

Exp# 5e**Producer-Consumer problem****Aim**

To synchronize producer and consumer processes using semaphore.

Algorithm

1. Create a shared memory segment *BUFSIZE* of size 1 and attach it.
2. Obtain semaphore id for variables *empty*, *mutex* and *full* using *semget* function.
3. Create semaphore for *empty*, *mutex* and *full* as follows:
 - a. Declare *semun*, a union of specific commands.
 - b. The initial values are: 1 for *mutex*, N for *empty* and 0 for *full*
 - c. Use *semctl* function with SETVAL command
4. Create a child process using *fork* system call.
 - a. Make the parent process to be the *producer*
 - b. Make the child process to the *consumer*
5. The *producer* produces 5 items as follows:
 - a. Call *wait* operation on semaphores *empty* and *mutex* using *semop* function.
 - b. Gain access to buffer and produce data for consumption
 - c. Call *signal* operation on semaphores *mutex* and *full* using *semop* function.
6. The *consumer* consumes 5 items as follows:
 - a. Call *wait* operation on semaphores *full* and *mutex* using *semop* function.
 - b. Gain access to buffer and consume the available data.
 - c. Call *signal* operation on semaphores *mutex* and *empty* using *semop* function.
7. Remove shared memory from the system using *shmctl* with *IPC_RMID* argument
8. Stop

Result

Thus synchronization between producer and consumer process for access to a shared memory segment is implemented.

Program

```
/* Producer-Consumer problem using semaphore - pcsem.c */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

#define N 5
#define BUFSIZE 1
#define PERMS 0666

int *buffer;
int nextp = 0, nextc = 0;
int mutex, full, empty;    /* semaphore variables */

void producer()
{
    int data;
    if(nextp == N)
        nextp = 0;
    printf("Enter data for producer to produce : ");
    scanf("%d", (buffer + nextp));
    nextp++;
}

void consumer()
{
    int g;
    if(nextc == N)
        nextc = 0;
    g = *(buffer + nextc++);
    printf("\nConsumer consumes data %d", g);
}

void sem_op(int id, int value)
{
    struct sembuf op;
    int v;
    op.sem_num = 0;
    op.sem_op = value;
    op.sem_flg = SEM_UNDO;
    if((v = semop(id, &op, 1)) < 0)
        printf("\nError executing semop instruction");
}
```

```
void sem_create(int semid, int initval)
{
    int semval;
    union semun
    {
        int val;
        struct semid_ds *buf;
        unsigned short *array;
    } s;

    s.val = initval;
    if((semval = semctl(semid, 0, SETVAL, s)) < 0)
        printf("\nError in executing semctl");
}

void sem_wait(int id)
{
    int value = -1;
    sem_op(id, value);
}

void sem_signal(int id)
{
    int value = 1;
    sem_op(id, value);
}

main()
{
    int shmid, i;
    pid_t pid;

    if((shmid = shmget(1000, BUFSIZE, IPC_CREAT|PERMS)) < 0)
    {
        printf("\nUnable to create shared memory");
        return;
    }
    if((buffer = (int*)shmat(shmid, (char*)0, 0)) == (int*)-1)
    {
        printf("\nShared memory allocation error\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    if((mutex = semget(IPC_PRIVATE, 1, PERMS|IPC_CREAT)) == -1)
    {
        printf("\nCan't create mutex semaphore");
        exit(1);
    }
}
```

```
if((empty = semget(IPC_PRIVATE, 1, PERMS|IPC_CREAT)) == -1)
{
    printf("\nCan't create empty semaphore");
    exit(1);
}
if((full = semget(IPC_PRIVATE, 1, PERMS|IPC_CREAT)) == -1)
{
    printf("\nCan't create full semaphore");
    exit(1);
}

sem_create(mutex, 1);
sem_create(empty, N);
sem_create(full, 0);

if((pid = fork()) < 0)
{
    printf("\nError in process creation");
    exit(1);
}
else if(pid > 0)
{
    for(i=0; i<N; i++)
    {
        sem_wait(empty);
        sem_wait(mutex);
        producer();
        sem_signal(mutex);
        sem_signal(full);
    }
}
else if(pid == 0)
{
    for(i=0; i<N; i++)
    {
        sem_wait(full);
        sem_wait(mutex);
        consumer();
        sem_signal(mutex);
        sem_signal(empty);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}
```

Output

```
$ gcc pcsem.c
```

```
$ ./a.out
```

```
Enter data for producer to produce : 5
```

```
Enter data for producer to produce : 8
```

```
Consumer consumes data 5
```

```
Enter data for producer to produce : 4
```

```
Consumer consumes data 8
```

```
Enter data for producer to produce : 2
```

```
Consumer consumes data 4
```

```
Enter data for producer to produce : 9
```

```
Consumer consumes data 2
```

```
Consumer consumes data 9
```