

My Doorbell Runs Swift

iOSDevCampDC 2017

Rob Huebner

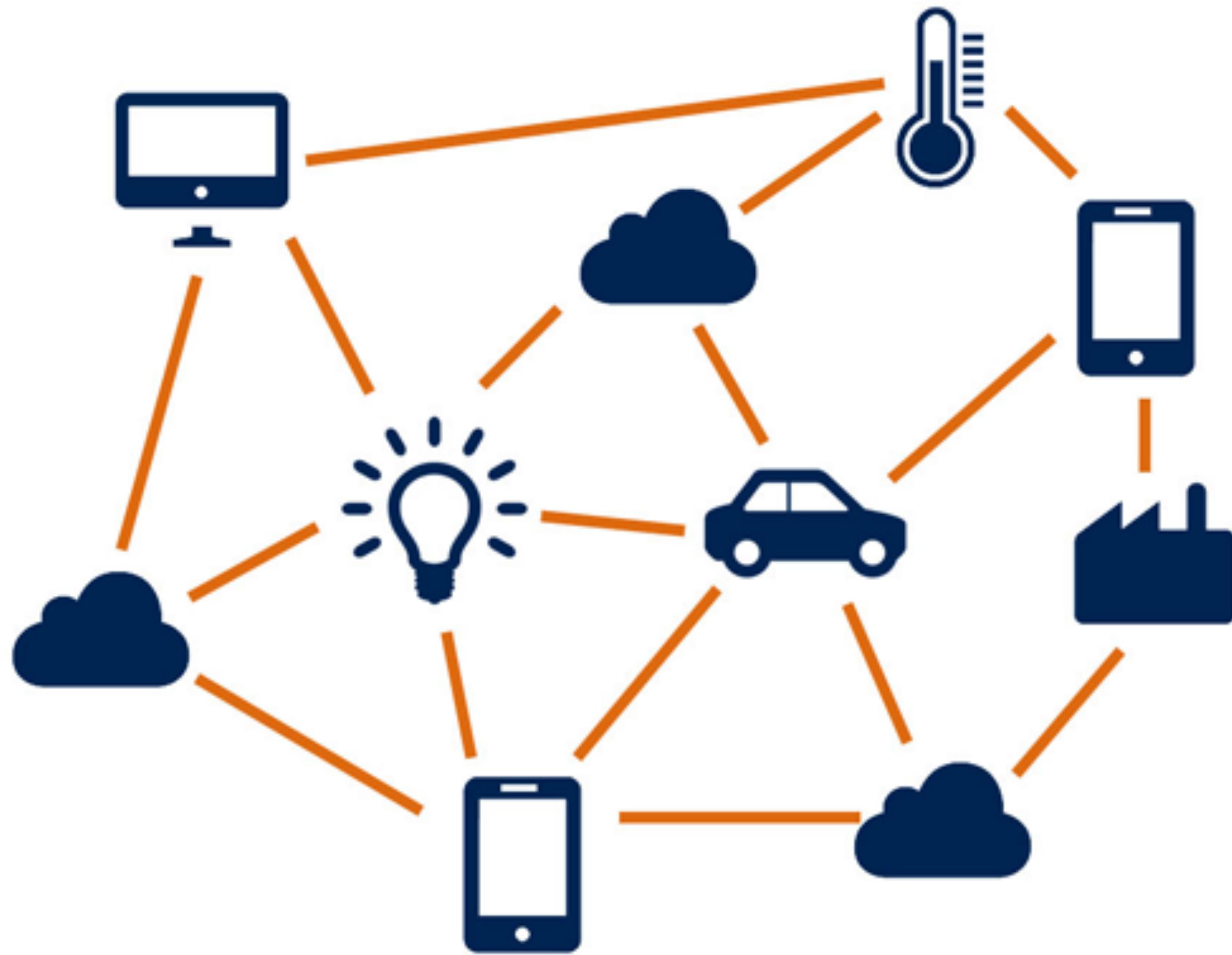


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Agenda

- Internet of Things
- DEMO
- Hardware
- Software
- What's next

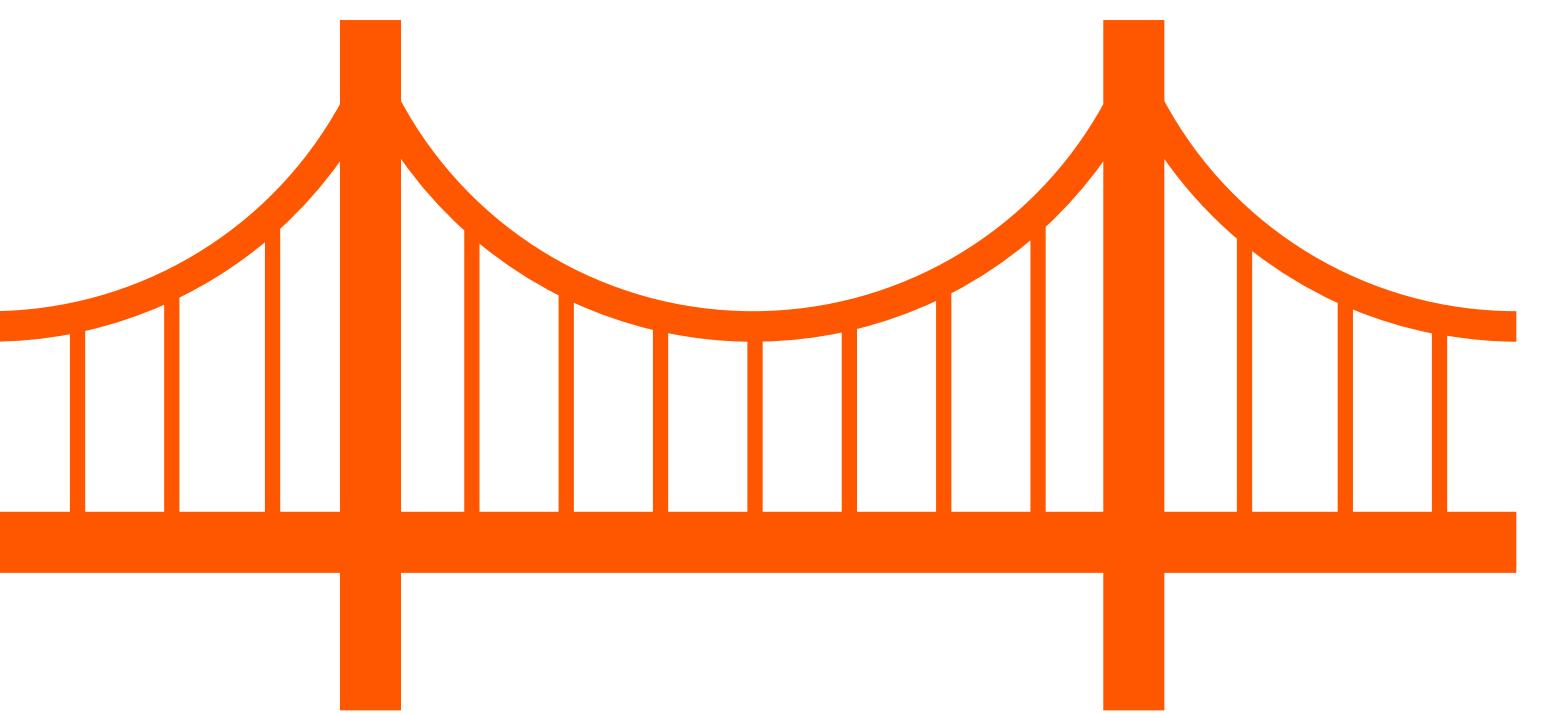
“Internet of Things”





Example: Philips Hue Lights



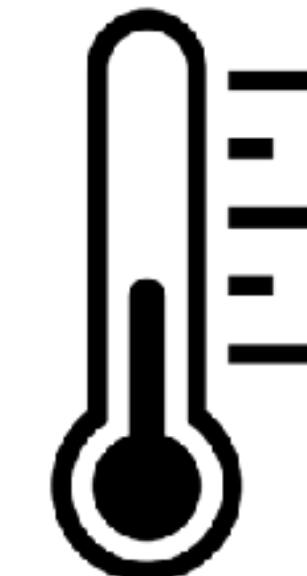
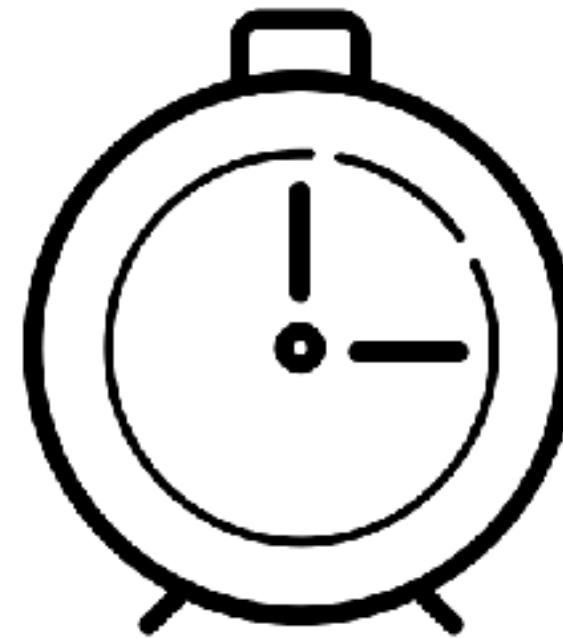




