#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund types, the County considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### **Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value, and the changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as investment revenue.

### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectable.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at their historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements which extend asset lives are capitalized and depreciated over the useful lives of the related assets, as applicable. Capital assets are capitalized if they have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and an expected useful life of over one year. When property or equipment is retired from service or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed and any resulting gain or loss is reported in the statement of activities.

Infrastructure capital assets, such as streets, built and/or acquired since fiscal year 1960 are included.

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