11. sklop nalog: TEHNIKA INTEGRIRANJA

1. Odvajaj naslednje funkcije.

(a)
$$\int (x^3 + x^2) dx$$

(b)
$$\int 4\sin x \, dx$$

(c)
$$\int (x^2 - 3x + 4) dx$$

(d)
$$\int \sqrt{x} dx$$

(e)
$$\int (x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}) dx$$

(f)
$$\int \frac{x\sqrt{x}-x^2-5}{x^2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

(g)
$$\int \frac{\sin(2x)}{2\sin x} dx$$

(h)
$$\int e^x (1 - e^{-x} x^{-2}) dx$$
 (l) $\int e^{\ln x} dx$

(i)
$$\int \frac{1-\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x} \ dx$$

- (f) $\int \frac{x\sqrt{x}-x^2-5}{x^2\sqrt{x}} dx$ (j) $\int \frac{\cos(2x)}{\cos x + \sin x} dx$ (g) $\int \frac{\sin(2x)}{2\sin x} dx$ (k) $\int \sin^2 x dx + \int \cos^2 x dx$

 - (m) $\int \log_3 \sqrt[x]{3} dx$
- 2. Z vpeljavo nove spremenljivke izračunaj nedoločene integrale.

(a)
$$\int (x^2+1)^7 2x \ dx$$

(b)
$$\int (x+1)^5 dx$$

(c)
$$\int \sin(5x-2) dx$$

(d)
$$\int \sqrt{10x-3} \, dx$$

(e)
$$\int \sin^3 x \cos x \, dx$$

(f)
$$\int xe^{-x^2} dx$$

(g)
$$\int \frac{dx}{x+2}$$

(h)
$$\int \frac{5dx}{\cos^2(3x)} dx$$

(i)
$$\int \frac{x^2}{8-x^3} dx$$

$$(j) \int \frac{x \, dx}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

(k)
$$\int \frac{e^x}{3e^x+2} dx$$

$$(1) \int (2+3\ln x) \frac{dx}{x}$$

(m)
$$\int \frac{dx}{x \ln x}$$

(n)
$$\int (x^2+5x-7)^{10}(2x+5) dx$$

(o)
$$\int \frac{\sin(\ln x)}{2x} dx$$

(p)
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\ln x}}{2x} dx$$

3. S pomočjo delnega integriranja (per-partes) izračunaj integrale.

(a)
$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x^2} dx$$

(c)
$$\int \ln x \ dx$$

(e)
$$\int x \ln x \ dx$$

- (b) $\int x^2 e^{3x} dx$
- (d) $\int xe^{3x} dx$
- 4. S pomočjo matematičnega priročnika izračunaj naslednje integrale.

(a)
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(3x+2)^8} dx$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{dx}{x(15x-2)^3} dx$$

(c)
$$\int x\sqrt{x^2 + 25} \ dx$$

(d)
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2x^2+5x-7}} dx$$

(e)
$$\int \sin^2 x \cos^5 x \, dx$$

(f)
$$\int \frac{dx}{(1+\sin(2x))^2} dx$$

(f)
$$\int \frac{dx}{(1+\sin(2x))^2} dx$$
(g)
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sin(2x)\cos^3(2x)} dx$$

(h)
$$\int \frac{\cos^5(3x)}{\sin(3x)} dx$$

(i)
$$\int \frac{dx}{e^x+1} dx$$

(j)
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\ln x} dx$$

(k)
$$\int \frac{\arccos x}{x^2} dx$$

(1)
$$\int \cos(\ln x) dx$$