## **Assignment 6**

## Marks Total marks for Assignment 6: 67

- [5] 1. Use the transformation  $x = \frac{1}{3}(u-v)$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{3}(2u+v)$  to evaluate exactly the double integral  $\iint_D e^{x+y} dA$ , where  $D = \{(x,y) | 1 \le x+y \le 4, -4 \le y-2x \le 1\}$ .
  - 2. Let *D* denote the region in the first quadrant bounded by  $x^2 y^2 = 2$ ,  $x^2 y^2 = -2$ , xy = 1 and xy = 5.
- [4] a) Carefully sketch and shade the region D.
- [4] b) Carefully sketch and shade the image of D under the transformation described by  $u = x^2 y^2$ , v = xy.
- [7] c) Use the transformation described in part (b) to evaluate  $\iint_D x^2 y^2 (x^2 + y^2) dA$ .
  - 3. Evaluate the following line integrals exactly:
- [6] a)  $\int_C \sqrt{1+25x^3y} \, ds$ , where *C* is the curve  $y = x^5$  from (0,0) to (2,32).
- [9] b)  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , where  $F(x, y) = y^2 \vec{i} + xy \vec{j}$  and C is the semi-circle  $y = \sqrt{4 x^2}$  oriented in the clockwise direction.
- [10] 4. Find the exact work done by the force field  $F(x,y) = \left(2xe^{x^2} 2y\right)\vec{i} + \left(2y 2x\right)\vec{j} \text{ in moving an object from the point}$ (1,0) to (2,3).
- [5] 5. Let D be the region bounded by the closed curve C. Use Green's Theorem to show that if the region D has constant density, the coordinates of the center of mass of the region D are  $\overline{x} = \frac{1}{2A} \iint_C x^2 dy$  and  $\overline{y} = -\frac{1}{2A} \iint_C y^2 dx$ , where A denotes the area of D.

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- 6. Given the vector field  $F(x, y, z) = \langle -2xy, z^2 \cos(yz^2) x^2, 2yz \cos(yz^2) \rangle$ ,
- [4] a) Determine its divergence.
- [6] b) Determine if this vector field is conservative.
- [7] 7. Use Green's Theorem to evaluate  $\int_C (\ln(x+2)+2y)dx-3x^2dy$ , where C is the triangle with vertices (1,0), (2,3) and (0,2), traversed in a clockwise direction.