09_CVD: Deploy NVIDIA GPU Operator on Red Hat OpenShift

The high-level steps for deploying GPUs on Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform (OCP) are:

- Step 1: <u>Deploy Node Feature Discovery (NFD) Operator</u>
- Step 2: <u>Deploy NVIDIA GPU Operator from Red Hat OperatorHub</u>
- Step 3: Create Kubernetes Secret for NVIDIA GPU Cloud (NGC) API Key
- Step 4: Create Kubernetes ConfigMap for NVIDIA License Server (NLS) token
- Step 5: <u>Create the Cluster Policy Instance</u>

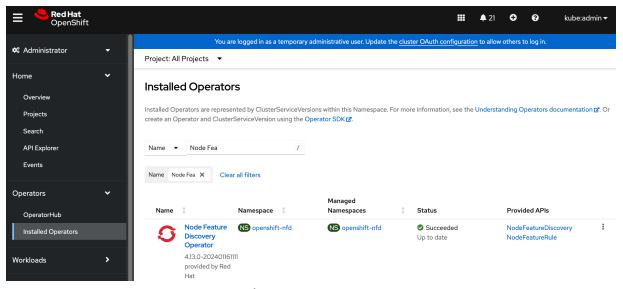
Deploy Node Feature Discovery Operator on Red Hat OpenShift

To deploy NVIDIA's GPU Operator in Red Hat OpenShift, Red Hat's Node Feature Discovery (NFD) Operator must first be deployed. NFD is Kubernetes add-on capability, deployed as an Operator that discover hardware-level features and expose them for use. For nodes with NVIDIA GPUs, NFD will label the worker nodes indicating that a NVIDIA GPU (vGPU in this case) is installed on that node.

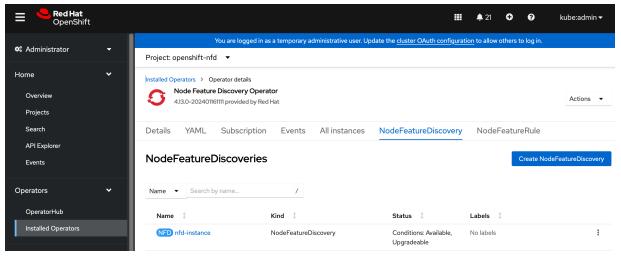
For more information, see Red Hat OpenShift documentation for <u>Node Feature</u> <u>Discovery Operator</u>.

Deployment Steps:

- 1. Use a browser to navigate and login to Red Hat OpenShift's cluster console.
- 2. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **Operators > Operator Hub** and search for Red Hat's **Node Feature Discovery**.
- 3. Select **Node Feature Discovery** and click **Install**.
- 4. Select defaults (A specific namespace on the cluster) and click Install. This operator will be deployed in the openshift-nfd namespace
- To verify that the NFD Operator installed successfully, navigate to Operators >
 Installed Operators and confirm that it has a status of Succeeded.



- 6. Click on the **Node Feature Discovery Operator** and then click on **Create instance** under **Node Feature Discovery.**
- 7. Navigate to the **NodeFeatureDiscovery** tab and confirm that the status is: **Available, Upgradeable**



- 8. To confirm that NFD labelled the worker nodes with NVIDIA GPUs correctly, navigate to **Compute > Nodes** and a select a worker node with GPU.
- 9. Go to **Details** and verify that the worker node has the label: feature.node.kubernetes.io/pci-10de.present
- 10. You can also use the following CLI commands to verify (from OCP installer workstation)

[administrator@FSV-AI-OCP-Installer etc]\$!1001
oc get nodes -l feature.node.kubernetes.io/pci-10de.present
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
ocp3-qg7j6-worker-0-j7ps2 Ready worker 5d4h v1.26.9+52589e6

ocp3-qg7j6-worker-0-pt9ng Ready worker 125m v1.26.9+52589e6 ocp3-qg7j6-worker-0-w62vj Ready worker 167m v1.26.9+52589e

Deploy NVIDIA GPU Operator on Red Hat OpenShift

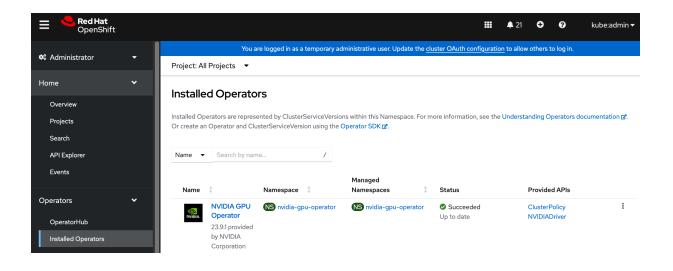
This section covers the following high-level steps for deploying NVIDIA GPUs on a Red Hat OCP cluster.