Build Our Own Bridge

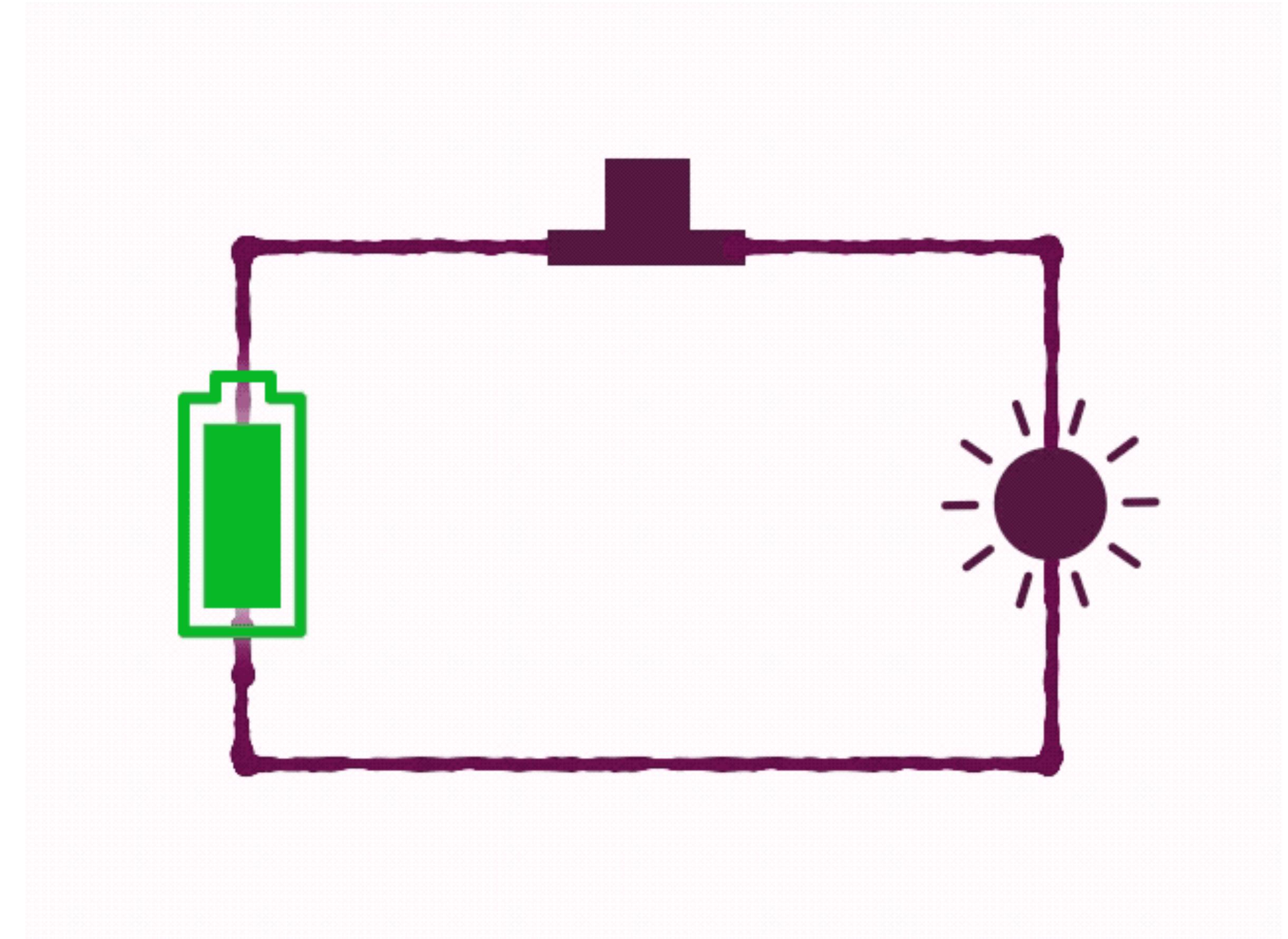
But what are “Things™”?

- Controlling systems with electronics
 - Caution ⚠ High Voltage!
 - Model them as simple circuits



Simple Circuits

- Power source
- Input
 - Button
- Output
 - Light



Agenda

✓ Internet of Things

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DEMO



DEMO

Agenda

✓ Internet of Things

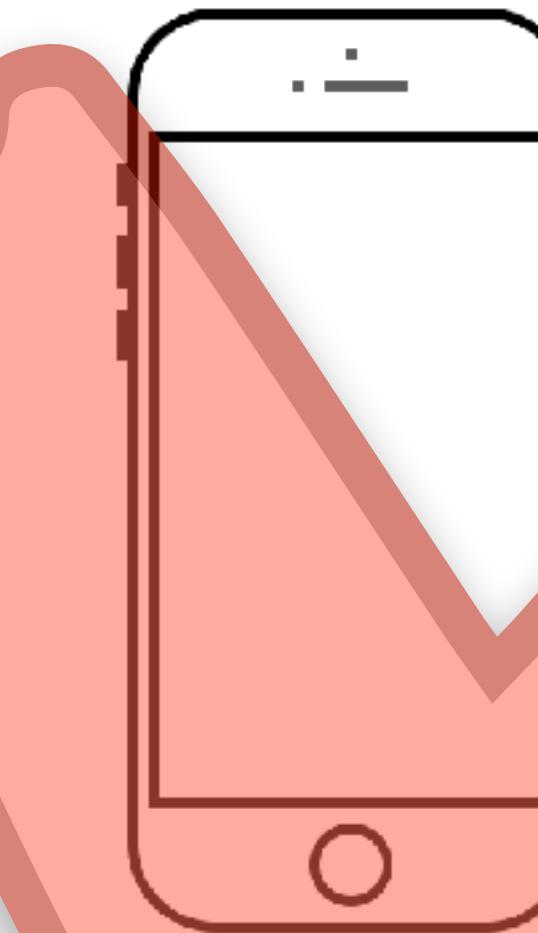
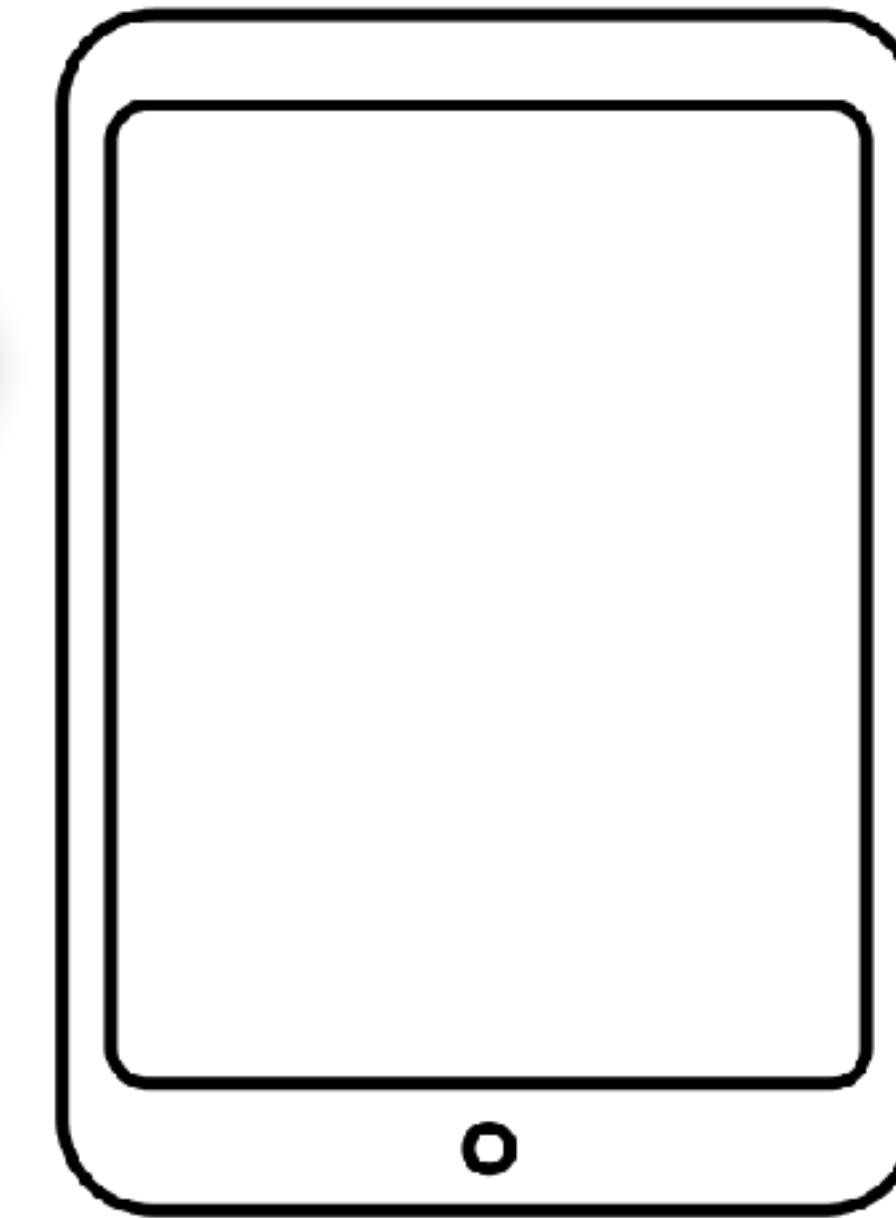
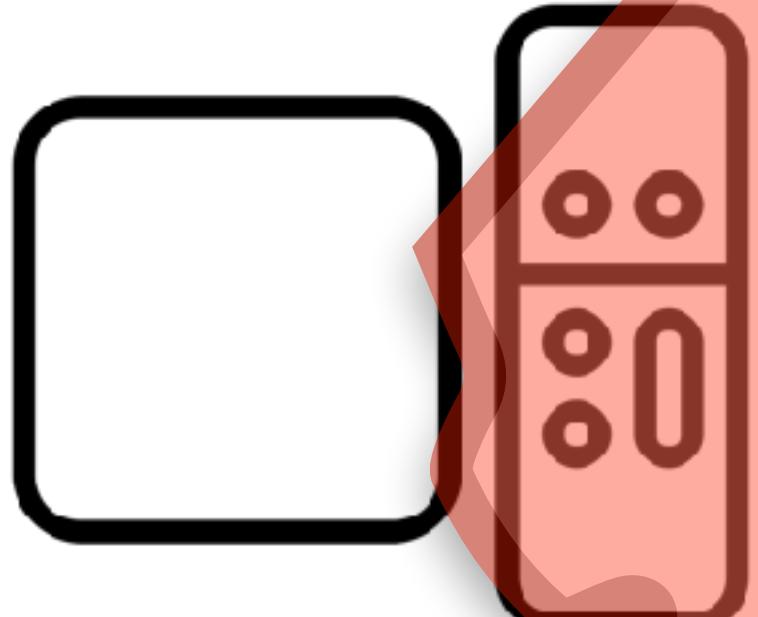
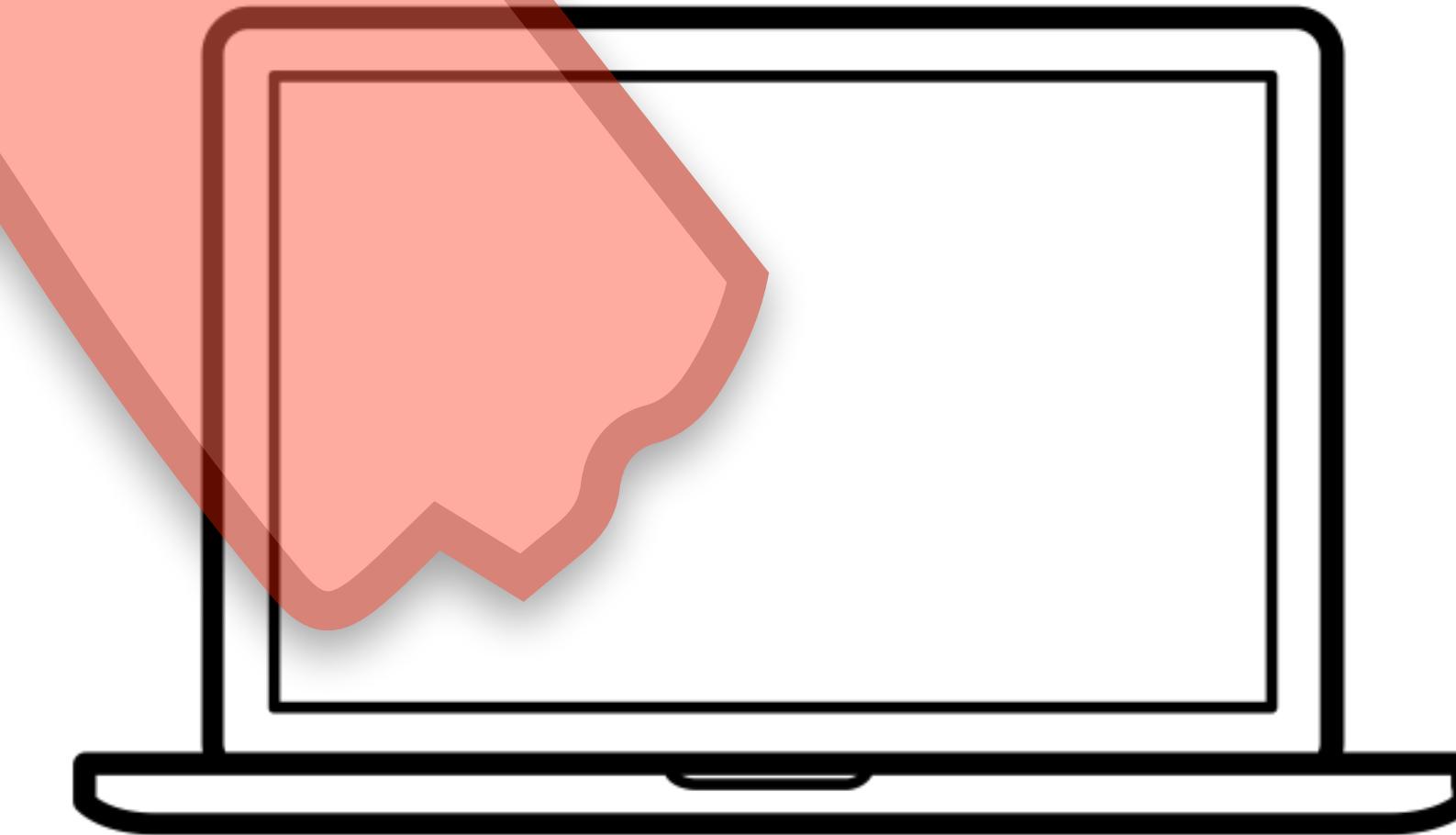
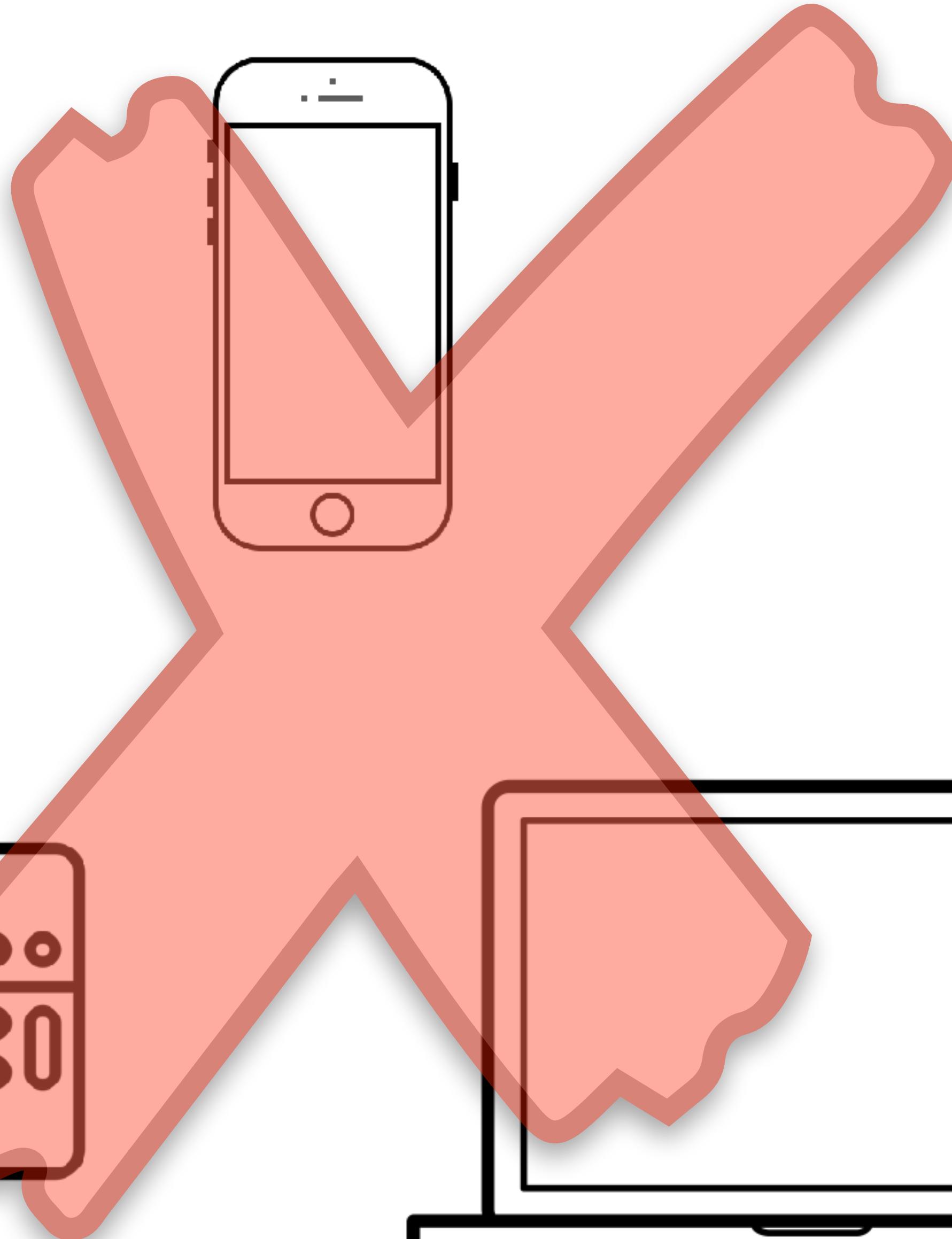
✓ DEMO

