



Getting started with MotionTL tilt measurement library in X-CUBE-MEMS1 expansion for STM32Cube

Introduction

The MotionTL middleware library is part of the X-CUBE-MEMS1 software and runs on STM32. It provides real-time information about the tilt angles of the user device, i.e. cell phone. The library is also able to perform accelerometer 6-position calibration.

This library is intended to work with ST MEMS only.

The algorithm is provided in static library format and is designed to be used on STM32 microcontrollers based on the ARM[®] Cortex[®]-M3 or ARM[®] Cortex[®]-M4 architecture.

It is built on top of STM32Cube software technology to ease portability across different STM32 microcontrollers.

The software comes with a sample implementation running on X-NUCLEO-IKS01A1 (with optional STEVAL-MKI160V1) or X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2 expansion board on a NUCLEO-F401RE, NUCLEO-L476RG or NUCLEO-L152RE development board.



1 Acronyms and abbreviations

Table 1. List of acronyms

Acronym	Description
API	Application programming interface
BSP	Board support package
GUI	Graphical user interface
HAL	Hardware abstraction layer
IDE	Integrated development environment

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MotionTL middleware library in X-CUBE-MEMS1 software expansion for STM32Cube

2.1 MotionTL overview

The MotionTL library expands the functionality of the X-CUBE-MEMS1 software.

The library acquires data from the accelerometer and provides information about the tilt angles of the user device, i.e. cell phone. The library is also able to perform accelerometer 6-position calibration.

The library is designed for ST MEMS only. Functionality and performance when using other MEMS sensors are not analyzed and can be significantly different from what described in the document.

A sample implementation is available for X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2 and X-NUCLEO-IKS01A1 (with optional STEVAL-MKI160V1) expansion boards, mounted on a NUCLEO-F401RE, NUCLEO-L476RG or NUCLEO-L152RE development board.

2.2 MotionTL library

Technical information fully describing the functions and parameters of the MotionTL APIs can be found in the MotionTL_Package.chm compiled HTML file located in the Documentation folder.

2.2.1 MotionTL library description

The MotionTL pedometer library manages the data acquired from the accelerometer; it features:

- · calculation of pitch, roll and gravity inclination angles
- calculation of theta, psi and phi tilt angles
- accelerometer 6-position calibration
- measurement based on the accelerometer data only
- 3.7 kByte of code memory and 110 Byte of data memory usage

Note: Real size might differ for different IDEs (toolchain)

available for ARM[®] Cortex[®]-M3 and ARM Cortex-M4 architectures

2.2.2 MotionTL APIs

The MotionTL library APIs are:

- uint8_t MotionTL_GetLibVersion(char *version)
 - retrieves the library version
 - *version is a pointer to an array of 35 characters
 - returns the number of characters in the version string
- void MotionTL Initialize(void)
 - performs MotionTL library initialization and setup of the internal mechanism
 - the CRC module in STM32 microcontroller (in RCC peripheral clock enable register) has to be enabled before using the library

Note: This function must be called before using the tilt library.

- void MotionTL Update (MTL input t *data in)
 - executes tilt algorithm
 - *data in parameter is a pointer to a structure with input data
 - the parameters for the structure type MTL input t are:
 - AccX is the accelerometer sensor value in X axis in g
 - AccY is the accelerometer sensor value in Y axis in g

