GROUP 1

TASK A: EXTRACT USEFUL INFORMATION FROM CVE DESCRIPTIONS

Given the following CVE descriptions, fill the related form with the required information.

EXAMPLE:

CVE DESCRIPTION

The ironic-api service in OpenStack Ironic before 4_2_5 (Liberty) and 5_x before 5_1_2 (Mitaka) allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information about a registered node by leveraging knowledge of the MAC address of a network card belonging to that node and sending a crafted POST request to the v1/drivers/\$DRIVER_NAME/vendor_passthru resource

Name of the	
	OpenCtack Inonia
software affected	OpenStack Ironic
by the vulnerability	
Versions of the	
Software affected	5_x
by the vulnerability	
Versions before	
which the software	
is affected by the	5_1_2
vulnerability	
Vulnerability name	(in this case the name of the vulnerability does
	not appear in the description)
Type of Attacker	
who could exploit	Remote Attackers
the vulnerability	
Source of the	Leveraging knowledge of the address and sending
vulnerability	POST request
Effects of the	Obtain sensitive information
vulnerability	
Vulnerability	Information Disclosure and/or Arbitrary File Read
Category	
Time taken to	
extract the	1m 42s
required	
information	

Categories of Vulnerabilities

Category	Description
Authentication bypass or Improper Authorization	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to bypass the required authentication. Or the application does not
	perform properly the authentication check, when an user attempts to access a resource without the necessary
	permissions.
Cross-Site Scripting or	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute
HTML Injection	arbitrary script code in the web browser of the site visitor and steal his cookie-based authentication credentials.
Denial Of Service (DoS)	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to crash the affected application, denying any further access.
Directory Traversal	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to gain read access to arbitrary file content on the affected system.
Local File Include, Remote	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to include
File Include and Arbitrary	arbitrary remote files containing malicious code. The code could
File Upload	then be executed on the affected system with the webserver process privileges.
Information Disclosure	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to get
and/or Arbitrary File Read	access to arbitrary files on the affected system.
Buffer/Stack/Heap/	Input data are copied to an insufficiently sized memory buffer.
Integer Overflow, Format String and Off-by-One	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code in the context of the affected application or cause
	denial of service conditions.
Remote Code Execution	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code within the context of the affected application,
	potentially allowing an unauthorized access or a privilege escalation.
SQL Injection	The vulnerable application does not properly sanitize user
	supplied input data before using them in a SQL query. An
	exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to compromise,
	access and modify data on the affected system with the
Unengeified Vulnerability	database user process privileges. A successful exploitation of this issue might allow an
Unspecified Vulnerability	authenticated attacker to affect confidentiality or integrity or
	availability or all of them.

CVE DESCRIPTION #1 (CVE-2015-5174)

Directory traversal vulnerability in path-0 in Apache Tomcat 6_x before 6_0_45, 7_x before 7_0_65, and 8_x before 8_0_27 allows remote authenticated users to bypass intended SecurityManager restrictions and list a parent directory via a /.. (slash dot dot) in a pathname used by a web application in a getResource, getResourceAsStream, or getResourcePaths call, as demonstrated by the \$CATALINA_BASE/webapps directory.

Name of the	Apache Tomcat
software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions of the	6 x, 7 x, 8 x
Software affected	<u> </u>
by the vulnerability	
Versions before	6 0 45, 7 0 65, 8 0 27
	0_0_43, 7_0_63, 6_0_27
which the software	
is affected by the	
vulnerability	
Vulnerability name	Direrctory trasversal vulnerability in path-0
Type of Attacker	In this case the attacker does not appear in the
who could exploit	description
the vulnerability	
Source of the	\$CATALINA_BASE/webapps directory
vulnerability	
Effects of the	Allows remote suthenticated users to bypass
vulnerability	intended SecurityManager restrictions and list a
,	parent directory via a/ in a pathname used by a
	web application in a getResource,
	getResourceAsStream or getResourcePaths call.
Vulnerability	Directory Trasversal
Category	
Time taken to	3m 30s
extract the	
required	
information	

CVE DESCRIPTION #2 (CVE-2016-6289)

Integer overflow in the virtual_file_ex function in path-0 in PHP before 5_5_38, 5_6_x before 5_6_24, and 7_x before 7_0_9 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (stack-based buffer overflow) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted extract operation on a ZIP archive.

