Predicting Lung Cancer Risk Levels at Home

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The Problem

Is it possible to predict lung cancer risk levels in human patients using self-reported statistics?

Answer

I developed a classification model that can accurately predict a patient's risk of lung cancer within three broad bins using self-reported statistics.

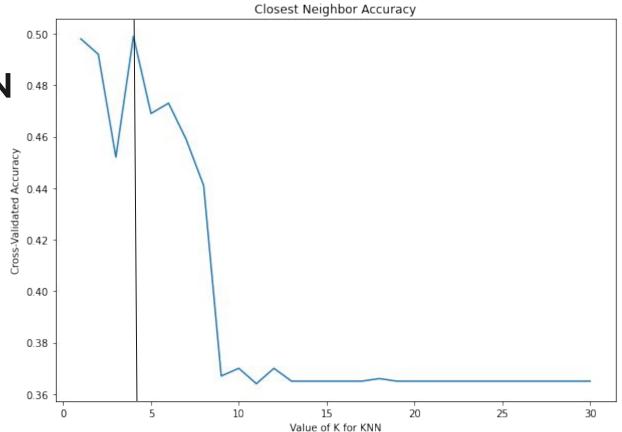
Methodology - Data Balancing

Risk Level:	Count:
Low	303
Medium	332
High	365



GridSearchCV:

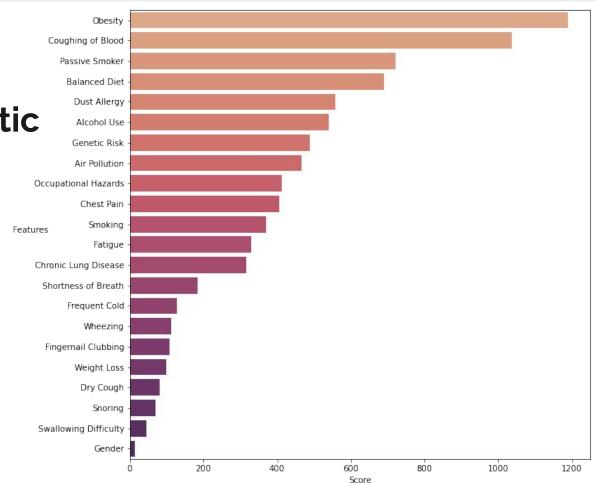
Optimal K value = 4



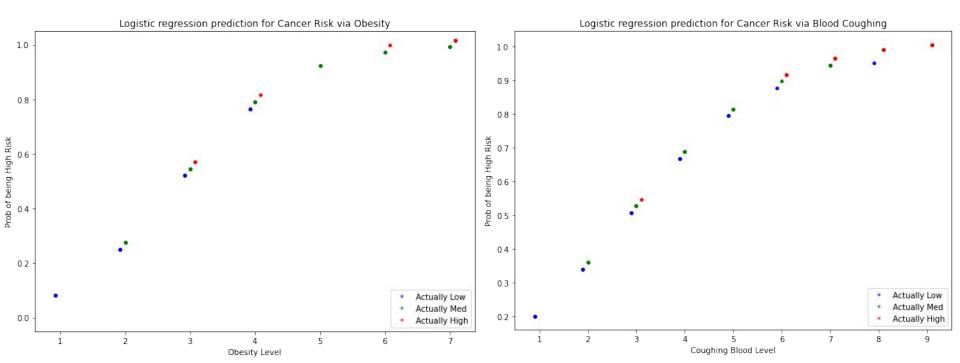
Methodology - Logistic

Logistic Models:

