## TECHNOLOGY IN HEALTHCARE

Very useful, but there are still some risks to be aware of!

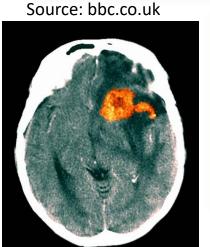
## **Medical Imaging**

X-Rays: Bone

structure scans. Takes around 10-15

minutes; results in 10

minutes. Sources: bing.com, nhs.uk



**Orange represents** a brain tumour



Source: alexanderortho paedics.com

Zoomed image shows a rib break.

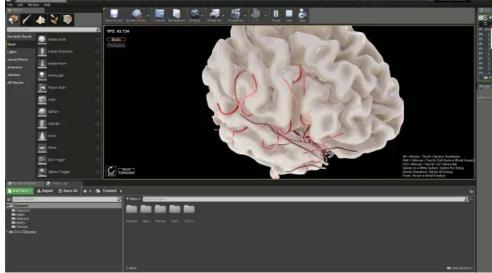
CT: Shows internal structures. Diagnoses blood flow problems, cancer, stroke



**CT machine** Source: pdirad.com

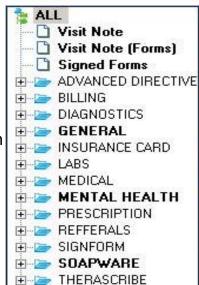
Give warnings or errors before going down. E.g, X-Ray tubes should be replaced every few years.

Simulation technology may be used: research/skill Source: practice/modelling. elearningindustry.com



**Simulation of a brain surgery** Source: engineering.com

If the tool stops working, a backup will be used.



Use of electronic prescriptions is becoming increasingly widespread. They be obtained from are also sometimes available to the patient at home/remotely.

## **Patient Records**

EHR. Includes basic info and medical history.



Source: abidss.com

Source: medanets.com

Source: dzone.com

Otherwise, it will be reobtained from the patient, and recorded on paper to be copied later. Source: technical prospects.com

## Security

In some countries/private healthcare etc, financial information may the patient (e.g. for insurance



Source: safensoft.com

Source: nhs.uk