Name of the	PHP
software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions of the	5_6_x, 7_x
Software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions before	5_5_38, 5_6_24, 7_0_9
which the software	
is affected by the	
vulnerability	
Vulnerability name	Not found
Type of Attacker	Remote attacker
who could exploit	
the vulnerability	
Source of the	<pre>Integer overflow in the virtual_file_ex function</pre>
vulnerability	in path-0
Effects of the	Allows remote attackers to cause a denial of
vulnerability	service or possibily have unspecified other impact
	via crafted extract operation on a ZIP archive.
Vulnerability	Buffer/Stack/Heap/Integer Overflow, Format String
Category	and Off-by-One
Time taken to	4m 30s
extract the	
required	
information	

CVE DESCRIPTION #3 (CVE-2016-4072)

The Phar extension in PHP before 5_5_34 , 5_6_x before 5_6_20 , and 7_x before 7_0_5 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted filename, as demonstrated by mishandling of 0 characters by the phar_analyze_path function in path-0

Name of the	PHP
software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions of the	5 6 7 7 7
	5_6_x, 7_x
Software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions before	5_5_34, 5_6_20, 7_0_5
which the software	
is affected by the	
vulnerability	
Vulnerability name	Phar extension
Type of Attacker	Remote attacker
who could exploit	
the vulnerability	
Source of the	Phar_analyze_path
vulnerability	
Effects of the	Allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code
vulnerability	via a crafted filename, as demostrated by
	mishandling of \0 characters by the
	phar_analyze_path function in path-0
Vulnerability	Remote Code Execution
Category	
Time taken to	5m
extract the	
required	
information	

CVE DESCRIPTION #4 (CVE-2016-2108)

The path-0 implementation in OpenSSL before 1_0_10 and 1_0_2 before 1_0_2c allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (buffer underflow and memory corruption) via an ANY field in crafted serialized data, aka the "negative zero" issue.

Name of the	OnenCCI
Name of the	OpenSSL
software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions of the	1_0_2
Software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions before	1_0_1o, 1_0_2c
which the software	
is affected by the	
vulnerability	
Vulnerability name	"Negative zero" issue
Type of Attacker	Remote attacker
who could exploit	
the vulnerability	
Source of the	Path-0
vulnerability	
Effects of the	Allows remote attackers to execute arbitray code
vulnerability	or cause a denial service via ANY field in crafted
	serialized data
Vulnerability	Buffer/Stack/Heap/Integer Overflow, Format String
Category	and Off-by-One
Time taken to	2m
extract the	
required	
information	

CVE DESCRIPTION #5 (CVE-2016-7128)

The exif_process_IFD_in_TIFF function in path-0 in PHP before 5_6_25 and 7_x before 7_0_10 mishandles the case of a thumbnail offset that exceeds the file size, which allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information from process memory via a crafted TIFF image.

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Name of the	PHP
software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions of the	7_x
Software affected	
by the vulnerability	
Versions before	5_6_25, 7_0_10
which the software	
is affected by the	
vulnerability	
Vulnerability name	Not found
Type of Attacker	Remote attacker
who could exploit	
the vulnerability	
Source of the	<pre>exif_process_IFD_in_TIFF function in path-0</pre>
vulnerability	
Effects of the	Allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive
vulnerability	information from process memory via crafted TIFF
	image
Vulnerability	Unspecified Vulnerability
Category	
Time taken to	2m 10s
extract the	
required	
information	