4 dof Hamiltonian differential equations

1 Hamiltonian & Scaling

Let m_1 denote the inner planet and m_2 denote the outer planet.

$$H = -\frac{GMm_1}{2a_1} - \frac{GMm_2}{2a_2} - \frac{Gm_1m_2}{a_2} \left(f_1 e_1 \cos \theta_1 + f_2 e_2 \cos \theta_2 \right) \tag{1}$$

$$\theta = (j+1)\lambda_2 - j\lambda_1$$

$$\theta_1 = (j+1)\lambda_2 - j\lambda_1 + \gamma_1$$

$$\theta_2 = (j+1)\lambda_2 - j\lambda_1 + \gamma_2$$

$$q = \frac{m_1}{m_2}$$

$$a_0 = a_{2,\text{init}}$$

$$H_0 = \frac{GMm_2}{a_0}$$

$$\omega_0 = n_{2,\text{init}} = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{a_0^3}}$$

$$\Lambda_0 = m_2 \sqrt{GMa_0}$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{a_1}{a_0}$$

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{a_2}{a_0}$$

$$\Lambda_1 = q\sqrt{\alpha_1}$$

$$\Lambda_2 = \sqrt{\alpha_2}$$

$$x_1 = \Gamma_1 \cos(\gamma_1)$$

$$y_1 = \Gamma_1 \sin(\gamma_1)$$

$$x_2 = \Gamma_2 \cos(\gamma_2)$$

$$y_2 = \Gamma_2 \sin(\gamma_2)$$

2 Resonant Equations of Motion

$$\overline{H} = -\frac{q^3}{2\Lambda_1^2} - \frac{1}{2\Lambda_2^2} - \frac{q\mu_2}{\Lambda_2^2} \left(f_1 \sqrt{\frac{2\Gamma_1}{\Lambda_1}} \cos \theta_1 + f_2 \sqrt{\frac{2\Gamma_2}{\Lambda_2}} \cos \theta_2 \right)$$
 (2)

Note: $f_1 = -A, f_2 = -B$

Integration variables: $(\theta, \Lambda_1, \Lambda_2, x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2)$

$$\dot{\lambda}_1 = \frac{1}{\alpha_1^{3/2}} + \frac{\mu_2 f_1 e_1}{2\alpha_2 \alpha_1^{1/2}} \cos \theta_1 \tag{3}$$

$$\dot{\lambda}_2 = \frac{1}{\alpha_2^{3/2}} + \frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2^{3/2}} \left(2f_1 e_1 \cos \theta_1 + \frac{5}{2} f_2 e_2 \cos \theta_2 \right) \tag{4}$$

$$\dot{\Lambda}_1 = \frac{jq\mu_2}{\alpha_2} \left(f_1 e_1 \sin \theta_1 + f_2 e_2 \sin \theta_2 \right) \tag{5}$$

$$\dot{\Lambda}_2 = -\frac{(j+1)q\mu_2}{\alpha_2} \left(f_1 e_1 \sin \theta_1 + f_2 e_2 \sin \theta_2 \right)$$
 (6)

$$\dot{\gamma}_1 = \frac{-\mu_2}{\sqrt{\alpha_1 \alpha_2 e_1}} f_1 \cos \theta_1 \tag{7}$$

$$\dot{\gamma}_2 = -\frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2^{3/2} e_2} f_2 \cos \theta_2 \tag{8}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma}_1 = -\frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2} f_1 e_1 \sin \theta_1 \tag{9}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma}_2 = -\frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2} f_2 e_2 \sin \theta_2 \tag{10}$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = \dot{\Gamma}_1 \cos(\gamma_1) - \Gamma_1 \sin(\gamma_1) \dot{\gamma}_1 \tag{11}$$

$$\dot{y}_1 = \dot{\Gamma}_1 \sin(\gamma_1) + \Gamma_1 \cos(\gamma_1) \dot{\gamma}_1 \tag{12}$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = \dot{\Gamma}_2 \cos(\gamma_2) - \Gamma_2 \sin(\gamma_2) \dot{\gamma}_2 \tag{13}$$

$$\dot{y}_2 = \dot{\Gamma}_2 \sin(\gamma_2) + \Gamma_2 \cos(\gamma_2) \dot{\gamma}_2 \tag{14}$$

