

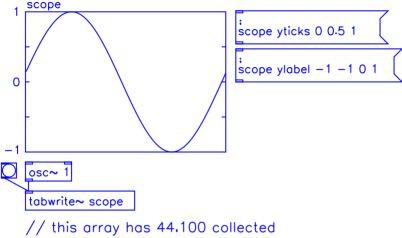
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coz( (hg ) = jbA qvH

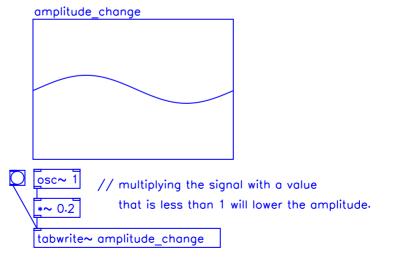
opposite side to the hypotenuse. While cos(theta) is the ratio of the

adjacent side to the hypotenuse.

## Generating a sine tone in Pure Data



samples as the X axis.



Sine as a function of time (t):

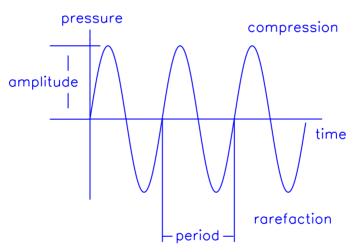
$$y(t) = A\sin(2\pi ft + \varphi) = A\sin(\omega t + \varphi)$$

A, amplitude, the peak deviation of the function from zero.

f, ordinary frequency, the number of oscillations (cycles) that occur each second of time.

 $\omega$ ,  $2\pi f$ , angular frequency, the rate of change of the function argument in units of radians per second.

 $\mathcal{P}$ , phase, specifies (in radians) where in its cycle the oscillation is at t=0.

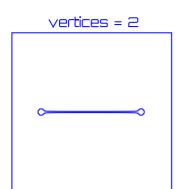


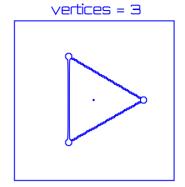
## In matplotlib:

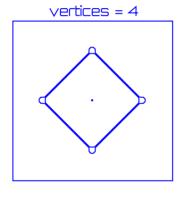
```
# parameters
time = np.arange(0, math.pi*6, 0.1) # x axis
frequency = 1 # 1 Hz
phase = 0 # phase (in radians)

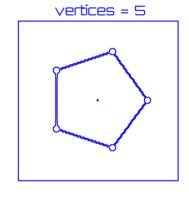
# A 1 Herz sine wave. Completes a cycle every second.
y = np.sin((math.pi*2)*frequency*time + phase)
```

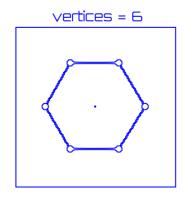
```
radius=40
vertices=0
max vertices=6
t=1
function draw()
 cls()
 -- connect vertices with lines
 for angle=0, vertices do
   if (angle>0 and angle < vertices) then
    line(cos(angle/vertices)*radius+63,
         sin(angle/vertices)*radius+63,
         cos((angle-1)/vertices)*radius+63.
         sin((angle-1)/vertices)*radius+63, 6)
   end
   -- when line is <= 1 away from last vertex
   if (angle>=vertices-1 and angle<=vertices) then
    line(cos(angle/vertices)*radius+63,
         sin(angle/vertices)*radius+63,
         cos((0)/vertices)*radius+63,
         sin((0)/vertices)*radius+63, 6)
   end
 end
 -- draw vertices
 for angle=0, vertices do
   circfill(cos(angle/vertices)*radius+63,
          sin(angle/vertices)*radius+63, 2, 8)
 end
 -- draw midpoint
 pset(63, 63)
 -- fluctuate number of vertices using sin()
 vertices = (\sin(t) * (\max \text{ vertices} - 1)/2) +
             (max vertices-1)/2 + 1
 t+=0.004
end
```

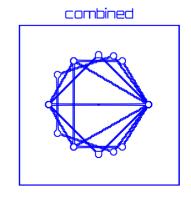


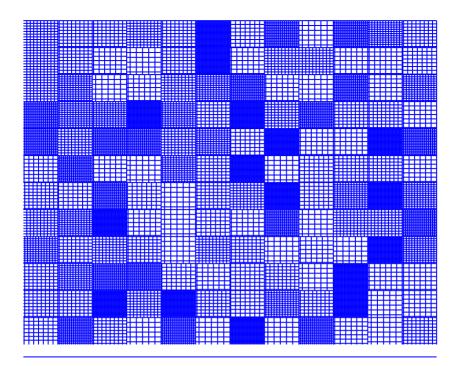












```
void draw() {
  for(int x=0; x<width; x+=pixelsize) {
    for(int y=0; y<height; y+=pixelsize) {
      int randomValue= floor(random(2, pixelsize/5));
      for (int x2=x; x2<x+pixelsize; x2+=randomValue) {
          line(x2,y,x2,y+pixelsize);
      }
      for (int y2=y; y2<y+pixelsize; y2+=randomValue) {
          line(x,y2,x+pixelsize,y2);
      }
    }
}</pre>
```