Team notebook

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1 DS

1.1 lazySegtree

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define INF 1e9
const int MAXN = 1e5+5;
int a[MAXN],t[4*MAXN],lazy[4*MAXN];
//funcion para construir el segtree
void build(int v,int tl,int tr){
    memset(lazy,0,sizeof(lazy));
    if(tl==tr)
        t[v]=a[tl];
    else{
        int tm = (tl+tr)/2;
        build(v*2,tl,tm);
        build(v*2+1,tm+1,tr);
        t[v]=max(t[v*2],t[v*2+1]);
```

```
}
//funcion para propagar el valor a los hijos del nodo.
void push(int v){
       t[v*2]=lazy[v];
       lazy[v*2]=lazy[v];
       t[v*2+1]=lazy[v];
       lazy[v*2+1]=lazy[v];
       lazy[v]=0;
//funcion para hacer update de un rango con un valor dado.
void update(int v,int tl, int tr, int l, int r,int val){
       if(1>r)
              return:
       if(l==tl&&tr==r){
              t[v]=val;
              lazy[v]=val;
       }
       else{
              //solo es necesario propagar el valor si existe un valor
                   lazy guardado.
              if(lazy[v]!=0)
                     push(v);
              int tm=(tl+tr)/2;
              update(v*2,tl,tm,l,min(tm,r),val);
              update(v*2+1,tm+1,tr,max(1,tm+1),r,val);
              t[v]=max(t[v*2],t[v*2+1]);
       }
//funcion para realizar range query.
int query(int v, int tl, int tr, int l, int r){
       if(1>r)
              return -INF;
```

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```
if(tl==1&&tr==r){
               return t[v];
       if(lazv[v]!=0)
               push(v);
       int tm = (t1+tr)/2;
       return
            max(query(v*2,tl,tm,l,min(r,tm)),query(v*2+1,tm+1,tr,max(tm+1,l),r)); void update(int v,int tl, int tr, int pos, int new_val){
int n,m,i,j;
int main(){
       while (scanf("%d%d", &n, &m) == 2&&n+m){
               for(int i = 0; i<n; i++){</pre>
                       a[i]=i;
               build(1,0,n-1);
               printf("\frac{n}{d}", query(1,0,n-1,0,n-1));
               update(1,0,n-1,n/2,n-1,0);
               printf("\frac{n}{d}", query(1,0,n-1,0,n-1));
       }
       return 0;
```

simpleSegtree

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 1e5+5;
int a[MAXN],t[MAXN];
void build(int v, int tl, int tr){
       if(tl==tr)
              t[v]=a[t1];
       else{
              int tm = (t1+tr)/2;
              build(v*2,t1,tm);
              build(v*2+1,tm+1,tr);
              //depende la operacin a realizar.
              t[v]=t[v*2]+t[v*2+1];
       }
}
int get(int v, int tl, int tr, int l, int r){
       if(1>r)
```

```
//retornar valor neutro de la opracin.
               return 0;
       if(tl==1&&tr==r)
              return t[v];
       int tm = (t1+tr)/2;
       return get(v*2,t1,tm,1,min(r,tm))+get(v*2,tm+1,t1,max(tm+1,1),r);
}
       if(tl==tr)
               t[v]=new val:
       else{
               int tm = (tl+tr)/2;
               if(pos<=tm)</pre>
                      update(v*2,t1,tm,pos,new_val);
               else
                      update(v*2+1,tm+1,tr,pos,new_val);
               t[v]=t[v*2]+t[v*2+1];
       }
}
int main(){
       int n=100, val=0, pos=5, i=2, j=3;
       //leer arreglo
       //construir el segtree
       build(1,0,n-1);
       int res = get(1,0,n-1,i,j);
       update(1,0,n-1,pos,val);
       res = get(1,0,n-1,0,10);
       printf("%d\n",res);
```

Grafos

2.1 kosaraju

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
//choose MAXN according to the problem.
const int MAXN = 100005;
vector<int> g[MAXN],gr[MAXN];
```

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```
bool vis[MAXN];
stack<int> tp;
int n,m;
int scc = 0;
void dfs(int x){
       vis[x]=1:
       for(vector<int>::iterator it = g[x].begin(); it!=g[x].end(); ++it){
              int y = *it;
              if(!vis[y])
                      dfs(v);
       }
       tp.push(x);
}
void dfs2(int x){
       vis[x]=1;
       for(vector<int>::iterator it = gr[x].begin(); it!=gr[x].end();
           ++it){
              int y = *it;
              if(!vis[y])
                      dfs2(y);
       }
}
int main(){
       //read graph.
       //kosaraju
       memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
       for(int i = 0; i<n; i++)</pre>
              if(!vis[i])
                      dfs(i);
       memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
       while(!tp.empty()){
              int x = tp.top();
              tp.pop();
              if(!vis[x]){
                      scc++;
                      dfs2(x);
                      //do extra things like graph condensation.
              }
       }
       return 0;
```

3 Strings

3.1 z-function

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
//funcion para calcular la z function de un string
vector<int> z_function(string s){
       int n = (int) s.length();
       vector<int> z(n);
       for(int i=1,1=0,r=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
               if(i<=r)
                      z[i]=min(r-i+1,z[i-1]);
               while(i+z[i] < n && s[z[i]] == s[i+z[i]])</pre>
                      ++z[i];
               if(i+z[i]-1>r)
                      l=i,r=i+z[i]-1;
       }
       return z;
}
int main(){
       string s("abcabcabc");
       vector<int> z = z_function(s);
       //z == \{0,0,0,6,0,0,3,0,0\}
       for(int i = 0; i<(int)z.size(); i++)</pre>
               printf("%d ",z[i]);
       return 0;
```