
SIFT WORKSTATION 2.0 DISTRO VERSION

DETAILED INFORMATION

SIFT Workstation 2.0 Developed by Rob Lee and distributed as a part of the SANS Institute's Computer Forensic Curriculum. (<http://computer-forensics.sans.org>)

The SIFT Workstation is released under GPL.

Background

Faculty Fellow Rob Lee created the SANS Investigative Forensic Toolkit(SIFT) Workstation featured in the [Computer Forensic Investigations and Incident Response course\(FOR 508\)](http://computer-forensics.sans.org/course/computer-forensic-investigations-and-incident-response-98-1) in order to show that advanced investigations and investigating hackers can be accomplished using freely available open-source tools.

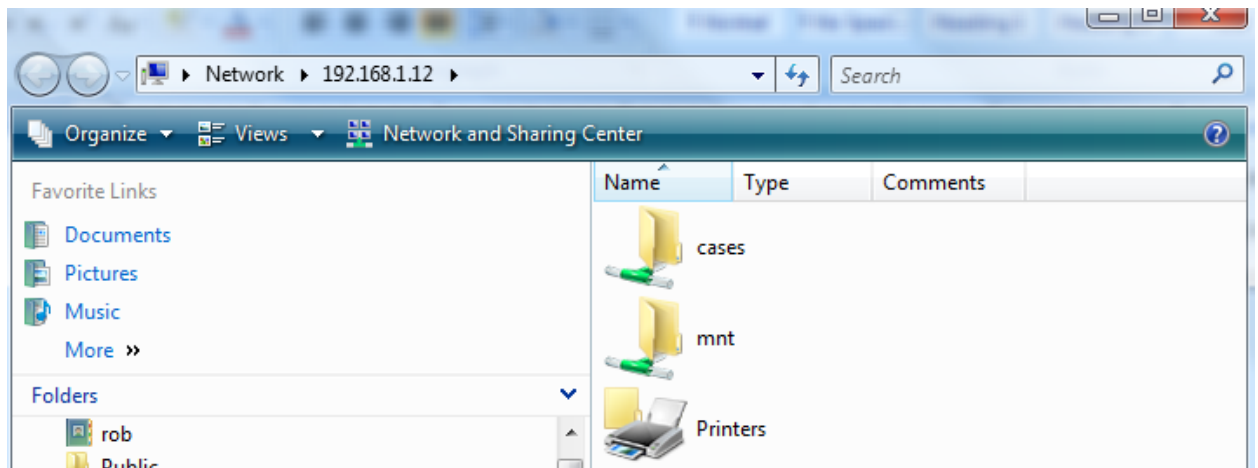
<http://computer-forensics.sans.org/course/computer-forensic-investigations-and-incident-response-98-1>

The SANS SIFT Workstation is a VMware Appliance that is preconfigured with all the necessary tools to perform a detailed digital forensic examination. It is compatible with Expert Witness Format (E01), Advanced Forensic Format (AFF), and raw (dd) evidence formats. The brand new version released to the world this week at SANS 2010 has been completely rebuilt on an Ubuntu base with many additional tools and capabilities that can match any modern forensic tool suite.

Basic information:

- After downloading the toolkit, use the credentials below to gain access. Login "sansforensics"
- Password "forensics"
- use **sudo su** - to elevate privileges to root while mounting disk images.
- Enable SHARED FOLDERS (VM -> SETTINGS -> OPTIONS -> Shared Folders -> Always Enabled)
 - Access to Host System Found on Desktop **VMware-Shared-Drive**
- Filesystem Shares [\\SIFTWORKSTATION](http://SIFTWORKSTATION)
 - or use ifconfig and connect to eth0 IP Address listed (e.g. \\192.168.1.12)
 - **/mnt** - Mount point for read-only examination of digital forensic evidence

