

Morse Code LED

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Requirements

1. Take string input from user
 - a. No special characters permitted
2. Display string in morse code using Arduino with LED
3. Replay morse code on LED until a specified input is received ('~')
 - a. I chose ~ since its a simple way to get platform agnosticism compared to something like ctrl-z which may differ in keys pressed from Mac to Windows, etc. A simple compromise to make that saves potential headaches

Design

- Taking input from user
 - Using built in static method `Serial.readStringUntil('\n')`
 - Error handling by explicitly checking for special characters from user and exiting upon invalid input
- Custom non-blocking delay function to implement software interrupt
 - Not quite as low level as an instruction set level interrupt, but suffices for this project, since it only must simply appear to the user as being interrupted
 - In other situations, interrupts may need to be made on a lower level (e.g. hardware) to meet requirements
 - Rather than using built in `delay()` function, this custom one actively checks serial port while delaying

```
// Non-blocking delay function using millis()
void nonBlockingDelay(int duration) {
    unsigned long startTime = millis();
    while (millis() - startTime < duration) {
        // During this time, check for interrupts
        if (Serial.available()) {
            String interruptCheck = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
            if (interruptCheck.indexOf('~') != -1) {
                Serial.println("Interrupt received, stopping...");
                stopExecution = true;
                return;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

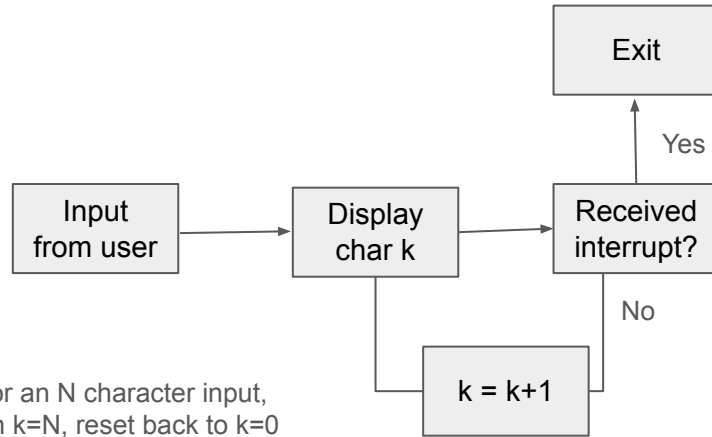
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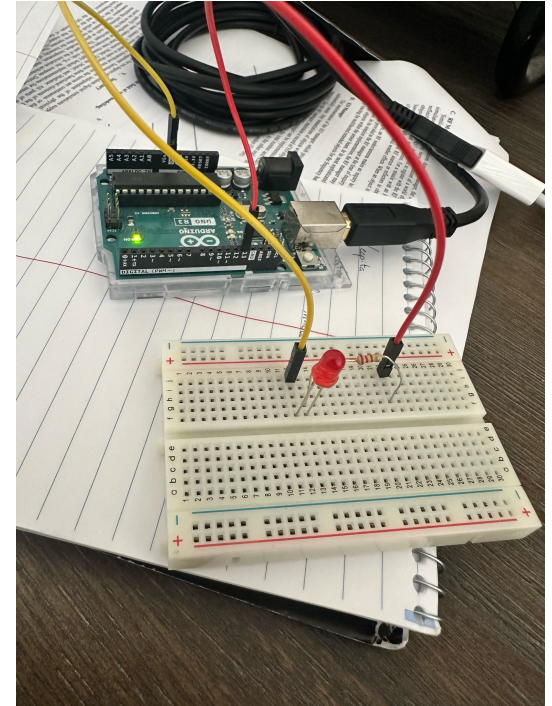
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void nonBlockingDelay(int duration) {
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        if (Serial.available()) {
            String interruptCheck = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
            if (interruptCheck.indexOf('~') != -1) {
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            }
        }
    }
}
```

Implementation

- Simple Arduino circuit with only an LED and load resistor
- Logic:



***For an N character input,
when $k=N$, reset back to $k=0$



Full Code

```

1 const int ledPin = 13; // LED connected to digital pin 13
2 const int dotDuration = 300; // Duration of a dot in milliseconds
3 const int dashDuration = 600; // Duration of a dash in milliseconds
4 const int letterSpace = 200; // Space between letters
5 const int wordSpace = 1400; // Space between words
6
7 volatile bool stopExecution = false; // Interrupt flag to stop execution
8
9 const char* morseTable[36] = {
10     "._", "...", "._.", "...", "._.", "...", "...", "...", "...",
11     "._.", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...",
12     "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...",
13     "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...", "...",
14 };
15
16 void setup() {
17     pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
18     Serial.begin(9600);
19     Serial.println("Enter a string to display in Morse Code (enter '~' to exit):");
20 }
21
22 void loop() {
23     if (Serial.available()) {
24         String input = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
25
26         // Check for '~' to trigger stop
27         if (input.indexOf('~') != -1) {
28             Serial.println("Interrupt received, stopping...");
29             stopExecution = true; // Set the flag to stop further execution
30             return; // Exit the loop
31         }
32
33         // Reset the stop flag before processing input
34         stopExecution = false;
35
36         Serial.println("Displaying in Morse Code:");
37         for (int i = 0; i < input.length(); i++) {
38             // Check if interrupt is triggered while processing
39             if (Serial.available()) {
40                 String interruptCheck = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
41                 if (interruptCheck.indexOf('~') != -1) {
42                     Serial.println("Interrupt received during processing, stopping...");
43                     stopExecution = true;
44                     break; // Break out of the loop
45                 }
46             }
47
48             if (stopExecution) {
49                 Serial.println("Execution stopped");
50                 return;
51             }
52         }
53     }
54 }

```

```

char c = toupper(input[i]);
if (c == ' ') {
    nonBlockingDelay(wordSpace);
} else {
    int index = c - 'A';
    if (index >= 0 && index < 26) {
        displayMorse(morseTable[index]);
    } else if (c >= '0' && c <= '9') {
        displayMorse(morseTable[c - '0' + 26]);
    }
    nonBlockingDelay(letterSpace);
}
}
}

void displayMorse(const char* morse) {
    for (int i = 0; morse[i] != '\0'; i++) {
        // Check for '~' during Morse code output
        if (Serial.available()) {
            String interruptCheck = Serial.readStringUntil('\n');
            if (interruptCheck.indexOf('~') != -1) {
                Serial.println("Interrupt received during Morse code output, stopping...");
                stopExecution = true;
                return;
            }
        }

        if (stopExecution) {
            Serial.println("Execution stopped during Morse code output");
            return;
        }

        if (morse[i] == '.') {
            digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
            nonBlockingDelay(dotDuration);
        } else if (morse[i] == '-') {
            digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
            nonBlockingDelay(dashDuration);
        }
        digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
        nonBlockingDelay(dotDuration); // Space between dots and dashes
    }
}

```