# School of Computing, University of Leeds

# COMP3221 Parallel computation

# Coursework 3: General purpose GPU programming with OpenCL Deadline: 10am Tuesday 3<sup>rd</sup> May

If you have any queries about this coursework, please visit the Microsoft Teams page for this module. If your query is not already resolved, post your query as a new conversation.

This piece of work is worth 15% of the final module grade.

# Learning objectives

- Implementation of a general purpose GPU program in OpenCL.
- Correctly implement a GPU kernel to perform a common numerical task.

### Task

For this coursework you are required to design an OpenCL application that applies a numerical operation, similar to something known as the heat equation, to a two–dimensional grid of size  $N \times N$ . More precisely, suppose you are given the following grid of values, where each value might refer to e.g. a temperature (only top–left portion of grid shown for clarity),

Given this initial grid, each value, apart from the boundaries, needs to be replaced with the average of its 4 surrounding values, *i.e.* a quarter of the sum of the grid values above, below, to the left, and to the right. For the above example, this is

```
0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 ...
0.000 0.230 0.672 0.330 ...
0.000 0.548 0.305 0.759 ...
0.000 0.120 0.682 0.525 ...
: : : :
```

This 'smoothing' corresponds somewhat to (heat) diffusion, hence the name 'heat equation.'

In serial, and supposing the grid values are stored in a one-dimensional array float \*grid with row i and column j indexed as grid[i\*N+j], the C-code for this operation is

Note that the new values are stored in a separate array newGrid, so you will need to allocate two grids on the GPU, one for 'before' and one for 'after'.

You should start by downloading the code from Minerva, and inspect the file cwk3.c until you are happy you understand how it works. The code initialises a grid hostGrid of size N\*N on the CPU, where the grid size N is specified by a command line argument as e.g.

#### ./cwk3 16

The code initialises hostGrid with some random values, and displays the initial grid. It then displays hostGrid again. Your task is to include code before the grid is displayed the second time that calls an OpenCL kernel to perform the above operation. The kernel should be included in the file cwk3.cl and the rest of your code should be in cwk.c.

You only need to use the material in Lectures 14, 15 and 16 for this coursework.

## Provided files

cwk3.c : The starting point for your solution.

ckw3.cl : The kernel code. Currently this file only contains a comment.

helper\_cwk.h : Includes the same helper routines as used in the lecture, plus some specific

routines for this coursework. Do not modify, as this will be replaced with a

different version for assessment.

makefile : A simple makefile that selects between nvcc -lopenCL for Linux systems

(e.g. school machines), and using the OpenCL framework on Macs. Usage

optional. Note your submission will be tested on a School machine.

#### Marks

6 marks : Allocation and management of device memory.

6 marks : Parallel functionality of heat equation for grids of various sizes.

3 marks : Kernel code, management, and execution.

Total: 15 marks.

## **Submission**

It is expected that you will only modify the files cwk3.c and cwk3.cl. If you add any files, update the makefile if necessary, but do not change the executable name. Do not use subdirectories - keep all files in a flat directory - and do not alter the file helper\_cwk.h or remove calls to the routines it contains, as it will be replaced with a modified version for the assessment.

Archive your submission in either .tar.gz or .zip format only, and upload to Minerva.

All submissions will be compiled and executed on a School Linux machine after loading a CUDA module. If you alter the makefile for any reason, ensure it still works on a School machine before submitting.

## Disclaimer

This is intended as an individual piece of work and, while discussion of the work is encouraged, what you submit should be entirely your own work. Code similarity tools will be used to check for collusion, and online source code sites will be checked.

Ensure you retain the receipt for your submission as you may be asked to produce it at a later date in the event of a disputed submission time.

The standard late penalty of 5% per day applies for work submitted after the deadline.