- Hardware

- Software

- What's next

Hardware

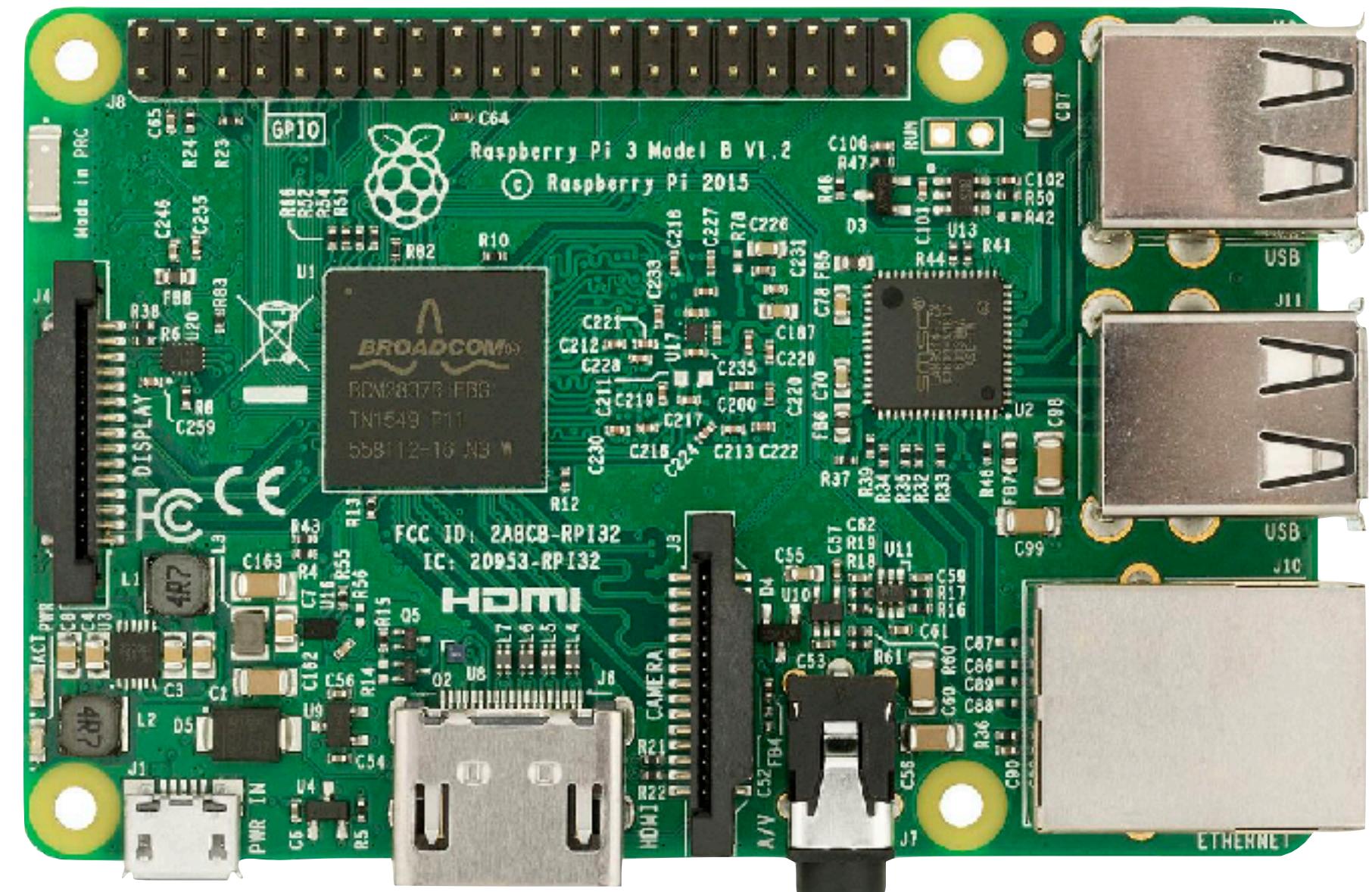
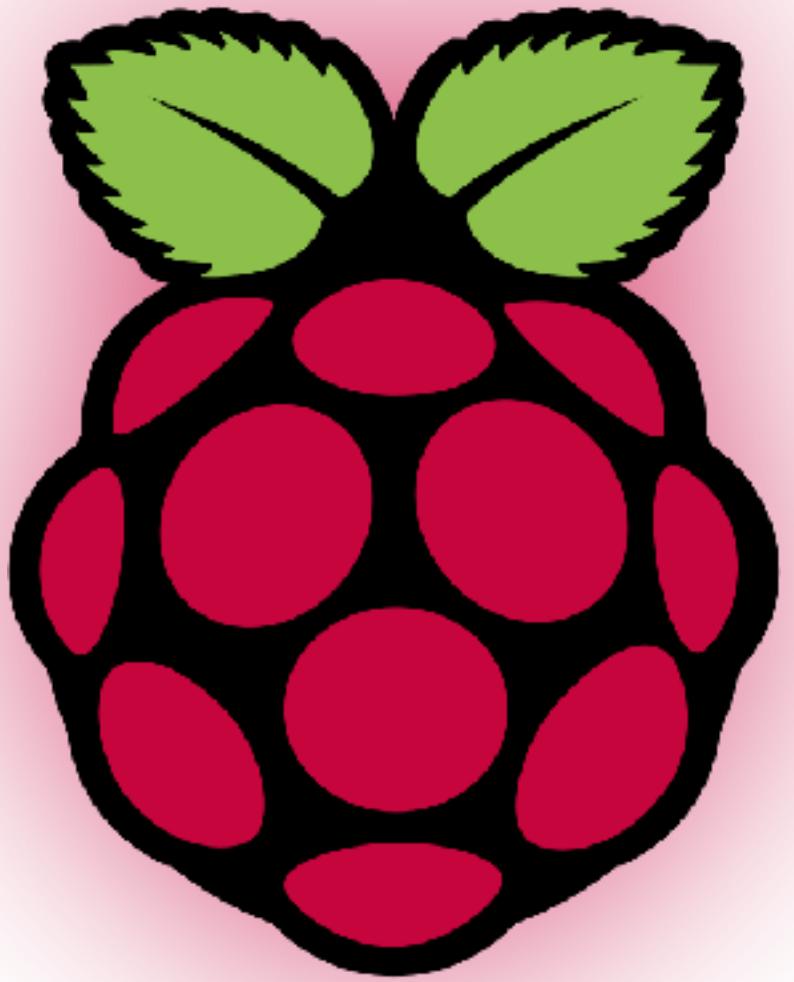


Hardware

- What do we need to build our bridge?
 - Internet connectivity
 - Interface with “Things” (a.k.a. simple circuits)
 - Non-mobile

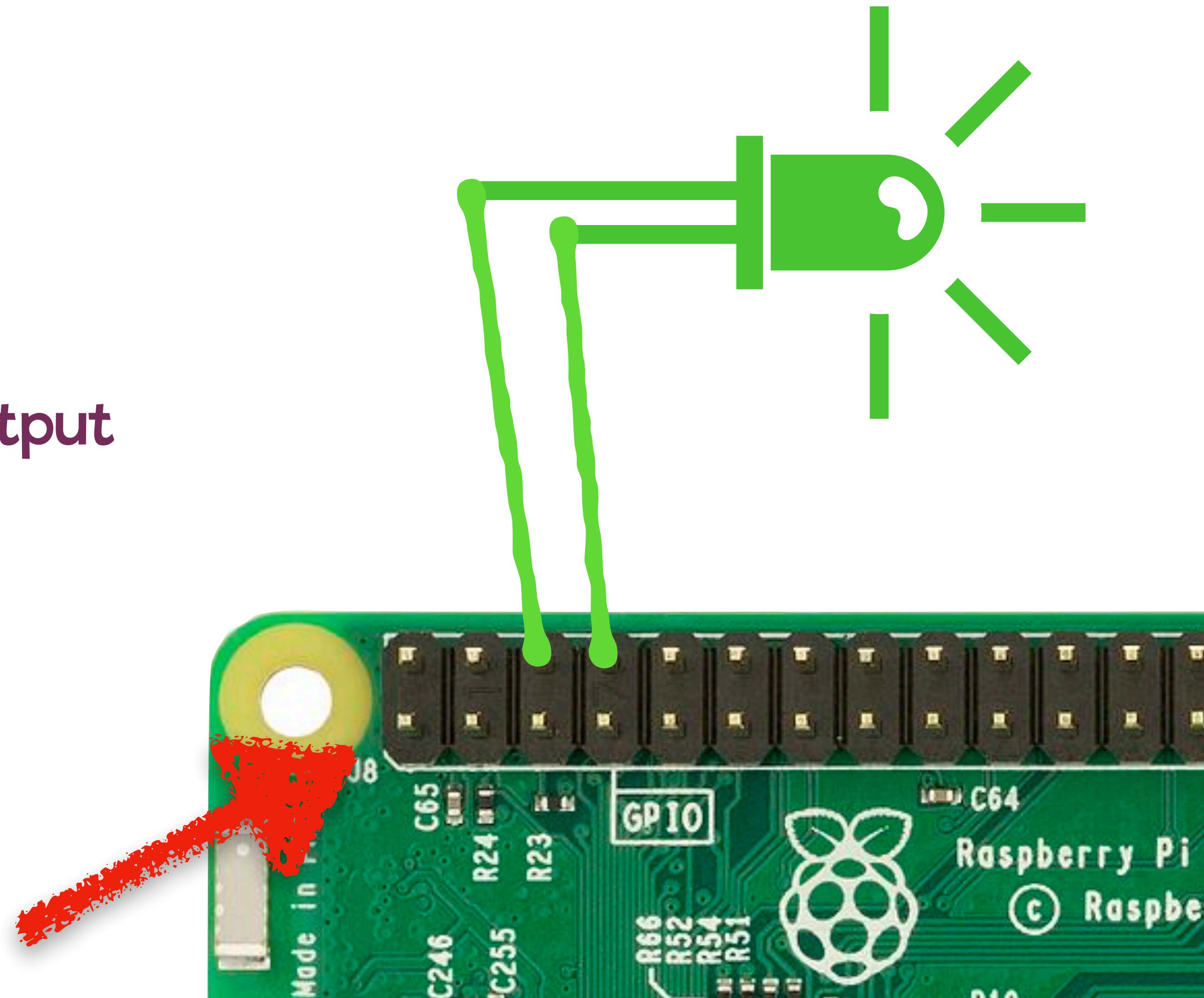
Raspberry Pi

- Small and energy efficient
- Powerful ARM processor
- Mount it anywhere
- Runs Linux (which supports Swift!)
- WiFi and Ethernet
- General Purpose Input and Output (GPIO)

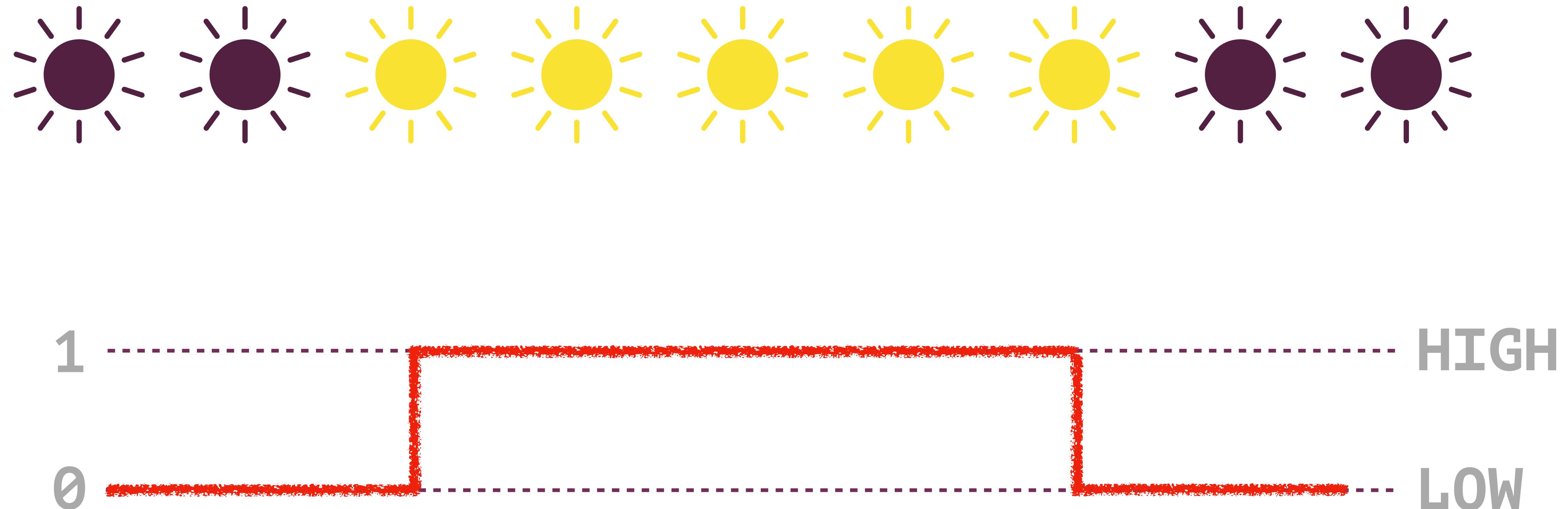


What is GPIO?

