

CSCI 3104 Algorithms Homework 2

1. Recursive multiplication algorithm input m-bit number x and n-bit number y. There is a total of $O(m)$ bit operation performed each recursive call, and a total of n recursive calls because every call to multiply(x,y) the y is halved, $y/2$, removing one bit size each time until it gets to 0. This means the total time will be $n*O(m)$ or $O(n*m)$.
2. Compute gcd(770, 546)
 - a. Factorization: $770 = 2*5*7*11$, $546 = 2*3*7*13$, then $\text{gcd} = 2*7 = 14$
 - b. Euclid algorithm: $\text{gcd}(x,y) = \text{gcd}(x \bmod y, y) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(770, 546) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(546, 770 \bmod 546) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(546, 224) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(224, 546 \bmod 224) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(224, 98) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(98, 224 \bmod 98) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(98, 28) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(28, 98 \bmod 28) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(28, 14) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(14, 28 \bmod 14) \Rightarrow \text{Euclid}(14, 0) \Rightarrow \text{gcd} = 14$
 - c. Extended Euclid algorithm: $d = \text{gcd}(a, b)$ if $d = ax + by \Rightarrow d = ay' + b(x' - \lfloor a/b \rfloor y') \Rightarrow \text{gcd}(770, 546) = 770(1) + 546(0) = 770$ return (1, 0, 770) $\Rightarrow 770(0) + 546(1) = 546$ return (0, 1, 546) $\Rightarrow 770(1) + 546(0 - 1*1) = 224$ return (1, -1, 224) $\Rightarrow 770(0 - (2*1)) + 546(1 - (2*-1)) = 98$ return (-2, 3, 98) $\Rightarrow 770(1 - (2*-2)) + 546(-1 - (2*3)) = 28$ return (5, -7, 28) $\Rightarrow 770(-2 - (3*5)) + 546(3 - (3*-7)) = 14$ return (-17, 24, 14) $\Rightarrow 770(5 - (2*-17)) + 546(-7 - (2*24)) = 0$ return (39, -55, 0) thus answer is last non-zero step for d which is (x, y, d) = (-17, 24, 14).
3. Modulo: $7^{7293} \bmod 342 = (7^1 * 7^4 * 7^8 * 7^{16} * 7^{32} * 7^{64} * 7^{1024} * 7^{2048} * 7^{4096}) \bmod 342 \Rightarrow (7^1 \bmod 342 * 7^4 \bmod 342 * 7^8 \bmod 342 * 7^{16} \bmod 342 * 7^{32} \bmod 342 * 7^{64} \bmod 342 * 7^{1024} \bmod 342 * 7^{2048} \bmod 342 * 7^{4096} \bmod 342) \bmod 342 \Rightarrow (7 * 7 * 49 * 7 * 49 * 7 * 7 * 49 * 7) \bmod 342 \Rightarrow (13841287201) \bmod 342 = 1$

Note: powers of 2 for $7^{(2x)} \bmod 342$ switch between remainder 49 and remainder 7

4. Python RSA cryptography runtimes

p = 3911 q = 2383

for n = 9319913

- RSA Key generator runtime = 0.001083
- Encryption runtime = 49.427872
- Decryption runtime = 66.316492

p = 3167 q = 2411

for n = 7635637

- RSA Key generator runtime = 0.001667
- Encryption runtime = 36.969782
- Decryption runtime = 34.285652

$p = 4787$ $q = 6449$

$n = 30871363$

- RSA Key generator runtime = 0.000173
- Encryption runtime = 84.424032
- Decryption runtime = 121.129739