GROUP 2

TASK B: VALIDATE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE PRE-FILLED FORMS

Given the following CVE descriptions and summaries containing salient information automatically extracted from descriptions, report if each information contained in the summaries is correct or not.

Category	Description
Authentication bypass or Improper Authorization	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to bypass the required authentication. Or the application does not
	perform properly the authentication check, when an user attempts to access a resource without the necessary permissions.
Cross-Site Scripting or HTML Injection	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary script code in the web browser of the site visitor and steal his cookie-based authentication credentials.
Denial Of Service (DoS)	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to crash the affected application, denying any further access.
Directory Traversal	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to gain read access to arbitrary file content on the affected system.
Local File Include, Remote File Include and Arbitrary File Upload	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to include arbitrary remote files containing malicious code. The code could then be executed on the affected system with the webserver process privileges.
Information Disclosure and/or Arbitrary File Read	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to get access to arbitrary files on the affected system.
Buffer/Stack/Heap/ Integer Overflow, Format String and Off-by-One	Input data are copied to an insufficiently sized memory buffer. An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code in the context of the affected application or cause denial of service conditions.
Remote Code Execution	An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code within the context of the affected application, potentially allowing an unauthorized access or a privilege escalation.
SQL Injection	The vulnerable application does not properly sanitize user supplied input data before using them in a SQL query. An exploitation of this issue might allow an attacker to compromise, access and modify data on the affected system with the database user process privileges.
Unspecified Vulnerability	A successful exploitation of this issue might allow an authenticated attacker to affect confidentiality or integrity or availability or all of them.

CVE DESCRIPTION #1 (CVE-2015-5174)

Directory traversal vulnerability in path-0 in Apache Tomcat 6_x before 6_0_45, 7_x before 7_0_65, and 8_x before 8_0_27 allows remote authenticated users to bypass intended SecurityManager restrictions and list a parent directory via a /.. (slash dot dot) in a pathname used by a web application in a getResource, getResourceAsStream, or getResourcePaths call, as demonstrated by the \$CATALINA_BASE/webapps directory.

Name of the	Apache Tomcat	correct
software		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions of the	6_x, 7_x, 8_x	
Software		correct
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions before	6_0_45, 7_0_65, 8_0_27	
which the		correct
software is		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	Directory traversal vulnerability	correct
name		
Type of	remote authenticated users	
Attacker who		correct
could exploit		
the		
vulnerability		
Source of the		incorrect
vulnerability		
Effects of the	bypass intended SecurityManager	correct
vulnerability	restrictions, list parent directory	
Vulnerability	Directory Traversal	correct
Category		
Time taken to	3 m	
validate the		
data		

CVE DESCRIPTION #2 (CVE-2016-6289)

Integer overflow in the virtual_file_ex function in path-0 in PHP before 5_5_38, 5_6_x before 5_6_24, and 7_x before 7_0_9 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (stack-based buffer overflow) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted extract operation on a ZIP archive.

Name of the	РНР	correct
software		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions of the	5 6 x, 7 x	
Software		correct
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions before	5_5_38, 5_6_24, 7_0_9	
which the		correct
software is		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	(does not appear in the description)	correct
name		
Type of	Remote attackers	
Attacker who		correct
could exploit		
the		
vulnerability		
Source of the	Crafted extract operation	correct
vulnerability	Buffer overflow	
Effects of the	Cause denial of service, have	correct
vulnerability	unspecified other impact	
Vulnerability	Buffer/Stack/Heap/ Integer Overflow,	correct
Category	Format String and Off-by-One	
Time taken to	3 m	
validate the		
data		

CVE DESCRIPTION #3 (CVE-2016-4072)

The Phar extension in PHP before 5_5_34 , 5_6_x before 5_6_20 , and 7_x before 7_0_5 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted filename, as demonstrated by mishandling of $\0$ characters by the phar_analyze_path function in path-0

Name of the	DID	corroct
Name of the	PHP	correct
software		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions of the	5_6_x, 7_x	
Software		correct
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions before	5_5_34, 5_6_20, 7_0_5	
which the		correct
software is		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	(does not appear in the description)	correct
name		
Type of	Remote attackers	
Attacker who		correct
could exploit		
the		
vulnerability		
Source of the	Crafted filename	correct
vulnerability		
Effects of the	execute arbitrary code	correct
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	Remote Code Execution	correct
Category		
Time taken to	2 m	
validate the		
data		

CVE DESCRIPTION #4 (CVE-2016-2108)

The path-0 implementation in OpenSSL before 1_0_10 and 1_0_2 before 1_0_2c allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (buffer underflow and memory corruption) via an ANY field in crafted serialized data, aka the "negative zero" issue.

Name of the	OpenSSL	correct
software		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions of the	1_0_2	
Software		correct
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions before	1_0_1o, 1_0_2c	
which the		correct
software is		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	(does not appear in the description)	correct
name		
Type of	Remote attackers	
Attacker who		correct
could exploit		
the		
vulnerability		
Source of the	ANY field	correct
vulnerability		
Effects of the	Execute arbitrary code	correct
vulnerability	Cause denial of service	
Vulnerability	Remote Code execution	incorrect
Category		
Time taken to	3 m	
validate the		
data		

CVE DESCRIPTION #5 (CVE-2016-7128)

The exif_process_IFD_in_TIFF function in path-0 in PHP before 5_6_25 and 7_x before 7_0_10 mishandles the case of a thumbnail offset that exceeds the file size, which allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information from process memory via a crafted TIFF image.

Name of the	РНР	correct
software		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions of the	7 x	
Software	_	correct
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Versions before	5_6_25, 7_0_10	
which the		correct
software is		
affected by the		
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	(does not appear in the description)	correct
name		
Type of	Remote attackers	
Attacker who		correct
could exploit		
the		
vulnerability		
Source of the	Crafted TIFF image	correct
vulnerability		
Effects of the	Obtain sensitive information	correct
vulnerability		
Vulnerability	Information Disclosure and/or	correct
Category	Arbitrary File Read	
Time taken to	2 m	
validate the		
data		