



Does Lake and Stream Connectivity Control Phosphorus Retention in Lakes?

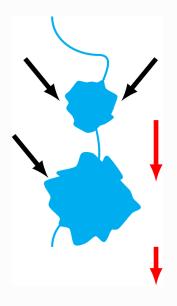
Joseph Stachelek and Patricia Soranno

Michigan State University

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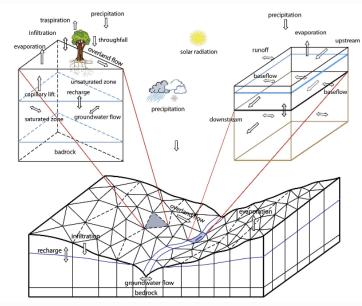
LAKE PHOSPHORUS (P) RETENTION



P retention directly controls downstream transport [Alexander et al., 2002]

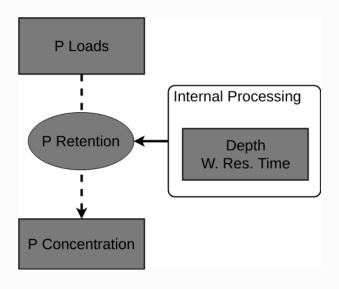
P retention indirectly controls sediment P accumulation [Søndergaard et al., 2013]

PREDICTING FLUX IS COMPLEX

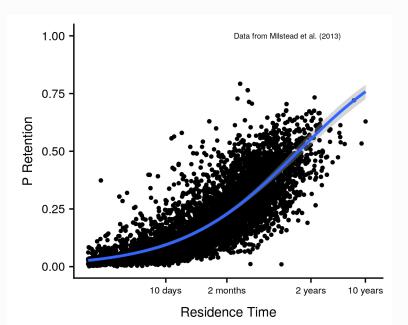


[Bhatt et al., 2014]

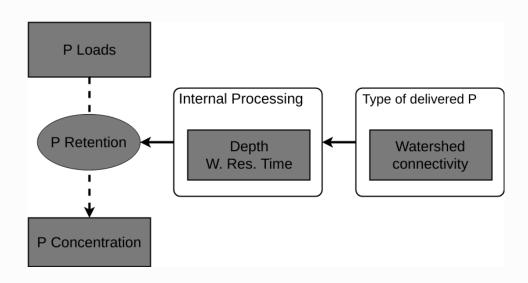
P RETENTION CONCEPTUAL MODEL



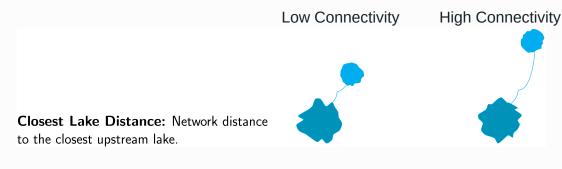
P RETENTION VERSUS WATER RESIDENCE TIME



EXTENDING P RETENTION MODELS



MULTIPLE WAYS TO DEFINE CONNECTIVITY

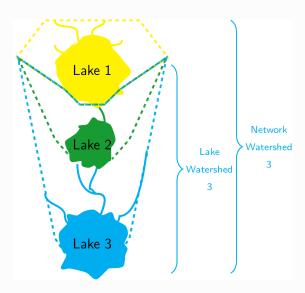


Average Link Length: Sum of the total length of stream reaches between junctions divided by the total number of reaches.

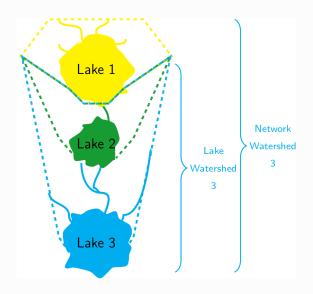


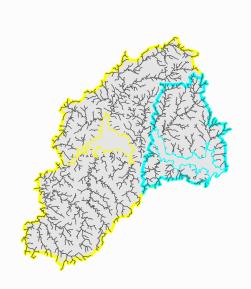


WATERSHED CONNECTIONS



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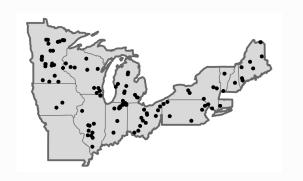




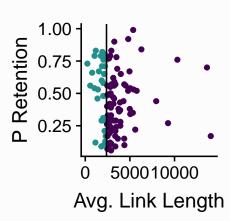
1. Does connectivity of lakes and their watersheds influence lake phosphorus retention?

2. What is the relative importance of different connectivity metrics in determining lake P retention and what spatial extents are most important for connectivity and P retention?

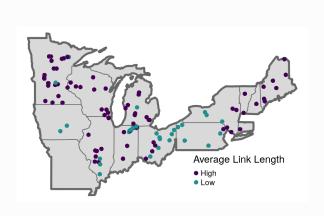
METHODS - CONNECTIVITY PARTITIONS

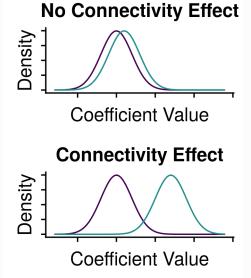


NES Lakes (n = 129) [Stachelek et al., 2017, USEPA, 1978]

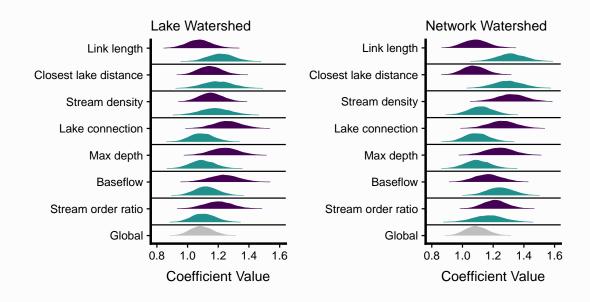


METHODS - P RETENTION MODELLING

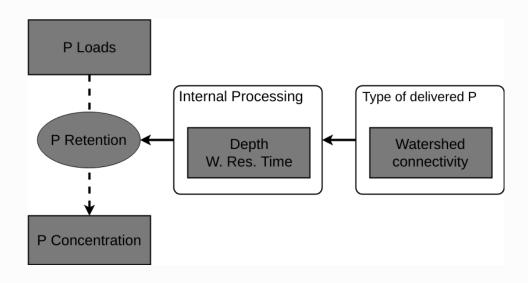




P RETENTION (PROCESSING) COEFFICIENT DISTRIBUTIONS



CONCLUSIONS

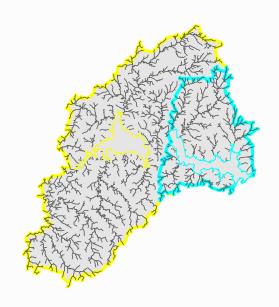


CONCLUSIONS

 Connectivity metrics at the network scale have a greater effect on P retention than metrics at finer scales.

 Use caution when treating lake watersheds as an analysis unit

 Watershed to lake area ratio likely reflects connectivity in addition to residence time







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Technical report.