18st out the documents of the International Bill of Human suights * Freedom from decomination * Right ito aquality between mon and women. * Right to work * Freedom to choose and accept * Right to just and favourable conditions at work. * Right de form strade unions * Right to strike * Right to social security. State about human sulghts Human sights are slights unherent ita all human beings, oregardless of scace, sex, nationally, ethnicity. language, ordigion or any other status. Human rights unclude the oright to life and liberty, freedom from slavery and torture.

List out four culture siights Economic goulal and cultural oughts (ESCR). unclude the stights to adequate food, to adequate: housing, to education, to health, to soual security, to dake poul un cultural life, to water and sanitation and to work Describe øolidasity sight International Bolidarity origins us an awareness of shared enterest objective, standards and sympathesis creativity a psychological senser or unity or group. d'ate about Magna coata. Magna carta was assued in June 1915 and was the first document to put isto writing the prønciple that the king and his government was not above the law. It sought to prevent the king from explosting his power and placed elimits of royal authority by establishing law as a power in itself.

Blackfication of Human Rights: Auman orighty are derived from the principle of Natural daw. They are neither derived from the pocial order nor conferred upon the undividual by the society. They suside unherently in the individual human being undependent of, even prior to his participation un ithe society. They do not depend on any formulation or accepted authority. Blassifications: 1) Biril and Political suights 2) Economic, Joual and Cultural 3) Bolidarity oughts. Biril and Political olights: The universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), 1948 has provided for Civil and Political Rights under d'Aticle s to Dr. It uncluded the oright to lefe, ought to security, Protoction against Slavery, the ought to due and fur process of Law, Right to Privacy,

the oright to liberty of Thought and Expression, the Right to Religiou Freedom, Right to Association and the oright to property. Economic, Goual and Cultural Rights: The unresal declaration of Human sughts (UDHR), 1948 Article 22 to Article 27 provide for Economic, gou'al and cultural Rights which under the ought to work, the ought to fould security, the oright to protection against Unemployment, the sight against blavery and exploitation, the sight to good living Solidarity Rights: Article 28 of the universal Declaration of Human suights, 1948 Says that Every person in entitled to ouch ofocial and international system un which all the oughts and freedoms are made available to him fully.

referera convention relating to the treatment of prisoners of war 12 The present Convention supplaced the Prisoners of was convention of 1929. St contain 143 Article whereas the 1929 convention had only 97. It became necessary to sievise the 1929 Convention on a number of points owing to that had occurred in the conduct of war fare and the consequence thereof, as well as in the living condition of peoples. Experience had shown that the daily life of prisoners depended specifically on the unterpretation given to the general oregulations. Bonsequently, certain oregulations, were given a more explicit- form which was lacking in the preceding provisiong. Space the text of the convention ug to be posted un all prisones of war camps ut has to be comprohensible not only to the authorities but also to the ordinary oreader at any time.

The categories of persons ontitled to the uprisoner of war status uvere broadened in accordance with convention The conditions and places of captivity were more precisely defined, ien particular with oregard to the labour of prisoners of war, their financial sesources, the orelief they oreceive and une judicial proceeding instituted against othern The convention establishes the principles that prisoners of war must be released and repatriated without delay after the cersation of active hostilitéez (Article 118)