

# Chapter 5

## Part 1

Spanish for Reading Knowledge - Summer 2020 - Nicole Rodriguez

# Objectives

Ellipses and Pronouns

Present Tense of Irregular Verbs: o —> ue, e —> i

# Ellipses and Pronouns

To stand in the place of a noun

- A pronoun stands in place of a noun and shortens a sentence. For example:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| La cimas más elevadas de los Andes están en Suramérica y <b>las</b> menos elevadas en Centroamérica | The highest peaks of the Andes are in South America, and the lowest are in Central America.    |
| El país más poblado de América Latina es El Salvador y <b>el</b> menos poblado es Bolivia.          | The most populated country in Latin America is El Salvador and the least populated is Bolivia. |
| La estación de verano y <b>la</b> de invierno.  | The summer and winter seasons.   |

- Here, the nouns (**cimas**, **país**, and **estación**) have been omitted in the second part of the sentence and the articles **las**, **el**, **la** are taking their place and agreeing with them in gender and number

# Present Tense of Irregular Verbs

**o—> ue; e—>i**

- Not all verbs follow a regular conjugating pattern as we've seen thus far.
- Some verbs show a vowel change in the stem in the present tense
- For example:

| o—>ue                          |                             |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| encontrar (to meet or to find) |                             |
| yo encuentro                   | nosotros encontramos        |
| tú encuentras                  | vosotros encontráis         |
| él/ella/Ud. encuentra          | ellos/ellas/Uds. encuentran |

| e—>i               |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| pedir (to ask for) |                        |
| yo pido            | nosotros pedimos       |
| tú pides           | vosotros pedís         |
| él/ella/Ud. pide   | ellos/ellas/Uds. piden |

# Present Tense of Irregular Verbs

**More examples:**

| e—>i             |                        |
|------------------|------------------------|
| decir (to say)   |                        |
| yo digo          | nosotros decimos       |
| tú dices         | vosotros decís         |
| él/ella/Ud. dice | ellos/ellas/Uds. dicen |

| o—>ue              |                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| probar (to try)    |                         |
| yo pruebo          | nosotros probamos       |
| tú pruebas         | vosotros probáis        |
| él/ella/Ud. prueba | ellos/ellas/Uds. siguen |

# Present Tense of Irregular Verbs

- Some verbs are irregular in just the first person (soy, doy, estoy, tengo):
- Example:

| caer = to fall down |                       |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| yo caigo            | nosotros caemos       |
| tú caes             | vosotros caéis        |
| él/ella/Ud. cae     | ellos/ellas/Uds. caen |

# Present Tense of Irregular Verbs

- Other frequently used verbs that are irregular in the first person present:

|          |          |                   |
|----------|----------|-------------------|
| hacer    | hago     | I do, make        |
| traer    | traigo   | I bring           |
| poner    | pongo    | I put             |
| aparecer | aparezco | I appear          |
| ver      | veo      | I see             |
| oír      | oigo     | I hear, listen to |