- Deploy GPU Operator from Red Hat Operator Hub
- Create Kubernetes ConfigMap for NVIDIA Licensing System (NLS) token. The licenses were setup using DLS and NVIDIA Licensing Portal in an earlier step.
 See NVIDIA License System User Guide for instructions.
- Create Kubernetes NVIDIA GPU Cloud (NGC) Secret specifying the access
 details for the driver image in the private or public container registry. This
 assumes that the driver is already positioned in the private repo (for e.g.
 quay.io). You can also use the Enterprise registry for vGPU GuestOS drivers on
 NVIDIA GPU Cloud. This requires special access. When you login into NGC, if
 you see CATALOG > Enterprise Catalog in the left navigation menu, then that
 you have the right access. You can see the vGPU/guest drivers available and
 other details of the container image.
- Deploy Cluster Policy specifying the Guest OS driver names, version, private/public repository to use and licensing details (ConfigMap) and access information (Secret).

For more information, see NVIDIA documentation for deploying GPU Operator.

Deploy GPU Operator from Red Hat Operator Hub

- 1. Use a browser to navigate and login to Red Hat OpenShift's cluster console.
- 2. From the left navigation menu, navigate to **Operators > Operator Hub** and search for **NVIDIA GPU Operator**.
- 3. Select NVIDIA GPU Operator and click Install.
- 4. Select defaults for namespace (nvidia-gpu-operator) and click Install.
- 5. To verify that the operator installed successfully, navigate to **Operators** > **Installed Operators** and confirm that it has a **status** of **Succeeded**.



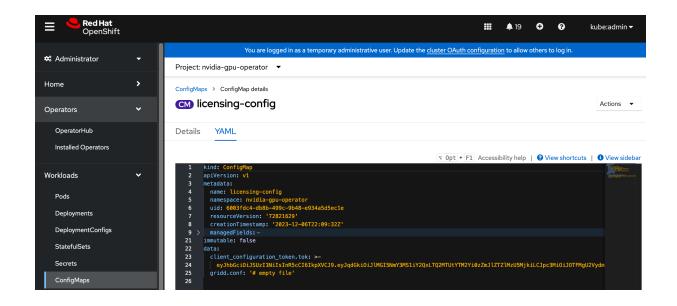
Create Kubernetes ConfigMap for NVIDIA Licensing System (NLS) Token

To generate and download a NLS client license token, complete the following steps.

- 1. Navigate to **Home** > **Projects** and ensure the nvidia-gpu-operator is selected.
- 2. Select the Workloads Drop Down menu.
- 3. Select ConfigMaps.
- 4. Click Create ConfigMap.
- 5. Enter the details for your **ConfigMap**.
 - The name must be licensing-config.
 - Copy and paste the information for your NLS client token into the client_configuration_token.tok parameter.

kind: ConfigMap
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
name: licensing-config
namespace: nvidia-gpu-operator
data:
client_configuration_token.tok: >eyJhbGci0iJSUzIINiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.ey <REMOVED>
gridd.conf: '# empty file'

6. Click **Create**. The YAML file created is shown below.

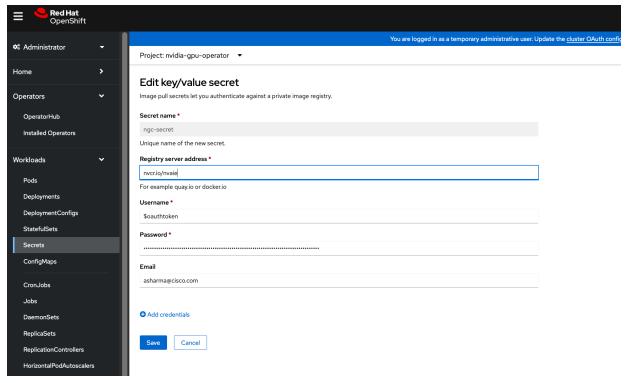


Create NGC Secret in namespace nvidia-gpu-operator

OpenShift has a secret object type which provides a mechanism for holding sensitive information such as passwords and private source repository credentials. Next you will create a secret object for storing our NGC API key (the mechanism used to authenticate your access to the NGC container registry).

