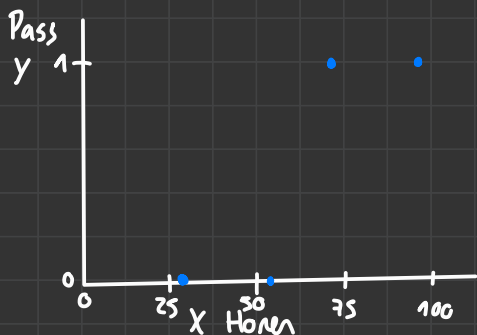


## Problema 2

Honen	26'8	57'8	71'8	95'2
Pan	0	0	1	1

### Exercici A

a) Logistic Regression,  $LR=1$ , 2 iters



### 1- Log Odds

$$z_i = w_0 + w_1 \cdot \text{Honen} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Intercept: } w_0 = 0 \\ \text{Weight: } w_1 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$z_1 = w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_1 = 0 + 0 \cdot 26.8 = 0$$

$$z_2 = w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_2 = 0 + 0 \cdot 57.8 = 0$$

$$z_3 = w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_3 = 0 + 0 \cdot 71.8 = 0$$

$$z_4 = w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_4 = 0 + 0 \cdot 95.2 = 0$$

### 3- Cost 1a iteració

$$J(w) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \text{Cost}(f(x_i; w), y_i) \rightarrow J(w) = -\frac{1}{m} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^m y_i \log(f(x_i; w)) + (1 - y_i) \log(1 - f(x_i; w)) \right]$$

$$J(w) = -\frac{1}{4} \left[ 0 \cdot \log(0.5) + (1 - 0) \log(1 - 0.5) + 0 \cdot \log(0.5) + (1 - 0) \log(1 - 0.5) + \right.$$

$$\left. + 1 \cdot \log(0.5) + (1 - 1) \log(1 - 0.5) + 1 \cdot \log(0.5) + (1 - 1) \log(1 - 0.5) \right] =$$

$$J(w) = -0.25 \cdot (-2.76) = 0.69$$

### 2- Probien

$$f(x; w) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + \dots)}}$$

$$f(x_1; w) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_1)}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^0} = 0.5$$

$$f(x_2; w) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_2)}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^0} = 0.5$$

$$f(x_3; w) = \frac{1}{1 + e^0} = 0.5$$

$$f(x_4; w) = \frac{1}{1 + e^0} = 0.5$$

#### 4- Nowe puzon

$$w^* = \underset{w}{\operatorname{argmin}} J(w) ; w_j = w_j - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (f(x_i; w) - y_i) \cdot x_j^i$$

$$\text{Intercept: } w_0 = w_0 - \alpha \frac{1}{4} ([f(x_1; w) - y_1] \cdot 1) + [f(x^2; w) - y^2] \cdot 1 + [f(x^3; w) - y^3] \cdot 1 + [f(x^4; w) - y^4] \cdot 1 = 0 - 1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot (0'5 + 0'5 - 0'5 - 0'5) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Weights: } w_1 &= w_1 - \alpha \frac{1}{4} ([f(x_1, w) - y_1] \cdot x_1) + [f(x^2, w) - y^2] \cdot x_2 + [f(x^3, w) - y^3] \cdot x_3 \\ &\quad + [f(x_4, w) - y_4] \cdot x_4 = \\ &= 0 - 1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} ([0'5 - 0] \cdot 26'8) + [(0'5 - 0) \cdot 57'8] + [(0'5 - 1) \cdot 71'8] + \\ &\quad [(0'5 - 1) \cdot 95'2] = 0 - 1 \cdot 0'25 \cdot (13'4 + 28'9 - 35'9 - 47'6) = 10'3 \end{aligned}$$

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#### a) Log Odds

$$\begin{aligned} z_1 &= w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_1 = 0 + 10'3 \cdot 26'8 = 276'04 \\ z_2 &= w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_2 = 0 + 10'3 \cdot 57'8 = 595'34 \\ z_3 &= w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_3 = 0 + 10'3 \cdot 71'8 = 739'54 \\ z_4 &= w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_4 = 0 + 10'3 \cdot 95'2 = 980'56 \end{aligned}$$

#### b) Probien

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1; w) &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_1)}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-276'04}} = 1 \\ f(x_2; w) &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 + w_1 \cdot x_2)}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-595'34}} = 1 \\ f(x_3; w) &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-739'54}} = 1 \\ f(x_4; w) &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-980'56}} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

c) Lost amle ein neuer person

$$J(W) = -\frac{1}{4} [0 \cdot \log 1 + (1-0) \log (1-1) + 0 \cdot \log 1 + (1-0) \log (1-1) + 1 \cdot \log (1) + (1-1) \log (1-1) + 1 \cdot \log (1) + (1-1) \log (1-1)]$$

$J(W) = 0 \leftarrow$  Werten samt allen de Odds i Probabilities mod denen resultate connecten

d) Person

Intercept:  $W_0 = 0 - 1 \cdot 0'25 \cdot (1 + 1 + 0 + 0) = -0'5$

Weights:  $W_1 = 10'3 - 1 \cdot 0'25 \cdot (26'8 + 57'8 + 0 + 0) = -10'85$

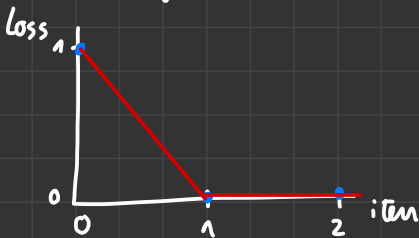
6-

Log Odds  $Z = -0'5 - 10'85x$

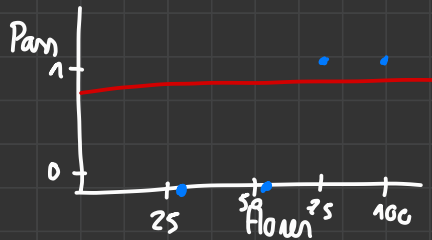
Odds  $e^{-0'5 - 10'85x}$

Probabilities  $P = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0'5 - 10'85x)}}$

b) Training Loss



c) Logistic Regression



d) Decision Boundary  $\geq 50\%$

THR = 0.5

Confusion Matrix		
thr: 0.5	TP = 2	FP = 2
	FN = 0	TN = 0

$$ACC = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Hosen	26'8	57'8	71'8	95'2
Pam	0	0	1	1
Log Odds	-291'28	-627'63	-779'53	-1033'42
Predict	1	1	1	1
Class: 0.5	Pam	Pam	Pam	Pam

e) F1-Score, PR (THR = 0.5)

$$F1 = \frac{2}{\text{recall}^{-1} + \text{precision}^{-1}} = 2 \cdot \frac{\text{precision} \cdot \text{recall}}{\text{precision} + \text{recall}} = \frac{0.5 \cdot 1}{0.5 + 1} = \frac{0.5}{1.5} \cdot 2 = \frac{1}{1.5} = 0.66$$

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{TP}{TP + FP} = \frac{2}{4} = 0.5$$

$$\text{Recall} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

f) ROC (THR = 0.5)

$$\text{Recall} = 1$$

$$FPR = \frac{FP}{FP + TN} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

g) Accuracy, PR i ROC (THR = 0.6)

Hosen	26'8	57'8	71'8	95'2
Pam	0	0	1	1
Log Odds	-291'28	-627'63	-779'53	-1033'42
Predict	1	1	1	1
Class: 0.6	Pam	Pam	Pam	Pam

THR (0.6) TP = 2 FP = 2  
FN = 0 TN = 0

$$ACC = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Recall} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{TP}{TP + FP} = \frac{2}{4} = 0.5$$

$$FPR = \frac{FP}{FP + TN} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

h) Accuracy, PR, ROC (THR=0.3)

Score	26.8	57.8	71.8	95.2
Pam	0	0	1	1
LogOdds	-2.9128	-6.2763	-7.7953	-10.3342
Predict	1	1	1	1
Class: 0.3 Pam	Pam	Pam	Pam	Pam

$$\text{THR}(0.3) \quad \text{TP}=2 \quad \text{FP}=2 \\ \text{FN}=0 \quad \text{TN}=0$$

$$\text{ACC} = \frac{\text{TP} + \text{TN}}{\text{TP} + \text{TN} + \text{FP} + \text{FN}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Recall} = \frac{\text{TP}}{\text{TP} + \text{FN}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{\text{TP}}{\text{TP} + \text{FP}} = \frac{2}{4} = 0.5$$

$$\text{FPR} = \frac{\text{FP}}{\text{FP} + \text{TN}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

i) Accuracy, PR, ROC (THR=0.9)

Score	26.8	57.8	71.8	95.2
Pam	0	0	1	1
LogOdds	-2.9128	-6.2763	-7.7953	-10.3342
Predict	1	1	1	1
Class: 0.9 Pam	Pam	Pam	Pam	Pam

$$\text{THR}(0.9) \quad \text{TP}=2 \quad \text{FP}=2 \\ \text{FN}=0 \quad \text{TN}=0$$

$$\text{ACC} = \frac{\text{TP} + \text{TN}}{\text{TP} + \text{TN} + \text{FP} + \text{FN}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

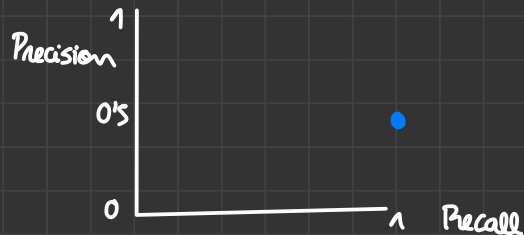
$$\text{Recall} = \frac{\text{TP}}{\text{TP} + \text{FN}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{\text{TP}}{\text{TP} + \text{FP}} = \frac{2}{4} = 0.5$$

$$\text{FPR} = \frac{\text{FP}}{\text{FP} + \text{TN}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

j) Linear ROC + PR

Error Metrics	THR=0.3	THR=0.5	THR=0.6	THR=0.7	THR=0.9
Acc	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Precision	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Recall	1	1	1	1	1
FPR	1	1	1	1	1



Valores constantes porque os dados são muito grandes e os dados não são úteis.

k)

