2 Marks: Which human orights are proclaimed in the universal declaration of Human Right. The unfressal declaration of Human Rights proclains 30 human Rights. Some of them are, ) Right to Equality 2) Freedom from Discrimination. 3) Right to life, liberty and Personal Gowinty A) Right to family and Marriage. b) Right to own property. 6) Right to education. 7) Right to equality before the law. Write about positivity theory. Positivity theory suggests that positive emotions, thoughts and experiences can enhance au Individuals well-being and overall hoppiness. It emphasizes the importance of focusing on positive aspects of life rather than negative ones, as this can lead to a more optimistic and fulfilling outlook. The theory posits that positive emotions and experiences can build emotional desilience, Emprove gelationships and Increase motivation and productivity.

declaration of human oughts. The universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) has had a significant un fluence on the promotion and protection of human oughts globally. Et has served as a common standard of fundamental human oughts and has inspired numerous national and Soternational laws and treates, It has helped to create a framework for the protection of human sights unduding civil, political, economic, social and cultural sights. Summarike the principles functions of UN human sughts. The main functions of the United Nations (UN) human sughts System are to promote and protect human oughts globally. The UN Human oughts System works to Strengthen the degal framework for human oughts, including through the divelopment and implementation of Thiteenational human sughts treaters and standards. Describes Preamble of the CN charter.

The preamble of the CN (Baradian) entroductory gratement that outlines the furdamental values and principles upon which the charter is based.

of begins with the phase's "Whereas Carrada in founded upon principles that moregnise the subs of low" and goes on to state the intention to " quevantee the nights and freedoms set our-In it subject only to such seasonable limits prescribed by law as can be demonstrobly justified in a free and democratic society. Bg Mark: Compare human night of CN charter and demestre Jurisdiction. The canadian charter of Rights and Freedoms is a constitutional document that outlines the fundamental olights and freedom that all canadian citizens are entitled to. These sights undude freedom of expression, freedom of deligion and the night of life, applies to all levels of government an Canada, un duding federal, provincial and territorial. Domestic jurisdiction, on other hand, defens to the legal authority that a country has within its own borders. This Includes the power to make and enforce laws, as well as the ability to acqueate economic and soural activities within the country.

Dhile the carrection circles of Rights and proodoms in a legal document that quarantees certain sights and precedoms to Individuals, domestic juris diction una a broader concept that encompasses the entire legal and siegular framework of a country. The charter us an important component of canada's domestic jurisdiction, but us us not the only one. In terms of human slights, the canadian chaster provides a strong framework for protecting the fundamental orights and freedoms of all candian atizens. It has been used ûn numerous legal acress cases to challenge government actions that are been as Molating these eights and has been unstrumental in shaping Canadran society and promotting equality and social fustice. Meanwhile, Domestic jurisolicition plays a criffical suble in ensuring that these rights and freedoms one protected and enforced within canada's border. This undudes the creation of laws and siegulations that protect human nights, as well as the establismentof judicial systems that can hold violators accountable.

Origin and development of homes might, The origin and doubtoproval of Harrier. oughts has been on due based the first in the National and the second its. International on the National base, the conseption of human slights got its broad to originate and develop in the form of religion in different countries in times. The conception may be felt to originate in the Edear of Mercy, kindness and Pity on human being. In various scriptures. The origin of human nights can be draced back to the times of Ancient Greeke. In Antigone, A greek play, human rights as the natural olights of human Antigone's Brother, while he was Diebelling against the King, was killed and his burial was prohibited by the king. Antigone buried her brother in deplance of the King's prohibitory order. The uni minutes Her defence was that the half arted in accordance with "Immutable unwillen lang of heaven" which, even the kiting had me

authority to break. According to some Richolars. the concept of Human Rights lies. Stoic Philosophy developed the Natural Law theory " and explained the Northers of Human Right First. According to Store Philosopy, Human rights were such a rights which every human being possesses by virtue of being a Human. But, ût is said that even before the formulation of notwal law of theory, the Greek City states original enjoy the same basic rights like, i) the freedom of speech (Isogonia) 11) the oright to equality before the law (900 nomia) and to all (900 himia) The theory of natural law was formulated after the breakdown of the Greek city States. offore philosophers clians that the principles of Notwal law was universal in their application. The principles of tratulal over Universal disroughout the world.