- **/cases** - Directory to store evidence



1. How-Tos -
 - 1.1. How To Mount a Disk Image In Read-Only Mode
 - 1.1.1. <http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2009/02/19/digital-forensic-sifting-how-to-perform-a-read-only-mount-of-evidence/>
 - 1.2. How To Create a Filesystem and Registry Timeline
 - 1.2.1. <http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2009/02/24/digital-forensic-sifting-registry-and-filesystem-timeline-creation/>
 - 1.3. How To Create a Super Timeline
 - 1.3.1. http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2010/03/19/digital-forensic-sifting-super-timeline-analysis-and-creation/?utm_source=rss&utm_medium=rss&utm_campaign=digital-forensic-sifting-super-timeline-analysis-and-creation
 - 1.4. How To Acquire and Mount Raw, E01, AFF Disk Images
 - 1.4.1. <https://www.sans.org/webcasts/imagine-this-acquisition-and-handling-techniques-of-computer-evidence-92018>
 - 1.5. How to use the SIFT Workstation for Basic Memory Image Analysis
 - 1.5.1. <https://www.sans.org/webcasts/memory-analysisincident-responders-and-forensic-analysts-92368>
2. Filesystem Support
 - 2.1. ntfs (NTFS)
 - 2.2. iso9660 (ISO9660 CD)
 - 2.3. hfs (HFS+)
 - 2.4. raw (Raw Data)
 - 2.5. swap (Swap Space)
 - 2.6. memory (Ram Data)
 - 2.7. fat12 (FAT12)
 - 2.8. fat16 (FAT16)
 - 2.9. fat32 (FAT32)
 - 2.10. ext2 (Ext2)
 - 2.11. ext3 (Ext3)
 - 2.12. ufs1 (UFS1)
 - 2.13. ufs2 (UFS2)
3. Evidence Image File Support
 - 3.1. raw (Single raw file (dd))
 - 3.2. aff (Advanced Forensic Format)
 - 3.3. afd (AFF Multiple File)
 - 3.4. afm (AFF with external metadata)
 - 3.5. afflib (All AFFLIB image formats (including beta ones))
 - 3.6. ewf (Expert Witness format (encase))
 - 3.7. split raw (Split raw files)
 - 3.8. split ewf (Split E01 files)
 - 3.8.1. mount_ewf.py - mount E01 image/split images to view single raw file and metadata
4. Partition Table Support
 - 4.1. dos (DOS Partition Table)
 - 4.2. mac (MAC Partition Map)

- 4.3. bsd (BSD Disk Label)
- 4.4. sun (Sun Volume Table of Contents (Solaris))
- 4.5. gpt (GUID Partition Table (EFI))
- 5. Digital Evidence Acquisition
 - 5.1. guymager - GUI Imager
 - 5.1.1. <http://guymager.sourceforge.net/>
 - 5.2. linen - Guidance Image
 - 5.2.1. <http://www.forensicswiki.org/wiki/LinEn>
 - 5.3. dd - dd, sometimes called GNU dd, is the oldest imaging tool still used.
 - 5.4. ddrescue - ddrescue is a raw disk imaging tool that "copies data from one file or block device to another, trying hard to rescue data in case of read errors." The application is developed as part of the GNU project and has written with UNIX/Linux in mind.
 - 5.4.1. <http://www.gnu.org/software/ddrescue/ddrescue.html>
 - 5.5. dc3dd - dc3dd is a patched version of GNU dd with added features for computer forensics.
 - 5.5.1. <http://dc3dd.sourceforge.net/>
 - 5.6. dcfldd - dcfldd is an enhanced version of dd developed by the U.S. Department of Defense Computer Forensics Lab.
 - 5.6.1. <http://dcfldd.sourceforge.net/>
 - 5.7. sdd
 - 5.7.1. <http://linux.maruhn.com/sec/sdd.html>
 - 5.8. ewfacquire - create EWF (E01) file format images
 - 5.8.1. <http://linux.die.net/man/1/ewfacquire>
 - 5.8.2. <http://www.forensicswiki.org/wiki/Libewf>
 - 5.9. aimage - aimage can create files in raw, AFF, AFD, or AFM formats. AFF and AFD formats can be compressed or uncompressed. aimage can optionally compress and calculate MD5 or SHA-1 hash residues while the data is being copied.
 - 5.9.1. <http://www.afflib.org/aimage.php>
- 6. Media Management
 - 6.1. ewflib
 - 6.1.1. <http://sourceforge.net/projects/libewf/>
 - 6.1.2. ewfacquire - ewfacquire to acquire data from a file or device and store it in the EWF format
 - 6.1.3. ewfexport - ewfexport to export data from the EWF format (Expert Witness Compression Format) to raw data or another EWF format.
 - 6.1.4. ewfverify - ewfverify to verify data stored in the EWF format (Expert Witness Compression Format).
 - 6.1.5. ewfinfo - wfinfo to determine information about the EWF format
 - 6.1.6. mount_ewf.pl - mount EWF format images/split images to view single raw file and metadata
 - 6.2. afflib
 - 6.2.1. <http://www.afflib.org/aimage.php>
 - 6.2.2. aimage- ewfacquire to acquire data from a file or device and store it in the AFF format
 - 6.2.3. afcat - Output contents of an image file to stdout
 - 6.2.4. afconvert - Convert AFF images to Raw or Raw to AFF image
 - 6.2.5. afuse - mount AFF format images/split images to view single raw file and metadata
- 7. Mounting Disk Images -
 - 7.1. ntfs3g - <http://www.tuxera.com/community/ntfs-3g-download/>
 - 7.2. <http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2009/02/19/digital-forensic-sifting-how-to-perform-a-read-only-mount-of-evidence/>

