

Jacob Wise  
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EECS 373  
Dr. W. Newman

## Assignment P1

### *Changing variables in minimal\_controller and minimal\_simulator*

In minimal\_simulator,  $dt$  can be adjusted to affect how often the velocity is updated given a force from the controller. The closer the value is to 0, the faster/more often the velocity is updated, providing a smoother simulation.

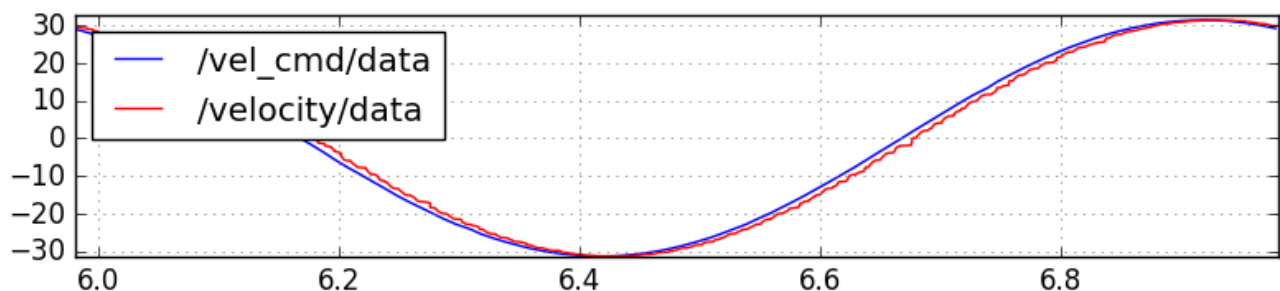
In minimal\_controller,  $dt$  can be adjusted to affect how often the force value is updated given velocity from the simulator. Additionally,  $K_v$  can be adjusted to change the “reaction” magnitude of the force calculation in response to velocity and a velocity command.

The  $dt$  of both nodes should be as close to 0 as the hardware will allow, such that the velocity and force calculations are updated in quicker intervals. In contrast,  $K_v$  should be maximized to the limits of the hardware so the velocity reacts to the command quickly.

### *Result using sin\_commander*

The new node sin\_commander was used to command  $vel\_cmd$  to the other minimal nodes. For the demo,  $dt$  of minimal\_simulator was set to 0.001 and  $dt$  and  $K_v$  of minimal\_controller was set to 0.001 and 200 respectively. The user was asked for the amplitude and frequency of the wave for the sin\_commander, which was set to 5 and 1 respectively.

The following image shows velocity superimposed with the  $vel\_cmd$ :



### *Limits of performance*

I found that pushing  $dt$  and  $K_v$  to more “ideal” values significantly beyond the ones set above resulted in bad results, presumably due to hardware limitations. However, the resulting waves are very close in resemblance.