

1. Canine Products; linear programming

a) 2 products: Frisky Pup (f) and Husky Hound (h)

f = number of Frisky Pup packages

h = number of Husky Hound packages

$$\max (7-1.40)f + (6-.60)h - (1)f - (1.5 \times 2)f - (2)h - (2)h = \max 1.60f + 1.40h$$

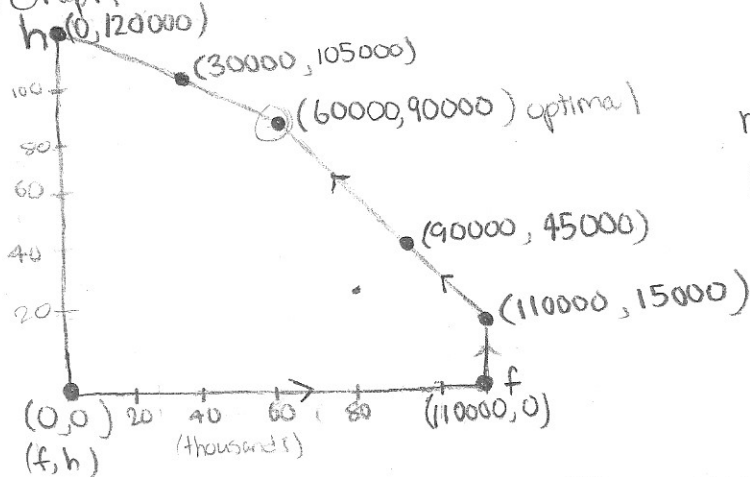
with constraints: $f \leq 110,000$ (supply constraints $\Rightarrow h \leq 120,000$)

$$f + 2h \leq 240,000$$

$$1.5f + h \leq 180,000$$

$$f, h \geq 0$$

b) Graph



Maximum profit:

$$f = 60,000; h = 90,000$$

$$\max = 1.60(60,000) + 1.4(90,000) = 222,000$$

$$\text{Profit} = \$222,000$$

2. Salad problem: variables T = grams of tomatoes per 100 grams (ie. 1g \Rightarrow .01)
 L = grams lettuce/100 grams, S = spinach/100 grams, C = carrot/100 grams, O = oil/100 grams

Objective minimize calories = $\min 21T + 17L + 370S + 345C + 883O$ under constraints: A) $.85T + 1.63L + 12.79S + 8.38C \geq 15$

$$B) 2 \leq .33T + .20L + 1.58S + 1.39C + 100.0O \leq 6$$

$$C) 4.65T + 2.37L + 73.68S + 80.70C \geq 4$$

$$D) 9.0T + 8.0L + 7.0S + 506.40C \leq 100$$

$$E) L + S \leq T + C + O; T, L, S, C, O \geq 0$$

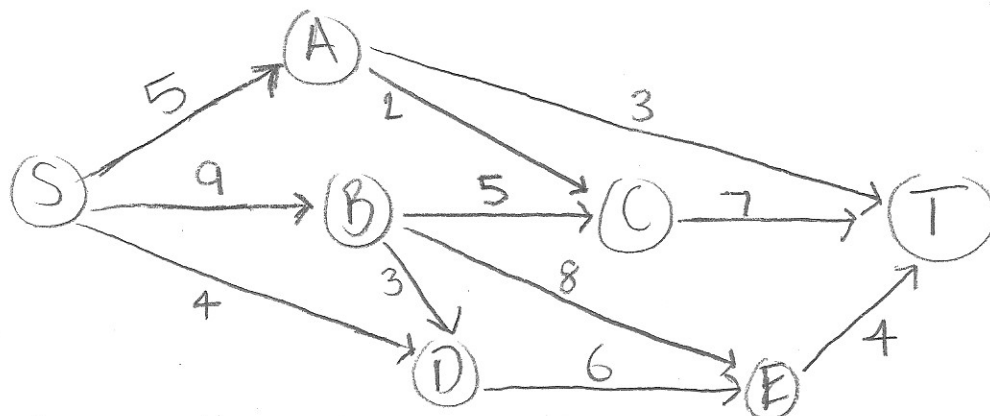
The linear program wouldn't accept case E, so I made an approximation of the average salad mass then split into two new cases: $L + S \leq (\text{avgMass}/2)$ and

