HIST 202

Prof. Nussio

Final Exam Study Guide

## Identifications.

Fundamental doubt

Maximilian Robespierre

Napoleon Bonaparte

enclosure

Demographic Revolution

Concert of Europe

Otto von Bismarck

Franco-Prussian War

Second Industrial Revolution

Urban planning

Social Darwinism

Soviet Collectivization

Russo-Japanese War

Holocaust

Benito Mussolini

Casablanca Conference

Tehran Conference

Yalta Conference

NATO

Berlin Airlift

Marshall Plan

Arms Race

the Berlin Wall

détente

Helsinki Accords

Solidarity

Short Answer Questions.

- 1. Explain the causes of urbanization in 19th century Europe.
- 2. Explain Karl Marx's statement "The communists support all revolutions everywhere".
- 3. Explain why Germany was blamed for World War I and assess the arguments for and against this conclusion.
- 4. Compare and contrast fascism and communism.
- 5. Explain the popularity of non-democratic governments in the 1920s and 1930s in Europe.
- 6. Explain the causes of the Cold War following WWII.
- 7. Explain the causes of the collapse of the iron curtain and Soviet Union.

(essay questions on second page)

## Essay Questions.

- 1. Explain the following arguments of Pope Leo XIII's encyclical *Rerum Novarum*: 1) his critique of communism, 2) his solutions to the social problems of the industrial era, 3) the responsibilities of the capitalist class.
- 2. Explain the impact of ethnic nationalism on Europe in the twentieth century, according to Mueller.
- 3. Using either Carl Friedrich, OR Alan Besançon, OR Hannah Arendt's definition of totalitarianism explain how the Soviet Union and Nazi Germany each fulfilled the criteria of a totalitarian regime.
- 4. Explain the following arguments from Aurel Kolani's essay "The Three Riders of the Apocalypse": 1) why he says Nazism ought to be classified on the "political right", 2) what he believes are the totalitarian characteristics of "Progressive Democracy" and 3) why he concludes conservatives must not "observe an attitude of neutrality in the struggle between democracy and Bolshevism".