Thema: Diagramm - Ohm'sche Gesetz

Keywords

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✓ PYTHON ANACONDA <sup>1</sup>
       ✓ Jupyter Notebook / matplotlib / Erstellung von Diagramme

√ ChatGPT <sup>2</sup>

       ✓ Ohm'sche Gesetz U = R \times I
# Quellcode in Python
import math
import matplotlib
matplotlib.rcParams['text.usetex'] = True # Latex code
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
R1 = 1 \# Ohm
R2 = 2 \# Ohm
R3 = 3 \# Ohm
N=500
X=[x / 10 for x in range(N)] # Ampere
Y1=[R1 * i for i in X] # Spannung
Y2=[R2 * i for i in X] # Spannung
Y3=[R3 * i for i in X] # Spannung
# Latex
# Farben: Orange #F28C64 und grau2 #B2B2B2
plt.plot(X,Y1, label=r'$R_1 = 1~\Omega$', color="black")
plt.plot(X,Y2, label=r'$R_2 = 2~\Omega$', color="#A71916")#rot5 #A71916
plt.plot(X,Y3, label=r'$R_3 = 3~\Omega$', color="#0D468E")#blau5 #0D468E
plt.title(r'Ohmsche Gesetz $U = R \times I$',fontsize=12)
plt.xlabel(r'\textbf{Strom (A)}')
plt.ylabel(r'\textbf{Spannung (V)}')
plt.xlim(0,+10)
plt.ylim(0,+10)
plt.legend()
plt.savefig("Diag_Ohmsche_Gesetz.svg")
plt.show()
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https://docs.anaconda.com/free/anaconda/

²https://chat.openai.com/

Quelle: Jan Unger

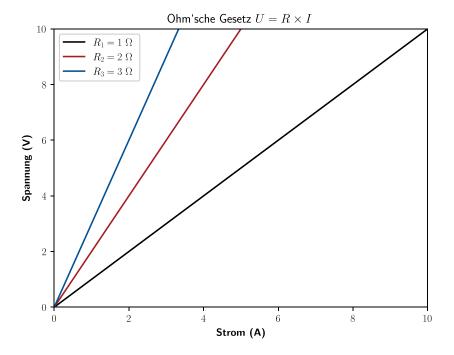


Abb. 1: Ohm'sche Gesetz