

# Geography in the Field II: Mapping London

Week 08 by Justin van Dijk

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# Contents



## Why London?

It is an exciting time to be a quantitative geographer in London. The city is generating more data for us to work with than ever before. Maps, graphics and infographics about the city are everywhere more people live here than at any time in London's history. A great example of the variety of data that is available for London is captured in the book *London: The Information Capital* by James Cheshire and Oliver Uberti. As geographers, we are in a critical position both to be able to capitalise on these developments for our own research but also view them a little more critically than others who have not had the benefit of decades of social and spatial research.

The application of quantitative research methods to data about the “real-world” is at the heart of this exercise. All data are collected at a single point in time and so may become out of date, or they may be too generalised to capture the minutiae of an area. Such limitations are not as significant as they once were since we now have access to data in more detail than ever before, but this does not relinquish the need to get a sense for the broader context of the study area.

## Lecture material

You can access the Lecturecast recording here: [\[Link\]](#). The slides for this week's lecture can be downloaded here: [\[Link\]](#).

## This week

This week we will be mapping **crime hotspots** in the London boroughs of Camden and Islington. The data we will be working with for this week's task are downloaded from the [data.police.uk](http://data.police.uk) website. The release of official police crime data to the public was controversial at the time, with some people expressing concern that areas will have reputational damage, that the identities of victims would be revealed and that there would be social and economic consequences such as a fall in house prices in high crime areas. Others argued that the

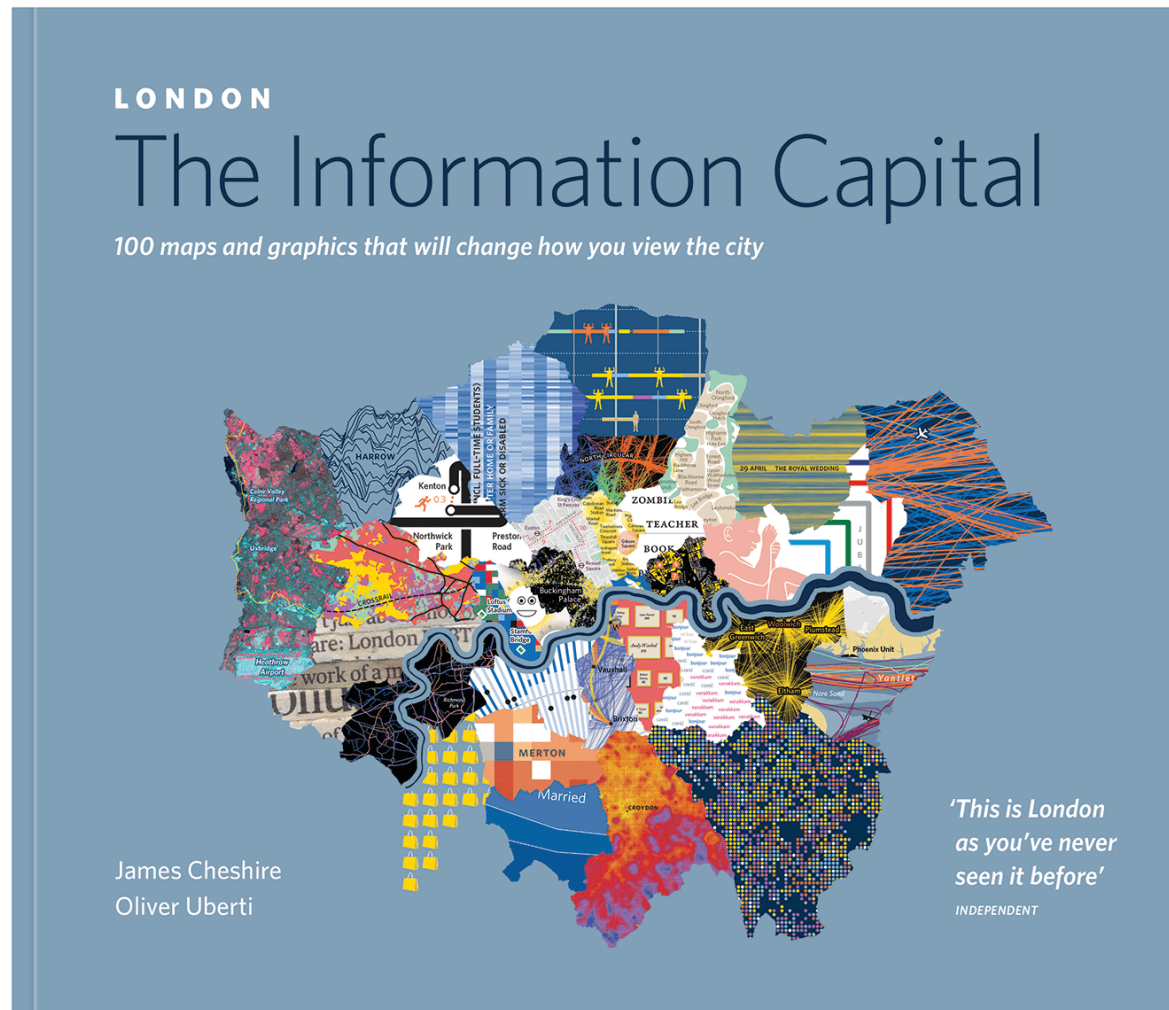


Figure 1: London: The Information Capital by Professor [James Cheshire](<https://jcheshire.com/>) and [Oliver Uberti](<https://www.oliveruberti.com/the-information-capital>).