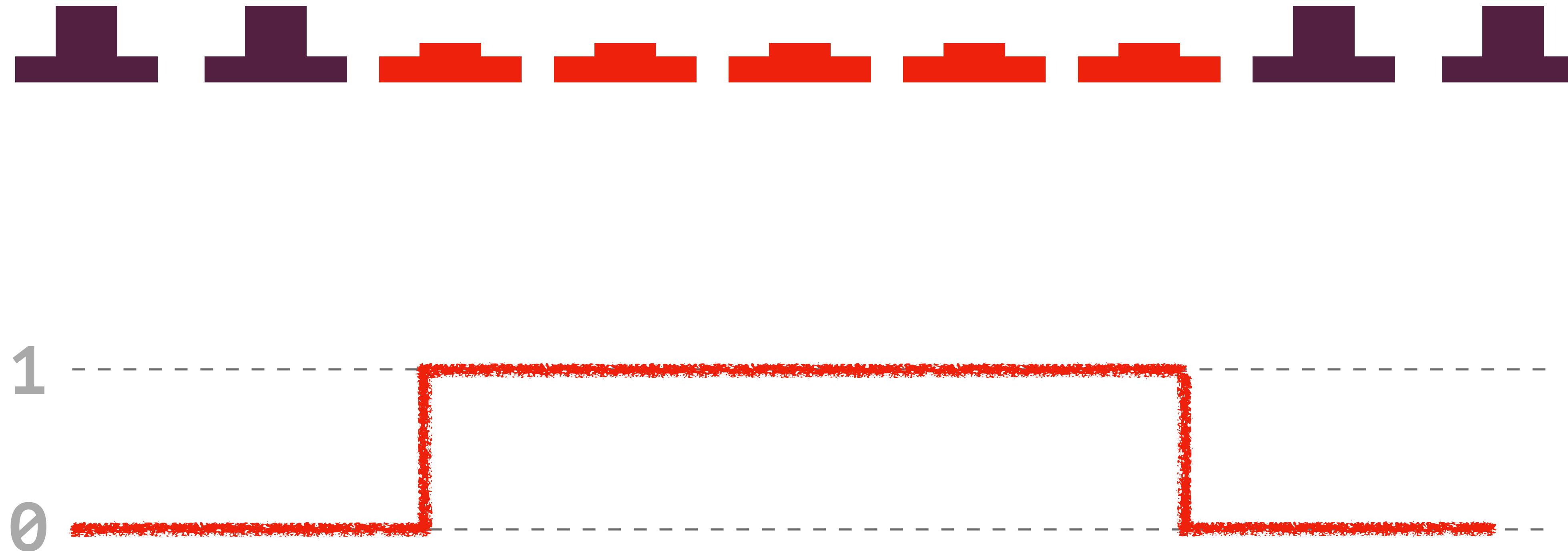
- “API for Electricity”
- GPIO pins connect to circuits
- Each pin can be an input or an output
- Input: Read if it’s ON or OFF
- Output: Set it ON or OFF

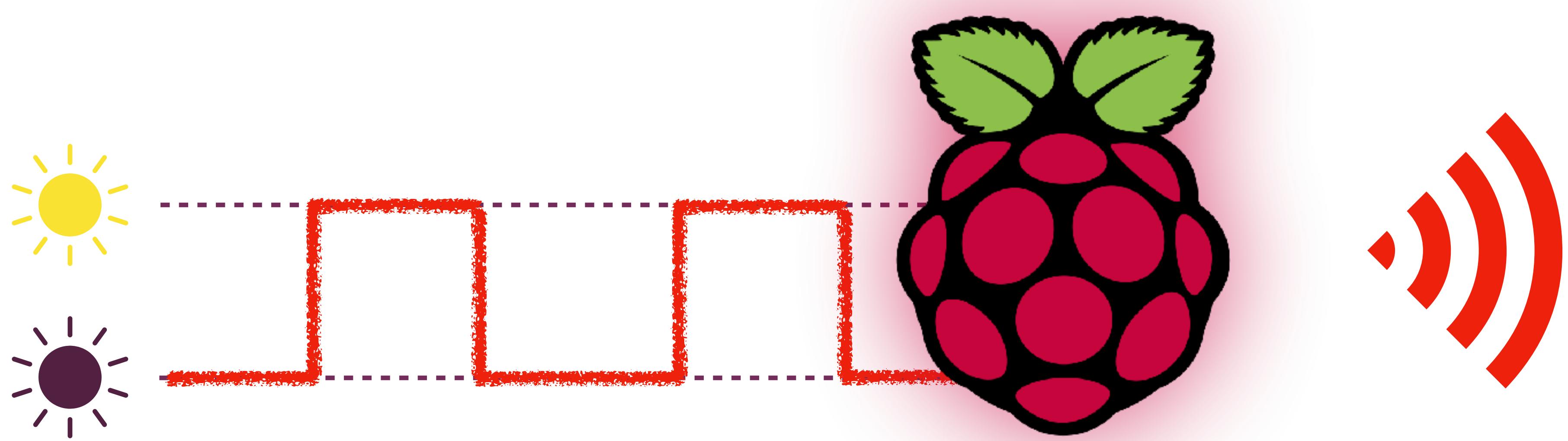


Outputs



Inputs





Agenda

✓ Internet of Things

✓ DEMO

✓ Hardware

• Software

• What's next

Software

Setting up your Pi

- Ubuntu Linux
- Installing the Swift Toolchain
- Installing dependencies
- Network configuration
- Helper guide
 - goo.gl/P5JKcy



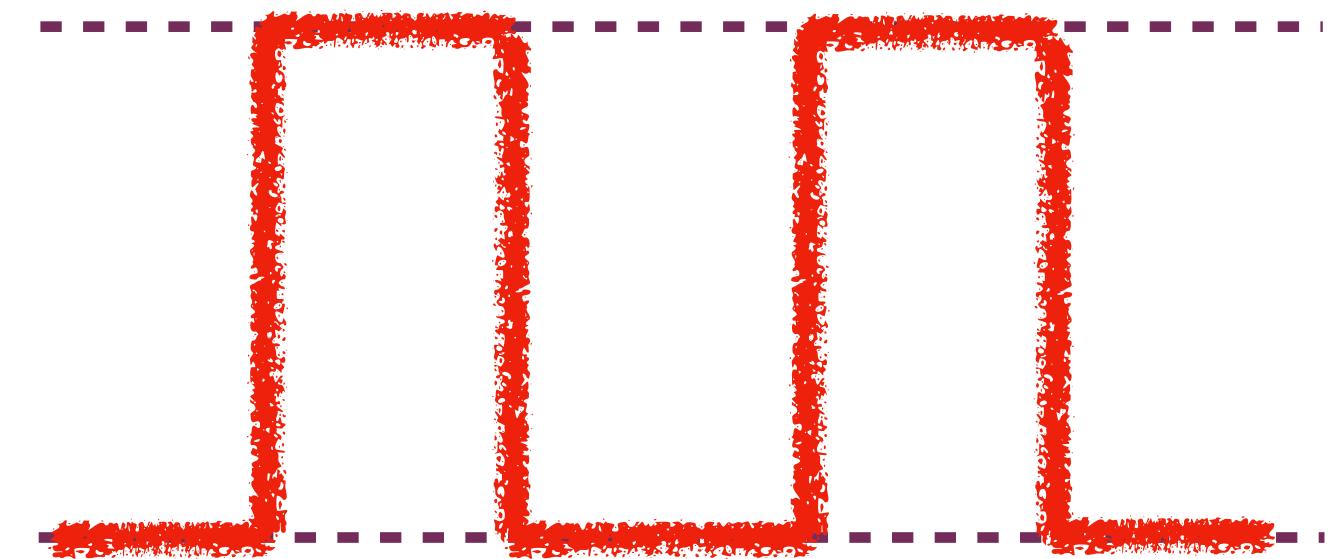
Software Components

- Interacting with Things
 - **SwiftyGPIO**
- Interacting with the Internet
 - **Server-side Swift (Vapor)**
 - **Push Notifications (Vapor-APNS)**



SwiftyGPIO

- Interact with GPIO pins from Swift
- Simple to Use
- Integrates with other Swift libraries well



Pin Handling

```
let pin = SwiftyGPIO.GPIOs(for: .RaspberryPi3)[.P2]
```

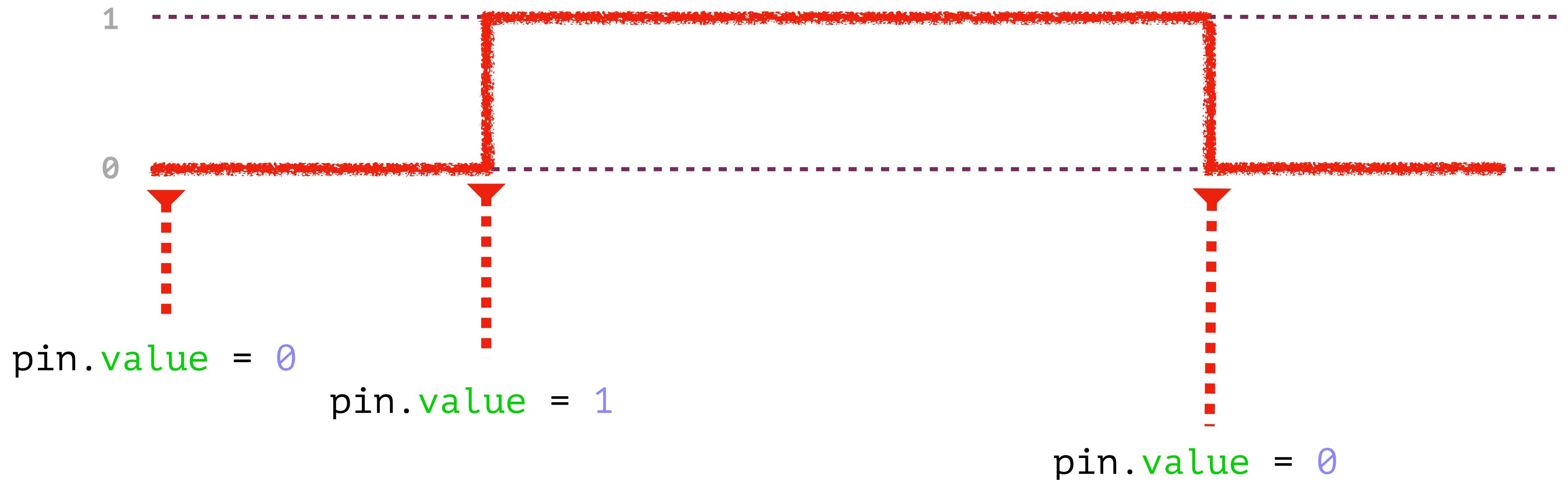
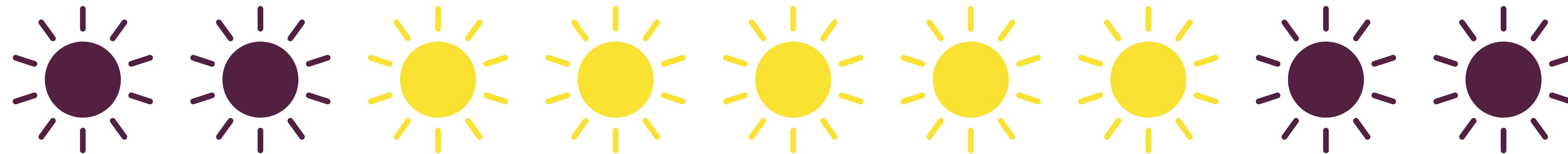
```
pin.direction = .OUT
```

```
pin.value = 1
```