8. Hashing Tools
 - 8.1. <http://md5deep.sourceforge.net/>
 - 8.2. md5deep - Compute and compare MD5 message digests
 - 8.3. sha1deep - Compute and compare SHA-1 message digests
 - 8.4. sha256deep - Compute and compare SHA-256 message digests
 - 8.5. tigerdeep - Compute and compare Tiger message digests
 - 8.6. whirlpooldeep - Compute and compare Whirlpool message digests
 - 8.7. hashdeep - Compute, compare, or audit multiple message digests
 - 8.8. Fuzzy Hashing
 - 8.8.1. ssdeep - Computes context triggered piecewise hashes
9. Disk Analysis - Sleuthkit Tools
 - 9.1. <http://www.sleuthkit.org/>
 - 9.2. Media Management Layer
 - 9.2.1. mmls - Display the partition layout of a volume system (partition tables)
 - 9.2.2. mmstat - Display details about the volume system (partition tables)
 - 9.2.3. disk_stat - Check for Host Protected Area (HPA)
 - 9.2.4. disk_sreset - remove HPA
 - 9.3. Data Layer
 - 9.3.1. blkls - List or output file system data units.
 - 9.3.2. blkstat - Display details of a file system data unit (i.e. block or sector)
 - 9.3.3. blkcat - Display the contents of file system data unit in a disk image.
 - 9.3.4. blkcalc - Converts between unallocated disk unit numbers and regular disk unit numbers
 - 9.3.5. srch_strings - print out ascii or unicode strings from a raw file
 - 9.3.6. grep - search for strings from a dirty_words list or a file
 - 9.4. Metadata Layer
 - 9.4.1. istat - Display details of a meta-data structure (i.e. inode)
 - 9.4.2. ils - List inode information
 - 9.4.3. icat - Output the contents of a file based on its inode number
 - 9.4.4. ifind - Find the meta-data structure that has allocated a given disk unit or file name
 - 9.4.5. analyzeMFT.py - parse MFT structure pulling out all metadata into csv file
 - 9.4.5.1. <http://integriography.wordpress.com/2010/01/20/analyzemft-a-python-tool-to-deconstruct-the-windows-ntfs-mft-file/>
 - 9.5. Filename Layer
 - 9.5.1. fls - List file and directory names in a disk image
 - 9.5.2. ffind - Finds the name of the file or directory using a given inode
 - 9.6. Timeline Analysis - http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2010/03/19/digital-forensic-sifting-super-timeline-analysis-and-creation/?utm_source=rss&utm_medium=rss&utm_campaign=digital-forensic-sifting-super-timeline-analysis-and-creation
 - 9.6.1. fls - List file and directory names in a disk image
 - 9.6.2. mac-robber
 - 9.6.3. regtime.pl - list registry key last write times in a hive file
 - 9.6.4. timescanner - A recursive scanner to produce timeline data extracted from file artifacts
 - 9.6.5. log2timeline - a log file parser that produces a body file used to create timelines (for forensic investigations)Artifact Analysis
 - 9.6.5.1. Log2timeline/Timescanner output formats
 - 9.6.5.1.1. cef Output timeline using the ArcSight Common Event Format (CEF)