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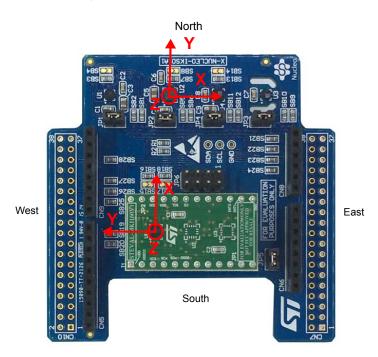
- AccZ is the accelerometer sensor value in Z axis in g
- deltatime s is the interval time between 2 library calls in seconds
- void MotionTL_GetAngles(MTL_output_t *data_out, MTL_AngleMode_t angleMode)
 - calculates the angles in the desired mode
 - *data out parameter is a pointer to a structure with output data
 - the parameters for the structure type MTL output t are:
 - Angles Array[3] are either pitch, roll and gravity inclination or theta, psi and phi angles
 - angleMode parameter is an enumeration of the desired mode
 - the values for the enumeration type MTL AngleMode t are:
 - MODE_PITCH_ROLL_GRAVITY_INCLINATION
 - MODE THETA PSI PHI
- void MotionTL_CalibratePosition(float calData[][3], uint32_t nRecords, MTL_CalPosition_t calPosition)
 - calibrates accelerometer in a specific position
 - calData parameter is a 2D array with accelerometer data for calibration (3 axes per record)
 - nRecords parameter is the number of records
 - calPosition parameter is an enumeration of the desired position
 - the values for the enumeration type MTL_CalPosition_t are:
 - ° X UP
 - X DOWN
 - Y UP
 - Y DOWN
 - ° Z UP
 - Z DOWN
- MTL CalResult tMotionTL GetCalValues(MTL AccCal t *accCal)
 - gets the calculated calibration values from the library to be used in the application
 - the return value is an enumeration of the calibration result
 - the values for the enumeration type MTL CalResult t are:
 - CAL PASS: Calibration passed
 - \circ $\,$ $\,$ CAL_NONE: Calibration not finished or not performed at all
 - CAL FAIL: Calibration failed
 - accCal parameter is a pointer to a structure with calibration parameters
 - the parameters for the structure type MTL AccCal t are:
 - offset parameter is an array with calculated offset for all 3 axes
 - gain parameter is an array with calculated gain for all 3 axes
- MTL_CalResult_t MotionTL_SetCalValues(MTL_AccCal_t *accCal)
 - validates and sets the calibration values passed in the parameter
 - the return value is an enumeration of the calibration result
 - the values for the enumeration type MTL CalResult t are:
 - CAL PASS: Calibration passed
 - CAL NONE: Calibration not finished or not performed at all
 - CAL FAIL: Calibration failed
 - accCal parameter is a pointer to a structure with calibration parameters
 - the parameters for the structure type MTL_AccCal_t are:
 - offset parameter is an array with calculated offset for all 3 axes
 - gain parameter is an array with calculated gain for all 3 axes

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- void MotionTL_SetOrientation_Acc(const char *acc_orientation)
 - this function is used to set the accelerometer data orientation
 - configuration is usually performed immediately after the MotionTL Initialize function call
 - *acc_orientation parameter is a pointer to a string of three characters indicating the direction of each of the positive orientations of the reference frame used for accelerometer data output, in the sequence x, y, z. Valid values are: n (north) or s (south), w (west) or e (east), u (up) or d (down).
 As shown in the figure below, the X-NUCLEO-IKS01A1 accelerometer sensor has an ENU orientation (x East, y North, z Up), so the string is: "enu", while the accelerometer sensor in STEVAL-MKI160V1 is NWU (x-North, y-West, z-Up): "nwu".

Figure 1. Example of sensor orientations

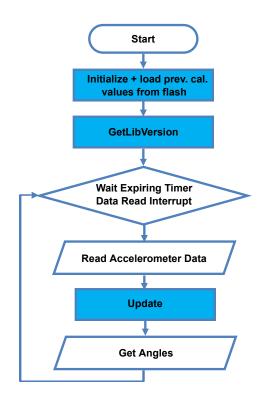


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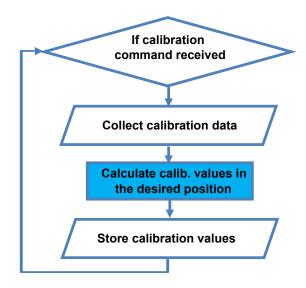
2.2.3 API flow chart

Figure 2. MotionTL API logic sequence (main program)



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2.2.4 Demo code

The following demonstration code reads data from the accelerometer sensor and gets the tilt angles.

```
#define VERSION STR LENG
                                35
[...]
/*** Initialization ***/
char lib_version[VERSION_STR_LENG];
/* Tilt API initialization function */
MotionTL_manager_init(ACCELERO_handle);
/* OPTIONAL */
/* Get library version */
 MotionTL_manager_get_version(lib_version, &lib_version_len);
[...]
/*** Using tilt algorithm ***/
Timer_OR_DataRate_Interrupt_Handler()
 MTL_input_t data_in;
 MTL_output_t data_out;
 AngleMode_t angle_mode = MODE_THETA_PSI_PHI;
  /* Get acceleration X/Y/Z in g */
 MEMS_Read_AccValue(&data_in.AccX, &data_in.AccY, &data_in.AccZ);
  /* Run tilt sensing algorithm */
```

