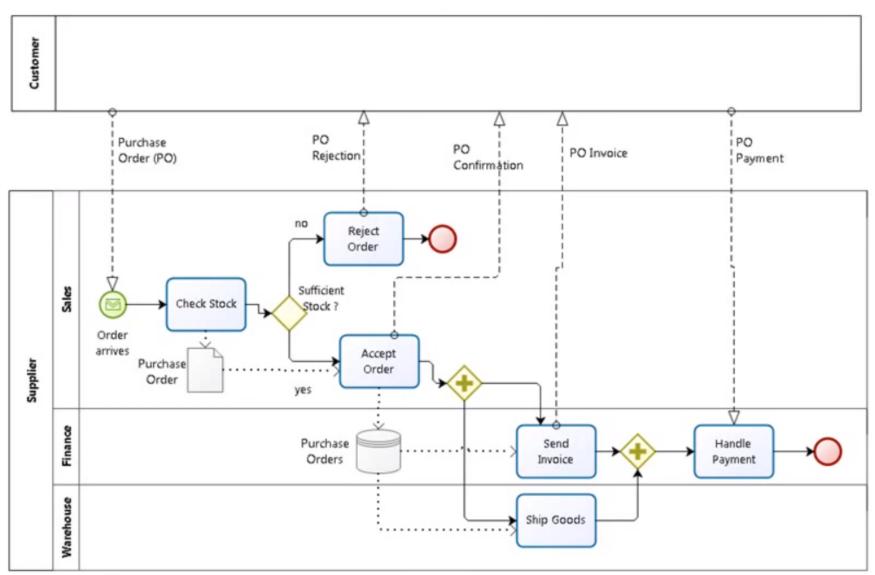
 Data store: permanent (data still exist when task completes)

#### DATA ITEMS AND FLOWS

Data 1: volatile, only passed from task 1 to task 2, then gone.

Data 2: permanent, retained when all processes have terminated.





#### BPMN ADVANCED MODELING

For more details watch the following lessons:

- BPMN Advanced Activities
- BPMN Advanced Modeling Events

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cwdRNCICP5M