9.6.5.1.2. cftl	Output timeline in a XML format that can be read by CFTL
9.6.5.1.3. csv	Output timeline using CSV (Comma Separated Value) file
9.6.5.1.4. mactime	Output timeline using mactime format
9.6.5.1.5. mactime_l	Output timeline using this particular output method
9.6.5.1.6. simile	Output timeline in a XML format that can be read by a SIMILE widget
9.6.5.1.7. sqlite	Output timeline into a SQLite database
9.6.5.1.8. tln	Output timeline using H. Carvey's TLN format
9.6.5.2. Log2timeline/Timescanner Parsing Formats	
9.6.5.2.1. chrome	Parse the content of a Chrome history file
9.6.5.2.2. evt	Parse the content of a Windows 2k/XP/2k3 Event Log
9.6.5.2.3. evtX	Parse the content of a Windows Event Log File (EVTX)
9.6.5.2.4. exif	Extract metadata information from files using ExifTool
9.6.5.2.5. ff_bookmark	Parse the content of a Firefox bookmark file
9.6.5.2.6. firefox30.7	Parse the content of a Firefox 3 history file
9.6.5.2.7. iehistory	Parse the content of an index.dat file containing IE history
9.6.5.2.8. iis	Parse the content of a IIS W3C log file
9.6.5.2.9. isatxt	Parse the content of a ISA text export log file
9.6.5.2.10. mactime	Parse the content of a body file in the mactime format
9.6.5.2.11. mcafee	Parse the content of a log file
9.6.5.2.12. opera	Parse the content of an Opera's global history file
9.6.5.2.13. oxml	Parse the content of an OpenXML document (Office 2007 documents)
9.6.5.2.14. pcap	Parse the content of a PCAP file
9.6.5.2.15. pdf	Parse some of the available PDF document metadata
9.6.5.2.16. prefetch	Parse the content of the Prefetch directory
9.6.5.2.17. recycler	Parse the content of the recycle bin directory
9.6.5.2.18. restore	Parse the content of the restore point directory
9.6.5.2.19. setupapi	Parse the content of the SetupAPI log file in Windows XP
9.6.5.2.20. sol	Parse the content of a .sol (LSO) or a Flash cookie file
9.6.5.2.21. squid	Parse the content of a Squid access log (http_emulate off)
9.6.5.2.22. tln	Parse the content of a body file in the TLN format
9.6.5.2.23. userassist	Parses the UserAssist Active Desktop key (part of NTUSER.DAT file)
9.6.5.2.24. win_link	Parse the content of a Windows shortcut file (or a link file)
9.6.5.2.25. xpfirewall	Parse the content of a XP Firewall log

10. Artifact Analysis

- 10.1. missidentify - Find executable files without an executable extension
- 10.2. Galetta - a ms-windows cookies analyzer
- 10.3. Pasco - a ms-windows IExplorer cache analyzer
- 10.4. Rifiuti - a ms-windows trashcan analyzer
- 10.5. mdbtools - playing with MS mdb access databases
- 10.6. antiword - show the text and images of MS Word documents
- 10.7. exiftool - metadata extractor (over 400 file types)
- 10.8. extract - keyword extractor
- 10.9. lslnk - list link file metadata information
- 10.10. pref.pl - list prefetch directory information
- 10.11. reglookup
- 10.12. vinetto - parse thumbs.db files

10.13. Windows Event Log Analysis

10.13.1. GroKEVT - parse windows event logs

10.13.1.1. <http://projects.sentinelchicken.org/grokevt/>

10.13.2. Evtxtools - Parse EVTX event logs

10.13.2.1. http://computer.forensikblog.de/en/2010/02/evtx_parser_1_0_3.html#more

11. Registry Analysis

11.1. recover_deleted_registry_keys.pl - recover unallocated keys and key slack from a registry hive

11.2. ripxp.pl - Windows XP Restore Point Parser

11.2.1. 1.1.1. www.regripper.net

11.3. rip.pl - regripper

11.3.1. www.regripper.net

11.3.2. Regripper Plugins

11.3.2.1. appinitdls [Software] - Gets contents of AppInit_DLLs value

11.3.2.2. cmd_shell [Software] - Gets shell open cmds for various file types

11.3.2.3. mspaper [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets images listed in user's MSPaper key