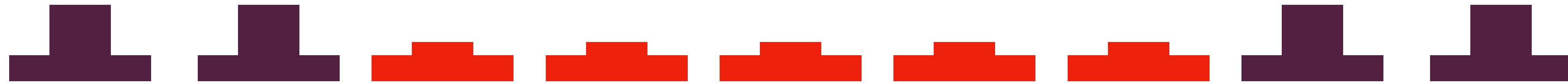
```
pin.direction = .IN
```

```
print(pin.value) // “0” or “1”
```

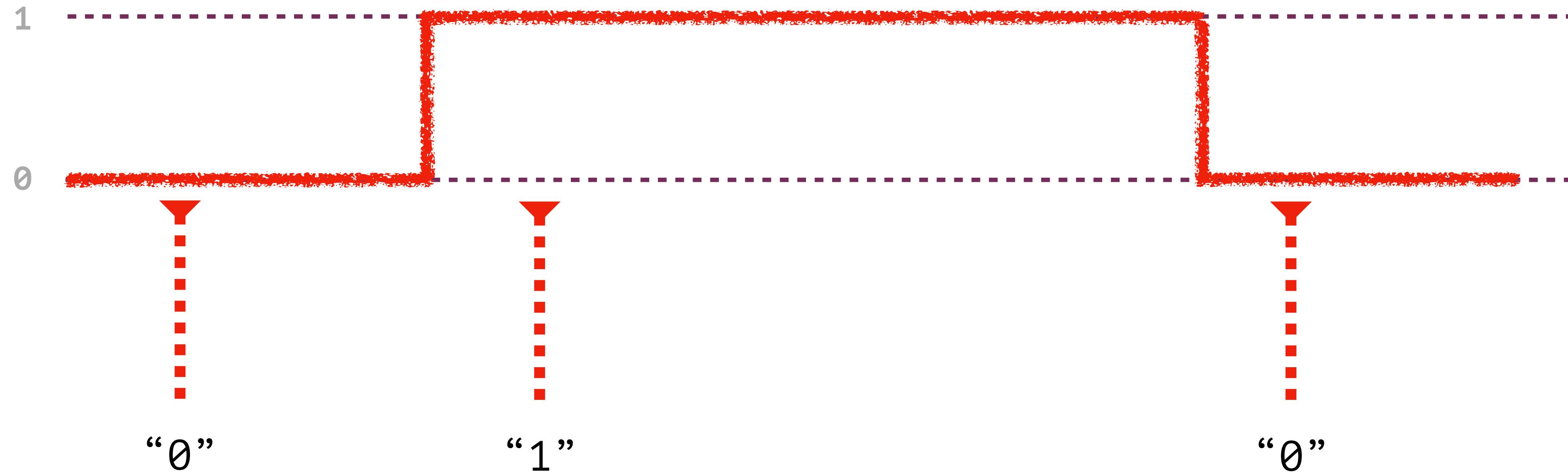
Outputs



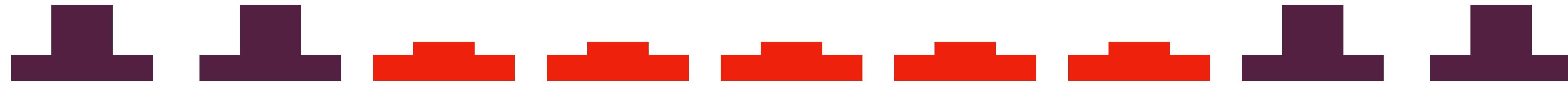
Inputs



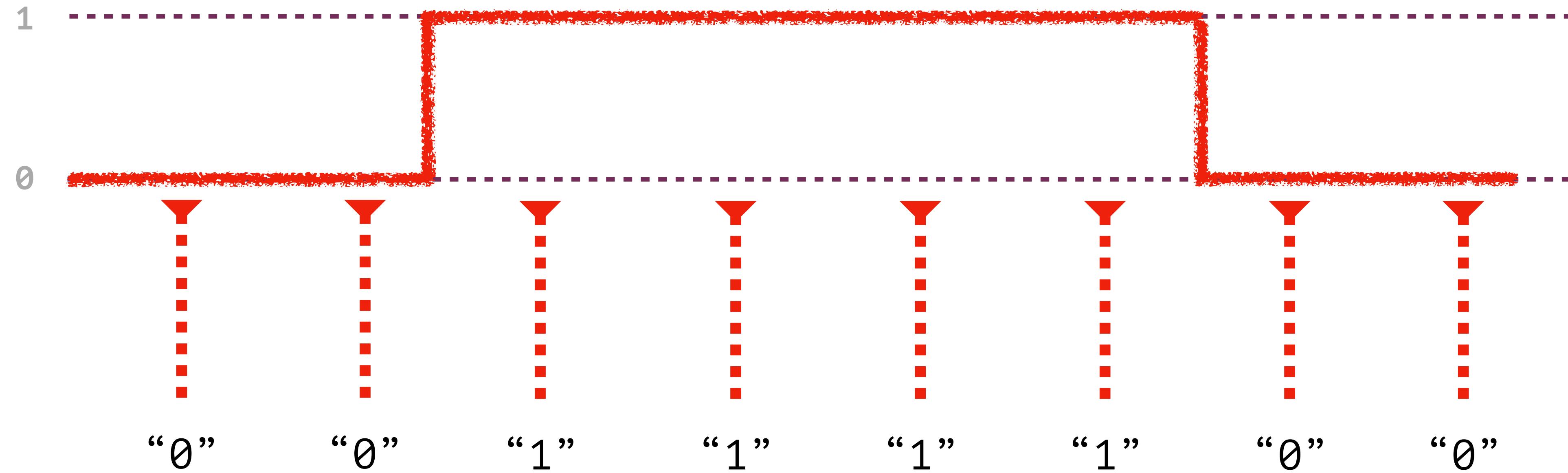
`print(pin.value)`



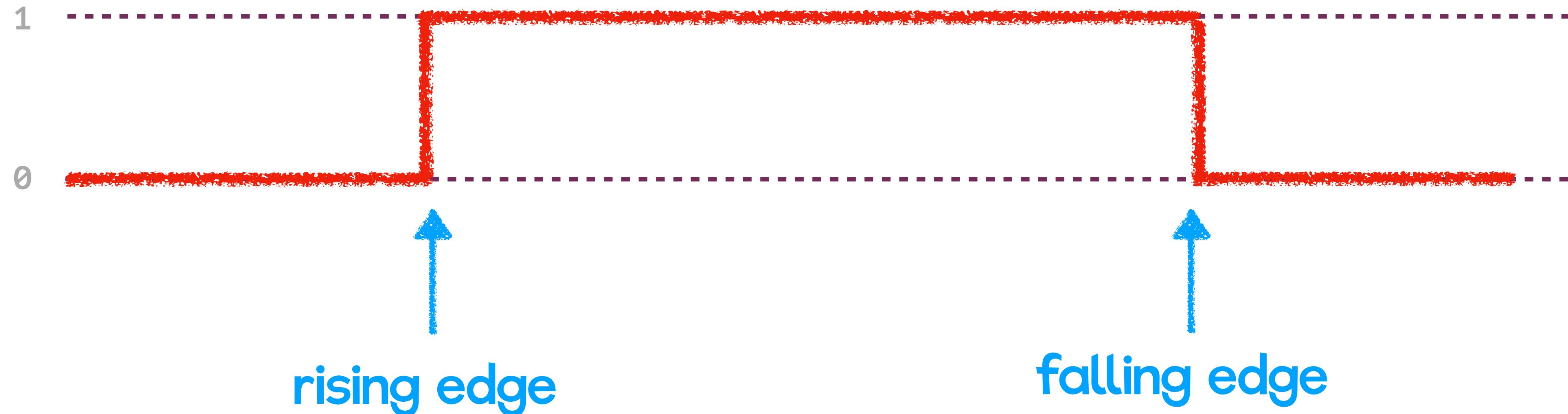
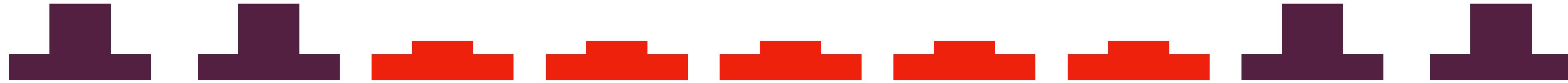
Inputs



