

## Part 1:

### Part 1a

The truth table below describes the operation of a full adder.

We use the inputs A, B, CI (carry-in) and the outputs are S (sum) and CO (carry-out).

**Derive the Boolean equations for both outputs.** Apply logic minimization techniques to come up with a simplified full adder circuit.

Then, **complete the truth table** by filling in the values of CO and S.

CI	B	A	CO	S
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1

### Part 1b

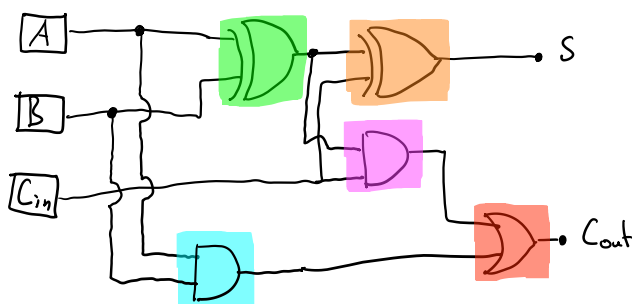
Derive Boolean equations for CO and S (using whatever method you like).

$$CO = (A \text{ AND } B) \text{ OR } (C_{in} \text{ AND } (A \text{ XOR } B))$$

$$S = (A \text{ XOR } B) \text{ XOR } C_{in}$$

### Part 1c

Draw the schematic of the full adder circuit according to the equations you have derived.



#### Part 2-4:

```
23 module FullAdder( A,B,S);
24   input [3:0] A,B;
25   output [4:0] S;
26   wire n0,n1,n2;
27   carry carry0(A[0],B[0],0,S[0],n0);
28   carry carry1(A[1],B[1],n0,S[1],n1);
29   carry carry2(A[2],B[2],n1,S[2],n2);
30   carry carry3(A[3],B[3],n2,S[3],S[4]);
31 endmodule
32
33
34
35
36 module carry(A, B, Cin, Y, Cout);
37 // SUM = (A XOR B) XOR Cin = (A (+) B) (+) Cin
38 // CARRY-OUT = A AND B OR Cin(A XOR B) = A * B + Cin(A (+) B)
39   input A,B,Cin;
40   wire n0,n1,n2,n3;
41   output Y,Cout;
42
43   //SUM:
44   xor my_xor0(n0, A, B);
45   xor my_xor1(Y, n0, Cin);
46
47   //CARRY:
48   and my_and0(n3,A,B);
49   xor my_xor2(n1,A,B);
50   and my_and1(n2,Cin,n1);
51   or my_or(Cout,n3,n2);
52
53 endmodule
```