11.3.2.4. usb [System] - Get USB subkeys info; csv output

11.3.2.5. acmru [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's ACMru key

11.3.2.6. logonusername [NTUSER.DAT] - Get user's Logon User Name value

11.3.2.7. winzip [NTUSER.DAT] - Get WinZip extract and filemenu values

11.3.2.8. controlpanel [NTUSER.DAT] - Look for RecentTask* values in ControlPanel key (Vista)

11.3.2.9. mountdev2 [System] - Return contents of System hive MountedDevices key

11.3.2.10. recentdocs [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's RecentDocs key

11.3.2.11. adoberdr [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets user's Adobe Reader cRecentFiles values

11.3.2.12. usbstor2 [System] - Get USBStor key info; csv output

11.3.2.13. bitbucket [Software] - Get HKLM\...\BitBucket keys\values

11.3.2.14. muicache [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets EXEs from user's MUICache key

11.3.2.15. bho [Software] - Gets Browser Helper Objects from Software hive

11.3.2.16. listsoft [NTUSER.DAT] - Lists contents of user's Software key

11.3.2.17. user_win [NTUSER.DAT] - --

11.3.2.18. applets [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's Applets key

11.3.2.19. mmc [NTUSER.DAT] - Get contents of user's MMC\Recent File List key

11.3.2.20. tsclient [NTUSER.DAT] - Displays contents of user's Terminal Server Client\Default key

11.3.2.21. apppaths [Software] - Gets content of App Paths key

11.3.2.22. timezone [System] - Get TimeZoneInformation key contents

11.3.2.23. logon_xp_run [NTUSER.DAT] - Autostart - Get XP user logon Run key contents from NTUSER.DAT hive

11.3.2.24. auditpol [Security] - Get audit policy from the Security hive file

11.3.2.25. devclass [System] - Get USB device info from the DeviceClasses keys in the System hive

11.3.2.26. winlogon [Software] - Get values from the WinLogon key

11.3.2.27. shutdown [System] - Gets ShutdownTime value from System hive

11.3.2.28. typedurls [NTUSER.DAT] - Returns contents of user's TypedURLs key.

11.3.2.29. comdlg32 [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's ComDlg32 key

11.3.2.30. winnt_cv v.20080609 [Software]- Get and display the contents of the Windows\CurrentVersion key

11.3.2.31. network [System] - Gets info from System\Control\Network GUIDs

11.3.2.32. vista_bitbucket [NTUSER.DAT] - Get BitBucket settings from Vista via NTUSER.DAT