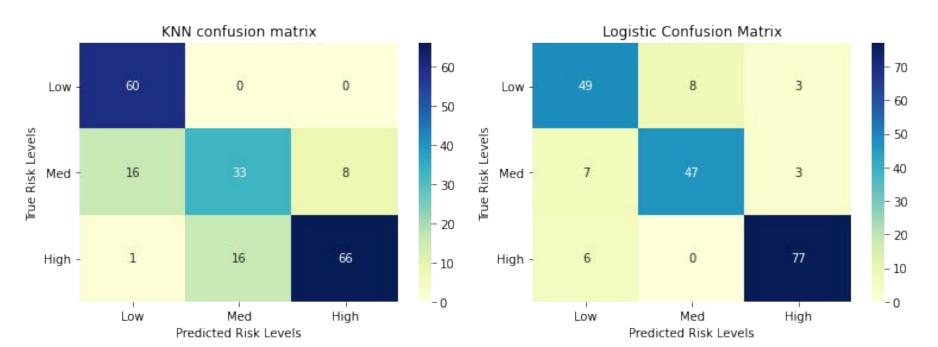
- Obesity
- Coughing of Blood



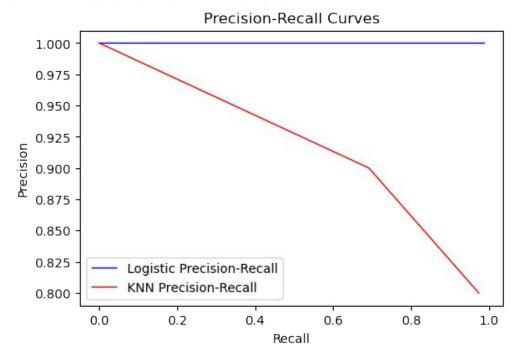
Methodology - Logistic Graphs



Methodology - Confusion Matrices



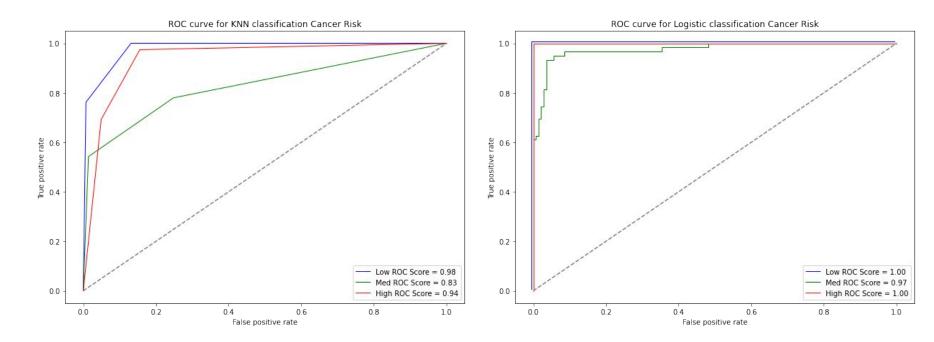
Results - Precision Recall



Methodology - Model Scores

Х	Accuracy		Precision (per class)		Recall (per class)			F1 Score (per class)			
Model	Train	Test	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
KNN	0.93	0.80	0.78	0.67	0.89	1.00	0.58	0.80	0.88	0.62	0.84
Log	0.90	0.87	0.79	0.85	0.93	0.82	0.82	0.93	0.80	0.84	0.93

Results - Binarized ROC



Conclusion - Precision vs. Recall

Precision - Calculating false negatives

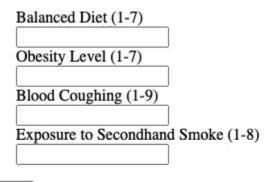
Recall - Calculating false positives

A higher recall will catch more positive cases

A decreasing threshold will increase the recall at the cost of precision

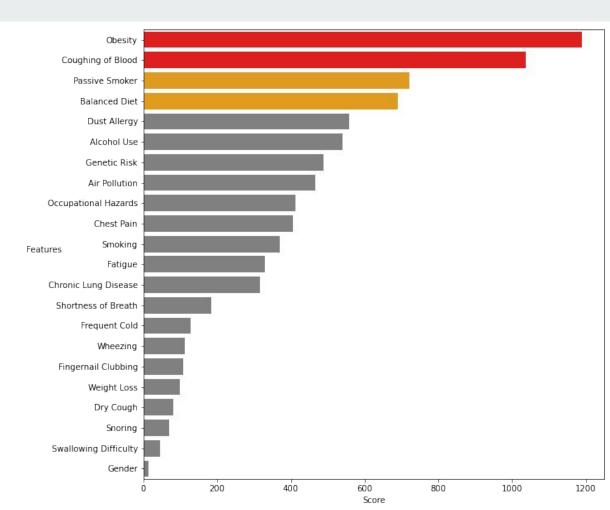
A lower precision will result in more negatives being tested

Conclusion - Flask



Submit

prediction:



Next Steps

- Kaggle cleaned, balanced, suspiciously accurate
- More descriptive features and classes
- More visuals!

Appendix

https://www.kaggle.com/christopherwsmith/how-to-predict-lung-cancer-levels-100-accuracy