Note: This is only required when using NVIDIA GPU Cloud registry for images and not if it is a private image

- 1. Click **Secrets** from the **Workloads** drop down.
- 2. From the top right side of the window, click on **Create** to see the options in the drop-down list.
- 3. Select **Image Pull Secret**.
- 4. Enter the following into each field. See instructions for creating API Key here.
 - Secret name: ngc-secret
 - Authentication type: Image registry credentials
 - Registry server address: nvcr.io/nvaie
 - Username: \$oauthtokenPassword: <API-KEY>Email: <YOUR-EMAIL>

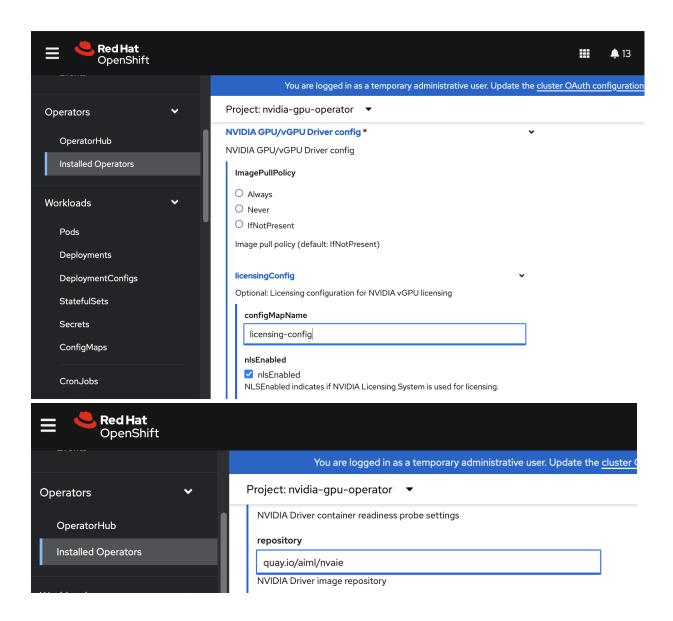


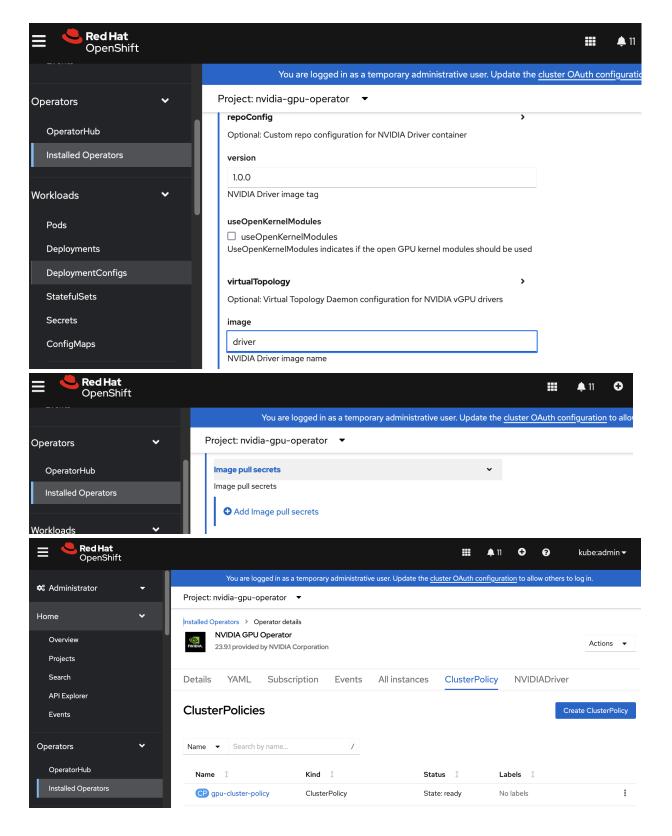
5. Click Create.

