Minimum Stack

My initial code was

```
class MinStack:
    def __init__(self):
        self.min_stack = []
        self.stack = []
    def push(self, val: int) -> None:
        if self.min_stack == []:
           self.stack.append(val)
           self.min_stack.append(val)
        elif val < self.min_stack[-1]:</pre>
         self.stack.append(val)
         self.min_stack.append(val)
        else:
           self.stack.append(val)
    def pop(self) -> None:
        if self.stack == []:
           return []
        if self.stack[-1] == self.min_stack[-1]:
            self.min_stack.pop()
```

Minimum Stack

```
self.stack.pop()

def top(self) -> int:
    if self.stack == []:
        return []
    else:
    return self.stack[-1]

def getMin(self) -> int:
    if self.min_stack == []:
        return []
    else:
    return self.min_stack[-1]
```

This was the code that worked

```
class MinStack:

def __init__(self):
    self.stack = []  # Main stack to store all values
    self.min_stack = [] # Auxiliary stack to store the min:

def push(self, val: int) -> None:
    # Push value onto the main stack
    self.stack.append(val)
    # Push value onto the min_stack if it's the first value
    if not self.min_stack or val <= self.min_stack[-1]:
        self.min_stack.append(val)

def pop(self) -> None:
    # Check if the stack is empty before attempting to pop
```

Minimum Stack

```
if not self.stack:
        return
    # Pop from min_stack only if the value being popped from
    if self.stack[-1] == self.min_stack[-1]:
        self.min_stack.pop()
    self.stack.pop()
def top(self) -> int:
    # Return the top of the stack if not empty, otherwise re
    if not self.stack:
        return 0
    return self.stack[-1]
def getMin(self) -> int:
    # Return the top of the min_stack if not empty, otherwis
    if not self.min stack:
        return 0
    return self.min_stack[-1]
```

The main issue was that it did not handle duplicate minimums, so a \leq is added to account for the minimum stack.append

Minimum Stack 3