`print(pin.value)`



Edges



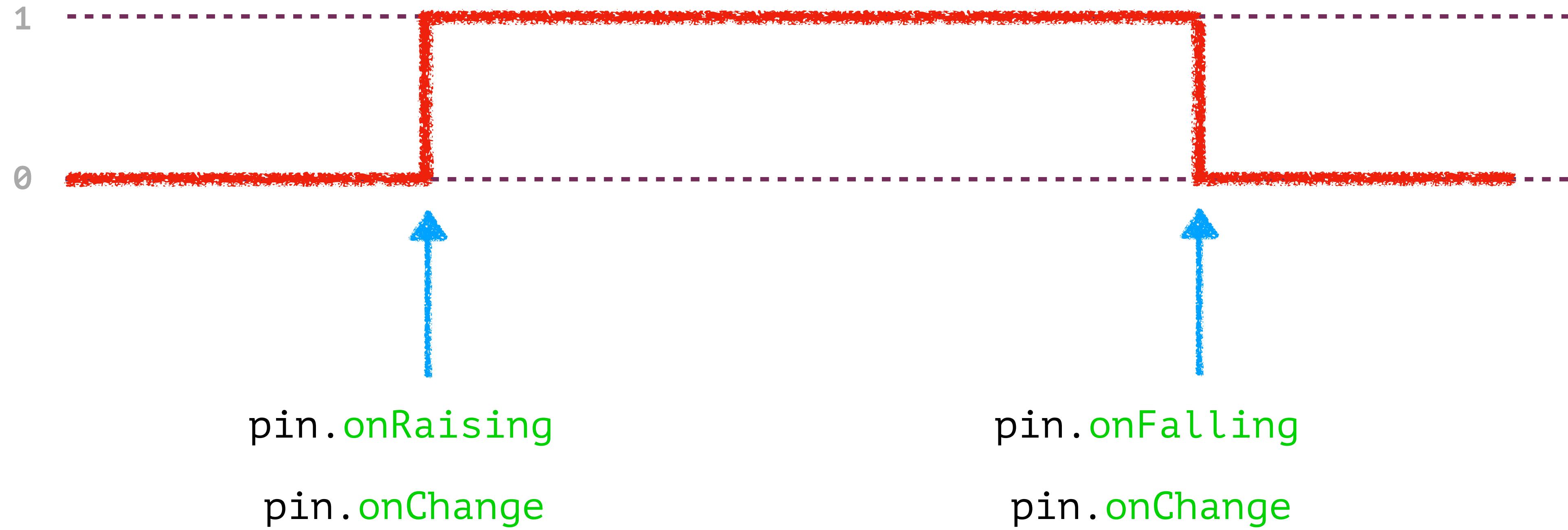
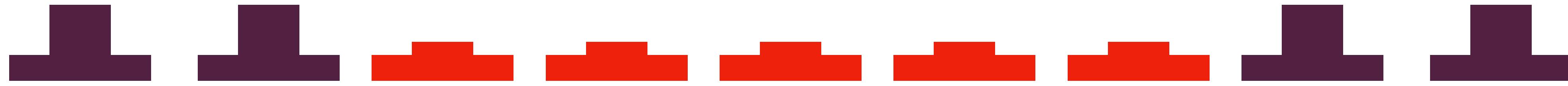
Input Handling

```
pin.onRaising { pin in ... }
```

```
pin.onFalling { pin in ... }
```

```
pin.onChange { pin in ... }
```

Inputs

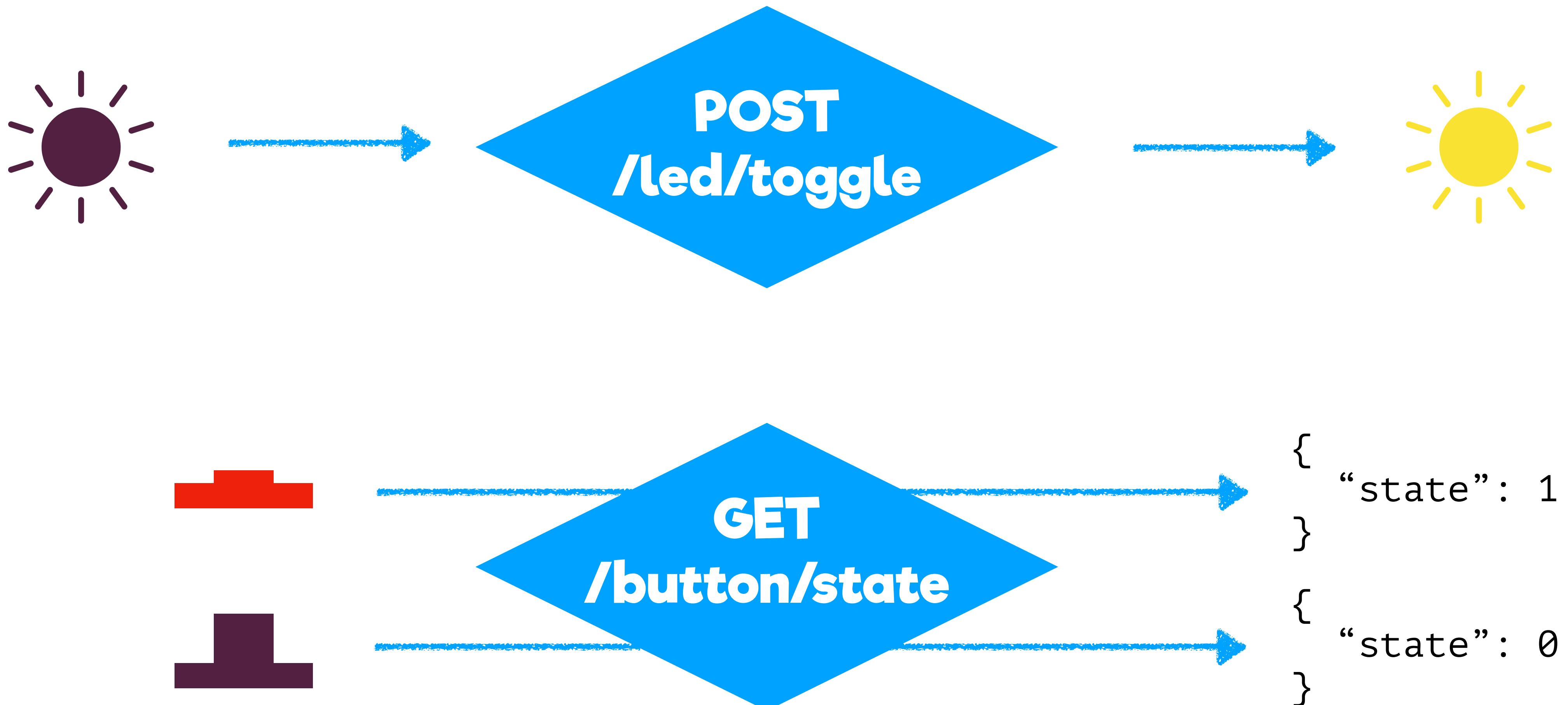


Server Side Swift for IoT

- Build a Web Server in Swift
- Fundamentals are relatively constant
 - Routing requests and serving responses
- Vapor
 - Works on Raspberry Pi



Client API



Push Notifications

- Don't poll your state
- Alerts your client application immediately when a notable event occurs
- Swift library: Vapor APNS



Push Process

1. Ask your user for permission
2. Send the client's device token to your bridge, save it
3. When an event happens, create and submit a push payload

Permission

1. Ask your user for permission (in iOS Client)

```
let center = UNUserNotificationCenter.current()  
  
center.requestAuthorization(options: [.alert]) { (granted, error) in  
  
    if !granted { return }  
  
    UIApplication.shared.registerForRemoteNotifications()  
}
```

Device Token

2. Send the client's device token to your bridge

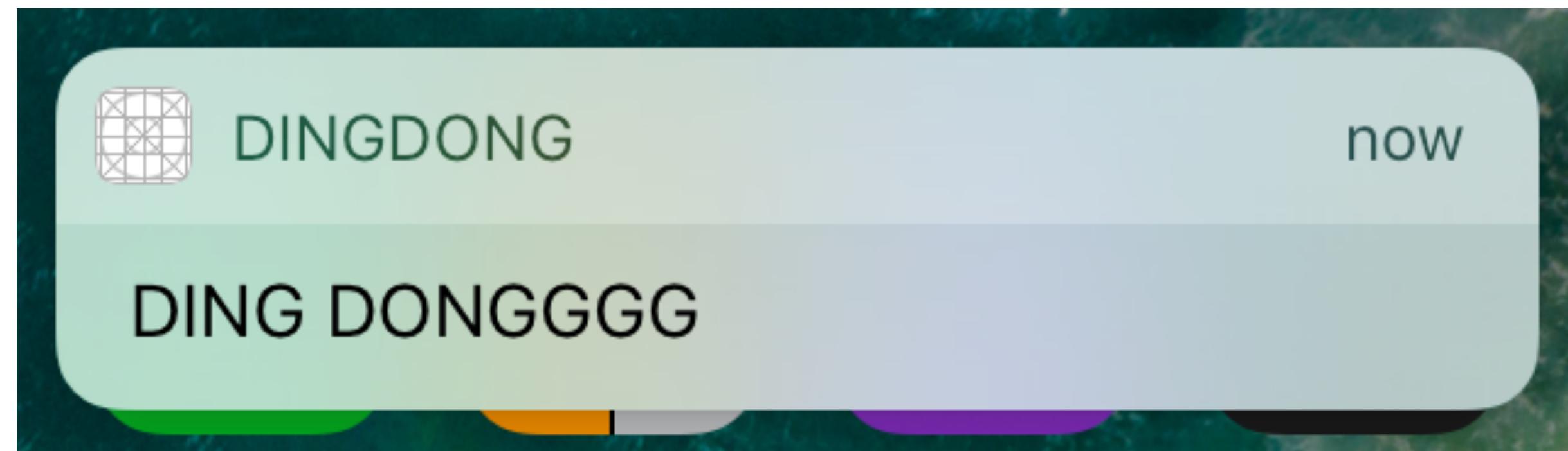
```
func application(_ application: UIApplication,  
didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken deviceToken: Data) {  
  
    var urlRequest = URLRequest(url: setTokenURL)  
    urlRequest.httpBody = token  
    urlRequest.httpMethod = "POST"  
  
    URLSession.shared.dataTask(with: urlRequest) {  
        // handle completion  
    }.resume()  
}
```

