

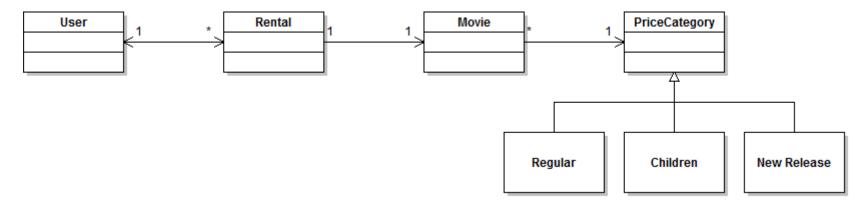
Movie Rental (Assignment 2-4)

- Entity Definitions
- Repository Definitions
- Named Queries



Movie Rental Application

Model Classes



Movie Rental Entities: User

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "USERS")
public class User {
   @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
   @Column(name = "USER_ID")
   private Long id;
                                     Inverse side of a
   @Column(name = "USER NAME")
                                     bidirectional association
   private String lastName;
                                                  rentals are deleted if
                                                  user is deleted
   @OneToMany(mappedBy = "user",
                                                  (composition)
      cascade = CascadeType.REMOVE)
   private List<Rental> rentals;
   protected User() { }
```

Movie Rental Entities: Rental

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "RENTALS")
public class Rental {
   @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
   @Column(name = "RENTAL_ID")
   private Long id;
                                      Unidirectional association
                                      between rental and movie
   @OneToOne
   @JoinColumn(name = "MOVIE ID")
   private Movie movie;
                                      Owning side of user-rental
                                      bidirectional association
   @ManyToOne
   @JoinColumn(name = "USER ID")
   private User user;
   @Column(name = "RENTAL RENTALDATE")
   private LocalDate rentalDate;
```

Movie Rental Entities: Movie

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "MOVIES")
public class Movie {
   @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
   @Column(name = "MOVIE_ID")
   private Long id;
   @Column(name = "MOVIE TITLE")
   private String title;
                                         Unidirectional association
                                         between movie and price
                                         category
   @ManyToOne
   @JoinColumn(name = "PRICECATEGORY FK")
   private PriceCategory priceCategory;
   protected Movie() { }
```

Movie Rental Entities: PriceCategory

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "PRICECATEGORIES")
@DiscriminatorColumn(name = "PRICECATEGORY_TYPE")
public abstract class PriceCategory {
    @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "PRICECATEGORY_ID")
    private Long id;
```

```
@Entity
@DiscriminatorValue("Children")
public class PriceCategoryChildren extends PriceCategory {
    @Override
    public double getCharge(int daysRented) { ... }
    @Override
    public String toString() { ... }
}
```



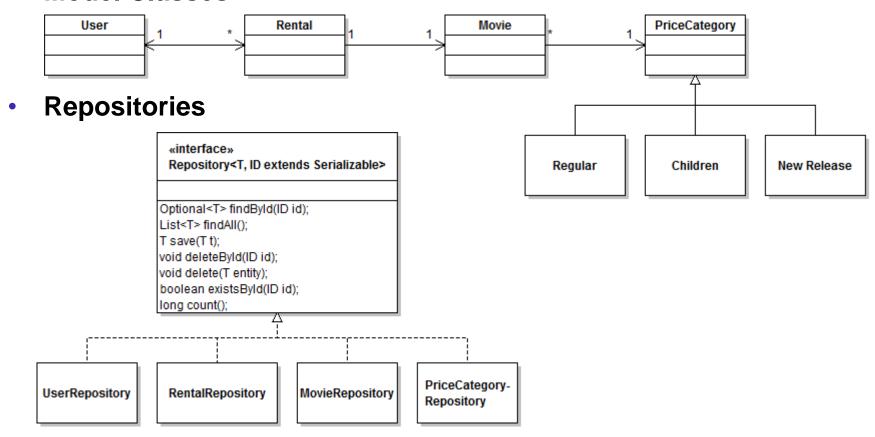
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Movie Rental Application

Model Classes



```
public abstract class AbstractJpaRepository<T>
                                       implements Repository<T, Long> {
  @PersistenceContext
   private EntityManager em;
   private final Class<T> type;
   protected AbstractJpaRepository(Class<T> type) {
      this.type = type;
                                   In JpaMovieRepository:
                                      public JpaMovieRepository() {
                                         super(Movie.class);
  @Override
   public Optional<T> findById(Long id) {
      return Optional.ofNullable(em.find(type, id));
```

```
public abstract class AbstractJpaRepository<T>
                                       implements Repository<T, Long> {
  @PersistenceContext
   private EntityManager em;
   private final Class<T> type;
   protected AbstractJpaRepository() {
      type = (Class<T>) ((ParameterizedType)getClass()
                                          .getGenericSuperclass())
                   .getActualTypeArguments()[0];
  @Override
   public Optional<T> findById(Long id) {
      return Optional.ofNullable(em.find(type, id));
```

```
@Override
public T save(T m) {
                                        Probably a distinction
   return em.merge(m); ____
                                        should be made between
                                        persist and merge (due to
                                        the cascade annotations)
@Override
public void deleteById(Long id) {
   em.remove(em.getReference(type, id));
                                        getReference returns an
                                       instance whose state may be
@Override
                                        lazily fetched (a proxy)
public void delete(T entity) {
   em.remove(em.merge(entity));
                                    Only managed entities can be
                                    removed, otherwise a "Removing a
                                    detached entity" exception is thrown
```