Create Cluster Policy for GPU Operator

- To create a Cluster Policy instance, navigate to Operators > Installed
 Operators and click on NVIDIA GPU Operator.
- 2. Select the **ClusterPolicy** tab, then click on **Create ClusterPolicy**. The platform assigns the default name of **gpu-cluster-policy**.
- 3. Customize the cluster policy to reflect your deployment. In this solution, the following parameters were used as a custom guestOS driver image was created in Red Hat quay.io for this effort. Alternatively, you can use NVIDIA's NGC repository for the driver directly as well. Provide the following information in **Driver** section.
 - Licensing ConfigMap that was setup earlier (Driver > licensingConfig: configMapname: <ConfigMap>)
 - Guest OS/vGPU Driver Image Repository Path (**Driver> repository:**)
 - Guest OS/vGPU Driver Image name (**Driver> image: <i**mage_name>)
 - Guest OS/vGPU Driver Image version (**Driver> version:: <**image_version**>**)
 - Guest OS/vGPU Driver Image pull secret use Secret that was setup earlier (expand Advanced)

Paramete r	Name	Description
ConfigMa p	configMapName: licensing-config	NVAIE Licensing using DLS
Driver Repository	repository: quay.io/aiml/nvaie	
Image Version	version: 1.0.0	1.0.0- rhcos4.13 (name in quay.io)
lmage Name	image: driver	
Secret	ngc-secret	Image Pull Secret (not necessary for private build)





4. Once the installation completes successfully, the status of the cluster policy will change to State:ready

Verify that the GPU (vGPU in this case) has the correct software Verify that the GPU (vGPU in this case) is licensed

 Execute the following command from the OCP installer/client workstation to verify Licensing:

```
[administrator@FSV-AI-OCP-Installer OCP3]$ oc exec -it nvidia-driver-daemonset-
413.92.202309261804-0-bp8fg -- nvidia-smi -q
======NVSMI LOG=======
Timestamp: Fri Feb 2 06:41:53 2024
Driver Version: 525.60.13
CUDA Version: 12.0
Attached GPUs : 1
GPU 00000000:02:00.0
Product Name : GRID A100D-40C
Product Brand: NVIDIA Virtual Compute Server
Product Architecture : Ampere
Display Mode: Enabled
Display Active : Disabled
Persistence Mode : Enabled
MTG Mode
Current : Disabled
Pending: Disabled
Accounting Mode : Disabled
Accounting Mode Buffer Size: 4000
Driver Model
Current : N/A
Pending: N/A
Serial Number : N/A
GPU UUID : GPU-0eb17efc-1dd3-11b2-8411-dd8b953c6ec4
Minor Number: 0
VBIOS Version: 00.00.00.00.00
MultiGPU Board : No
Board ID : 0x200
Board Part Number: N/A
GPU Part Number: 20B5-893-A1
Module ID : N/A
Inforom Version
Image Version: N/A
OEM Object : N/A
ECC Object : N/A
Power Management Object: N/A
GPU Operation Mode
```

Current : N/A Pending : N/A

GSP Firmware Version : N/A GPU Virtualization Mode Virtualization Mode : VGPU

Host VGPU Mode : N/A

vGPU Software Licensed Product

Product Name: NVIDIA Virtual Compute Server

License Status: Licensed (Expiry: 2024-2-3 5:23:19 GMT)

IBMNPU

Relaxed Ordering Mode: N/A

PCI

Bus : 0x02

Device : 0x00

Domain : 0x0000

Device Id : 0x20B510DE Bus Id : 00000000:02:00.0 Sub System Id : 0x159B10DE

GPU Link Info PCIe Generation

Max : N/A Current : N/A

Device Current : N/A
Device Max : N/A
Host Max : N/A
Link Width
Max : N/A

Current : N/A
Bridge Chip
Type : N/A
Firmware : N/A

Replays Since Reset : N/A Replay Number Rollovers : N/A

Tx Throughput : N/A Rx Throughput : N/A

Atomic Caps Inbound : N/A Atomic Caps Outbound : N/A

Fan Speed : N/A

Performance State: P0

Clocks Throttle Reasons : N/A

FB Memory Usage Total : 40960 MiB Reserved : 3092 MiB

Used: 0 MiB Free: 37867 MiB BAR1 Memory Usage Total: 4096 MiB Used : 0 MiB Free : 4096 MiB