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```
MotionTL_manager_Update(&data_in);
MotionTL_manager_getAngles(&data_out, angleMode);
}
```

2.2.5 Algorithm performance

Table 2. Elapsed time (µs) algorithm

Cortex-M4 STM32F401RE at 84 MHz							Cortex-M3 STM32L152RE at 32 MHz										
SW4STM32 1.13.1 (GCC 5.4.1)			IAR EWARM 7.80.4		Keil µVision 5.22		SW4STM32 1.13.1 (GCC 5.4.1)			IAR EWARM 7.80.4			Keil μVision 5.22				
Min	Avg	Max	Min	Avg	Max	Min	Avg	Max	Min	Avg	Max	Min	Avg	Max	Min	Avg	Max
156	178	996	102	116	181	117	339	378	481	553	587	377	378	586	375	996	1003

2.3 Sample application

The MotionTL middleware can be easily manipulated to build user applications; a sample application is provided in the Application folder.

It is designed to run on a NUCLEO-F401RE, NUCLEO-L476RG or NUCLEO-L152RE development board connected to an X-NUCLEO-IKS01A1 (based on LSM6DS0) or an X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2 (based on LSM6DSL) expansion board, with optional STEVAL-MKI160V1 board (based on LSM6DS3).

The tilt sensing algorithm only uses data from the accelerometer. It detects and provides real-time information about the tilt angles of the user device. The library is also able to perform accelerometer 6-position calibration if required. The data can be displayed through a GUI. The calibration values are stored in the flash memory.

A USB cable connection is required to monitor real-time data. This allows the user to display in real-time calculated tilt angles, accelerometer data, time stamp and eventually other sensor data using the Unicleo-GUI.

After pressing the **Tilt Calibrate** button in the Unicleo-GUI, the user is asked to hold the device still in each of the six positions while the calibration data is collected. Then the calibration parameters (offset and gain for all 3 axes) are calculated and sent to the Unicleo-GUI.

The data are stored in the MCU flash memory and the stored calibration coefficients are automatically loaded and used the next time the board is powered up.

The calibration parameters can be cleared by pressing the user button on the Nucleo board at any time except during the calibration process.

2.4 Unicleo-GUI application

The sample application uses the Windows Unicleo-GUI utility, which can be downloaded from www.st.com.

- **Step 1.** Ensure that the necessary drivers are installed and the STM32 Nucleo board with appropriate expansion board is connected to the PC.
- Step 2. Launch the Unicleo-GUI application to open the main application window.
 If an STM32 Nucleo board with supported firmware is connected to the PC, it is automatically detected and the appropriate COM port is opened.

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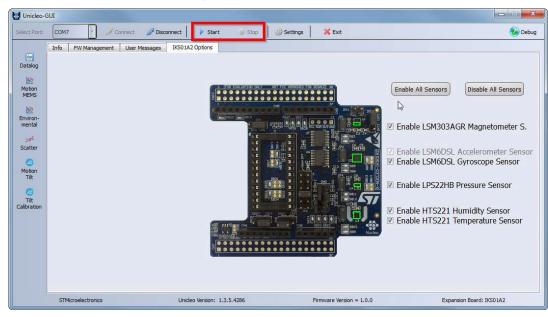


Figure 4. Unicleo main window

Step 3. Start and stop data streaming by using the appropriate buttons on the vertical tool bar.

The data coming from the connected sensor can be viewed in the User Messages tab.

