Recall the homework guidelines for this course.

- 1. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $B = \{2, 3, 4\}$. Compute the following sets by listing all their elements.
 - (a) $\{(x,y): x \in A, y \in B\}.$
 - (b) $\{\{x,y\}: x \in A, y \in B\}.$
 - (c) $\{\{x,y\}: x \subseteq A, y \subseteq B\}.$
- 2. Let P(x) and Q(x) be predicates for $x \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (a) Let A and B be the sets:

$$A = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : \neg P(x)\};$$

$$B = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : P(x) \to Q(x)\}.$$

Explain why $A \subseteq B$.

(b) Let A and B be the sets:

$$A = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : \neg (P(x) \land Q(x))\};$$

$$B = \{x \in \mathbb{N} : P(x) \to \neg Q(x)\}.$$

Explain why A = B.

- 3. Let A be a set. The *power set* of A, denoted $\mathscr{P}(A)$, is the set of all subsets of A. For example, $\mathscr{P}(\{1,2\}) = \{\emptyset, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{1,2\}\}$. Compute the following sets by listing all their elements.
 - (a) $\mathscr{P}(\emptyset)$.
 - (b) $\mathscr{P}(\{a\})$.
 - (c) $\mathscr{P}(\{\emptyset\})$.
 - (d) $\mathscr{P}(\mathscr{P}(\{\emptyset\}))$.
- 4. Determine whether each statement below is true or false. Please explain.
 - (a) For $A = \{2n : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}, \exists x \in A(x \text{ is prime}).$
 - (b) $1 \subseteq \{1, \{1\}\}.$
 - (c) $\mathbb{R}^2 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$.
 - (d) For any set $A, A \subseteq \mathcal{P}(A)$.
- 5. If A is a finite set of cardinality n, how many elements do you think $\mathscr{P}(A)$ has? Please explain.¹

¹I do not care about you getting the right answer; I am looking for you to show that you thought deeply about the problem.

Homework 3

- 6. Determine whether each statement below is true or false. Please explain.
 - (a) $\forall A \operatorname{set}(\emptyset \subseteq A)$.
 - (b) $\forall A \operatorname{set}(\emptyset \in A)$.
 - (c) $\forall A \operatorname{set}(\{\emptyset, A\} \subseteq \mathscr{P}(A))$.
 - (d) $\{A : A \text{ is a set and } A \neq A\} = \emptyset.$