

GROUP 2

TASK A: EXTRACT USEFUL INFORMATION FROM CVE DESCRIPTIONS

Given the following CVE descriptions, fill the related form with the required information.

EXAMPLE:

CVE DESCRIPTION

The ironic-api service in OpenStack Ironic before 4_2_5 (Liberty) and 5_x before 5_1_2 (Mitaka) allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information about a registered node by leveraging knowledge of the MAC address of a network card belonging to that node and sending a crafted POST request to the v1/drivers/\$DRIVER_NAME/vendor_passthru resource

Name of the software affected by the vulnerability	OpenStack Ironic
Versions of the Software affected by the vulnerability	5_x
Versions before which the software is affected by the vulnerability	5_1_2
Vulnerability name	(in this case the name of the vulnerability does not appear in the description)
Type of Attacker who could exploit the vulnerability	Remote Attackers
Source of the vulnerability	Leveraging knowledge of the address and sending POST request
Effects of the vulnerability	Obtain sensitive information
Vulnerability Category	Information Disclosure and/or Arbitrary File Read
Time taken to extract the required information	1m 42s

Categories of Vulnerabilities

Category	Description
Authentication bypass or Improper Authorization	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to bypass the required authentication. Or the application does not perform properly the authentication check, when an user attempts to access a resource without the necessary permissions.
Cross-Site Scripting or HTML Injection	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary script code in the web browser of the site visitor and steal his cookie-based authentication credentials.
Denial Of Service (DoS)	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to crash the affected application, denying any further access.
Directory Traversal	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to gain read access to arbitrary file content on the affected system.
Local File Include, Remote File Include and Arbitrary File Upload	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to include arbitrary remote files containing malicious code. The code could then be executed on the affected system with the webserver process privileges.
Information Disclosure and/or Arbitrary File Read	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to get access to arbitrary files on the affected system.
Buffer/Stack/Heap/ Integer Overflow, Format String and Off-by-One	Input data are copied to an insufficiently sized memory buffer. An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code in the context of the affected application or cause denial of service conditions.
Remote Code Execution	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code within the context of the affected application, potentially allowing an unauthorized access or a privilege escalation.
SQL Injection	The vulnerable application does not properly sanitize user supplied input data before using them in a SQL query. An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to compromise, access and modify data on the affected system with the database user process privileges.
Unspecified Vulnerability	A successful exploitation of this issue might allow an authenticated attacker to affect confidentiality or integrity or availability or all of them.

CVE DESCRIPTION #1 (CVE-2016-0777)

The resend_bytes function in path-0 in the client in OpenSSH 5_x, 6_x, and 7_x before 7_1p2 allows remote servers to obtain sensitive information from process memory by requesting transmission of an entire buffer, as demonstrated by reading a private key.

Name of the software affected by the vulnerability	Open SSH
Versions of the Software affected by the vulnerability	5_x, 6_x, 7_x
Versions before which the software is affected by the vulnerability	7_1p2
Vulnerability name	(in this case the name of the vulnerability does not appear in the description)
Type of Attacker who could exploit the vulnerability	Remote servers
Source of the vulnerability	Requesting transmission of an entire buffer
Effects of the vulnerability	Obtain sensitive information
Vulnerability Category	Information Disclosure and/or Arbitrary file
Time taken to extract the required information	5m 30s

CVE DESCRIPTION #2 (CVE-2015-6658)

Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in the Autocomplete system in Drupal 6_x before 6_37 and 7_x before 7_39 allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via a crafted URL, related to uploading files.

Name of the software affected by the vulnerability	Drupal
Versions of the Software affected by the vulnerability	6_x and 7_x
Versions before which the software is affected by the vulnerability	6_37 and 7_39
Vulnerability name	Cross-site scripting (XSS)
Type of Attacker who could exploit the vulnerability	Remote attackers
Source of the vulnerability	/
Effects of the vulnerability	Inject arbitrary web script or HTML
Vulnerability Category	Cross-site scripting or HTML injecion
Time taken to extract the required information	8m30s

CVE DESCRIPTION #3 (CVE-2016-2560)

Multiple cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities in phpMyAdmin 4_0_x before 4_0_10_15, 4_4_x before 4_4_15_5, and 4_5_x before 4_5_5_1 allow remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via (1) a crafted Host HTTP header, related to path-0 (2) crafted JSON data, related to path-1 (3) a crafted SQL query, related to path-2 (4) the initial parameter to path-3 in the user accounts page; or (5) the it parameter to path-4 in the zoom search page.

Name of the software affected by the vulnerability	phpMyAdmin
Versions of the Software affected by the vulnerability	4_0_x, 4_4_x, 4_5_x
Versions before which the software is affected by the vulnerability	4_0_10_15, 4_4_15_5, 4_5_5_1
Vulnerability name	Multiple cross-site scripting (XSS)
Type of Attacker who could exploit the vulnerability	Remote attackers
Source of the vulnerability	(1), (2), (3), (4), (5)
Effects of the vulnerability	Inject arbitrary web script ot HTML
Vulnerability Category	Cross-site scripting or HTML injection
Time taken to extract the required information	5m13s

CVE DESCRIPTION #4 (CVE-2015-1927)

The default configuration of IBM WebSphere Application Server (WAS) 7_0_0 before 7_0_0_39, 8_0_0 before 8_0_0_11, and 8_5 before 8_5_5_6 has a false value for the path-0 WebContainer property, which allows remote attackers to obtain privileged access via unspecified vectors.

Name of the software affected by the vulnerability	IBM WebSphere Application Server (WAS)
Versions of the Software affected by the vulnerability	7_0_0, 8_0_0 and 8_5
Versions before which the software is affected by the vulnerability	7_0_0_39, 8_0_0_11 and 8_5_5_6
Vulnerability name	(in this case the name of the vulnerability does not appear in the description)
Type of Attacker who could exploit the vulnerability	Remote attackers
Source of the vulnerability	Unspecified vectors
Effects of the vulnerability	Obtain privileged access
Vulnerability Category	Information disclosure and/or Arbitrary file read
Time taken to extract the required information	8m9s

CVE DESCRIPTION #5 (CVE-2015-5352)

The x11_open_helper function in path-0 in ssh in OpenSSH before 6_9, when ForwardX11Trusted mode is not used, lacks a check of the refusal deadline for X connections, which makes it easier for remote attackers to bypass intended access restrictions via a connection outside of the permitted time window.

Name of the software affected by the vulnerability	OpenSSH
Versions of the Software affected by the vulnerability	Before 6_9
Versions before which the software is affected by the vulnerability	6_9
Vulnerability name	(in this case the name of the vulnerability does not appear in the description)
Type of Attacker who could exploit the vulnerability	Remote attackers
Source of the vulnerability	Connection outside of the permitted time window
Effects of the vulnerability	Bypass intended access restrictions
Vulnerability Category	Authentication bypass or improper Authorization
Time taken to extract the required information	8m30s