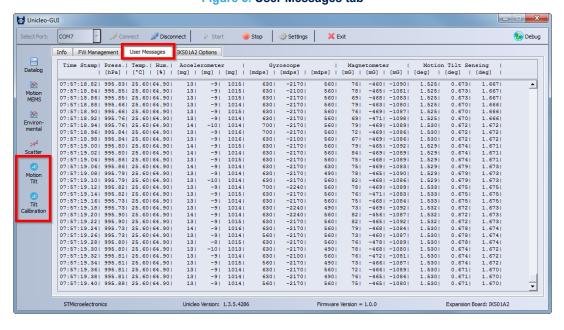


Figure 5. User Messages tab

Step 4. Click on the Motion Tilt icon in the vertical tool bar to open the dedicated application window.

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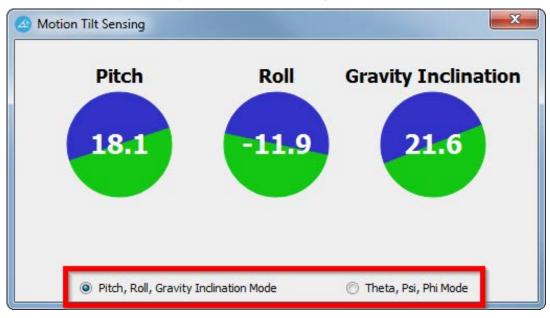


Figure 6. Motion Tilt Sensing window 1

You can switch between two angle modes. In the first mode the Pitch, Roll and Gravity Inclination angles are displayed, in the second mode the Theta, Psi and Phi angles are displayed. The meaning of the angles in the second mode is displayed right below each indicator:



Figure 7. Motion Tilt Sensing window 2

Step 5. Click on the Tilt Calibration icon in the vertical toolbar to open the dedicated application window

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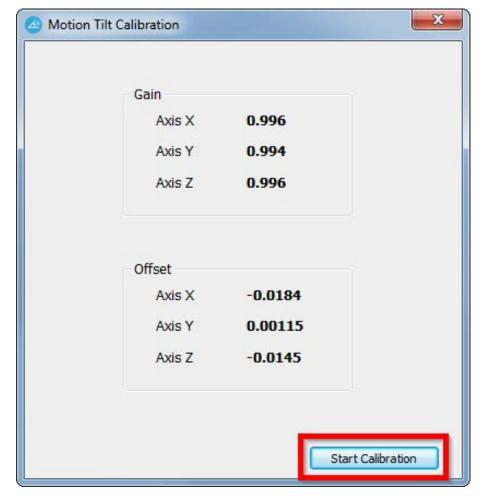


Figure 8. Motion Tilt calibration window 1

This window first shows currently used calibration values calculated and stored during the previous calibration or default values if the calibration has never been performed.

You can start a new calibration by clicking the Start button:

- a. put the device in the first calibration position as displayed in the picture that shows up (see Figure 7. Motion Tilt Sensing window 2)
- b. click Next and hold the device still until the picture changes to another calibration position
- c. repeat these steps for all 6 calibration positions.

The information about the estimated time necessary for taking all calibration data in the current position is also displayed. Once the last position is calibrated, the new calibration parameters are calculated and displayed in the window (see Figure 6. Motion Tilt Sensing window 1).

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Figure 9. Motion Tilt calibration window 2

Step 6. Click on the Datalog icon in the vertical tool bar to open the datalog configuration window: you can select which sensor and activity data to save in files. You can start or stop saving by clicking on the corresponding button.

You can also load the previously stored data.

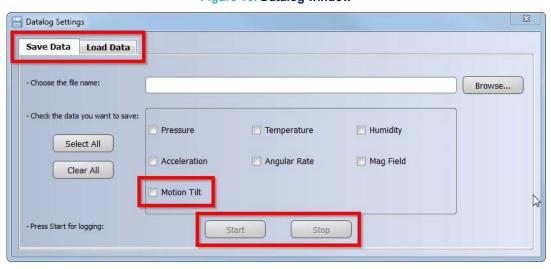


Figure 10. Datalog window

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3 References

All of the following resources are freely available on www.st.com.

- UM1859: Getting started with the X-CUBE-MEMS1 motion MEMS and environmental sensor software expansion for STM32Cube
- 2. UM1724: STM32 Nucleo-64 board
- 3. UM2128: Getting started with Unicleo-GUI for motion MEMS and environmental sensor software expansion for STM32Cube

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Revision history

Table 3. Document revision history

Date	Version	Changes
22-Sep-2017	1	Initial release.
25-Jan-2018	2	Added references to NUCLEO-L152RE development board and Section 2.2.5 Algorithm performance.
21-Mar-2018	3	Updated Section • Introduction and Section 2.1 MotionTL overview.

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