Compute Mode : Default

Utilization
Gpu: 0 %
Memory: 0 %
Encoder: 0 %
Decoder: 0 %
Encoder Stats

Active Sessions : 0 Average FPS : 0 Average Latency : 0

FBC Stats

Active Sessions : 0 Average FPS : 0 Average Latency : 0

Ecc Mode

Current : Enabled Pending : Enabled

ECC Errors Volatile

SRAM Correctable : 0
SRAM Uncorrectable : 0
DRAM Correctable : 0
DRAM Uncorrectable : 0

Aggregate

SRAM Correctable : 0
SRAM Uncorrectable : 0
DRAM Correctable : 0
DRAM Uncorrectable : 0

Retired Pages

Single Bit ECC : N/A
Double Bit ECC : N/A

Pending Page Blacklist : N/A

Remapped Rows : N/A

Temperature

GPU Current Temp: N/A
GPU Shutdown Temp: N/A
GPU Slowdown Temp: N/A
GPU Max Operating Temp: N/A
GPU Target Temperature: N/A
Memory Current Temp: N/A

Memory Max Operating Temp: N/A

Power Readings

Power Management : N/A

Power Draw : N/A
Power Limit : N/A

Default Power Limit : N/A Enforced Power Limit : N/A

Min Power Limit : N/A
Max Power Limit : N/A

Clocks

Graphics : 210 MHz

SM : 210 MHz

Memory : N/A

Memory: 1512 MHz Video: 795 MHz Applications Clocks Graphics: N/A

Default Applications Clocks

Graphics : N/A
Memory : N/A
Deferred Clocks
Memory : N/A
Max Clocks
Graphics : N/A

SM : N/A Memory : N/A Video : N/A

Max Customer Boost Clocks

Graphics : N/A Clock Policy Auto Boost : N/A

Auto Boost Default : N/A

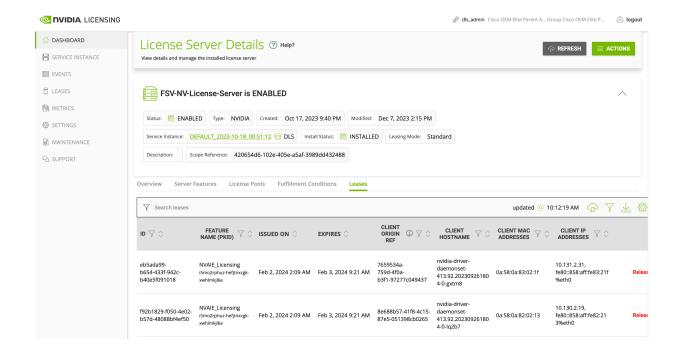
Voltage

Graphics : N/A

Fabric State : N/A Status : N/A Processes : None

[administrator@FSV-AI-OCP-Installer OCP3]\$

• Navigate to the DLS instance deployed on-prem for licensing and verify that you have have active leases as shown below.



Enable NVIDIA GPU (vGPU) DCGM Monitoring on Red Hat OpenShift

Using https://docs.nvidia.com/datacenter/cloud-native/openshift/latest/enable-gpu-monitoring-dashboard.html, enable to GPU Monitoring Dashboard to monitor vGPUs in the Openshift Web-Console. Note that GPU hardware parameters such as Temperature and Power are not available with vGPUs.

Enable NVIDIA GPU (physical GPU) DCGM Monitoring on VMware vCenter

Deployment Steps:

- In VMware vCenter, select an ESXi host that has GPU(s) installed and select the Monitor tab in the center pane. Select **Performance > Advanced**.
- 2. Click **Chart Options**. In the list on the left under Chart Metrics, select **GPU**. Select up to two counters (Temperature and Utilization recommended) and make sure all Target Objects are selected.
- 3. Click **SAVE OPTIONS AS**. Enter GPU for the Chart options name and click **OK**.
- 4. Click **OK** to view the chart. This chart is now available on all ESXi hosts with GPUs.