3 Secular Equations of Motion

$$\overline{H}_{\text{sec}} = -\frac{q\mu_2}{\Lambda_2^2} \left(\frac{2C\Gamma_1}{\Lambda_1} + \frac{2C\Gamma_2}{\Lambda_2} + D\sqrt{\frac{2\Gamma_1}{\Lambda_1}} \sqrt{\frac{2\Gamma_2}{\Lambda_2}} \cos(\gamma_1 - \gamma_2) \right)$$
(15)

$$\dot{\lambda}_1 = \frac{\mu_2}{\alpha_2 \sqrt{\alpha_1}} \left(Ce_1^2 + \frac{De_1 e_2}{2} \cos\left(\gamma_1 - \gamma_2\right) \right) \tag{16}$$

$$\dot{\lambda}_2 = \frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2^{3/2}} \left(2Ce_1^2 + 3Ce_2^2 + \frac{5}{2}De_1e_2\cos(\gamma_1 - \gamma_2) \right)$$
 (17)

$$\dot{\Gamma}_1 = \frac{q\mu_2 D e_1 e_2}{\alpha_2} \sin\left(\gamma_2 - \gamma_1\right) \tag{18}$$

$$\dot{\Gamma}_2 = \frac{q\mu_2 D e_1 e_2}{\alpha_2} \sin\left(\gamma_1 - \gamma_2\right) \tag{19}$$

$$\dot{\gamma}_1 = -\frac{\mu_2}{\alpha_2 \sqrt{\alpha_1}} \left(2C + D \frac{e_2}{e_1} \right) \tag{20}$$

$$\dot{\gamma}_2 = -\frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2^{3/2}} \left(2C + D \frac{e_1}{e_2} \right) \tag{21}$$

4 Dissipation

Parameters: $(T_{m,2}, T_{e,1}, T_{e,2})$; i.e. $T_{m,1} = \infty$; $T_e > 0$; $T_m < 0$

$$\dot{\Lambda}_{1,\text{dis}} = -\frac{\Lambda_1}{2} \left(\frac{4\Gamma_1}{\Lambda_1 T_{e,1}} \right) \tag{22}$$

$$\dot{\Lambda}_{2,\text{dis}} = \frac{\Lambda_1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{T_{m,2}} - \frac{4\Gamma_2}{\Lambda_2 T_{e,2}} \right) \tag{23}$$

$$\dot{x}_{1,\text{dis}} = -\sqrt{\Gamma_2}\cos(\gamma_1) \left(\frac{1}{T_{e,1}} + \frac{\Gamma_1}{T_{e,1}\Lambda_1}\right)$$
(24)

$$\dot{y}_{1,\text{dis}} = -\sqrt{\Gamma_2}\sin(\gamma_1) \left(\frac{1}{T_{e,1}} + \frac{\Gamma_1}{T_{e,1}\Lambda_1}\right) \tag{25}$$

$$\dot{x}_{2,\text{dis}} = \sqrt{\Gamma_2 \cos(\gamma_2)} \left(-\frac{1}{T_{e,2}} + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{T_{m,2}} - \frac{4\Gamma_2}{T_{e,2}\Lambda_2} \right) \right)$$
(26)

$$\dot{y}_{2,\text{dis}} = \sqrt{\Gamma_2} \sin(\gamma_2) \left(-\frac{1}{T_{e,2}} + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{T_{m,2}} - \frac{4\Gamma_2}{T_{e,2}\Lambda_2} \right) \right)$$
(27)

5 Equilibrium

$$\dot{e}_1 = \frac{\mu_2}{\alpha_2} [f_1 \sin(\theta_1) - De_2 \sin(\gamma_2 - \gamma_1)] - \frac{(e_1 - e_{1,d})}{T_{e,1}}$$
(28)

$$\dot{e}_2 = \frac{q\mu_2}{\alpha_2} [f_2 \sin(\theta_2) - De_1 \sin(\gamma_1 - \gamma_2)] - \frac{(e_2 - e_{2,d})}{T_{e,2}}$$
(29)

$$\dot{\varpi}_1 - \dot{\varpi}_2 = \frac{\mu_2}{\alpha_2} \left(\frac{f_1 \cos \theta_1}{\alpha_1^{1/2} e_1} - \frac{q f_2 \cos \theta_2}{\alpha_2^{1/2} e_2} + \frac{2C}{\alpha_1^{1/2}} + \frac{De_2}{\alpha_1^{1/2} e_1} - \frac{2qC}{\alpha_2^{1/2}} - \frac{qDe_1}{\alpha_2^{1/2} e_2} \right)$$
(30)

$$\begin{split} \dot{\eta} &= \frac{q\alpha_0^{1/2}}{j(q\alpha_0^{-1}+1)} \bigg[\frac{1}{T_{m2}} - \frac{1}{T_{m1}} + \frac{2e_1^2}{T_{e1}} - \frac{2e_2^2}{T_{e2}} \bigg] - q\alpha_0^{1/2} \frac{2e_1^2}{T_{e1}} - \frac{2e_2^2}{T_{e2}} \\ &+ \underbrace{\left(q \frac{\mu_2 \sin(\varpi_1 - \varpi_2)}{\alpha_2^{3/2}} De_1 e_2 + q \frac{\mu_2 \sin(\varpi_2 - \varpi_1)}{\alpha_2^{3/2}} De_1 e_2 \right)}_{\text{secular contributions}} \end{split}$$