- 11.3.2.33. mountdev [System] - Return contents of System hive MountedDevices key
- 11.3.2.34. ssid [Software] - Get WZCSVC SSID Info
- 11.3.2.35. regtime [All] - Dumps entire hive, all keys sorted by LastWrite time
- 11.3.2.36. usbstor [System] - Get USBStor key info
- 11.3.2.37. aim [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets info from the AOL Instant Messenger (not AIM) instal
- 11.3.2.38. compdesc [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's ComputerDescriptions key
- 11.3.2.39. fileexts [NTUSER.DAT] - Get user FileExts values
- 11.3.2.40. mp2 [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets user's MountPoints2 key contents
- 11.3.2.41. shares [System] - Get list of shares from System hive file
- 11.3.2.42. realplayer6 [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets user's RealPlayer v6 MostRecentClips(Default) values
- 11.3.2.43. services [System] - Lists services/drivers in Services key by LastWrite times
- 11.3.2.44. uninstall [Software] - Gets contents of Uninstall key from Software hive
- 11.3.2.45. ide [System] - Get IDE device info from the System hive file
- 11.3.2.46. mndmru [NTUSER.DAT] - Get contents of user's Map Network Drive MRU
- 11.3.2.47. user_run [NTUSER.DAT] - Autostart - get Run key contents from NTUSER.DAT hive
- 11.3.2.48. userassist [NTUSER.DAT] - Displays contents of UserAssist Active Desktop key
- 11.3.2.49. imagedev [System] - --
- 11.3.2.50. networkcards [Software] - Get NetworkCards
- 11.3.2.51. wallpaper [NTUSER.DAT] - Parses Wallpaper MRU Entries
- 11.3.2.52. profilelist [Software] - Get content of ProfileList key
- 11.3.2.53. compname [System] - Gets ComputerName value from System hive
- 11.3.2.54. fw_config [System] - Gets the Windows Firewall config from the System hive
- 11.3.2.55. vncviewer [NTUSER.DAT] - Get VNCViewer system list
- 11.3.2.56. assoc [Software] - Get list of file ext associations
- 11.3.2.57. shutdowncount [System] - Retrieves ShutDownCount value
- 11.3.2.58. userinit [Software] - Gets UserInit value
- 11.3.2.59. svc [System] - Lists services/drivers in Services key by LastWrite times, short format
- 11.3.2.60. imagefile [Software] - Gets Image File Execution Options subkeys w/ Debugger value
- 11.3.2.61. removdev [Software] - Parses Windows Portable Devices key (Vista)
- 11.3.2.62. mrt [Software] - Check to see if Malicious Software Removal Tool has been run
- 11.3.2.63. samparse [SAM] - Parse SAM file for user/group mbrshp info
- 11.3.2.64. snapshot [Software] - Check ActiveX comp kill bit; Access Snapshot
- 11.3.2.65. termserv [System] - Gets fDenyTSConnections value from System hive
- 11.3.2.66. nic_mst2 [System] - Gets NICs from System hive; looks for MediaType = 2
- 11.3.2.67. mpmru [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets user's Media Player RecentFileList values
- 11.3.2.68. officedocs [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's Office doc MRU keys
- 11.3.2.69. winrar [NTUSER.DAT] - Get WinRAR\ArchHistory entries
- 11.3.2.70. runmru [NTUSER.DAT] - Gets contents of user's RunMRU key
- 11.3.2.71. soft_run [Software] - Autostart - get Run key contents from Software hive

12. RAM Analysis

12.1. pdfbook - extract facebook chats from ram

- 12.1.1. <http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2009/11/20/facebook-memory-forensics/>

12.2. pdgmail - extract gmail from ram

- 12.2.1. <http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2008/10/20/pdgmail-new-tool-for-gmail-memory-forensics/>

12.3. pdymail - extrat yahoo mail from ram

- 12.3.1. <http://blogs.sans.org/computer-forensics/2009/01/12/pdymail-yahoo-mail-in-memory/>
- 12.4. skypeex - recover skype chat from ram
 - 12.4.1. <http://nickfurneaux.blogspot.com/2010/03/skype-chat-carver-from-ram-skypeex.html>
- 12.5. [volatility](https://www.volatilesystems.com/default/volatility) - <https://www.volatilesystems.com/default/volatility>
 - 12.5.1. connections Print list of open connections
 - 12.5.2. connscan Scan for connection objects
 - 12.5.3. connscan2 Scan for connection objects (New)
 - 12.5.4. datetime Get date/time information for image
 - 12.5.5. dlllist Print list of loaded dlls for each process
 - 12.5.6. dmp2raw Convert a crash dump to a raw dump
 - 12.5.7. dmpchk Dump crash dump information
 - 12.5.8. files Print list of open files for each process
 - 12.5.9. hiberninfo Convert hibernation file to linear raw image
 - 12.5.10. ident Identify image properties
 - 12.5.11. memdmp Dump the addressable memory for a process
 - 12.5.12. memmap Print the memory map
 - 12.5.13. modscan Scan for modules
 - 12.5.14. modscan2 Scan for module objects (New)
 - 12.5.15. modules Print list of loaded modules
 - 12.5.16. procdump Dump a process to an executable sample
 - 12.5.17. pslist Print list of running processes
 - 12.5.18. psscan Scan for EPROCESS objects
 - 12.5.19. psscan2 Scan for process objects (New)
 - 12.5.20. raw2dmp Convert a raw dump to a crash dump
 - 12.5.21. regobjkeys Print list of open regkeys for each process
 - 12.5.22. sockets Print list of open sockets
 - 12.5.23. sockscan Scan for socket objects
 - 12.5.24. sockscan2 Scan for socket objects (New)
 - 12.5.25. strings Match physical offsets to virtual addresses (may take a while, VERY verbose)
 - 12.5.26. thrdsan Scan for ETHREAD objects
 - 12.5.27. thrdsan2 Scan for thread objects (New)
 - 12.5.28. vaddump Dump the Vad sections to files
 - 12.5.29. vadinfo Dump the VAD info
 - 12.5.30. vadwalk Walk the vad tree
- 12.6. volatility plugins
 - 12.6.1. apihooks [VAP] Detect API hooks in user and/or kernel space
 - 12.6.2. cachedump Dump (decrypted) domain hashes from the registry
 - 12.6.3. cryptoscan Find TrueCrypt passphrases
 - 12.6.4. driverscan Scan for driver objects
 - 12.6.5. fileobjscan Scan for file objects
 - 12.6.6. getsids Print the SIDs owning each process
 - 12.6.7. hashdump Dump (decrypted) LM and NT hashes from the registry
 - 12.6.8. hivedump Dump registry hives to CSV
 - 12.6.9. hivelist Print list of registry hives
 - 12.6.10. hivescan Scan for _CMHIVE objects (registry hives)
 - 12.6.11. idt [VAP] Print Interrupt Descriptor Table (IDT) entries

