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Since several miller accounts fell into short margins, it would not have been possible for MSCB to issue pre-seasonal loans to them, he pointed out. Since the Centre has now decided a Minimum Floor Price at Rs 2,900 per quintal after a meeting with Maharashtra chief minister Devendra Fadnavis and Union minister Nitin Gadkari, the bank has also come forward to increase sugar valuations to Rs 2,900 per quintal to help out the sugar sector, he said. The margin has also been reduced to 10% instead of 15% which means sugar millers can use 90% of the loan amount and can get Rs 1,860 as the pledge amount. In case millers

want more, they can mortgage their properties with the bank to avail a 100% loan, he said. He added that the bank is working on measures to increase the working capital given to sugar millers. The decisions taken by the apex bank also reflect on the rest of the regional rural cooperative banks.

Millers use this amount to pay fair and remunerative price to cane growers and this is repaid to the bank by selling the sugar stock. The devaluations, however, left less money in the hands of millers, making clearing of cane dues to farmers difficult. This season, the issue of short margins also rose because the sugar sales did not generate enough revenue for millers due to a downslide in prices. In turn, the millers could not repay the bank, leaving their accounts in the red, thereby making them ineligible for future loans. Last week, the total quantum of short margins was to the tune of Rs 649 crore. Millers have been seeking the short margin money as pre-seasonal working capital loans so that they can sell sugar without having to pay the dues first. Anaskar said that the bank has decided to increase the exposure of millers, allowing them to use 90% of the loan amount given by the bank. Usually, the bank keeps a margin of 15% as a cushion.

Almost all the mills have run into the problem of short margin, which has made them ineligible for pre-seasonal loan necessary for undertaking such work. This comes just months before the start of the next season, which has reported a bumper cane crop on an estimated over 11 lakh hectare. Maharashtra's cane dues are nearly Rs 1,768 crore. Meanwhile, the Centre has fixed the norms for creating 30 lakh tonne of sugar buffer stock and a notification has been issued by the Union ministry of consumers affairs and public distribution.

According to the notification, instead of buying sugar from mills, the government will finance the cost of sugar and storage will be at mill-owned godowns, along with sugar pledged by mills with banks. It will also bear a finance cost of 12% a year or actual interest charged by the banks, whichever is lower, along with insurance and storage charges at 1.5% a year. Significantly, the sugar price of Rs 29 per kg is the same as the minimum ex-factory price notified for mills. However, this price will be only for reimbursement of finance and insurance charges by the government to the mills. The reimbursed charges on buffer stock, which government has fixed for each mill, will have to be used by the latter to clear cane farmers dues. The government will charge the reimbursement expenses to the subsidy account, according to the notification.

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