

HW#16

- ▷ Under informed consent, the ethical value judgments affecting informed consent are that the autonomy of the test subject is the most important thing.
- ▷ Any test that doesn't require informed consent cannot harm the individual.

- ▷ Regarding the precautionary principle, the respect for persons approach will not allow an act if there is even a suspicion of harm. However, the good science approach requires enough data to prove an act is harmful.

- ▷ Difference in opinion on risk. How experts & the public arise from the anchoring effect, voluntary vs involuntary risk effect, compensation effect, human vs natural origin, timeliness, catastrophic vs regular risk, regular vs occasional risk, necessary vs luxury risk.