- 12.6.12. keyboardbuffer Print BIOS keyboard buffer
- 12.6.13. ldr_modules [VAP] Detect unlinked LDR_MODULE using mapped file names
- 12.6.14. lsadump Dump (decrypted) LSA secrets from the registry
- 12.6.15. malfind Dump and rebuild executables
- 12.6.16. malfind2 [VAP] Detect hidden and injected code
- 12.6.17. moddump Dump loaded kernel modules to disk.
- 12.6.18. mutantscan Scan for mutant (mutex) objects
- 12.6.19. orphan_threads [VAP] Find kernel threads that don't map back to loaded modules
- 12.6.20. printkey Print a registry key, and its subkeys and values
- 12.6.21. pstree
- 12.6.22. ssdt Display SSDT entries
- 12.6.23. suspicious Find suspicious command lines and display them
- 12.6.24. symlinkobjscan Scan for symbolic link objects
- 12.6.25. thread_queues Print message queues for each thread
- 12.6.26. volshell Shell in the memory image
- 13. Data Carving
 - 13.1. foremost - carve files based on headers/footers/max length
 - 13.2. magicresuce
 - 13.3. safecopy
 - 13.4. testdisk
 - 13.5. rapier -
- 14. Compression Tools
 - 14.1. p7zip - Wrapper on 7zr, a 7-zip file archiver with high compression ratio
 - 14.2. rar - archive files with compression
 - 14.3. unrar - extract files from rar archives
 - 14.4. gzrecover
 - 14.5. bzip/bzip2
- 15. Malware Analysis
 - 15.1. yara - yara - find files matching patterns and rules written in a special-purpose language
- 16. PDF Tools
 - 16.1. pdfid.py - differentiate between PDF documents that could be malicious and those that are most likely not
 - 16.1.1. <http://blog.didierstevens.com/2009/03/31/pdfid/>
 - 16.2. pdf-parser.py - parse a PDF document to identify the fundamental elements used in the analyzed file
 - 16.2.1. <http://blog.didierstevens.com/programs/pdf-tools/>
 - 16.2.2. <http://blog.didierstevens.com/2008/10/20/analyzing-a-malicious-pdf-file/>
 - 16.3. make-pdf-javascript.py - create a simple PDF document with embedded JavaScript that will execute upon opening of the PDF document
 - 16.3.1. <http://blog.didierstevens.com/programs/pdf-tools/>
 - 16.4. pdftohtml - program to convert pdf files into html, xml and png images
 - 16.5. pdfinfo - Portable Document Format (PDF) document information extractor
 - 16.6. pdfimages - Portable Document Format (PDF) image extractor
 - 16.7. pdftotext - Portable Document Format (PDF) to text converter
- 17. F-Response Compatibility
 - 17.1. iSCSI
- 18. GUI Forensic Analysis