Push Payload

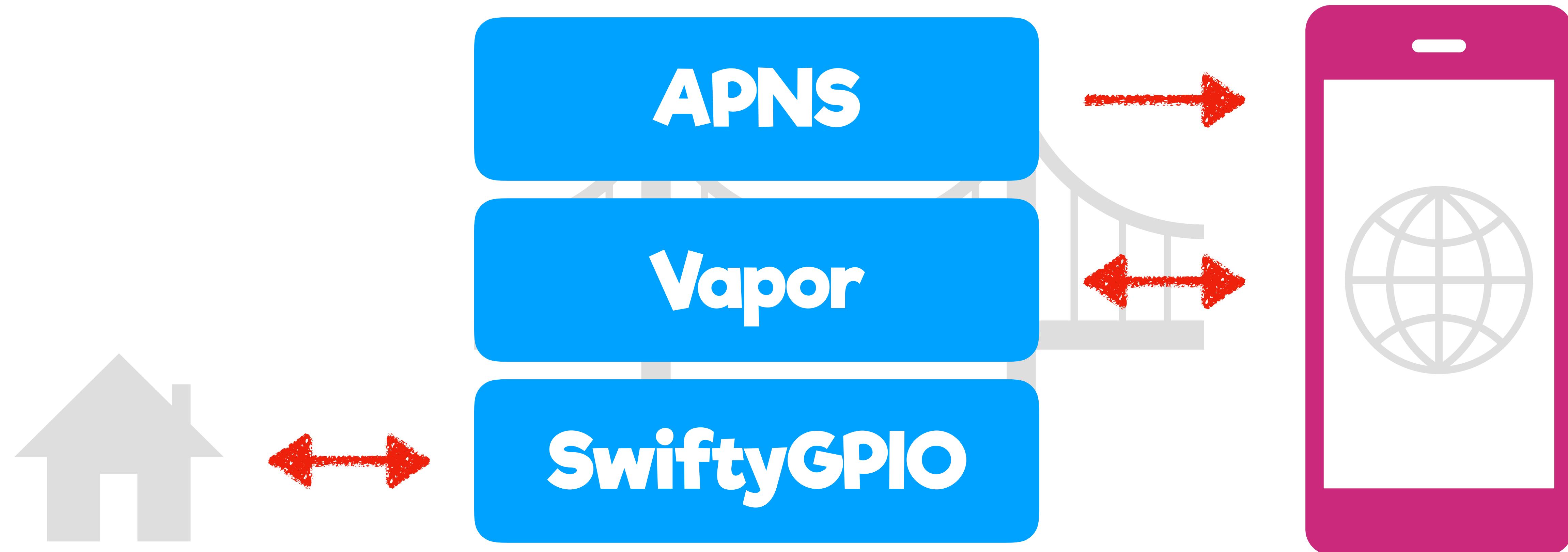
3. When an event happens, send a push payload (on bridge)

```
let message = ApplePushMessage(priority: .immediately,  
                                payload: Payload(message: "DingDong!"),  
                                sandbox: false)  
let result = apns.send(message, to: token)
```

Success!



Software Summary



Swifty Doorbell

Interaction Flow

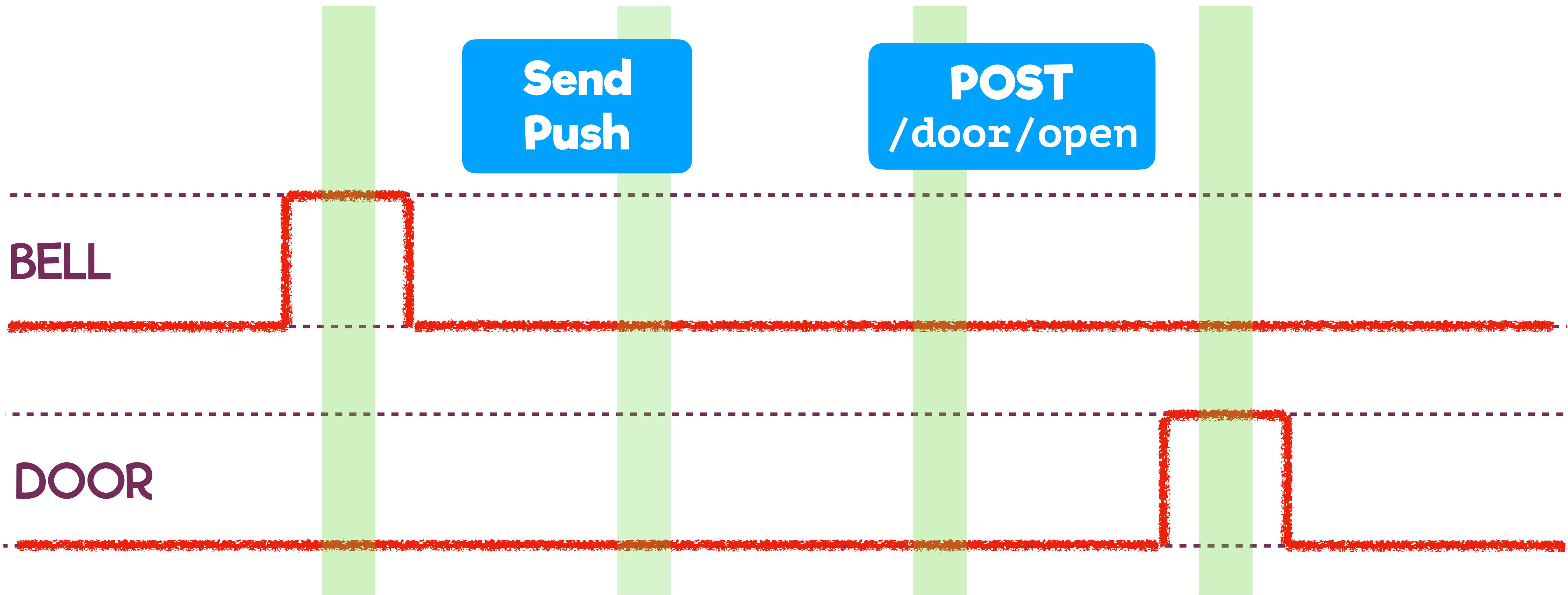
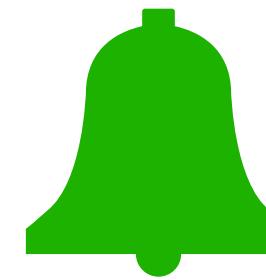
1. Doorbell rings
2. Bridge sends push notification
3. User taps “Door Open” button
4. Bridge executes door open process



Electrical Interface

Function	Pin	Direction	ON state	OFF state
Door Open	2	Output	Door Unlocked	Door Locked
Bell Detector	3	Input	Ringing	Quiet

Mapping the Flow

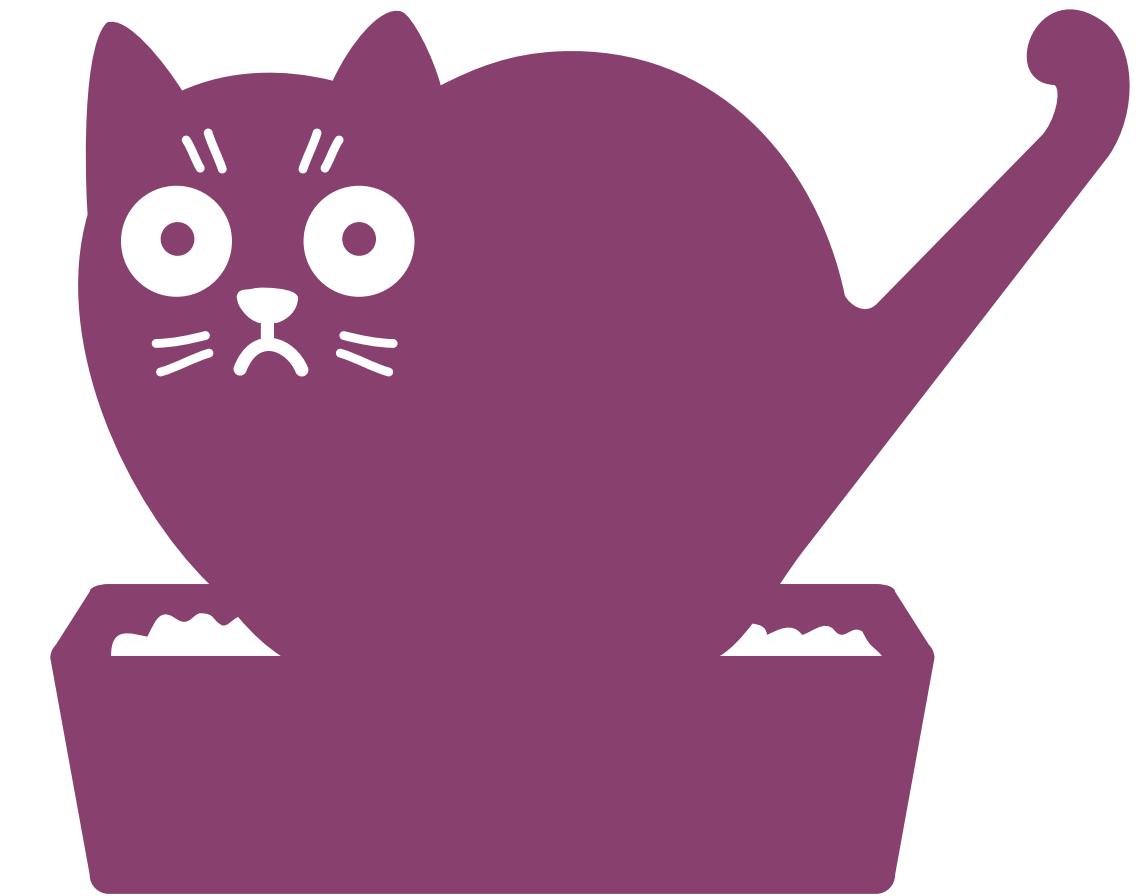
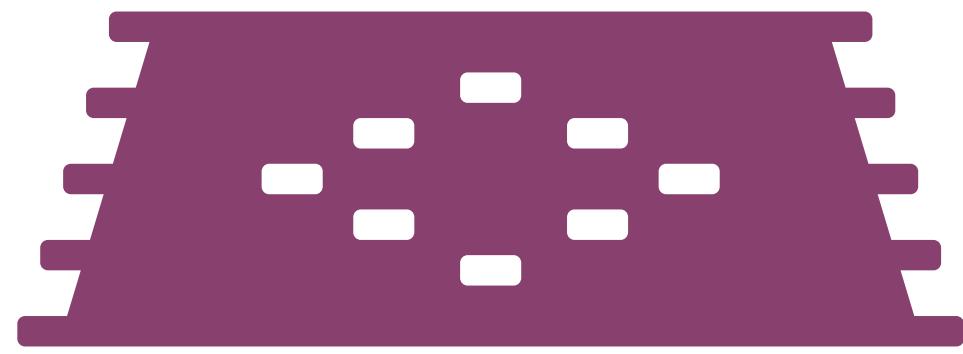


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What's Next?

Future Projects?





HomeKit

Works with
Apple HomeKit



Lights



Switches



Outlets



Thermostats



Windows



Fans



Air Conditioners



Sensors



Security



Locks



Cameras



Doorbells



Garage Doors



Bridges



HomeKit Accessory Protocol Specification (Non-Commercial Version)

This document describes how to create HomeKit accessories that communicate with Apple products using the HomeKit Accessory Protocol for non-commercial purposes.

Companies that intend to develop or manufacture a HomeKit-enabled accessory that will be distributed or sold must be enrolled in the [MFi Program](#).

[Download](#)

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Thanks!



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