Movie Rental Repositories: Movie Repository

```
@Repository
public class JpaMovieRepository
      extends AbstractJpaRepository<Movie> implements MovieRepository {
   @PersistenceContext
   private EntityManager em;
   @Override
   public List<Movie> findAll() {
      return em.createQuery("SELECT m FROM Movie m",
                                          Movie.class).getResultList();
   @Override
   public long count() {
      return em.createQuery("SELECT COUNT(m) FROM Movie m",
                                          Long.class).getSingleResult();
```

Movie Rental Repositories: Movie Repository

```
@Override
public boolean existsById(Long id) {
   return em.createQuery(
         "SELECT COUNT(m) FROM Movie m where m.id = :id", Long.class)
      .setParameter("id", id)
      .getSingleResult() > 0;
@Override
public List<Movie> findByTitle(String title) {
   return em.createQuery(
         "SELECT m FROM Movie m WHERE m.title = :title", Movie.class)
      .setParameter("title", title)
      .getResultList();
```

```
public abstract class AbstractJpaRepository<T>
                                       implements Repository<T, Long> {
   @PersistenceContext
   private EntityManager em;
   private final Class<T> type;
   private final String name;
   protected AbstractJpaRepository() {
      type = (Class<T>) ((ParameterizedType)getClass()
          .getGenericSuperclass()).getActualTypeArguments()[0];
      name = type.getSimpleName();
                                             If the entity name is the
                                             unqualified class name
   @Override
   public List<T> findAll() {
      return em.createQuery(String.format("SELECT e FROM %s e", name),
           type).getResultList();
```

```
@Override
public long count() {
   return em.createQuery(
        String.format("SELECT COUNT(e) FROM %s e", name), Long.class)
         .getSingleResult();
@Override
public boolean existsById(Long id) {
   return em.createQuery(
      String.format("SELECT COUNT(e) FROM %s e where e.id = :id",
                                                  name), Long.class)
         .setParameter("id", id)
         .getSingleResult() > 0;
```

```
public abstract class AbstractJpaRepository<T>
                                       implements Repository<T, Long> {
   @PersistenceContext
   private EntityManager em;
   private final Class<T> type;
   private final String name;
   protected AbstractJpaRepository() {
      type = (Class<T>) ((ParameterizedType)getClass()
          .getGenericSuperclass()).getActualTypeArguments()[0];
      Entity a = type.getAnnotation(Entity.class);
      if("".equals(a.name())) {
         name = type.getSimpleName();
      } else {
                                         Uses the name from the
         name = a.name();
                                          @Entity definition (if defined)
```



Movie Rental (Assignment 2-4)

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Movie Rental: Named Queries

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "MOVIES")
@NamedQuery(name = Movie.FIND ALL,
            query = "SELECT m FROM Movie m")
@NamedQuery(name = Movie.EXISTS,
            query = "SELECT COUNT(m) FROM Movie m where m.id = :id")
@NamedQuery(name = Movie.COUNT,
            query = "SELECT COUNT(m) FROM Movie m")
@NamedQuery(name = Movie.FIND BY TITLE,
            query = "SELECT m FROM Movie m WHERE m.title = :title")
public class Movie {
   public static final String FIND ALL = "Movie.all";
   public static final String FIND BY TITLE = "Movie.byTitle";
   public static final String EXISTS = "Movie.exists";
   public static final String COUNT = "Movie.count";
```

Named Queries: Movie Repository

```
@Override
public List<Movie> findAll() {
   return em.createNamedQuery(Movie.FIND_ALL, Movie.class)
      .getResultList();
@Override
public boolean existsById(Long id) {
   return em.createNamedQuery(Movie.EXISTS, Long.class)
      .setParameter("id", id)
      .getSingleResult() > 0;
@Override
public List<Movie> findByTitle(String title) {
   return em.createNamedQuery(Movie.FIND BY TITLE, Movie.class)
      .setParameter("title", title)
      .getResultList();
```

Named Queries: Abstract Repository

```
private String getField(String name) {
   try { return (String) type.getField(name).get(null); }
   catch (Exception e) { throw new RuntimeException(e); }
@Override
public List<T> findAll() {
   return em.createNamedQuery(getField("FIND ALL"), type)
      .getResultList();
@Override
public boolean existsById(Long id) {
   return em.createNamedQuery(getField("EXISTS"), Long.class)
      .setParameter("id", id)
      .getSingleResult() > 0;
```