- 18.1. Autopsy
 - 18.1.1. <http://www.sleuthkit.org/autopsy/>
- 18.2. PTK
 - 18.2.1. <http://ptk.dflabs.com/>
- 18.3. PyFLAG
 - 18.3.1. <http://www.pyflag.net/cgi-bin/moin.cgi>
- 19. Anti-Virus
 - 19.1. ClamAV - Anti-Virus
 - 19.1.1. <http://www.clamav.net/lang/en/>
 - 19.2. rkhunter - Rootkit Hunter
 - 19.2.1. <http://www.rootkit.nl/>
 - 19.3. chkrootkit
 - 19.3.1. <http://www.chkrootkit.org/>
- 20. Password Crackers
 - 20.1. CmosPwd - BIOS Cracker 5.0
 - 20.2. john the ripper (john - a tool to find weak passwords of your users)
 - 20.3. samdump : a tool to extract password hashes from MS Windows registry files
 - 20.4. bkhive -- dumps the syskey bootkey from a Windows NT/2K/XP/Vista system hive
 - 20.5. fcrackzip - a Free/Fast Zip Password Cracker
 - 20.6. ophcrack - Cracks Windows passwords with Rainbow tables
 - 20.6.1. <http://ophcrack.sourceforge.net/>
- 21. Stego
 - 21.1. outguess - universal steganographic tool
 - 21.1.1. stegbreak
 - 21.1.2. stegcompare
 - 21.1.3. stegdeimage
 - 21.1.4. stegdetect
- 22. Crypto
 - 22.1. cryptcat - twofish encryption enabled version of nc
 - 22.2. outguess - universal steganographic tool
 - 22.3. bcrypt - blowfish file encryption
 - 22.4. ccrypt - encrypt and decrypt files and streams
- 23. Mail
 - 23.1. readpst - convert PST (MS Outlook Personal Folders) files to mbox and other formats
 - 23.2. bulk_extractor - create histogram of email addresses on a hard drive
- 24. Network Forensics
 - 24.1. Snort - open source network intrusion detection system
 - 24.2. tcpdump - dump traffic on a network
 - 24.3. wireshark - Interactively dump and analyze network traffic
 - 24.4. ettercap - A multipurpose sniffer/contet filter for man in the middle attacks
 - 24.5. driftnet - capture images from network traffic and display them in an Xwindow; optionally, capture audio streams and play them.
 - 24.6. tcpreplay - Replay network traffic stored in pcap files
 - 24.7. tcpextract - extract files from captured network packets
 - 24.8. tcptrack - Monitor TCP connections on the network
 - 24.9. tcpflow - TCP flow recorder

- 24.10. p0f - identify remote systems passively
- 24.11. arping - send ARP REQUEST to a neighbour host
- 24.12. ngrep - network grep
- 24.13. netwox - examples/tools of the network library netwib
- 24.14. lft - display the route packets take to a network host/socket; optionally show heuristic network information in transit
- 24.15. netsed - network packet stream editor
- 24.16. socat - Multipurpose relay (SOcket CAT)
- 24.17. oftcat - OFT package, which is a package created by AIM when sending files over the network
- 24.18. pcapcat - reads a PCAP file and prints out all the connections in the file and gives the user the option of dumping the content of the TCP stream
- 24.19. findsmtpinfo.py - cript creates a report of the SMTP information, stores any emails in msg format, stores any attachments from the emails, decompresses them if they are a compressed format (zip, docx), checks MD5 hashes of all files including the msg files
- 25. Network Scanning
 - 25.1. knocker - An easy to use network security port scanner
 - 25.2. nikto - web security scanner
 - 25.3. nbtscan - program for scanning networks for NetBIOS name information
- 26. Utilities
 - 26.1. winexe - psexec for linux
 - 26.1.1. <http://eol.ovh.org/winexe/>
 - 26.2. ent - entropy calculator
 - 26.3. rdesktop - Remote Desktop Protocol client
 - 26.4. seahorse - manage and examine key files
 - 26.5. uni2ascii - convert UTF-8 Unicode to various 7-bit ASCII representations
 - 26.6. sqlite - A command line interface for SQLite
 - 26.7. bless - hex editor
 - 26.8. ghex2 - hex editor

If you have any questions about the SIFT Workstation, please email the creator and author Rob Lee rlee@sans.org with upgrade requests and questions.

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If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
(at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
along with this program. If not, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an
interactive mode:

<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.

This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it

under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an “about box”.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a “copyright disclaimer” for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

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