$T + C + O \geq (\text{avgMass}/2)$ which produced the optimal solution

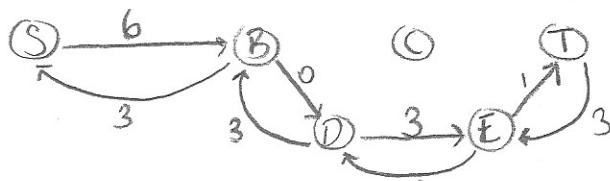
min calories = 240.235 (kcal) with $T = 6 \Rightarrow 600g$, $L = 5.71 \Rightarrow 571g$, $S = .046 \Rightarrow 4.6g$
 and $C = 0g$ and $O = 0g$.

Website: Simplex method tool www.zweigmedia.com/RealWorld/simplex.html

3.

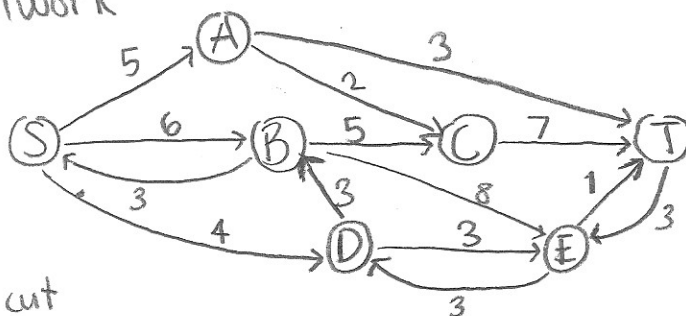


a) Augmenting path $S \rightarrow B \rightarrow D \rightarrow E \rightarrow T$: Residual capacity = 3 (B \rightarrow D)

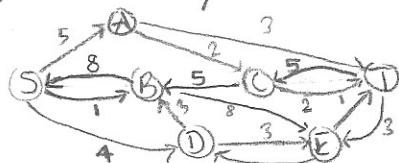


b) Maximum flow along this path = residual capacity = 3

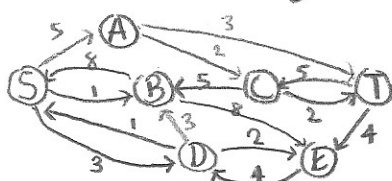
c) Residue network



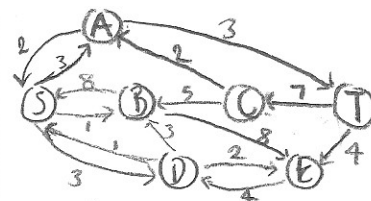
d) Max flow/min cut



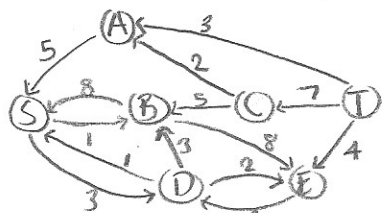
$S \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow T$ Residual: $3+5=8$



$S \rightarrow D \rightarrow E \rightarrow T$ Residual: $3+5+1=9$

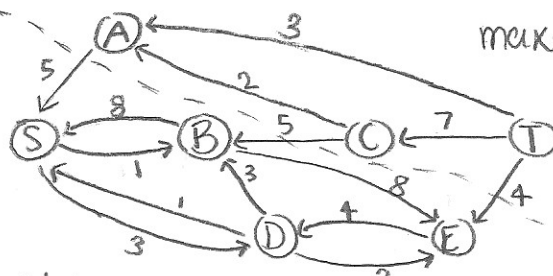


$S \rightarrow A \rightarrow C \rightarrow T$ Residual: $3+5+1+2=11$



$S \rightarrow A \rightarrow T$ Residual: $3+5+1+2+3=14$

Final Residual \Rightarrow



max flow = residual cap.

thus,

max flow = 14

L = reachable nodes in G^f ; $R = V - L$, so minimum cut $L = \{S, B, D, E\}$ and $R = \{A, C, T\}$
 min cut
 verifying $(5+5+4)=14 = \text{max flow}$ ✓

Honor Code Pledge: